

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

S. W. SMITH, Editor and Proprietor.

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CENTRE HALL, PENN'A.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1910.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning; Linden Hall, afternoon. Revival meeting at Spring Mills.

Reformed—Union, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon.

Lutheran—Spring Mills, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

United Evangelical—Last Quarterly Conference service will be held at Centre Hall, Saturday, 2:30 o'clock.

Marriage Licenses.

Hunter T. Meyer, Pleasant Gap; Helen Bilger, Pleasant Gap; William McClellan Garver, Bellefonte.

Aaronsburg.

Ebon Bower, of Bellefonte, spent Christmas week very pleasantly with his father Merchant E. A. Bower.

Charles Acker, of Hollisopple, was the welcome guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Acker, and many other friends.

James Swabb of Tusseyville, spent Sunday with his mother Mrs. R. E. Swabb.

Nellie Mingle, of Potters Mills, spent a few days with her parents, and many other friends who are always glad to see her.

Mr. and Mrs. James Weaver, and Annie Mensch and daughter Florence are spending their holidays with their brother, Elmer Weaver, at Akron, Ohio.

Clarence Eisenhower and brother Philip, both of State College, came home to spend Sunday with their mother.

Walter Orwig returned home from Altoona, after spending some time at that place.

Mrs. Emma Wert, Margaret Boob and Jennie Rupp spent Wednesday with the latter's sister, Emma Helnde, at Feidler.

Forest Stover's baby girl, three weeks old, was buried in the Reformed cemetery December 31, Rev. Donat officiating.

Misses Marion and Bessie Stover, Jennie Rapp, Ardanna Harmon and Martha McCall left for State College.

Lena Bressler, of Centre Hall, is spending some time with her uncle, Wm. Hartman.

Frank Guisevite, of Feidler, spent a day with his brother-in-law, J. G. Weaver.

Ernest Stover, our up to date hunter, has captured twelve fine foxes and a lot of other game.

Magdalena Weaver spent a week with her brother, C. A. Weaver at Coburn.

Squire Lee Holds Court.

A. B. Lee, justice of the peace in Potter township, as commissioner appointed by the court to take testimony in the case of the remonstrators vs. James W. Runkle, applicant for a liquor license in the borough of Centre Hall, performed his duties Tuesday.

Blair-Bible.

The marriage of R. Russel Blair, of Bellefonte, and Miss Helen Marie Bible, of Philadelphia, was consummated Tuesday, 23:30 ult.

Fruit Growers to Meet.

The second session of the Fruit Growers' Association of Centre County will meet at Spring Mills, Saturday, January 29th, instead of 22nd, as previously announced.

Teachers' Local Institute.

The Teachers Local Institute for the Boalsburg district, will be held in Boal's Hall, Boalsburg, Saturday, January 15th.

Rishel-Hogarth.

John Rishel, of near Bellefonte, and Mrs. Elizabeth Hogarth, of Bellefonte, were married December 29th.

McNitt-Burkins.

On the 25th day of November, 1909, at Hagerstown, Maryland, John B. McNitt, of Milroy, and Mrs. Mary M. Burkins, of Potters Mills, were married by Rev. R. A. Boyle, a Presbyterian minister.

Potters Mills.

Equire Carson made a trip to Milroy on Monday.

Misses Ruth and Nona Smith spent a few days visiting at Axeman.

Mrs. W. M. Grove and daughter, of Spring Mills, visited the former's sister, in Milroy, on Saturday.

Harry Wilkinson is spending a few days with his sister, at Reedsville.

The fantastics called at Potters Mills on New Year day. They surely were a gay bunch. Come again, boys.

Dr. H. S. Alexander and family, spent Christmas at the doctor's former home, in Millin county.

Howard Ripka was in town on Wednesday.

Earl Smith spent Saturday and Sunday at Spring Mills.

D. R. Sweetwood has returned to the home of his daughter, Mrs. C. S. Lucas, after spending the holiday season with his friend, Rev. Rhoads, of Howard.

William McKinney is working at Burnham, but spent Christmas with his family at this place.

The Sportsmen's League had a blue rock shoot on Christmas. F. A. Carson scored best, breaking nine out of ten.

Dr. H. S. Alexander, wife and sons, Lowell and Hugh, spent Christmas at the home of the doctor's parents, at Burnham.

LOCALS.

William Witmer, the well known land owner in Buffalo Run Valley, is seriously ill. Mrs. Witmer died Christmas morning.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Weber just returned from a visit to New York, where they spent several weeks with their son, Samuel Weber and family, and daughter, Miss Bess Weber.

Among a car load of horses shipped from the Coburn station by George E. Homan and Thomas Miller was one animal that weighed 1800, and was but five years of age.

Rev. J. Allison Platts, D. D., of the Presbyterian church, Bellefonte, and Rev. C. C. Shuey, of the Methodist church, Bellefonte, will speak on Thursday evening of this week at the Union services in the Lutheran church, Centre Hall.

The Association of "The Church of the Holy Cross" will hold a special meeting Friday 21st, one o'clock, for the purpose of adopting a cheaper plan to keep the cemetery clean.

Both Republicans and Democrats in Bellefonte are anxious to have Col. Reynolds be a candidate for Congress. There hasn't been picking of any account in Centre county since the Hastings barrel was closed, and naturally the appetite for dough has since been well whetted.

Charles P. Swint, of Los Angeles, California, has the thanks of the Reporter for a handsomely decorated calendar. Mr. Swint is a Potter township young man, but drifted to the Pacific coast some years ago, where he is now employed with the Pacific Electric Railway Company.

An attractive special feature in the January number of the Woman's Home Companion, is a double page of pictures of the most famous work of modern European masters; there is also a large full page painting by Mary Sigbee Ker of "Young 1910" waiting on the threshold of the New Year.

A post mortem examination made on a cow, by Dr. Goodman, in Liberty township, Clinton county, revealed that the animal had swallowed a portion of a nail, which later had punctured the stomach, and became imbedded in the tissues of the heart.

The rich man can't always express himself, but can pay the freight. No man is really a fool unless he can be fooled the same way twice.

The man who is treated like a dog doesn't feel like leading a double life.

Men's plush slippers, 23c at Yeager's.

Often The Kidneys Are Weakened by Over-Work. Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for much sickness and suffering, therefore, if kidney trouble is permitted to continue, serious results are most likely to follow.

Your other organs may need attention, but your kidneys most, because they do most and should have attention first. Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your energy seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. A trial will convince you of its great merit.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest because its remarkable health restoring properties have been proven in thousands of the most distressing cases.

If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.

Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, and don't let a dealer sell you something in place of Swamp-Root—if you do you will be disappointed.

There was quite an excitement in town last Thursday at which time the home of John Bedyon was destroyed by fire.

LOCALS.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Shaw, of State College, were guests over Christmas at the home of Mrs. Shaw's parents, Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Hosterman, in Centre Hall.

A number of communications were omitted, others were pared down, and much local matter is also omitted because it was impossible to put it into type.

The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company has issued orders that their men must either give up visiting saloons or lose their positions. The order applies while on or off duty.

Harry Hubler, one of the assistants to W. Frank Bradford, station agent at Centre Hall, became ill Friday, and since has been confined to bed. He is suffering from a severe attack of tonsillitis.

Colyer.

Charles Ramer and friend, Miss Sadie B. Dorf, of Milroy, spent Sunday with the latter's parents at Colyer.

James Farner is spending some time with his brother, Thomas Farner, in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Mahala Nevel and son Charles, of State College, spent Sunday with Jesse Nevel.

Miss Edna Ishler, of State College, is paying her mother, at Tusseyville, a brief visit.

Quite a number of men from this locality went to Burnham to secure employment.

Mrs. Thomas Boal and son John, of Spring Mills, spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Boal.

Mrs. Edward Horner and children returned to her home at Peru, after spending a week visiting her sister, Mrs. A. L. Stutterbeck.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Bitner are spending some time visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. Wm. Wolfe, at Avia.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hosterman, of Centre Hill, spent New Year eve at the home of J. S. Houseman.

Miss Bertha Miller was to Centre Hall last week and had some dental work done by Dr. G. W. Hosterman.

Miss Blanche Moyer spent a day with her sister, at Manor Hill, and was accompanied home by Mr. Raymond, of Boalsburg.

Boys get your horns and bells ready for the wedding bells will soon ring.

The Reporter's Register.

Mrs. F. W. Frazier, Tusseyville; Mrs. John W. Bible, Potters Mills; Mrs. Alyce Barger, Moshannon; G. B. Lee, Colyer; Mrs. J. H. Runkle, Centre Hall; Thomas Scholl, Aaronsburg; Mr. and Mrs. J. D. P. Smith, Spring Mills; Laurence S. Bitner, Philadelphia; J. F. Bitner, Spring Mills; Paul E. Murray, Chicago, Illinois; Mary Elsie Schuyler, Cape May, N. J.; Roy Miller and Bertha Miller, Colyer; Veta E. Fletcher, Los Angeles, California; Maldo Stover and Martha E. McClure, Bellefonte; and Helen Lane, Centre Hall; Floyd Snyder, Treadwell; John Bubb, Spring Mills; John M. Bubb, Millheim; E. K. Keller, Bellefonte; Benjamin Brown, Elmira, N. Y.; Elsie Ray Ishler, Cresson; Grace Ishler, Tusseyville; J. Warren Slack, Potters Mills; Rev. W. Donat, Aaronsburg; Homer W. Schwack, Lanesdale; Centre Hall—Flora M. Walker, Mrs. F. W. Bradford, Mrs. Cyrus Brungart, Mrs. Carrie Ruhl, Mrs. J. H. Snyder, W. S. Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gingsherich, J. T. Potter, W. F. Colyer, W. G. Garver, W. Cook Hubler, B. H. Arney, Mrs. W. S. Walker.

A UNIQUE EXPERIMENT.

Boiling and Freezing Water at the Same Time.

The possibility of boiling and freezing water at the same time in the laboratory is one of the most interesting developments of modern science. The temperature at which water boils depends simply on the air pressure above its surface at the time.

On mountains where the air pressure is a good deal lower than at sea level water boils easily at low temperature. In cooking vegetables that require a certain degree of heat and where the water boils before that degree is reached the vegetables will not get done.

This fact is also made use of in taking a rough test of the height of a mountain. Ordinarily at sea level where the pressure is about thirty inches of mercury water boils at 212 degrees F. Now, if it is noticed that at a certain place it boils at a few degrees lower the height of that place can be easily ascertained by comparison with a table made out for this purpose.

In general for every degree the boiling takes place under 212 a height of about 500 feet is counted.

Of course these principles do not apply to water alone, but are characteristic of all liquids.—New York Tribune.

FISH LOCOMOTION.

The Nature and Functions of the So Called Air Bladders.

Leaning over the parapet of some old stone breakwater or pier head and watching the fish playing about in the clear green depths below, perhaps the last thought which is likely to occur to any of us is that we are looking on at a really astonishing thing.

For it is clear that the fish must be able to vary its weight in relation to the water it displaces. When it sinks to the bottom it must have suddenly rendered itself heavier than the medium it inhabits; each time it rises to the surface like a released cork, head first, tail pointing almost vertically downward, it must not only have transformed itself into something lighter than the water, but must have become lighter in its fore parts than in its tail.

The mystery, for such it undoubtedly is on a casual survey, says the London Chronicle, resolves itself immediately we come to study the nature and functions of the so called air bladder in fishes. By this contrivance all these intricate movements of the fish are brought about.

The bladder, however, contains not air, as is commonly supposed, but gas, which is discharged or regenerated by certain organs of the fish, according to whether upward or downward movement is necessary; also either the whole length of the bladder or only its front or rear portion can be inflated. Thus the fish is able to swim level or, by altering its center of gravity, to raise or lower either head or tail at will.

Singular Services of Sheep. In the northern part of India sheep are put to a use unthought of in European or American countries. They are made to serve as beasts of burden.

The mountain paths along the foothills of the Himalayas are so precipitous that the sheep, more sure footed than larger beasts, are preferred as burden carriers. The load for each sheep is from sixteen to twenty pounds.

The sheep are driven from village to village, with the wool still growing, and in each town the farmer shears as much wool as he can sell there and loads the sheep with the grain which he receives in exchange. After the flock has been sheared he turns it homeward, each sheep having on its back a small bag containing the purchased grain.

Economy. Mrs. Blockley—John, do you know that Royal Worcester vase I bought yesterday for £5? Well, they reduced them to £3 this morning. Mr. Blockley—Then you lost £2 by not waiting until this morning. Mrs. Blockley—No; only £1. I went down today and bought another for £3, making two of them average £4 each.—London Fun.

Bobby's Questions. Small Bobby—Papa, why can a man run faster than a boy? Papa—Because he is bigger, my boy. Small Bobby (after pondering for a few moments)—Well, if that's the reason, why don't the hind wheels of a wagon run faster than the front wheels?—Chicago News.

If you wish to reach the highest, begin at the lowest.—Syrus.

A SCOTTISH LEGEND.

The Story of the Knight With the White Feather.

TWO COURAGEOUS WARRIORS.

Heroic Alexander Hume and His Still More Heroic Fellow Soldier and Protector—The Sad Sequel to the Battle That Was Lost.

The heraldic arms of the Scotch town of Selkirk show a woman seated on a tomb, on which is also placed the Scottish lion. The legend told of the arms is this: King James IV. of Scotland, who was about to invade England, needed recruits for his enterprise. The town clerk of Selkirk, William Brydone, tried his best to aid his king by persuading his fellow countrymen to enlist in the royal cause.

So earnest was he that he is said to have moved over a hundred lusty Scots to join his standard. Among these was one of the name of Alexander Hume. This man was a shoemaker of the town of Selkirk. He was strong, stalwart, bold and an excellent workman. Brydone was very glad to welcome him, as he reckoned him quite the best man of the hundred, and his comrades, who were also brave men and true, cheered him as he appeared among them, such confidence had they in his wisdom, prudence, valor and strength.

Hume's wife, Margaret, was a fine young woman and very fond and proud of her brave, strong husband. Now, Margaret did not at all like this proposed invasion of England. She felt that it would mean great trouble to the Scotch people, who would certainly be vanquished by their strong enemy, and the thought came to her that her own brave husband might perhaps lose his life in the struggle. She therefore used all her best efforts to keep him at home. She pleaded in vain. Alexander was firm. At last she held up to his face their little five-months-old daughter and asked who would look after the child if he should die and who would keep her from misery and misfortune.

Hume loved his wife and child, and these appeals brought the tears to his eyes, but they did not break down his resolution, which he had girt about him as armor. Nothing could move him to become untrue to his king and country. Finding that no entreaties could move him, Margaret at last gave way to anger and told him that his eager desire to be thought the bravest man of Selkirk would not supply the child he was bound to work for with a bite of bread. She said even more than this. Her tones grew higher, and one word led to another, as you know it will, until the couple parted in anger, he to the field of battle and she to remain at home.

Alexander had not gone far before it flashed across the mind of his wife that perhaps she might never see him alive again. Unable to control herself, she flung the child into its crib and rushed out of the house. She must see her husband again and get from him one parting glance or word of reconciliation. She hurried through the town, she sought everywhere for him, but he was nowhere to be seen. He had gone off with his comrades. The poor wife wept bitterly. Her grief was deep.

Hume and his fellows were soon engaged in battle. He displayed the greatest bravery. Wherever he went numbers of the enemy fell. In every direction upon the field of battle he was seen. His companions kept well up to him, and in particular one man who had lately joined the party. This man fought with a courage equal to that of Hume himself, keeping continually beside him and defending him in many perils. Once when an Englishman from behind drew very near to the Scot this soldier struck the cowardly fellow to the earth just as he was inserting his spear between the clasps of Hume's armor. Hume called to the brave fellow and demanded his name, even in the midst of the fight, but the stranger said that that was no matter.

This generous soldier wore a leather jacket and an iron helmet, in which there was placed a small white feather. Wherever Hume fought on the battlefield there might be seen beside him the iron helmet and the white feather.

At last the battle ended in defeat for the Scotch, who scattered in all directions. Hume, who, with other soldiers, was obliged to be concealed in the forest for some time, took the first opportunity of inquiring after his faithful attendant. But all his inquiries were without avail. He could not trace him. Nothing could he learn of him but that he had disappeared when the fight was over.

Alexander Hume hurried to his cottage. He was anxious to see again his beloved wife and bestow upon her the kiss of reconciliation. When he reached it he listened at the door, and his heart beat fast. He had kind words to say to her from whom he had parted in anger, and his deep wounds needed dressing. He lifted the latch and walked in. All was still. No wife came to meet him; no child's cry met his ear. On looking round the room he saw seated in an armchair the knight who had fought so bravely beside him in the battle, wearing the same leather jacket, iron helmet and white feather. That person was Margaret Hume. She was dead and clasped in her dead arms the little child.

Be conciliatory and considerate if you hope to win conciliation and consideration.—Ward.