

LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH

Domestic

The telegraph companies at Chicago reported rain and fog generally from the Colorado line to Philadelphia and from St. Paul to Louisville, rendering wire connections disarranged, but not putting them out of commission.

A naval board composed of Commander William Gill, Commander Edwin A. Anderson and Lieutenant Commander F. N. Freeman started to inspect sites for the establishment of a torpedo station on the Pacific Coast.

The unique opportunity of buying real elephants, lions and other denizens of the jungle for Christmas presents is afforded on account of the involuntary bankruptcy of the Norris & Rowe circus.

As a result of the closing of the Citizens' State Bank of Napoleon, O., the creditors of the Ohio German Fire Insurance Company, now in the hands of two trustees, may lose \$139,000.

Governor J. Franklin Fort, of New Jersey, presided and made the principal address at the International Tuberculosis Exhibit in the American Museum of Natural History at New York.

Henry F. Agar, formerly secretary and treasurer of the Princeton Milling Company, Princeton, Ind., charged with forgery and embezzlement amounting to \$100,000, was arrested at Harlingen, Tex., after a two years' search.

After an entire day devoted to an attempt to get a jury to try eight alleged night riders on a charge of murdering Capt. Quentin Rankin, court adjourned with only two men in the jury box.

Miss Sarah Campbell, a trained nurse, who spent 10 weeks on a barren island in the Pacific Ocean with 53 shipwrecked men, arrived in San Francisco with her hair turned white.

The First National Bank of Somersworth, N. H., closed its doors and Cashier Frederick A. Varney was arrested following the discovery of a shortage of \$85,000.

The prosecution outlined its case and witnesses described the shooting of William E. Annis at the trial of Thornton Jenkins Hains.

The Pennsylvania Railroad has placed orders for 135,500 tons of steel rails.

Alice Neilson, the grand opera singer, has filed a petition of bankruptcy.

Chief American Horse, a noted Slou chieftain, is dead.

With the arrest of Mrs. Ada McCormick for stabbing her husband last Monday, a mystery that for two years past has shrouded the disappearance of Miss Ada Long, daughter of James W. Long, wealthy manufacturer of San Francisco, was cleared up, as the woman under arrest was Miss Long before her marriage to McCormick.

Mrs. William H. Taft, wife of the President-elect of the United States, presented at the annual meeting of the National Civic Federation in the Hotel Astor, N. Y., the report of the Committee on welfare work for the government employes, of which she is chairman.

The scout cruiser Birmingham was given her standardized trial on the Rockland course, in preparation for the competitive tests with the scout cruisers Salem and Chester. The average of the top speed runs was 24.326 knots an hour.

Foreign

At a meeting of the senate of the New University of Dublin, the Very Rev. James H. Walsh, Lord Archbishop of Dublin, was elected chancellor.

Lord Morley, secretary for India, in an address in the House of Lords, unfolded a plan for the reform of the government administration of India.

Officers of the American battleship fleet were entertained at dinner by Gov. Sir Henry McCallum, of Ceylon, at Colombo.

General Simon, leader of last revolution in Haiti was unanimously elected President by the Haytian Congress.

The arrest of all natives suspected of revolutionary activities in India has helped quiet down the population.

Olga Stein, arrested in New York, was put on trial in St. Petersburg, charged with forgery and embezzlement.

The Earl of Granard, whose engagement to Miss Mills, of New York, was announced a few days ago, sailed on the steamer Adriatic, from Southampton.

Fifteen persons were killed and 30 injured in a collision between a passenger train and a freight train in the Pouch Tunnel, near Limoges, France.

The proposal to hold an international aeroplane competition in Russia next summer has been abandoned on account of lack of funds.

William Sherman, who has been director of the civil service in the Philippines since 1905, has tendered his resignation.

An operation for cataract was performed in London on Gen. William Booth, of the Salvation Army.

Wilton Wright sailed his aeroplane at a height of 295 feet at Le Mans, breaking all records for height.

The prospectus of another South Manchurian Railroad loan of \$10,000,000 was issued in London.

The German government ordered the governor of Southwest Africa to collect an export duty of \$2.50 a carat on diamonds.

The Petit Parisien declares that the object of President Castro in visiting Berlin is to obtain the intervention of Germany with Holland on behalf of Venezuela.

VENEZUELA TO MAKE WAR ON THE DUTCH

Head of Government Meets Aggression With Defiance.

THE SPOKESMAN WARNS POWERS.

Says Holland's Action May Prevent Payment of Indemnities—Spirit of Revolt Rages—Holland Rejoicing Over Uprising in Caracas.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Venezuela has declared a state of war, according to advices received at the State Department. This news is contained in the dispatch from Secretary Paxton Hibbin, secretary of the American legation at Bogota, Colombia. He states that the Colombian minister of foreign affairs has received the following telegram from Caracas: "In view of the blockade established and the capture by the blockade of a Venezuelan vessel, the head of the government at Venezuela, after assuming extraordinary power for the defense of the country, has declared a state of war."

Officials of the State Department are somewhat in a quandary as to whether the dispatch means that Venezuela has declared war against Holland or has merely proclaimed a state of internal warfare. In view of the fact that specific reference is made to the capture of the Venezuelan vessel and the blockade by Holland they are inclined to believe that it means a declaration against Holland.

Conflicting Stories.

Willemstad, Curacao (Special).—Conflicting stories were received from Caracas regarding the uprising against President Castro.

One report says that the declaration of martial law has had the effect of curbing the people, while later reports say that the revolutionary forces are actively, though quietly, at work, and that the present calm is but the forerunner to a demonstration that will sweep Castro from power.

The people of Curacao expect word of the overthrow of the Venezuelan government at any moment. To insure such a result, they are urging the Dutch demonstration against Venezuela be increased in severity, as it is the commercial stagnation that has followed the demonstration that has aroused the Venezuelans.

Caracas is badly crippled as the result of the rioting that took place the first half of the week. Scores of citizens who were known to be friends of Castro have fled to the interior for safety.

Holland Rejoicing.

The Hague (Special).—All Holland is rejoicing over the stories of the uprising of the people of Venezuela against Castro.

The members of the foreign office say the present situation is just what they expected and to bring about when they started the campaign of reprisals against Venezuela.

The foreign office believes Castro's power has been broken and that the people will force his abdication before long.

VENEZUELA IS READY FOR WAR

Gomez Declares Nation in a State of Defense.

Caracas, Venezuela (Special).—The news of the capture of the Venezuelan coast guardship Alexis by the Dutch cruiser Gelderland became known in Caracas Monday morning. A big crowd at once assembled in the Plaza Bolivar and demonstrated in support of the government.

Acting President Gomez issued a decree which he relates the capture of the Alexis, after which he declares:

"I consider these acts a true invasion of Venezuelan territory and an aggression against the Venezuelan government. They constitute a grave offense. The national sovereignty is threatened, and the territorial integrity, honor and dignity of the fatherland is in danger. I declare that I decree the nation in a state of defense and consequently the executive assumes and will exercise the extraordinary faculties conferred upon him by section VIII. of article LXXX. of the Venezuelan Constitution."

The news that the republic had been placed in a state of national defense against Holland ran through the city like wildfire, and in a few moments there was an enormous crowd in front of the Yellow House, the executive mansion, to greet Acting President Gomez.

As Gomez made his way across the plaza to the Yellow House he was received with enthusiasm. The Yellow House was crowded with a numerous assemblage of the most distinguished citizens of Caracas. Speeches were made demanding that all political prisoners be set at liberty and that the existing government monopolies be abolished. The threatened danger from without had a double effect on the people; they demanded measures of protection, but at the same time they insisted upon the termination of one of the most unpopular courses of the Castro administration—the maintenance of government monopolies in the necessities of life.

Battle With Bandits.

Toledo, O. (Special).—Two bandits shot and seriously wounded Thomas Regan, a motorman, and robbed Bert Higley, a conductor, in East Toledo. The two employees were alone on the car at the time, but engaged the highwaymen in a desperate hand-to-hand battle. One of the bandits finally succeeded in overpowering Higley and forcing him to turn over the cash, while the other, fleeing himself from Regan's clutch, fired a bullet through the motorman's back and fled.

BOY PLAYS BUTCHER KILLS HIS SISTER

Five-Year-Old Copies Scene at Fall Hog Killing.

Sellsgrrove, Pa. (Special).—Playing at "butchering" and that he was the butcher, five-year-old Harold Brouse, the son of Peralva N. Brouse, a farmer in Penn Township, Snyder County, shot and killed his two-year-old sister Catherine. It was fine fun the children were having. They had gone to the barn where the father and other men were engaged in the fall hog killing. The women folk were there, too, helping, and when Harold and Catherine strayed away toward the house, hand in hand, no attention was paid to them.

Once back in the kitchen, the little chap had an idea.

"Now, let's play you are a piggie and I am papa," he said, and Catherine assented to the plan.

First, Harold looked around for a big knife, but all the heavy cutlery was in use at the barn. Then he spied his father's rifle. That was used to kill things with, he knew, for his father and showed him how it worked. He took it from its corner and then they were ready to play.

Shouting gleefully, Harold chased his sister around the room. The little girl, on her hands and knees, enjoyed the fun, and nimbly evaded him each time he pointed the gun at her. Finally, tired and breathless, she threw herself on the floor and crawled under a table, whence she glanced laughingly out at her brother.

But Harold was not to be outwitted. Dropping flat, he, too, crawled under the table. Pointing the weapon at the head of his sister, with a shout of triumph, he pulled the trigger. The bullet entered the child's temple and plowed downward through the neck. Screaming "papa," she fell, and was quiet.

Harold looked at her a minute, frightened, she was so still. Then he went out to the barn trembling.

"Catherine won't play piggie any more," he told his mother, as he choked and began to sob.

LYCHED BY MOB FOR KILLING GIRL

White Man Taken From Jail and Hanged When He Confessed.

Monticello, Ky. (Special).—Elmer Hill, a white man, charged with assaulting and murdering 13-year-old Mamie Womack, near Russell Spring, was taken from a local jail by an armed mob, and after confessing the crime, was hanged to a tree.

A well organized mob of 26 Russell County men came quietly into town on foot about midnight and went at once to the jail. Jailor Ramsey awoke to find himself covered by six revolvers. The leader told him they did not want to make any disturbance, but came after Hill, and were going to have him. Ramsey surrendered his prisoner to them. Hill at first denied his guilt. The leader of the mob said:

"How came that blood on your cap and hands when you were captured?" Hill made no reply.

The leader continued, "Elmer Hill, we have got you; you know you killed the girl, and your life will pay the penalty; you deny killing the girl; it matters not to us whether you confess or not, but if you don't you will die with a lie in your throat, and you only have 10 minutes to live. Did you kill her?"

"Yes, boys, I did kill her," replied Hill.

"How did you kill her?"

"I met her on the road coming from school, tied a bandanna around her neck and strangled her, then took her out in the woods and killed her."

Shouts of "Hang him! Hang him!" arose from the mob, and one man placed a gun at the trembling murderer's head, but was prevented from shooting him.

Hill was told to pray, but said he could not. They told him he could say "Oh Lord, have mercy on me, a murderer." But he dropped his head and uttered no word. He was then placed behind a man on a mule and all proceeded in the direction of Russell County.

His body was found hanging to a tree about two miles out of Jamestown, 20 miles from Monticello.

35,000 DIE BY ACCIDENT.

Millions Injured Annually, Says Bureau of Labor.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Between 30,000 and 35,000 deaths and two million injured in the accident record in the United States during the past year among working men, according to a bulletin on accidents just issued by the Bureau of Labor.

The bulletin declares that much that could be done for the protection of the working man is neglected, though many and far-reaching improvements have been introduced in factory practice during the last decade. It is pointed out that the possibilities for accident prevention have been clearly demonstrated in the experience of foreign countries.

Order 135,500 Tons Of Rails.

Philadelphia (Special).—The Pennsylvania Company's steel rail order for 1909 delivery, which calls for 135,500 tons of rails, was announced. The order has been distributed as follows: Illinois Steel Company, 62,500 tons; Cambria Steel Company, 25,000 tons; Pennsylvania Steel Company, 25,000 tons; Lackawanna Steel Company, 13,000 tons; Bethlehem Steel Company, 10,000 tons.

THE PRESIDENT TO HELP NATIONAL MUSEUM

Arrangement With Smithsonian Made Public.

COLLECTION OF UNIQUE VALUE.

Mr. Roosevelt Wrote Secretary Charles D. Walcott Outlining His Proposed Trip and Asking for Field Taxidermists to Accompany the Expedition.

Washington (Special).—The agreement between President Roosevelt and the Smithsonian Institute as to the President's hunting trip in Africa was made public by Charles D. Walcott, secretary of the institution, after he had conferred with the President. At a meeting of the board of regents of the institution held Tuesday he letter of the President was laid before the board, which, in turn, adopted the resolution given, thereby entering into a contract with the President for certain work. The letter and resolution follow:

"The White House, Washington, Oyster Bay, N. Y., June 20, 1908.

"My Dear Dr. Walcott: About the first of April next, I intend to start for Africa. My plans are, of course, indefinite, but at present I hope they will be something on the following order:

"By May 1st I shall land at Mombasa and spend the next few months hunting and traveling in British and German East Africa; probably going thence to or toward Uganda, with the expectation of striking the Nile about the beginning of the new year, and then working down it, with side trips after animals and birds so as to come out at tidewater, say about March 1st. This would give me 10 months in Africa. As you know, I am not in the least a game butcher. I like to do a certain amount of hunting, but my real and main interest is the interest of a faunal naturalist. Now, it seems to me that this opens the best chance for the National Museum to get a fine collection not only of the big game beasts, but of the smaller mammals and birds of Africa and looking at it dispassionately I believe that the chance ought not to be neglected. I will make arrangements to pay for the expenses of myself and my son. But what I would like to do would be to get one or two professional field taxidermists, field naturalists, to go with me, who should prepare and send back the specimens we collect.

"The collection which would thus go to the National Museum would be of unique value. It would, I hope, include specimens of big game, together with the rare smaller animals and birds. I have not the means that would enable me to pay for the field naturalists or taxidermists and their kit, and the curing and transport of the specimens for the National Museum. Of course, the actual hunting of the big game I would want to do myself, or have my son do, but the specimens will all go to the National Museum, save a very few personal trophies of little scientific value, which for some reason I might like to keep. Now, can you, in view of getting these specimens for the National Museum, arrange for the care and transport of the specimens? As ex-President, I should feel that the National Museum is the museum to which my collection should go.

"With high regard, sincerely yours, THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

"To Hon. Charles D. Walcott, Secretary Smithsonian Institution, Washington."

"Resolved, That the board of regents of the Smithsonian Institution express to Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, its appreciation of his very generous offer contained in his letter of the 20th of June, 1908, to the secretary of the institution with respect to his expedition to Africa, and that it accept the same."

A BILLION DOLLAR OIL TRUST NOW RUMORED

Standard Stock Sells at Highest Price in Three Years.

New York (Special).—A new Standard Oil Company, with a capital of one billion dollars, like the Steel Trust, is now talked of. The stock of the present company is \$100,000,000, with a market value, based on late quotations, of \$720,000,000. It is said on what appears to be good authority that the capital of the new company will be divided into \$500,000,000 7 per cent. preferred stock and \$500,000,000 common stock. The investigation by the Government brought out the fact that the company has been earning \$85,000,000 a year for the last ten years. Eighty-five million dollars is 8 1/2 per cent. on a capitalization of one billion dollars and would permit of 6 per cent. on the common, with 2 1/2 per cent. of the known earnings held back for depreciation, betterments and improvements. There are today about six thousand holders of the stock, with John D. Rockefeller holding 27 1/2 per cent. of the total. Under the new organization he would hold \$275,000,000 of the new company stock.

Burned His Wealth.

London (Special).—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Daily Mail relates that a dying Moscow millionaire named Petroff had his whole fortune withdrawn from the banks and the bank notes brought to the sick room. They were then piled before him and set on fire. Petroff summoned his relatives and showed them the ashes, congratulating them on having escaped from the evil of wealth.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT DENOUNCES MR. PULTZER

In Hot Message to Congress He Scores World's Proprietor.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The President in a special message to Congress answers the charge made in connection with the purchase of the Panama Canal and excoriates Joseph Pultzer, proprietor of the New York World, in which paper the charges were first published. Others who joined in the criticisms are included in the excoriation.

In language probably more emphatically denunciatory than was ever used in such a document, Mr. Roosevelt says Mr. Pultzer is guilty of blackening the good name of the American people and it should not be left to a private citizen to sue him for libel. Mr. Pultzer should be prosecuted by the governmental authorities, declares the President, and continues:

"Compares Pultzer To Embezzler. 'In point of encouragement of inquiry, in point of infamy, of wrongdoing, there is nothing to choose between a public servant who betrays his trust, a public servant who is guilty of blackmail, or theft, or financial dishonesty of any kind, and a man guilty as Mr. Joseph Pultzer has been guilty in this instance.'"

"It is therefore a high national duty to bring to justice this villifier of the American people, this man who wantonly and wickedly and without one shadow of justification seeks to blacken the character of reputable private citizens and to convict the government of his own country in the eyes of the civilized world of wrongdoing of the basest and foulest kind, which he has not one shadow of justification of any sort or description for the charge he demands."

The attorney general, Mr. Roosevelt adds, has under consideration what steps shall be taken against the editor.

In clearing Charles P. Taft, brother of the President-elect, and Douglas Robinson, the President's brother-in-law, of the accusations made by the World, Mr. Roosevelt says:

"Now, these stories as a matter of fact need no investigation whatever. No shadow of proof has been, or can be, produced in behalf of any of them. They consist simply of a string of infamous libels. In form they are in part libels upon individuals, upon Mr. Taft and Mr. Robinson for instance. But they are, in fact, wholly, and in form partly, a libel upon the United States government."

"I do not believe we should concern ourselves with the particular individuals who wrote the lying and libelous editorials, articles from correspondents or articles in the news columns. The real offender is Mr. Joseph Pultzer, editor and proprietor of the World."

Assumes Responsibility Himself.

The President says he alone is responsible for steps taken in obeying the will of Congress by the purchase of the canal, and adds that the law was strictly complied with. The actual transaction was carried through by P. C. Knox, of Pennsylvania, then attorney general, through John Hay, then secretary of state, and Elihu Root, then secretary of war, were cognizant of all the essential features. The President declares that William Nelson Cromwell did not have to give the names of his clients, and acknowledges assistance from that gentleman in his recent investigation of the whole affair.

The payments to the French owners of the canal are also gone into in detail. These were made under the supervision of the Civil Tribunal of the Seine.

PORTUGAL SLAYERS' REFUGE.

Criminals Subject To Death Penalty Exempt From Extradition.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Any person charged with crime upon whom the death penalty could be inflicted by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the charge is pending, is exempt hereafter from extradition from Portugal, which prohibits capital punishment.

This is one of the terms of the extradition treaty with Portugal, which was proclaimed by the President. He also announced the arbitration and naturalization treaties.

DOINGS AT THE NATION'S CAPITAL

By unanimous vote the House adopted a resolution calling on the President for proof of his charge that members were fearful of an investigation by the Secret Service agents. Senator Bourne (Oregon) introduced a bill providing that the salary of the President be increased to \$100,000 a year, and that of the Vice President to \$25,000 a year.

The President sent a message to Congress in which he submitted his recommendations in regard to improving the form of government for the District of Columbia. Senator Rayner introduced a resolution providing for an investigation of the President's order directing the removal of the marines from the warships.

The Postoffice Department has decided that letters addressed to Santa Claus will be returned to the senders or sent to the Dead Letter Office.

The report of the joint commission recommending reorganization of the postoffice was submitted to Congress.

Germany's fiscal policy that allows liberal facilities upon the export of grain products as a corollary to high duties on imports is proving beneficial to the agricultural and milling interests of the empire.

The Secretary of the Navy has ordered a court of inquiry to meet at Boston next Monday to investigate the circumstances attending the grounding of the ship Yankee.

Capt. C. B. T. Moore has been detached from duty at the Navy Yard at Philadelphia and ordered to command the armored cruiser Colorado of the Pacific fleet, at Panama.

State of Pennsylvania

CAPITOL PROBE COST \$95,981.10

Investigation Commission, Through Senator Fisher, Returns \$4,018 Of The \$100,000 Appropriated.

Senator John S. Fisher, of Indiana, chairman of the Capitol Investigation Commission, closed up the accounts of the commission, turning \$4,018.84 out of the \$100,000 appropriated to it back into the State Treasury. Senator Fisher also directed that the records and accounts of the commission be turned over to Governor Stuart.

The financial statement shows that the investigation cost the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania \$95,981.10 of which \$28,001.40 went to the Audit Company, of New York, which did the probing, and \$25,000 to the attorneys, the amount paid to experts being \$16,029.01 and to stenographers for testimony and the like \$4,559.80.

The account of the commission in part is as follows:

Cornel, James Scarlet, \$15,000, and James A. Strahan, \$10,000. Experts, D. F. Rich, \$3,257.90; C. D. Montague, \$4,028.35; Bond Thomas, \$116; F. J. Lutz, \$698; C. A. Barker, \$598.25; W. Scott Collins, \$1,359.41; Charles E. Shenk, \$1,145.50; Leslie McCreath, \$2,601, and Henry J. Conrath, \$155.

Harry S. Calvert and Frank Bell, secretaries, \$2,000 each; Harry S. Calvert, \$1,500; W. W. Murray, sergeant-at-arms, \$2,199.80.

Employees of the commission per diem and mileage, \$3,448.36; stenographers, \$4,599.80; witnesses, \$2,207.41; detective services, \$169. Expenses of the commission, in traveling, \$5,370.96.

C. W. BRAY RESIGNS.

Retires As President of American Sheet and Tin Company.

Pittsburg (Special).—A reorganization of the official family of the American Sheet and Tinplate Company has been effected to take place January 1. C. W. Bray, who has been president during the past two years, has retired and will make his home in Philadelphia, where he is now erecting a mansion.

E. W. Pargny, of Pittsburg, succeeds to the presidency, his place as first vice president being taken by S. A. Davis, formerly second vice president. This last named office has been abolished. Mr. Davis also will be in charge of the operating department. J. I. Andrews, assistant sales manager, is made general sales manager. C. W. Bennett, assistant to the president, is retained with added duties.

Auto Hits Blind Pedestrian.

Chester (Special).—D. Howard Mullin, a blind piano tuner, whose home is in St. Clair, was struck by an automobile while walking along Chester Pike, near Prospect Park. The chauffeur of the machine sounded his horn, expecting the man to get out of his path, but the sightless pedestrian jumped directly in front of the automobile. His right ankle was broken and he was injured internally, but the hospital physicians think he will recover.

Spend Honeymoon In Jail.

Oxford (Special).—In order to give his bride of a week money to buy Christmas presents, 18-year-old Walter Russell, of Hopewell, stole \$11 from a poor washerwoman, who had saved the money for weeks to pay her taxes. Russell and his wife are spending their honeymoon in jail. The bride is charged with being an accessory.

Sues For Fortune In Silk.

York (Special).—Suit was begun here by Brown Brothers & Co., of Philadelphia, against the York Silk Manufacturing Company to recover \$211,890, the alleged value of a quantity of silk, held by the local firm under a trust agreement by which the title was to remain with Brown Brothers, until the York company actually paid for it.

Would Drive Venus From School.

Hazleton (Special).—The High School student body got their orders from Principal Geist about "affinities." Mr. Geist told the girls that he wanted the affinity business stopped, that he wanted the holding of hands in the hall discontinued, and said the walking, arm-in-arm, with the boys in the streets was disgusting the boys.

ITEMS IN BRIEF.

Frank Kayinsky and John Rock, old contractors, were seriously, if not fatally, burned by a gas explosion at Shenandoah City colliery. This is the second time Kayinsky was burned in a similar manner inside of a year.

F. B. Musselman and wife, of Strasburg, celebrated the fiftieth wedding anniversary. There never has been a death in their family, all the children and grandchildren being present.

Bellevue Presbyterian Church, at Gap, has extended a call to Rev. B. F. Farber, of Indianapolis.

The ministers of Middletown have gone on record against the funeral feast, which is a prominent part of the ceremonies attending a burial in many parts of this State. They have also adopted suggestions that fewer ministers go to funerals, so that services will not be dragged out to unseemly lengths.

I. M. Kaufman's store, at Rawlinsville, was looted by thieves, merchandise valued at \$300 being taken.

Because a demand for an additional cent a yard for their product was refused nearly 100 raw silk weavers of the Emaus silk mill walked out, tying up all other departments.

A charter was granted by Governor Stuart to the Farmers and Miners' Bank, at Marianna, Washington County. The capital is \$50,000, the incorporators being A. O. Beeson, Scenery Hill; J. A. Ray, Pittsburg, and R. S. George, Wilkesburg.