

# THE NEWS.

## Domestic

The Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, of New York, has been presented by the Pasteur Institute, of Paris, with a replica bronze of the bust of Louis Pasteur by Paul Dubois in recognition of the aid rendered during the recent epidemic of cerebro-spinal meningitis, which prevailed in France.

Edna Loftus, divorced wife of a jockey, secured the release of her lover, Harry A. Rheinstrom, from a sanitarium on a writ of habeas corpus, after which the couple fled from Ohio to Kentucky in an auto and were married.

Suspected of a jewelry store burglary, two men who had been taken in custody by the baggage man and ticket clerk at the Michigan Central Depot at Ypsalanti drew revolvers and fought a desperate battle, for their liberty.

One hundred and forty paper manufacturers, members of the Paper Board Association, were indicted by the federal grand jury of New York on charges of maintaining an illegal combination in restraint of trade.

Train 23 on the Lake Shore, bound from New York to Chicago, ran into a construction train near Northeast, Pa. One man was killed outright, another was probably fatally injured and a third was badly hurt.

A fireman was burned to death during a fire panic in the Barnum and Cambridge Hotels, St. Louis.

Henry Harbaugh Apple, D. D., was installed as president of Franklin and Marshall College.

Mrs. Kato Mendelssohn, of Pittsburgh, who has been unconscious for 100 days, is dying.

The price of hogs reached \$9.05 per hundredweight in Chicago.

While hunting for a man reported missing the police of New York discovered a tunnel leading from a house on the East Side under the street toward a bank.

Three men were killed in an explosion that wrecked a large section of the Dahlston Metal Door Company's plant, at Jamestown, N. Y.

Charles H. Ackert resigned as vice president of the Southern Railroad and became connected with the Hawley Railroads in the same capacity.

Mrs. Flora Adams Darling, one of the founders of the Daughters of the American Revolution, died suddenly in New York from apoplexy.

Four men held up a bank in Williamsburg, N. Y., and shot a brother of the proprietor. Two of the robbers were captured.

Mary Manning, the actress, was granted an absolute divorce from her husband, James K. Hackett, the actor, in New York.

The Standard Oil Company denied being interested in the Milk Trust, which is being investigated in New York.

Prof. Samuel S. Sanford, of Yale, and son of the founder of the Adams Express Company, died in New York.

Reports have been received in New Orleans that plans are on foot for the refinancing of Guatemala.

Fire destroyed the plant of the Muncie Glass Company, at Muncie, Ind.; loss, \$65,000.

The Arctic Club of America dropped Dr. Frederick A. Cook as a member.

Alarmed by the activity of the special grand jury headed by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., to investigate the so-called "white slave" traffic, many persons believed to have been engaged in that business have fled from New York.

Four striking shirtwaist-makers of New York, who were fined \$25 collectively for their activities as pickets, paid their fines in pennies. It took the entire clerical force of the court nearly half an hour to count the 2,500 pennies.

A new indictment has been returned against F. Augustus Heinze, charging him with conspiracy to remove and mutilate the books of the United Copper Company.

Secretary Knox has given out a statement explaining his plan for an international court to settle little controversies in time of peace as well as in time of war.

Royal Edwards, aged twenty-one years, bounded by his conscience, confessed to a Seattle (Wash.) justice that he was wanted in Harrisburg, Pa., for embezzling \$1,400.

## Foreign

A collision between French and Tunisian troops near Dehiba, Tunis, on the Tripoli frontier, during which shots were exchanged, has caused France to make representations against the advance of Turkish troops in that territory.

Because United States Minister Fox, at Guayaquil, Ecuador, notified the foreign minister that the sanitary conditions were bad, the Ecuadorian press says the notice constitutes a menace against South American autonomy.

Herbert Tiltow was sentenced by a London court to eight months at hard labor, for defrauding Miss Clara Libbey, of New Haven, Ct., representing himself as Sir Claud Campbell, of the British diplomatic service.

The Austrian steamer Irene, at Venice from Galveston and Norfolk, and the British steamer Elswick Manor, from Tyne, were in collision, and the Irene was slightly damaged.

The Russian Foreign Office has as yet taken no action on the memorandum presented by the U. S. government relative to the neutralization of the Manchurian railroads.

Queen Wilhelmina gave a banquet at the palace at The Hague in honor of Gen. Stewart Woodford, president of the Hudson-Fulton Celebration Commission.

Miss C. A. Drayton, of New York, and William Phillips, secretary of the United States Embassy in London, are to be married there.

The jewels which Abd-el-Aziz, the former sultan of Morocco, pawned in Paris for \$300,000, have been redeemed by the Moroccan government.

The steamer Noosa Prince, from New York for Cape Town, was burned off Ascension Island.

## SCANDAL IN THE INDIAN SERVICE

### Suspensions Are Ordered By Secretary Ballinger.

### SOME SERIOUS CHARGES ARE MADE.

Investigation Said To Have Disclosed A Disgraceful Condition Affecting The Material And Moral Welfare Of The Schools—The Superintendent Alleged To Have Business Interests Incompatible With His Duties—Other Officials Are Concerned.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Secretary Ballinger, of the Interior Department, suspended from office Superintendent John D. Benedict, of the Five Civilized Tribes of Oklahoma, and three supervisors as the result of an investigation which has disclosed "a disgraceful condition" affecting the material and moral welfare of the schools.

Other a result of the investigation which the Interior Department has been carrying on for some time past, and which will be continued, other officials of the Indian Service may suffer a like fate to that of Superintendent Benedict and the three supervisors suspended.

The investigation which resulted in this action was entered into because of various reports reaching the department here, charging the officials already suspended, as well as others, with improper or unauthorized activities which it was thought were improper for government employees. The suspended supervisors are Calvin Ballard, of the Choctaw schools at McAlester; Frederick H. Umholtz of the Chickasaw schools, Ardmore, and Walter Falwell, of the Creek schools at Muskogee.

Before any further action is taken in their cases the four men will be allowed to make answer to the Secretary of the Interior as to the charges against them.

From the report made in the case it appears that Superintendent Benedict is connected with certain business interests in Oklahoma which have more or less business with the Indians, which relationship, it was believed, was wholly incompatible with his service as superintendent. He had permitted the schools it was reported, to fall into a disgraceful condition, and the supervisors have neglected their duties in the enforcement of school contracts and in matters affecting the material and moral conditions surrounding the conduct of the schools.

Oscar H. Lipps, of the Indian Office, supervisor of Indian schools, who was sent to Oklahoma with the charges, notified the department here today of his arrival, and that he has relieved Superintendent Benedict pending the result of the investigation. The duties of the suspended supervisors will be performed temporarily by detailed clerks of the Indian Office. Superintendent Benedict has been connected with the Indian Service for 10 years past.

Secretary Ballinger and Commissioner Valentine, of the Indian Office, announce that the investigation of conditions surrounding the schools, although not conducted publicly, will be thorough, and that the conduct of the officers responsible for the present condition will be looked into most carefully.

### CHILD CATCHES THIEF.

### Little Mary Vaughn Highly Commended By Magistrate.

New York (Special).—Mary Vaughn, small, but plucky, earned the praise of a magistrate when Charles Moran, who says he is a salesman from Chicago, was arraigned in police court charged with snatching \$5 from a stationery store.

Mary was alone in the shop at the time of the alleged theft. She darted after the man, chased him on to the street and through the thick of the traffic, caught him and held on until a policeman came to her aid.

"You're a brave little girl," said the magistrate to her when he heard her story. Moran was held in \$1,000 bail.

### Record Year In Pig Iron.

### Cleveland, Ohio (Special).—Returns received from the coke and anthracite blast furnaces of the United States by the "Iron Trade Review" show that the pig iron production for December was 2,681,459 tons, bringing coke and anthracite pig iron production of the country for 1909 to the record-breaking total of 25,335,759 tons. This total production surpasses 1907, which was 25,299,732 tons, by a margin of 36,027 tons. The country is now making pig iron at the unprecedented rate of thirty-two million tons per year.

### A Sliding Village.

Parma, Italy (Special).—On the hills between Parma and Piacenza, which are about 36 miles apart, an immense landslide is slowly moving. It is two miles in length, half a mile in width and its depth is estimated at 75 feet. On top of the slide is the village of Scopello, recently occupied by a thousand people. It is doomed to destruction, and the inhabitants have evacuated the village, transporting their valuables and the furnishings and altars of their church to safer ground.

### What Colleges Are For.

Madison, Wis. (Special).—President Lowell, of Harvard, spoke at the convocation at the university and scored those students "who come to college for its privileges and not for its responsibilities." Many, he said, have an idea that a college diploma completes their education, but their education is not completed until the sod is placed over them. Students, he said, should come to college to learn to do things as well as to learn facts.

## TO KEEP PEACE IN THE FAR EAST

### Sec. Knox's Proposition To Other Powers.

Elimination Of The Manchurian Railroads From Eastern Politics—A Proposition Looking To Neutralization Of These Railroads—Preservation Of Territorial Integrity Of Chinese Empire.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Secretary Knox has suggested to the powers interested in the Manchurian Railway situation a plan contemplating the neutralization of the railroads by their sale to China, the transaction to be financed by an international syndicate. If Mr. Knox's plan is carried into effect the result will be to take the Manchurian railroads out of oriental politics and place them under economic and impartial administration. The ownership of the railroads will be vested in the Chinese government, the funds for the purpose to be loaned to China by the bankers of these countries, which are pledged to maintain the open-door policy in China.

Discussing this subject Mr. Knox said:

"The proposition of the United States to the interested powers looking to the neutralization of the Manchurian railroads disclose the end towards which American policy in the Far East has been recently directed.

"As is well known, the essential principles of the Hay policy of the open door are the preservation of the territorial and jurisdictional integrity of the Chinese Empire and equal commercial opportunity in China for all nations. This government believes that one of the most effective way to secure for China the undisturbed enjoyment of all political rights in Manchuria, and to promote the normal development of the Eastern provinces under the policy of the open door practically applied, would be to take the railroads of Manchuria out of Eastern politics and place them under an economic and impartial administration by vesting in China the ownership of its railroads, the funds for that purpose to be furnished by the nations of such interested powers as might be willing to participate and who are pledged to the policy of the open door and equal opportunity; the powers participating to operate the railway system during the period of the loan and enjoy the usual preferences in supplying materials.

"Such a policy would naturally require for its execution the cooperation not only of China, but also of Japan and of Russia, who already have extensive railway rights in Manchuria."

## DISCOVER TUNNEL LEADING TO BANK

### New York Police Unearth One On East Side.

### HUNTING FOR THE MISSING MAN.

When Authorities Are Notified That Man Went Into A Cellar And Never Returned, They Investigated And Found Tunnel—Digging Up Street In Effort To Find Man—Branched Off Toward A Jewelry Store Next To Bank.

New York (Special).—A true case of the man who crawled into his hole and pulled the hole in after him is puzzling the police here. And there is more interest in the hole than in the man who dug it, for a cursory first inspection soon showed that, from an unobtrusive aperture in the floor of a tenement house cellar, the hole presently stretched into a tunnel, and that the tunnel pointed in the direction of the vaults of the East Side branch of the Fourteenth Street Bank, with deposits of \$10,000,000, and toward the safe of a jewelry shop next door, in which there lay \$50,000 worth of diamonds and jewelry.

Isidor Garbus ran to the police with a tale of the disappearance of his brother-in-law, Isaac Finkelstein. The man had last been seen, he said, in the cellar of the tenement house where they lived. Isaac had gone downstairs to gather firewood. He did not return and under the wood pile Isidor had found a mound of fresh earth. The foundations of the house, he told the police, must have collapsed on his brother-in-law.

After a few minutes' digging the police uncovered a sharply defined aperture in the cellar wall, about three feet across, and pitching downward under the street. A building department inspector crawled in on his hands and knees, striking matches as he went, but came out in a hurry when he bumped into what seemed to be the collapse of earth and boulders. The walls of the tunnel were unshored, and only the cohesion of the hard packed earth held the roof up. Whoever had dug it must have worked in secret for weeks.

Fearful of further exploration from the cellar, the inspectors began to dig down from the street level, at the same time sounding the cellar walls of the bank and the jewelry shop. So far as they could learn both are sound.

Digging continued all afternoon and all night with crowds of curious in attendance. The work went slowly, both because of the depth of the excavation and the necessity for caution. At a point beyond the first obstruction a fork in the tunnel was found, one branch heading for the bank vaults and the other for the jewelry shop. In all the diggers had uncovered about 50 feet of burrowing, with no trace of the body of Finkelstein.

There is some doubt whether he is in the tunnel, for it is pointed out that the home entrance to it was barricaded from the outside. On the other hand, the police contend, a confederate could have made the barricade.

## WASHINGTON BY TELEGRAPH

A committee of the Federation of Labor presented to President Taft a formal paper containing fourteen charges of illegal conduct against the Steel Corporation.

Rev. Ernest T. Lyons, minister to Liberia, was in Washington to urge his movement for the financing by the United States government of the Liberian debt.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs laid aside, the measures demanding the arrest and punishment of former President Zelaya of Nicaragua.

The House adopted resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Congressman Griggs, of Georgia, and adjourned.

President Taft sent to the Senate the nomination of Capt. Charles E. Vreeland, of the Navy, to be a rear admiral.

Representative Mann introduced a number of bills bearing upon legislation in the interest of railroad employees.

President Taft nominated Amos H. Rudolph and John A. Johnston to be District Commissioners.

An experiment is to be made on the New York docks with automatic sugar weighing scales.

Speaker Cannon declared himself a great believer in the caucus.

President Taft has bought a fine, strong saddle horse.

The attitude of France in still persistently objecting to the Chinese loan is mystifying, and has surprised Germany and Great Britain, as well as the United States.

Dr. Maurice F. Egan, United States minister to Denmark, stated that the King of Denmark did not bestow the Danebrog decoration upon Dr. Frederick A. Cook.

Jurisdiction over the registration of labels is left with the postoffice in a decision which the attorney general has transmitted to the House Committee on Patents.

An even half million dollars is asked in a deficiency estimate submitted to Congress for service in the public buildings throughout the country.

President Taft explained his position relative to insurgent patronage, and corrected the report that he is using the whip to get them into line.

President Taft is still looking forward to a trip to Alaska late in the coming spring.

Col. James Gordon, of Mississippi, was sworn in as the successor to the late Senator A. J. McLaurin in the Senate.

M. A. W. Louis, one of the best-known experts in the handling of printing presses in the country, is dead.

Secretary Knox sent a communication to Congress dealing with the problem of Americanizing the consular field.

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## EXPELS DR. COOK.

### Arctic Club Of America Drops Him From Membership.

New York (Special).—The Arctic Club of America—founded by Dr. Frederick A. Cook and his supporters in the North Pole controversy—through its board of directors has dropped the name of the explorer from the roll of membership.

The action of the Arctic Club directors was unanimous and follows hard upon the heels of the explorer's summary dismissal from the council of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences two days ago, and strips from the explorer almost the last vestige of scientific honors, only the degree of doctor of philosophy, conferred by the University of Copenhagen remaining.

The Arctic Club of America led in the welcoming festivities to Dr. Cook on his return from Greenland and Copenhagen. Later the club tendered Dr. Cook, a former president of the organization, a banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria, while many of its individual members, including Admiral Schley and Captain Osborn, warmly championed the cause of Cook when his now discredited polar claim was challenged.

## EXPLOSION KILLS THREE.

### Section Of Plant Of Metal Door Company Wrecked.

Jamestown, N. Y. (Special).—By the explosion of a gas oven in the enameling department of the Dahlstrom Metal Door Company's plant in this city, a large section of the plant was wrecked. Gus T. Johnson, night foreman, was killed, and William Smith, a varnisher, and Bernard Magnusson, a finisher, were fatally injured. The explosion was caused by a collection of gas in one of the ovens.

Jail For Former Preacher.

Chicago (Special).—James R. Kaye, a former minister of Lincoln, Ill., and later editor of a religious paper, must serve a two years' sentence in the Federal prison at Fort Leavenworth for counterfeiting.

## Wrecked Train To Rob.

### Muncie, Ind. (Special).—Vernon Plessinger, 18 years old, pleaded guilty of opening a switch at Dawn, Ohio, and wrecking the Knickerbocker train on the Big Four Railroad Saturday night. He was arraigned before Mayor Schermand, of Greenville, Ohio, and was held to the grand jury and placed in jail.

## Unsinkable Target Sinks.

### San Francisco (Special).—The air-chambered "unsinkable" target, which cost \$15,000 to build and which was shipped from the Brooklyn Navy Yard to the Philippine Islands to be used in the winter target practice of the Pacific fleet, went to the bottom after two broadsides from the Charleston, according to letters received at Mare Island Navy Yard. The target was of armor plate, with protected air chambers to keep it afloat, but the six-inch guns punched it full of holes, and it sank.

## NICARAGUA WILL BLAME ZELAYA

### Responsibility For Americans' Death Is His—President Madrid Begins to Probe.

Investigation Into The Deaths Of Groce And Cannon, Who Were Shot After A Hasty Court-Martial—Solomon Selva, The Prosecutor, Will Share The Responsibility With Zelaya—Another Battle Is Expected Soon.

Managua, Nicaragua (Special).—General Vasquez has left to assume command of the government forces at Acoyapa, where an engagement with the insurgent army now moving westward may take place soon.

Members of the local Red Cross branch have gone to Bluefields, where remain many of the prisoners taken by General Estrada in the battle of Rama.

President Madrid began a personal investigation of the executions of the Americans Groce and Cannon, with the object of placing the responsibility. Solomon Selva, who appeared as government prosecutor before the court-martial, will be found jointly responsible with Zelaya, it is said.

Admiral Kimball, in command of the United States naval forces in Corinto harbor, has declined a gift of six steers, tendered by President Madrid for the American soldier's mess.

Congress has passed a bill providing for the issue of paper money to the amount of \$15,000,000 to replace the \$12,000,000 in notes now in circulation.

## GOVERNMENT INQUIRY INTO COST OF LIVING

### Secretary Wilson Will Endeavor To Find Why Food Is So High—A Big Contract, He Says.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—In consonance with the resolution introduced by Representative Hull, Secretary Wilson, of the Department of Agriculture, has ordered a sweeping inquiry into the cost of living in the United States.

"I realize," said Secretary Wilson, "that we have undertaken a big contract, but we can carry it out. We have the men and we have the money, to paraphrase a famous statement, and the work will be done thoroughly. Much of the work will be done by inspectors of the Bureau of Animal Industry, but other divisions of the department will be called upon to assist.

"The question of food supply is most complicated. In investigating it with regard to any particular locality three facts are to be considered:

"First, the price paid by the wholesale merchant to the producer; second, the cost of transportation from the place of production, and, third, the difference between the wholesale and retail prices. The location of the place of production consequently the question of transportation play a large part in the general results."

The resolution sets forth that during the past twelve months there has been an advance in the prices of commodities of from 11 to 20 per cent., and during the past thirteen years of more than 56 per cent., which is entirely disproportionate to the increase in wages, making it difficult for millions of people to procure food, clothing and shelter consistent with their needs.

## FATAL FLIGHT OF LEON DELAGRANGE

### The Famous French Aviator Killed at Bordeaux.

### HAD MADE SEVERAL NARROW ESCAPES.

Accident Caused By A Wing Of The Monoplane Breaking In A Gust Of Wind While Encircling The Aerodrome At Bordeaux—Delagrange Ranked As One Of The Foremost Aviators—Had Broken All Speed And Other Records.

Bordeaux (Special).—Leon Delagrange, the French aviator, whose achievements during the past two years had won for him a high place among those who have set out to conquer the air, was instantly killed here while making a flight in the presence of a great crowd of spectators.

A strong, uncertain wind prevailing, but with characteristic daring Delagrange faced it in the same monoplane in which he made a record of 53 miles an hour at the Doncaster meeting last October. He circled the aerodrome, seeming to have his machine under good control, and yet at times it heeled dangerously to the wind. On the third round, when at a height of between 60 and 70 feet, he increased his speed.

He swung wide at the turns, but at the lower end of the aerodrome he attempted to describe a sharp curve. The machine was seen to sway. The left wing was broken and the right wing immediately collapsed. The aeroplane came plunging to the earth, and it turned half over as it fell, with the aviator clinging to the seat. In this way it crashed to the ground, with Delagrange beneath, the heavy motor crushing out his life.

The mechanicians are at a loss to explain the exact cause of the accident. They are merely able to say that it resulted from maneuvering too quickly in the puffy wind. The monoplane was doubly braced at the essential points and had been given a careful examination before ascending.

## HIS SPLENDID RECORD.

### One Of The Most Daring Of The World's Aerial Pilots.

Leon Delagrange ranked among the first of the aviators of the world. On December 30 last, at Juvisy, he broke all speed records. The occasion was an attempt to win the Michelin cup. He did not succeed in beating Henry Farman's record for distance, but did establish a new distance record for monoplanes and a new world's speed record. He covered 124 miles in 2 hours and 32 minutes, maintaining an average speed of approximately 49 miles an hour.

Delagrange had been a well-known automobilist and was one of the first men in Europe to take up aviation.

"Unsinkable" Target Sinks.

San Francisco (Special).—The air-chambered "unsinkable" target, which cost \$15,000 to build and which was shipped from the Brooklyn Navy Yard to the Philippine Islands to be used in the winter target practice of the Pacific fleet, went to the bottom after two broadsides from the Charleston, according to letters received at Mare Island Navy Yard. The target was of armor plate, with protected air chambers to keep it afloat, but the six-inch guns punched it full of holes, and it sank.

## KILLED BY MOTHER-IN-LAW.

### Tennessean Had Quarreled With And Shot Her First.

Dresden, Tenn. (Special).—Clarence Carney was killed by his 65-year-old mother-in-law, Mrs. Sarah Griffith, in a revolver duel. Mrs. Griffith had met Carney in the front yard of a neighbor's home to discuss a quarrel of long standing. The discussion became heated, and Carney fired three times at the aged woman. Although one bullet struck her in the hip, she stood her ground and fired five times before her son-in-law lowered his weapon and sank dead to the ground. Mrs. Griffith was arrested.

Follows His Suicide Wife.

San Francisco (Special).—Dr. William A. Monnish, formerly a physician in Atlanta, Ga., was found dead in his hotel. An empty chloroform bottle lay beside his bed. Dr. Monnish was 48 years old and leaves a 13-year-old daughter. Dr. Rosa F. Monnish, his wife, committed suicide at her home in Atlanta several months ago, being found guilty and sentenced to two years' imprisonment for violation of the United States postal laws.

Judge Martin Bell Dead.

Hollidaysburg, Pa. (Special).—Martin Bell, presiding judge of the Blair County courts, was found dead in bed at his home here of heart affection. Judge Bell was 62 years old. He served two terms as district attorney and was first elected judge in 1893. He leaves a widow and six children.

Cuts Her Lover's Throat.

Nashville, Tenn. (Special).—Lizzie E. Crenshaw, 28 years old, severely wounded J. M. Jennings, a bookkeeper, by cutting his throat. Later she hanged herself in a cell at the police station, using her apron strings as a rope. She was dead when discovered by the turkey. Jennings may recover. Jealousy was the cause of the woman's actions.

Cremated With Customer.

Syracuse, N. Y. (Special).—Moses Rosenbloom, a clothing merchant, was burned to death, and a customer, Wolf Pearlman, probably fatally burned by a gasoline explosion in the Nottingham Building. Rosenbloom was showing his goods to the other man when a cigar spark set off a jug of the volatile fluid.

Anarchists After Alfonso.

Madrid (Special).—The Governor of Barcelona telegraphs that absolute quiet prevails at Barcelona and throughout all of Catalonia, and that there has been no attempt at a general strike. Dispatches received from that city indicated an anarchist movement, which resulted in the curtailment of the visit here of General Weyer, captain general of Catalonia. The police arrested six suspicious individuals, all of whom were foreigners, lurking near the estate where King Alfonso is hunting in Andalusia.

Sugar Probe For Other Ports.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Following the discovery of underweighing of sugar at the port of New York inquiries are to be made at other ports where sugar is brought in with a view to determining whether there has been underweighing elsewhere.

Shoots Himself When Dared.

Cincinnati (Special).—Dared in jest by a companion to shoot himself, Morton L. Rodgers, 17 years old, raised a rifle and shot himself through the brain, dying instantly.