



THE NEW PATRIOTISM

Noisless Element Developed Out of the Fear of Rooseveltism.

[From the New York Evening Post.]

We have been hearing a good deal of the New Nationalism, but a political development which is not making so much noise, but which may prove to be far more important, is attracting little attention. For lack of a better name it may be called the New Patriotism. It consists, first of all, in putting the public good above party. In that respect it is not merely growing alongside the New Nationalism, but is at least partly caused by it. What we mean is that thousands of thinking Republicans who have been alarmed by what they believe to be the enormous mischief wrapped up in the New Nationalism have determined to throw their influence against it by temporarily abandoning their party.

It was Horace Bushnell, we believe, who wrote about "the explosive force of a new affection." Political ideas, too, have their explosive force; and it is evident that the New Nationalism is expelling many Republicans from their party, for the time being. To meet the New Nationalism, the New Patriotism has sprung up.

The spirit of it is suggested in the interview given out by Dr. Parkhurst on his return from Europe. He is a Republican, but he says that he also hopes that he is a patriot; and his patriotic duty this year, as he conceives it, is to vote against his party and pray for its defeat. He argues, and there are plainly great numbers of Republicans who are of his way of thinking, that a thorough beating at the polls will be a needed chastening for the party. It has notoriously suffered from the evils inherent in too long a term of power, too feebly opposed. The arrogance of some of its leaders, the corruption of others, the playing of others with revolutionary notions, all constitute a good reason why men who think in terms of country, rather than slavishly in those of party, should contemplate bestowing upon their own political organization the faithful wounds of a friend.

COST OF ROOSEVELTISM

Four Years of Teddy's Rule Cost Twice as Much as Eighteen Other Administrations.

[From the New York World.]
The total expenditures of the United States government from the inauguration of Washington in 1789 to the beginning of the Civil War in 1861 were \$1,795,273,344.13.

The appropriation bills signed by Theodore Roosevelt during his second term in the White House, from March 4, 1905, to March 4, 1909, authorized expenditures amounting to \$3,522,982,816.67.

Four years of Rooseveltism cost twice as much as the first seventy-two years of the republic.

One term of Theodore Roosevelt took twice as much money out of the pockets of the American people as the combined terms of Washington, Adams, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, John Quincy Adams, Jackson, Van Buren, Harrison, Tyler, Polk, Taylor, Fillmore, Pierce and Buchanan.

During the seventy-two years covered by the administration of these fifteen presidents the United States government paid the Revolutionary War debt incurred by the states. It paid the cost of the War of 1812. It paid the cost of the Mexican War. It bought Louisiana. It bought Florida. It paid for the Gadsden purchase. It acquired all that vast extent of territory from the Mississippi river to the Pacific ocean.

What have the American people got to show for the four years of Rooseveltism which cost double the money?

And what would be the cost of four years more of Roosevelt under the new nationalism?

TENER IGNORES REAL ISSUES

Fights Imaginary Foes and Overlooks Pertinent Questions.

Candidate Tener continues in his campaign speeches to deal with everything except the question before the house. One would think that somebody has been making an attack on the public schools, the health department and other sacred institutions, and that he had been rushed into the breach to defend them with his strong glass arm. Yet no one is worrying about the schools or the health department or factory inspection; and we think all are quite agreed that Pennsylvania is a great state and that water runs down hill. But the question before the house is this: "Shall the People or the Bosses Rule?" This question Mr. Tener ignores. He is a creature of the boss and is a part of the boss system and so he is not interested in a question which so vitally interests the mass of the voters.—Johnstown Democrat.

Thinking About Maine.
One of the beautiful things to watch this fine fall weather is the Republican organs trying to explain how it happened.—Washington Herald.

Don't be selfish this year. See that your neighbor is qualified to vote as well as yourself. This is a practical way to be neighborly and it won't cost much.

Centre Reporter, \$1 a year.

LOCAL CASE IN POINT

Williamsport Sun Proves Accuracy of Senator Grim's Criticism.

Senator Grim, Democratic candidate for governor, in his speech at Meyersdale the other evening, pointed out an iniquitous feature of the present method of state road building that has a pertinent illustration of fact in the Millin township road, in this county. Mr. Grim said:

"The method of allowing contractors extras for changed plans and specifications on roads should be abolished. Last year over a quarter of a million dollars, or one-twelfth of the whole amount appropriated, was paid to contractors for extras upon the decree of one man, and the counties and townships were obliged to bear their share of expense without any recourse."

The attempt made by the same highway department to ignore the contract specifications for the Millin township road is still fresh in the public mind, as is also the fact that the change in construction upon that road has increased the price nearly \$3000, this, too, in the face of the luxuriant price that is being paid for the roadway built even according to the original specifications. The high handed methods of the state highway department—against which is charged the game of politics—was shown in the fact that the people were not consulted in the change made in the road's construction and when public attention was drawn to the radical departure from specifications the reason was given that the department desired to "experiment" with new material.

The faults and failures of the state highway department have been of so long standing, and so egregious a nature, that the Republican administration has no ground for excuse for not having long since directed its course in both a more economical and a more effective channel, and the grilling given it by Senator Grim is none too vigorous nor are his criticisms undeserved. It is right that the political machine governing the affairs of Pennsylvania should be held responsible for the shortcomings of the highway department, and the Millin township incident in our own community serves as an illuminating case in point as tending to show the things at which Senator Grim was striking.

THREATS IN BUCKS COUNTY

Penrose Machine Tried a Bugaboo Which Failed.

Fearing that the popularity of Senator Webster Grim in his home district will result not only in giving the Democratic gubernatorial nominee a record-breaking vote, but also in sending a Democrat to the senate to succeed Mr. Grim, the Penrose machine leaders are using threats to intimidate the citizens of Bucks county. The voters have been notified that unless a Republican is chosen to succeed Grim in the senate, a reapportionment of senatorial lines will be made by the next legislature and the district made Republican. This they propose to do by joining Bucks with some Republican county adjoining.

The threat, which was carried to the people of Bucks county by Congressman Wanger in the interests of the Penrose machine, has already reacted against the Republican gang. Bucks county has been stirred from end to end by this cowardly attempt at intimidation and the voters have served notice on the corrupt Republican combination that every man proposes now to take his coat off for Senator Grim and the whole Democratic ticket. At the same time they defy Penrose to carry out his threat.

Bucks county was originally a Republican district, but the candidacy of Mr. Grim for the state senate eight years ago brought it into the Democratic column. Republicans and Democrats joined in his support and sent him to the senate for two terms. He served his constituents so well that Bucks county has been swinging to the Democratic column to the chagrin of Republican leaders. In the reapportionment of 1906 the Penrose gang endeavored to eliminate Bucks county as a senatorial district, but through the splendid fight put up by Senator Grim they were defeated.

Be of Good Cheer, Democrats.

[From the Doylestown Democrat.]
Unmistakably Senator Grim has gained ground during the past week in the gubernatorial fight, and just as unmistakably Mr. Berry and Mr. Tener have both lost ground. The Keystone Party last week lost the active co-operation of two of its leading supporters, Charles Heber Clarke and former State Treasurer John O. Sheatz. Both were organizers of the party they have now deserted. Mr. Clark gives a special reason for his withdrawal. Mr. Sheatz gives no reasons, and it can safely be assumed that his retirement is caused by general disgust over the movement. In fact he states that it had been his intention to withdraw soon after the nominations were made.

Merely the Other End.

When a man goes crazy about the Uplift and he Larger Good, he's just as crazy as the man who imagines he's the devil.—Atchison Globe.

Read the Reporter.

LUTHERAN SYNOD.

Closes Sessions Sunday Evening, in Bellefonte—Large Attendance of Ministers and Laymen.

The Central Pennsylvania Synod of the Lutheran church closed its sessions Sunday evening, in Bellefonte, in the Lutheran church of which Rev. F. W. Barry is the pastor. There was an almost complete attendance of members, both ministers and lay delegates. The synod is a legislative body and much business concerning the work of the church was transacted.

The president of the synod, Rev. Schoeb, formerly of New Berlin, having moved from the bounds of the Central Pennsylvania Synod, Rev. W. D. E. Scott, of Loysville, was elected president pro tem, and at the close of the sessions was elected president for the coming year.

Rev. J. M. Rearick preached the opening sermon on Wednesday evening which was followed by the Holy Communion. Thursday was devoted to business matters, and much interest was manifested by all members. The treasurer reported that the benevolent offerings were almost \$18,000. In the evening Rev. M. S. Crisman, D. D., brought every one to feel the needs of the "Brotherhood" organization in a strong address.

Friday afternoon the members of the body thoroughly enjoyed a trip to Pennsylvania State College, which trip was made possible by the gracious invitation of President Sparks, and the business men of Bellefonte, who are interested in the welfare of the Lutheran church.

Rev. G. A. Royer, on Friday evening, gave an interesting talk on the Orphan's Home at Loysville, and Rev. L. B. Wolf, D. D., made clear the needs of Christian teaching in India in an address.

Saturday morning the synod invited to seats on its floor Rev. L. B. Wolf, D. D., president of the Foreign Mission Board; and Rev. A. S. Hartman, president of the Home Mission Board; and Rev. W. A. Granville, Ph. D., the recently elected president of Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg. These men addressed the synod, and in a most forceful manner presented their interests.

The clerical delegates elected to the General Synod which meets in Luther Place Memorial church, Washington, D. C., next May, were Rev. F. W. Barry, Bellefonte; Rev. J. M. Rearick, Salona; Rev. J. C. Reighard, Blaine; Rev. W. H. Fahn, Millintown; Rev. W. D. E. Scott, Loysville. The lay delegates elected were C. A. Wilde, Loysville; C. M. Bower, Blaine; Hon. W. N. Kohler, Newport; T. M. Gramley, Spring Mills; H. A. Gaas, Millintown.

The pulpits in the several churches in Bellefonte were filled by members of synod on Sunday morning. In the evening Rev. D. R. P. Barry, father of the local pastor, preached the ordination sermon. Rev. Jacob Diehl, recently elected to succeed the late Rev. Parr, was ordained, and W. E. Sunday, of Pennsylvania Furnace, was licensed for one year.

The officers elected were president, W. D. E. Scott; secretary, William M. Rearick, Millintown; treasurer, W. T. Horton, Selinsgrove; statistician, Prof. C. T. Houtz, Selinsgrove.

Lecture Course Tickets on Sale.

Over one hundred tickets for the Centre Hall Lecture Course have already been sold. The chart is now at the store of Kreamer & Son, where course tickets and seats may be secured. The earlier you buy the better chance for good seats. The price is one dollar for the five attractions. The first number will be a musical, Saturday evening, October 29th.

"Keep it out of the paper" is the cry which the local newspaper daily hears. To oblige often costs considerable, though the party who makes the request thinks the granting scarcely worth saying "thank you" for. A newspaper is a peculiar thing in the public's eye. The news gatherer is esteemed at because he gets hold of one item and abuses because he does not get another. Young men, and often young women, as well as older persons often perform acts which become legitimate items for publication and then rush to the newspaper and beg us not to notice their escapades. The next day they condemn us for not having published another party doing the same thing they were guilty of, forgetting, apparently.

Horseness in a child subject to croup is a sure indication of the approach of the disease. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given at once or even after the croupy cough has appeared, it will prevent the attack. Contains no poison. Sold by Murray and Bitner.

Nature turns over a new leaf in the spring, but in the fall she always paints things red.

THE YEAR ON THE FARM.

America Continues an Agricultural Nation Despite Our Great Growth in Manufactures.

Despite a bad season the South has produced this year nearly 12,000,000 bales of cotton, with a present market value of \$800,000,000. The increase in the price has more than atoned to the planter for the shortage in yield.

There is no single crop anywhere in the world that equals our cotton in value except our own corn crop, chiefly grown in the West, estimated this year at about 3,000,000,000 bushels and worth at this month's quotations \$1,600,000,000.

Wheat approaches cotton with a valuation of about \$650,000,000, and approximate \$400,000,000. These are larger crops, but there are many smaller ones with a total value that is enormous. Despite our great growth in manufacture this is still primarily an agricultural nation, with a yield every year about tripling in value that of Russia, our nearest competitor, although Russia has an area of 9,000,000 square miles and 150,000,000 people nearly all of whom are farmers.

Silver Wedding at McConnell, Illinois.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jordan celebrated in the presence of over two hundred relatives and friends their silver wedding on Tuesday, September 20th, at their beautiful home two miles east of McConnell, Illinois.

At an early hour the guests began to gather and shower congratulations upon Mr. and Mrs. Jordan.

The day was an ideal one. Two long tables had been erected on the lawn beneath the shady trees. At noon Mr. and Mrs. Jordan led the march to the lawn, the tables being crowded with good things to eat, and to which all did ample justice. After dinner Mr. Jordan was again congratulated for having such a good cook.

The day was spent in a social way and reviewing the past. Rev. Groff, of Freeport, made an address on the pleasure of a christian home, and took Mr. Jordan as an example. After the address of Rev. Groff, Rev. Metaker, of Orangeville, made an address on the pleasure of such occasions, and why they should be celebrated. After the address H. C. Boob, of Orangeville, took a picture of the celebrators. Everyone was entertained in a most pleasant manner, and at a late hour the guests departed for their homes, wishing Mr. and Mrs. Jordan another twenty-five years of happiness, and promising to come back to celebrate the golden wedding with them.

Mr. and Mrs. Jordan were presented with about \$75.00 worth of silver ware, about \$30.00 in cash, several large rugs, pictures and hand painted china. There were a few persons present from Iowa and a few from Freeport.

Cubs Fight Liquor Ban.

Fraternal and social clubs in Lewis-ton are tightening their belts and preparing for a battle royal in protection of their rights to serve intoxicants to their members. A short time since the steward of the Moose club, at Carlisle, was sentenced to six months in the county jail for selling liquor without a license, and last week "Bill" Grimes, steward of the Owls Club, at Mount Union, was held for court on the same charge.

The attorney for the Owls warned his clients against giving testimony, on the ground of self incrimination, on the plea that if it was a crime to sell it was a crime to buy liquor. Justices Hiney returned Grimes for court, to let a man learned in the law decide the question. Mount Union has been local option by choice for the past fifteen years. The courts were willing to grant licenses at various times, but the applicant could never obtain the required signers.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Belle Gray, et al to Trustees M. E. church, September 30, 1903, in Half-moon twp., tract of land, \$100.

Matthew Davis, et ux to William Wood, et ux, September 14, 1910, tract of land in Phillipsburg, \$1230.

Margaret Hartwick to H. W. Small, March 22, 1910, tract of land in College twp., \$250.

H. W. Platt, et ux to C. E. Turnbach, September 10, 1910, tract of land in Phillipsburg.

It is in time of sudden mishap or accident that Chamberlain's Liniment can be relied upon to take the place of the family doctor who cannot always be found at the moment. Then it is that Chamberlain's Liniment is never found wanting. In cases of sprains, cuts, wounds and bruises Chamberlain's Liniment takes out the soreness and drives away the pain. Sold by Murray and Bitner.

The things we eat that don't agree with us always do their best fighting after they are down.

DEATHS.

On Wednesday evening of last week, just after the issue of the Reporter had been finished, Mrs. David K. Geiss passed from this world to the beyond. She had been in delicate health for many years, and it was nothing unusual for her to be confined to bed for several weeks at a time, and for that reason no one but the immediate family suspected that her illness was of a more serious nature than the numerous previous attacks of illness suffered by her. Her death, therefore, was a very great surprise and shock to her many friends and those of the family.

Interment was made Saturday morning, the services having been held at the house. The officiating minister was Rev. Daniel Gross, pastor of the Reformed church, with which denomination Mrs. Geiss was united ever since a girl. He was assisted by Rev. B. F. Bieler.

The deceased was the last survivor of the family of Jacob Wagner, Sr., and was the youngest member (Sarah Caroline) of the family. She was born near Tusseyville, January 14, 1843, making her age past sixty-seven years. She and her husband moved to their present home in Centre Hall, in 1870, and have since lived there continuously. Mrs. Geiss rarely went away from home, and when she did so it was either to a near neighbor or to the home of her son in Bellefonte.

The husband and three children, survive, namely, D. Wagner, Bellefonte; Misses Elsie L. and Anna Virginia, at home. One daughter, Bertha, died when a little girl.

Following an illness of many months, Mrs. A. A. Pletcher died at her home in Howard. Her maiden name was Julia A. Zimmerman and she was born at Pine Grove Mills fifty-eight years ago. When a girl her parents moved to Jacksonville and it was there she was married to Mr. Pletcher in 1878. Of their three children two daughters survive, as follows: Mrs. Howard Robb, of Howard, and Mrs. Carl T. Noll, of Pitsaun. She also leaves one sister, Mrs. Alma Christy, of Armstrong county.

Mrs. Pletcher was a member of the Lick Run Presbyterian church at Jacksonville, and a good christian woman. Rev. A. D. Bateman, of Beech Creek, officiated at the funeral services and burial was made at Jacksonville.

Mrs. Mary Mokie died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. D. F. Smith, Wednesday evening of last week, after an illness of some time, due largely to her advanced age, which was almost seventy-three years. Interment was made at Houserville, the services having been held at the home of her daughter, the funeral being conducted by her pastor, Rev. S. A. Snyder, assisted by Rev. L. C. Cooper, of Burnham.

The deceased is survived by one son, John Mokie, of Howard, and Mrs. Smith, at State College, and also a daughter in Ohio.

Her husband died just a month previous to her death.

Mrs. Sarah E. Benson died early Monday morning of last week at the home of her daughter at Fairbrook, aged seventy-nine years. She was born and reared in Huntingdon county and was twice married, her second husband, James A. Benson, having died over a year ago. She is survived by eight children. The remains were taken to the home of her son, J. H. Colobine, at Bellwood, from where the funeral was held, burial being made in the Antis cemetery near that town.

Charles Benjamin Franklin Baney, a brother of Mrs. Joanna Grenoble, of Madisonburg, died at his home in Look Haven after a lingering illness with consumption. He was born near Lamar and was fifty-four years old. He was a brick prosser by occupation and during his life worked at Woodland, Clearfield county, and Mill Hall. He is survived by his wife and a number of children as well as several brothers and sisters.

Early Saturday morning death entered the little family of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ross, at Linden Hall, and took from them their youngest son, Richard Weber, aged almost five months. The disease was cholera infantum. Interment was made at Boalsburg, Monday morning, the services being conducted by Rev. J. I. Stonecypher.

Mrs. Hattie Rowman, wife of Cyrus Bowman, died at her home near Blanchard, aged sixty-five years. The husband survives as do also these children: Mrs. Charles Kunes and Mrs. Frank Kunes, of Blanchard, and Mary and Milton, at home.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

The second week of September court is on.

Considerable second growth of clover has been made into hay, which as a rule will be used for cow feed.

One hundred or more farmers in Clearfield and Blair counties have gone to Florida to look over the prospects there.

Those who have deposited cash for course tickets can now secure them at Kreamer & Son's, properly checked and marked.

To become a missionary in China, Rev. Samuel McClure left Bellefonte last week. He expects to sail from San Francisco on next Tuesday.

On his return from Gettysburg last Thursday, D. J. Meyer called on Miss Sara McClenahan, at the Harrisburg city hospital, and found her getting along nicely.

Mrs. D. W. Reynolds, of Reesedeville, is up in Boston the guest of her niece, Mrs. Bulah Hollis. Her daughter, Miss Louella, is also in the Hub city attending school.

William H. Cumings, one of the bustling young farmers in Potter, was one of the Reporter's callers the other evening, and did so to keep in line with getting the news regularly through the Reporter.

In response to the request for Reporters of the dates of May 19th and 20th, the editor is indebted to Miss Gertrude Floray, of Centre Hall, and Mrs. Laura Bricker, of Boalsburg, who will please accept the Reporter's thanks.

Judge Woods, of Huntingdon, recently called a witness in court before the bench and fined him \$10 for talking to jurymen in an out-of-the-way place. Both were interested in the same case, and the conversation was rather suspicious.

Merchant and Mrs. C. F. Emery took advantage of the Lewisburg fair excursion train and paid a visit to the old home in Union county, and also spent a short time at the fair. Mr. Emery pays close attention to business, but yet does not neglect to see the "old folks at home."

Two cows—one belonging to W. J. Smith, the dairyman, and the other to J. W. Runkle—became engaged in a battle on the streets. The result was the latter cow was badly hurt; indeed, it was first thought she would die from internal injuries, but she is improving now and is on her feet again.

Emmer Royer, near the Old Fort, is credited with having one of the best fields of corn in his section. George Earhart, tenant on the W. Frank Bradford farm, also has a fine field of corn. He had one of the best crops of wheat in the township, which puts the Bradford farm among the most productive farms in this section.

The Nittany club house, at Hecla Park, was painted and decorated by John T. Noll, the Pleasant Gap painter, who has a number of houses in Centre Hall to his credit. When it comes down to real first-class work, Mr. Noll is the man to put to the work. He has had large experience, and takes pride in doing every bit of his work in a mechanical way.

One of the most productive apple orchards in this locality is that of William H. Baird, south of Centre Hall. Not all the trees are bearing this year, but the crop will be several hundred bushels. Frank Gfrerer, west of town, has also a young orchard just coming into bearing. There is much of the choicest fruit in this orchard and the owner is contemplating spraying by another year.

While driving his cow home from the picnic grounds where she is pasturing, another cow "rushed" Alfred Durst and knocked him over. He was unable to arise to his feet, but the incident having been witnessed by Mrs. Durst, she went to his assistance. No bones were broken, but Mr. Durst was badly bruised and was laid up for several days. The cow rushed from the rear, and the first Mr. Durst knew the animal was on a rampage, was when she struck him on the back and knocked him about ten feet. The beast paid no further attention to him.

Many of the farmers will be surprised to learn that a cattle sale was held at the O'd Fort hotel, Saturday afternoon, at which thoroughbred cattle were offered. There were but few persons present, owing to the fact that the sale had not been properly advertised. Two animals were sold at auction, and at this point the owner announced the sale closed because of the fact that the prices were too low. A dozen animals were sold afterward at private sale. J. E. Hauck, the dealer who had charge of the sale, stated privately that he contemplated a future sale of springers and cattle calculated for feeding.