

TAFT AND SHERMAN ARE ELECTED

Republicans Carry New York, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Kansas.

Successful Candidates Will Have Large Majority in Electoral College.

New York, Nov. 4.—The next president of the United States will be William Howard Taft, Republican, of Ohio. The next vice president will be James Schoolcraft Sherman, Republican, of New York.

This is the verdict returned by the majority of the 15,000,000 voters of the United States. The Republican candidate has repeated Mr. Roosevelt's feat of carrying every northern state, giving him a clear majority in the electoral college of 121 over William Jennings Bryan, the Democratic candidate. Mr. Taft will receive 302 electoral votes to Mr. Bryan's 181. The latter has carried West Virginia, which went to Mr. Roosevelt four years ago. Maryland gave 8000 plurality for Mr. Taft. Oklahoma, the state created since the last presidential election, has enrolled itself, as was expected, in the Democratic column.

Nebraska has gone Democratic by a plurality of 10,000 for Mr. Bryan and a plurality of about the same figure for Shallenberger, Democrat, for governor.

The states considered doubtful before the election have gone as follows: Indiana, Republican; Nebraska, Democratic; New York, Republican; Ohio, Republican; Illinois, Republican; Maryland, Republican, and West Virginia, Democratic.

Results in the East.

Pennsylvania has gone Republican by 200,000 majority and New Jersey by 75,000, the figures in 1904 being 505,159 and 80,598 respectively. Connecticut is Republican save in a few cities and towns, but Congressman George L. Lilley, the Republican candidate for governor, ran behind Mr. Taft. His majority is 15,000, whereas the Republican presidential candidate has carried the state by 30,000. This is below Mr. Roosevelt's figure in 1904.

Judge Taft may have a majority in the city of New York, the first time the big city has given its vote to a Republican presidential candidate. Mr. Taft probably will receive a greater plurality in New York state than President Roosevelt did four years ago. He has exceeded Mr. Roosevelt's plurality in New Jersey and had a surprisingly big vote in Massachusetts.

Governor Charles E. Hughes has been re-elected in New York state by about 54,000 plurality. The lower house of the Sixty-first congress will be Republican by the usual majority. The senate will remain Republican. Speaker Cannon has won his fight for re-election by his usual majority.

Most of the great cities of the country have gone Republican, with the exception of New York and Chicago. In each of these cases, however, the rural Republican majority has been sufficiently large to offset the Democratic urban vote. St. Louis has gone Republican, while the rest of Missouri is heavily Democratic.

Central States For Taft.

Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, the great central states, with an aggregate of sixty-five electoral votes, have gone Republican despite the fight made to bring them into the Democratic column. The success of Mr. Taft in these states, considered vitally necessary to his election, has carried with it the success of the Republican state tickets, except in Ohio, where Judson Harmon, Democrat, is elected governor by 10,000.

Republican hopes of carrying Kentucky proved vain in spite of the victory of Willson, Republican, in the gubernatorial contest last year. The greater part of the state's congressional delegation will be Democrats.

The Pacific coast states, California, Washington and Oregon, have given their votes to the Republican candidate, but Nevada, which voted against Parker in 1904, gave its votes this year to Bryan. Montana, the Dakotas and Minnesota are again Republican, but Governor Johnson's personal popularity has sufficed to seat him again in the gubernatorial chair of the North Star state, Wisconsin, Michigan, Iowa and in fact the entire west and northwest are Republican, but, as noted above, by lowered majorities.

The South Still Solid.

The "solid south" is still solidly Democratic, Mr. Bryan polling the usual large majorities. Only in Maryland has the Republican party made serious inroads on the Democratic vote, and may have carried the state. Delaware, about which some doubt was expressed, has gone Republican. The New England states have gone for Taft and have elected Republican governors, but the vote in Rhode Island, where the Democrats made a strong fight, is very close. In Massachusetts the Independence party candidate for governor made a good showing, though running far behind the vote of Thomas L. Higen last year.

New York city has been carried by Taft by about 10,000, but Chanler, the Democratic candidate for governor, received a majority of 70,000. The figures for the entire state are as

follows: Taft, 830,000; Bryan, 630,000; Hughes, 815,250; Chanler, 715,350.

The Electoral Vote.

The electoral vote is as follows:	
Alabama	11
Arkansas	9
California	10
Colorado	5
Connecticut	7
Delaware	3
Florida	5
Georgia	12
Idaho	3
Illinois	27
Indiana	15
Iowa	13
Kansas	10
Kentucky	13
Louisiana	9
Maine	6
Maryland	8
Massachusetts	16
Michigan	14
Minnesota	11
Mississippi	10
Missouri	18
Montana	3
Nebraska	3
Nevada	3
New Hampshire	4
New Jersey	12
New York	39
North Carolina	12
North Dakota	4
Ohio	23
Oklahoma	7
Oregon	4
Pennsylvania	34
Rhode Island	4
South Carolina	9
South Dakota	4
Tennessee	12
Texas	18
Utah	2
Vermont	4
Virginia	12
Washington	5
West Virginia	7
Wisconsin	11
Wyoming	3
Totals	531

CONNECTICUT FOR TAFT

Swept the State As Completely As Four Years Ago.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 4.—The Republicans swept the state of Connecticut in Tuesday's election fully as completely, perhaps a little more so, as four years ago, Taft carrying the state by more than 30,000 plurality, and Congressman George L. Lilley, the Republican candidate for governor, going to office by about 15,000 plurality over Judge A. Heaton Robertson, his opponent. All the five congressmen are Republicans by pluralities equal to those of two years ago. The entire Republican state ticket is elected, as usual, while the general assembly is more strongly Republican than for a good many years. The confidence of the Democrats was entirely misplaced, for their vote in all directions showed a falling off as compared with two and four years ago.

BRYAN CARRIES HOME STATE

Democrats Win in Nebraska by 10,000 Majority.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 4.—Nebraska has gone Democratic by a plurality of 10,000 for Bryan and a plurality scarcely less for Shallenberger, Democrat, for governor. The result was a surprise and a disappointment to Republican managements, who, while admitting the state was doubtful on the national ticket, confidently expected their state ticket to be elected. The tremendous gain for Bryan in the city of Lincoln was the wonder of the election. Not only did Mr. Bryan reverse a Republican plurality of 1600 in his home city, but he carried it by a plurality of something in excess of 6000.

While returns are incomplete on congressmen, indications are for the election of Pollard (Rep.) in the First district and Hinshaw (Rep.) in the Fourth. Hitchcock (Dem.) wins in the Second, and the Third, Fifth and the Sixth are in doubt.

Bryan Silent On Election.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 4.—"I do not desire to discuss the result of the election at the present time," said Mr. Bryan after the returns were received here. "At a later date I shall probably have something to say, but now I must beg to be excused." The Democratic candidate's own city gave Mr. Taft a majority. The result in Nebraska was a great disappointment to Mr. Bryan.

Kansas Still Republican.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 4.—Kansas is again in the Republican column this year. Mr. Taft's majority in the state is 40,000, 86,093 less than Mr. Roosevelt's majority in 1904. Walter R. Stubbs, Republican, has been elected governor.

Taft Wins in South Dakota.

Pierre, S. D., Nov. 4.—This state has been carried by Taft by a plurality estimated at 30,000. In 1904 Mr. Roosevelt received a plurality of 50,114. Robert S. Vessey, Republican candidate for governor, has been elected.

Wyoming Republican.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 4.—This state's three electoral votes will be cast for William H. Taft, but his popular majority is considerably below that of Mr. Roosevelt.

G. O. P. Wins in Idaho.

Boise, Ida., Nov. 4.—Idaho has gone Republican on both state and national issues. James H. Brady has been elected governor.

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICAN

Party's Vote Cut Down in Nearly Every County.

Philadelphia, Nov. 4.—Pennsylvania has gone Republican by a majority of 200,000, the figures being as follows: Taft, 550,000; Bryan, 250,000. In 1904 Roosevelt carried the state by 505,519, and two years ago Stuart, Republican, was elected governor by 48,425.

The returns received show a considerable falling off in every county with the exception of two. A heavy vote was polled throughout the state, due principally to the many warm contests in the legislative districts. The Republicans hold their own in the congressional districts, if they do not increase their representation. There is practically no change in the Republican representation in the legislature. In Philadelphia the national ticket carried the city by about 125,000 plurality. The entire Republican ticket is elected by a large plurality, including Joseph Giffill for sheriff, who was opposed by D. C. Giboney, the nominee of the Independent Republicans. The election in Pennsylvania turned almost entirely on national issues, the highest state officer voted for being a judge of the superior court. For that office William D. Porter, Republican, has been elected by a majority of 15,000 over Webster Grim, Democrat.

THE SOUTH IS STILL SOLID

Usual Democratic Majorities Returned in Dixie.

St. Louis, Nov. 4.—Missouri has reversed the Republican victory of 1904 and is again in the Democratic ranks by a majority of 35,000. St. Louis went Republican by a small majority. William S. Cowherd has been elected governor.

Texas.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 4.—William H. Taft did not make as good a showing in this state as President Roosevelt, who polled 51,242 votes in 1904. The vote this year is approximately as follows: Bryan, 220,000; Taft, 20,000. Thomas M. Campbell, Democrat, has been re-elected governor.

Georgia.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 4.—Georgia's thirteen electoral votes will be cast for William J. Bryan, and the state's representation will continue solidly Democratic. The state election was held in September. The Taft vote in this state fell 10,000 below that of Mr. Roosevelt, which was 24,003.

Kentucky.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 4.—Kentucky has gone Democratic by a vote of 230,000 in a total vote of 430,000. The Republicans have lost two of their congressmen, giving the state now nine Democrats to two Republicans. There was no state election.

Florida.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 4.—Albert W. Gilchrist, Democrat, has been elected governor of Florida, and the Democratic national ticket has carried the state by a majority of 25,000, the Republican vote showing a loss of 3000 since 1904.

South Carolina.

Charleston, S. C., Nov. 4.—The Republican party polled only 2000 of the 58,000 votes in this state, running slightly behind the figures of four years ago. M. F. Ansel has been re-elected governor without opposition.

Virginia.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 4.—The Old Dominion is still safely within the Democratic ranks by a very large majority. Taft polled only 30,000 votes in a total of 130,000, a Republican loss of 17,830 since 1904.

North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 4.—The Democratic national ticket has carried North the state by a majority of 20,000, the total vote being 210,000. W. W. Kitchin has been elected governor.

Oklahoma.

Guthrie, Okla., Nov. 4.—The seven electoral votes of the new state, the first to be cast, will go to William Jennings Bryan, who received 70,000 of the state's 125,000 votes.

Alabama.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 4.—Bryan, 90,000; Taft, 13,000, are the election figures in this state. Mr. Taft polled 9472 fewer votes than Mr. Roosevelt did in 1904.

Arkansas.

Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 4.—Arkansas has given Mr. Bryan a majority of 30,000, an increase of 12,436 over the vote polled by Mr. Parker in 1904.

Tennessee.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 4.—Tennessee is still strongly Democratic by a majority of 80,000. The Republican vote of 1904 was greatly reduced.

Mississippi.

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 4.—Mississippi's ten electoral votes will go, as usual, to the Democratic candidate. There was no state election.

Louisiana.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 4.—As usual, Louisiana is solidly Democratic by a very large majority. There was no gubernatorial election.

Bryan Carries Nevada.

Carson City, Nev., Nov. 4.—Nevada has been carried by the Democratic party, reversing the result in 1904. Of the state's 10,000 votes Mr. Bryan has received 7000.

NEW YORK FOR TAFT AND HUGHES

Republican National and State Tickets Win.

TAFT CARRIES BIG CITY

Metropolis Gives Its Vote to Republican Presidential Candidate By Small Majority—Buffalo Goes Democratic, But Other Cities Are Republican. Next Legislature Will Be Republican.

New York, Nov. 4.—As the result of Tuesday's election New York state's thirty-nine electoral votes will be cast for William H. Taft and James S. Sherman. Both the Republican national and state tickets are victorious. Charles E. Hughes being re-elected governor. Greater New York has gone Republican. The counties above the city have given to the Republican national and state tickets very large majorities. The figures are as follows:

In the entire state, Taft, 830,000; Bryan, 640,000; Hughes, 815,250; Chanler, 804,750. In New York city, Taft, 380,000; Bryan, 370,000; Hughes, 230,000; Chanler, 300,000.

Reports from all parts of the state indicate that the vote was heavy, the efforts of both gubernatorial candidates to bring out the ballots being rewarded with success. Both the old parties polled full votes, their strength not being seriously affected by the Independence, Socialist and other minor parties. Shearn, Independence party candidate for governor, ran ahead of Wanhope, the Socialist nominee.

The state's congressional representation will be divided, as at present, among the two parties, with one change, Hillquit, Socialist, being elected in the Ninth district in place of Riordan, Democrat. The next legislature will be Republican in both branches, insuring a Republican successor for Senator Thomas C. Platt, who will leave the senate in March.

New York and Buffalo are the only two large cities of the state that have gone Democratic.

MARYLAND REPUBLICAN

Baltimore Gives Taft a Majority of 2000.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 4.—William H. Taft has carried Maryland by from 8000 to 10,000. Baltimore gives a Republican plurality of about 2000.

Four years ago one Roosevelt elector was successful by a plurality of about 500, while seven Parker electors were chosen by an average plurality of half that figure.

Returns so far indicate that W. H. Jackson, Republican, in the First district, and George A. Pearce (Rep.) in the Sixth, have been re-elected. Three other Republican congressmen have been elected.

Baltimore gives Taft about 2500 plurality.

Taft and Johnson in Minnesota.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 4.—Governor John A. Johnson's efforts in behalf of the Democratic national ticket have not succeeded in giving the electoral vote of the state to Mr. Bryan but have availed in re-electing him by a small majority. Of the state's 275,000 votes Mr. Taft polled 172,500, his majority being 80,000 below Mr. Roosevelt's majority of 161,464 in 1904. Governor Johnson's majority of 76,633 two years ago was reduced to 30,000 this year.

G. O. P. Carries Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 4.—Mr. Taft's majority in this state is 50,000, being 105,000 less than the majority rolled up by Mr. Roosevelt four years ago. Governor James O. Davidson has been re-elected, and the state's congressional delegation, nine Republicans and two Democrats will remain the same in the next congress. The legislature will be Republican, and Senator Stephenson will be re-elected.

Iowa Indorses Taft.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 4.—Although the Democratic vote which stayed away from the polls in 1904 turned out in full force Tuesday for Mr. Bryan. It was not sufficiently strong to carry the state. Taft's majority in Iowa is 40,000 in a full vote of 504,000. B. F. Carroll, the Republican nominee for governor, was successful.

West Virginia Carried By Bryan.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 4.—West Virginia, classed as a doubtful state before the election, has voted for Bryan as a result of the split in the Republican ranks. His plurality in the state is 9000. The Republican division helped to elect Louis Bennett, Democrat, governor.

Michigan For Taft.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 4.—Both sections of this divided state have gone Republican, the total plurality for Mr. Taft being 100,000, a Republican loss of 127,715 since 1904. Governor Fred M. Warner, Republican, will retain his seat.

North Dakota Republican.

Bismarck, N. D., Nov. 4.—North Dakota has gone Republican, giving Mr. Taft 40,000 of its 70,000 votes. This is a Republican falling off of 28,322 since the last presidential election.

THE VOTE IN NEW JERSEY

Republicans Carry the State By 84,110 Majority.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 4.—Revised returns indicate that Mr. Taft's plurality in New Jersey will be 84,110. In all the counties outside of Essex and Hudson the vote did not vary greatly from the plurality given Mr. Roosevelt in 1904, when he carried the state by 81,600. Roosevelt's plurality of 25,000 in Essex was expected to be cut down to about 18,000 for Taft. In Hudson Parker's plurality of 1300 is expected to be increased to about 7000 for Bryan.

The Republicans elect seven of the ten congressmen and the Democrats two, the Sixth district, which is now represented by a Democrat, William Hodges, being very close and in doubt. The Democrats elect their congressional candidates, Kinkead, in the Ninth district, and Hamill in the Tenth district. Thomas Foxhall is the Republican candidate in the doubtful district. The Republicans have re-elected Loudenslager in the First, Gardner in the Second, Howell in the Third, Wood in the Fourth, Fowler in the Fifth, Parker in the Seventh, and re-elected ex-Congressman Wylie in the Eighth, and in the Tenth district. The Democrats elect their congressional representation is now six Republicans and four Democrats, so that the Republicans gain one and possibly two congressmen.

Both houses of the legislature will be strongly Republican. The senate will stand fourteen Republicans to seven Democrats, the same as last year, and the house will probably have forty-four Republicans and sixteen Democrats, a loss of four for the Democrats. The Democrats lose three members in Monmouth, two in Middlesex, and will probably gain one in Salem.

NEW ENGLAND REPUBLICAN

Taft Successful in Massachusetts and Other Eastern States.

Boston, Nov. 4.—This city, together with the rest of Massachusetts, has gone Republican, giving Mr. Taft sixteen electoral votes. The popular vote is: Taft, 240,000; Bryan, 120,000; Higen, 40,000; Debs, 10,000. The plurality of the Republican candidate is 120,000 over Mr. Bryan.

The gubernatorial vote is as follows: Draper (Rep.), 230,000; Vahey (Dem.), 170,000; Osgood (Independent), 50,000; Carey (Socialist), 10,000. In 1904 Parker, Democrat, received 165,746 votes to Roosevelt's 257,822. Higen ran behind his vote for governor last year by 35,489 votes.

Rhode Island.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 4.—Rhode Island's four electoral votes will be cast for William H. Taft, whose popular majority in the state is 15,000. Aram J. Pothier, Republican, of Woonsocket, has been elected governor.

Maine.

Portland, Me., Nov. 4.—Maine has returned its usual large majority for the Republican candidate, although Mr. Taft's vote did not reach the 36,791 majority polled by Mr. Roosevelt in 1904. The vote is as follows: Taft, 60,000; Bryan, 28,000. No state election was held, as Maine chose a Republican governor and Republican congressmen in September.

New Hampshire.

Concord, N. H., Nov. 4.—New Hampshire gave Mr. Taft almost as large a vote as it did Mr. Roosevelt four years ago. The balloting resulted in a majority of 20,000 for the Republican candidate, which is a decrease of 2185 since the last presidential election. Henry B. Quinby, Republican, has been elected governor.

Vermont.

Montpelier, Vt., Nov. 4.—Vermont has gone Republican by 27,904, a falling off of 12,773 since 1904. There was no state election.

PACIFIC COAST FOR TAFT

Republicans Win in California, Oregon and Washington.

San Francisco, Nov. 4.—There was no state election in California to complicate the issues, and the Republican national ticket carried the state by about 40,000 majority. In 1904 Roosevelt carried the state by 115,822 over Parker. The solid Republican delegation has been re-elected without change, and a Republican state legislature insures the election of a Republican to succeed Senator Perkins. The proposition to remove the state capital from Sacramento to Berkeley has been rejected.

Washington.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 4.—Washington's five electoral votes will be cast for Taft, the Republican candidate having carried this state by a popular majority of 30,000, reducing Mr. Roosevelt's majority in 1904 by 43,442. Samuel C. Cosgrove, Republican, has been elected governor, and the state's legislature will remain Republican by a large majority.

Oregon.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 4.—Returns from all parts of the state indicate that Taft has a large majority. There was no state election.

Bryan Loses in Utah.

Salt Lake City, Nov. 4.—Mr. Bryan has lost Utah by a majority estimated at 20,000, 72,500 of the state's 100,000 votes going to Mr. Taft. William Spry, Republican, has been elected governor by a small majority.

CENTRAL STATES GO REPUBLICAN

Illinois, Indiana and Ohio Carried by Taft.

OHIO GOVERNOR DEMOCRAT

Deneen in Illinois; Watson in Indiana. Harmon, Democrat, Elected in Ohio. Taft's State Votes For Him, and Indianapolis, Home of John W. Kern, Is Republican—Chicago Goes Republican—Crowds Cheer Republican Standard Bearer When Result is Announced.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Illinois has been carried by the Republican party by a plurality of 170,000, giving the state's twenty-seven electoral votes to Taft and Sherman. The state Republican ticket has also been successful, Governor Charles S. Deneen winning from former Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson by 100,000 plurality. Chicago has gone Republican by 50,000, against 126,000 for Roosevelt in 1904.

The next legislature will be Republican by a majority on joint ballot of 28, a loss of 24. This means the re-election to the United States senate of Albert J. Hopkins.

There will be a decided change in the congressional representation of Illinois. The present delegation from the state includes twenty-four Republicans and one Democrat. The figures in the Sixty-first congress will be seventeen Republicans and eight Democrats, six of the latter being from Chicago. Speaker Cannon has been re-elected in the Eighteenth district.

Indiana Goes Republican.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 4.—The endeavors of the Democrats to place Indiana in the ranks of their party, causing the state to be considered doubtful some time before the election, have not been successful. The Hoosier vote has been given to Taft and Sherman by a majority of 15,000, reducing the Republican majority of four years ago by two-thirds. The figures are: Taft, 335,000; Bryan, 320,000.

Congressman James E. Watson has been elected to succeed J. Frank Hanly as governor, leading Thomas F. Marshall, his Democratic opponent, by 15,000 votes. The state congressional representation, eleven Republicans and two Democrats, will remain unchanged, but the legislature is Republican by a slightly reduced majority. The term of Senator Hemenway, Republican, will expire in March.

This city disappointed the hopes of John W. Kern, Democratic candidate for the vice presidency, who resides here, by going Republican. Mr. Kern would not discuss the result of the election, saying that he would issue a formal statement later.

Taft Wins in His Home State.

Columbus, O., Nov. 4.—Secretary Taft's home state has given him a majority of 50,000, 200,000 below the majority of Mr. Roosevelt four years ago. The strong Democratic fight did not avail to carry the state for Mr. Bryan, but Judson Harmon, Democrat, candidate for governor, is elected by about 15,000.

Large Democratic gains are reported from most of the large cities and towns. The rural districts generally, however, have remained Republican.

The