

UNCLE SAM TAKES TO AVIATION.



The National Birds—Ah! Ha! We Have a Rival! —Minneapolis Journal.

AMERICA HAS PLENTY OF MONEY

Treasury Vaults at Washington, D. C., Are Too Small to Hold Government Cash.

Washington, D. C.—Uncle Sam, enriched \$500,000,000 by the provisions of the Aldrich-Vreeland currency bill, now has so much money on hand that he cannot wait for the construction of new vaults in the Treasury Building, but has rented rooms in a storage building and placed relays of guards on the inside and outside. This vast amount of money may never be used, but so large a sum is necessary to supply the 6824 national banking institutions in the United States in case of a financial stringency. Deputy Treasurer Bentz reported that the available cash reserve in the Treasury was \$190,000,000, the highest figure it has reached this year. He is of the opinion that the possibility of a stringency this year is over,

and that the crops can be moved without the slightest difficulty. "Conditions are vastly different this year," he said, "not only in New York, but throughout the country. New York banks have millions and millions of surplus on hand, while a year ago they were struggling with scarcely the legal requirements. Money, instead of being in great demand at high prices, is very easy on call at from three-fourths to one per cent. In the West the banks are all well supplied with currency, and will be able to do more than their usual share toward moving the crops. From every direction signs of increased prosperity are seen. Small bills are in great demand, which is always a good sign."

VILAS PLANS A \$30,000,000 GIFT

Leaves Estate in Trust to Multiply For Wisconsin University.

Madison, Wis.—An eventual endowment of \$30,000,000 for the Wisconsin University is provided for in the will of Colonel William F. Vilas, former member of the Cleveland Cabinet and United States Senator, who died here recently. The will was filed for probate and provides that the estate, valued at from \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000, be placed in the hands of four trustees to be held in trust as long as Mrs. Vilas shall live. During her life she is to receive the net income from the estate, and upon her death the entire property is to be turned over to the university, subject only to a charge of \$30,000 a year to his daughter, Mrs. L. M. Hanks, and some minor charges. The bequest to Mrs. Hanks

is to continue during her life time. After the property is turned over to the university one-half of the net income is to be expended until the principal with increment shall reach \$20,000,000; then one-fourth of net income will be laid aside and added to the principal until the property shall reach the sum of \$30,000,000, when the entire income can be used by the university as provided in the will. The purpose of Colonel Vilas in leaving his wealth to the university in such a manner that it will eventually create an enormous fund was to accomplish a permanent source of revenue for the advancement of knowledge and place the university in the foremost ranks of the great educational institutions of the world.

THE WARSHIP OF THE FUTURE.

Prediction of an Engineer of the Geological Survey—He Believes Gas Engines Will Be Installed in Naval Vessels in the Next Few Years, Which Will Make Them Smokeless, Noiseless Craft and Reduce Coal Bill.

Washington, D. C.—The war vessel of the future will be a swift, smokeless, noiseless craft, lying low in the water, with every vulnerable part below the water line, the entire deck being for the work of the guns. There will be no smoke, because there will be no smokestacks. In the night-time there will be nothing to betray the presence of this invincible fighting demon to the enemy. This prediction was made by Robert Heywood Fernald, mechanical engineer, who has for several years been connected with the fuel investigations of the United States Geological Survey. Mr. Fernald believes that the gas engine, or internal combustion motor, as it is called by engineers, will be installed in naval vessels of the United States within the next few years. "I expect to see the United States ahead of every other nation in this innovation," said Mr. Fernald. "The gas engine, in my opinion, is feasible in any vessel because of its economy over the steam engine, but it is especially desirable on the fighting ship for the reason that it makes no smoke. The gas is generated in a producer which has no chimney and needs none. The coal is turned directly into gas, which goes straight to the engine. The elimination of the smoke is sufficient to call for the installation of the gas engine, yet there are many other features in its favor. The vessel would have a free deck for the play of its big guns. There would be no towering stacks to be punctured or destroyed, thus crippling the boat. Then it would be unnecessary to carry as much coal, for the same power can be developed with one-third less than the steam engine

uses. The gas producer and the gas engine would take up less room and weigh less than the same power Scotch boiler and steam engine. The vessel would have a radius of travel far greater than at present. "Of course I do not expect to see the gas engine confined to the use of the navy. The fact that it shows such economies will compel its installation in all sorts of vessels. One of the big items of expense to a modern ocean liner is its coal bill. These vessels will consume 10,000 tons of high grade coal on a round trip. With the gas engine this could be reduced to 6000 or 7000 tons, a saving of several thousand dollars. "One of the big steamship companies of the great lakes is about to take the initiative in this movement. Plans have been made for a freighter that will use a 2000 horse power gas engine. This company is making the experiment to test the economy of the gas engine over the steam engine. The United States Geological Survey has been experimenting with the gas producer and gas engine for several years and has demonstrated that this type of engine in a stationary plant is capable of generating from twice to three times as much power from a given amount of coal as the steam engine. It has also shown that the gas engine can develop more power from a low grade coal. The purpose of the Government has not been to develop the gas engine, but to increase the efficiency of the coal supply of the country, which is now being depleted. The Government spends \$10,000,000 yearly for coal, and it was primarily to get the best results from this expenditure that the investigations of the gas producer and gas engine was taken up.

Boy Gets Bubonic Plague From Bite of Squirrel.

Los Angeles, Cal.—A case of bubonic plague has been discovered. The patient is a boy named Mulholland and the lad found a sick squirrel in the park and picked it up. The squirrel bit Mulholland on the hand. Sickness followed, and the attending physician declared it to be bubonic plague. Other physicians were called into consultation, and discovered that squirrels in the park are afflicted with the disease.

STATE ITEMS.

Jacob Michaels, one of the oldest residents of Stroudsburg, died aged 81 years. He joined the Odd Fellows in 1862, and prided himself on not missing a meeting except one short period while away from home. Suffering from congestion of the brain, Albert Dink, a Williamsport autist, is in the hospital in a precarious condition. While speeding down the State Road at fifty miles an hour the steering gear broke as he was rounding a curve and the car rammed a telephone pole, breaking it sheer off. E. D. H. Walter, of Franklin Township, has been made a Snyder County Commissioner by the court to fill out the unexpired term of his late father, John Walter, who died a fortnight ago. By the explosion of a bottle of ginger ale William Miller, a driver of York, lost the sight of an eye. John Glikes, aged 22, a visitor at Shenandoah, from New York, went to assist his aunt, Mrs. Barbara Barrett, a young widow, pick coal in a mine breach at Lost Creek, when the earth caved in upon them, instantly killing both. Miss Della Stover, of Hellertown, committed suicide by swallowing a large dose of carbolic acid at her home. It is said she became an extremist on religion, following a disappointment in love.

State of Pennsylvania

GUARDING THE MINES.

Harrisburg (Special).—"The future annual coal production in Pennsylvania will continue for many years at probably 200,000 tons," says Chief of Mines James E. Roderick in his report on the mining industry of the Keystone State which has just been issued. "It is estimated that 7,000,000,000 tons still remain unmined in the anthracite region and in the bituminous region. While no estimates have been made, the supply at the present rate of consumption will no doubt last several hundred years."

"The Pennsylvania mining industry is in most excellent condition," continues Chief Roderick. "The equipment and management of most of the mines are up to date, and great effort has been made in recent years to render the mines safe. The record of 1907 in the coal trade was especially remarkable. The production in Pennsylvania reached the unusual volume of 235,615,459 net tons of which the bituminous region produced 149,559,047 tons and the anthracite region 86,056,412. The production is five times as great as that of any State in the Union and over 83 per cent. of the tonnage of Great Britain. The tonnage of the world is estimated at 1,400,300,000 tons for 1907. The United States produced 469,866,266 tons."

NEW COLLEGE PROFESSOR.

State College (Special).—Frank D. Gardner, who resigned his position in the Department of Agriculture at Washington to fill the chair of agronomy in State College, has arrived here to take up his new duties.

Prof. Gardner has been soil expert in the Agricultural Department for many years. He was graduated from the University of Illinois in 1890 and for four years thereafter held the chair of assistant professor of agriculture.

In 1895 he went to Washington as one of the organizers of the Bureau of Soils. This position he retained until 1901, when he was sent to Porto Rico to establish the Government experiment station on that island.

Mr. Gardner has won a wide prominence in the scientific world and is a member of several national scientific organizations.

PREFERS DEATH TO SCHOOL.

Lancaster (Special).—"I'd rather die than go to school," had been the oft repeated declaration of 14-year-old William Sheetz, a son of Leander Sheetz, a hotel keeper of Elizabethtown. The boys' parents laughed at his threats, not believing him to be in earnest.

Shortly before 7 o'clock A. M., the family heard a shot coming from the boy's room and found the lad dead on the floor. A rifle laying by his side and a gaping wound behind the right ear told plainly that the boy had made good his threat.

DEATH RODE BRIDAL COACH.

Pottsville (Special).—From the very hoofs of the horses attached to a carriage containing a wedding party, at Seltzer City, near here, being driven to the station, Mattida Nelson, aged seven years, dragged several of her playmates out of harm's way, but lost her balance and fell beneath the wheels. The little heroine had her neck broken and was instantly killed.

Draft New Pension Bills.

Harrisburg (Special).—The committee composed of members of the Grand Army of the Republic, which met here to draft a new soldiers' pension bill, finished its work and adjourned to meet here in November. Chairman H. B. Bengough, of Pittsburg, stated that the draft was practically complete but that it would not be made public until late in the Fall. "We feel confident that the bill will meet objections when presented," said he.

Cashier Died in Prison.

Pittsburg (Special).—D. R. Anderson, former cashier of the First National Bank of Mansontown, and register and recorder of Fayette County, died at the Western Penitentiary from paralysis. Anderson was serving a five-year sentence for embezzlement.

Wymissing Votes Improvement.

Reading (Special).—Wymissing, a new borough of this county, voted to make a loan of \$40,000 to provide funds for the erection of a town hall and for extending street improvements, the water supply and fire protection. Out of 123 votes cast, 100 were in favor of the loan and 22 against.

TEN YEARS OF BACKACHE.

Thousands of Women Suffer in the Same Way.

Mrs. Thomas Dunn, 153 Vine St., Columbus, Ohio, says: "For more than ten years I was in misery with backache. The simplest household completely exhausted me. I had no strength or ambition, was nervous and suffered headache and dizzy spells. After these years of pain I was despairing of ever being cured when Doan's Kidney Pills came to my notice and their use brought quick relief and a permanent cure. I am very grateful." Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Pays For Woman Already His Wife.

Chin Chan, a young Chinese market gardener here, has yielded to the custom of his fathers and paid \$500 for his bride, in spite of the fact that he has been married to the girl for three weeks and that legally she was already his. The money was paid by the father of the groom to the father of the bride, together with \$6 extra for Chin Chan's new mother-in-law.

The love affairs of Chin Chan and Tina James, both members of the First Baptist Church, of North Yakima, have been followed with interest since the groom announced his determination not to violate his vows of Christianity and his faith in American liberty by purchasing a maid whose heart was already his.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

Power From The Mines.

A central plant of 5,000-horsepower is about to be erected in the midst of the bituminous coal fields of Indiana. It is believed that a large saving of expense, especially for transportation of coal, can thus be effected. It is intended to distribute the power over a wide territory direct from the mouth of the mines. The distance from the plant to Indianapolis will be about 100 miles. This will involve a small loss of power in transmission, repairing, according to the calculation, an increase of about 10 per cent. in the amount of coal consumed above what it would be if the coal were burned at the points where the power is used. But the saving in other respects is expected to much more than counter-balance this slight disadvantage.

One On The Colonel.

The Colonel—A cannon report has been heard as far as 160 miles. The General—And could you hear it while you were running, Colonel? —Pick-Me-Up.

Hicks' Capidine Cures Nervousness, Whether tired out, worried, overworked, or what not. It refreshes the brain and nerves. It's liquid and pleasant to take. 10c, 25c, and 50c, at drug stores.

A Skeptic is a man who doesn't believe in the doubts of others.

To Drive Out Malaria and Build Up the System

Take the Old Standard GROVES TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form, and the most effectual form. For grown people and children. 50c.

Don't bet on your popularity until the back townships are heard from.

EYESIGHT WAS IN DANGER

From Terrible Eczema—Baby's Head a Mass of Itching Rash and Sores—Disease Cured by Cuticura.

"Our little girl was two months old when she got a rash on her face and within five days her face and head were all one sore. We used different remedies but it got worse instead of better and we thought she would turn blind and that her ears would fall off. She suffered terribly, and would scratch until the blood came. This went on until she was five months old, then I had her under our family doctor's care, but she continued to grow worse. He said it was eczema. When she was seven months old I started to use the Cuticura Remedies and in two months our baby was a different girl. You could not see a sign of a sore and she was as fair as a newborn baby. She has not had a sign of the eczema since. Mrs. H. F. Budke, LeSeuer, Minn., Apr. 15 and May 2, 1907."

On his wedding day a man should close his past life and sit on the lid.

Truth and Quality

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing. Accordingly, it is not claimed that Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is the only remedy of known value, but one of many reasons why it is the best of personal and family laxatives is the fact that it cleanses, sweetens and relieves the internal organs on which it acts without any debilitating after effects and without having to increase the quantity from time to time.

It acts pleasantly and naturally and truly as a laxative, and its component parts are known to and approved by physicians, as it is free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always purchase the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

Happy On 10 Cents A Day.

"We have all we need, thank God, for our daily bread, and are happy," say John and Marianna Szarmbeck, who live on 10 cents a day. Both are close to the century mark and have been married 50 years. They live in a tenement house in the Polish colony of St. Louis, and while neither knows the exact ages of either, they are old enough to remember the later days of the first Napoleon's reign.

John worked as a stonemason until he lost an eye eight years ago. Since then their little reserve fund has been spent, and John does odd jobs of mending for his neighbors, which nets a scant dollar a week.

They could have as much more as they needed, for none of the kindly folk that have lived with the old couple in the tenement house would see them suffer. The single dollar, however, satisfies all their wants.—New York Times.

Just "Handstruck" Him.

The other night before Magistrate Joseph Corrigan in the night court two young negroes appeared to make a complaint against a very battered mulatto. The man bore marks of a lively fray. A long gash under the right ear attracted Judge Corrigan's attention.

"Did you beat that man?" asked the judge sternly, turning to one of the women.

"Why, yo' honab, co'se Ah didn't. Ah would beat no man," she said, indignantly. "Ah just handstruck that niggah!"

"Discharged!" said the judge, hiding a smile.—New York Sun.

BORAX IN THE DAIRY.

A Matter of Profitable Interest to the Farmer and Dairyman.

The problem of keeping sweet all the utensils used in connection with milk and cream selling, and butter making, has been a serious one with the farmer.

He has come to realize fully that the slightest taint or hint of staleness left in a can, tin or churn may ruin a whole output; that the taint which is left is in the form of bacteria which grow and multiply in milk or butter, producing disastrous results.

The farmer has learned that hot water won't rinse away the greasy residue in dairy utensils.

He has learned that soap leaves a residue of its own which is, if anything, worse than the milk or cream residue, and it is little wonder that there has been a constant clamor for a dairy cleanser and sweetener that will meet modern requirements.

A few of the largest creamery establishments have called experts into consultation on this problem and have with this scientific aid hit upon a product of nature which exactly fills the bill—borax.

Scientists have long known borax as a cleanser, a sweetener and an antiseptic destroyer of bacteria and germ growths. Destroys all that is harmful and promotes and preserves freshness, sweetness and purity, relieving the dairyman and dairy housewife of drudgery and of needless work and worry.

Its cheapness and value should give it first place in the necessities of every dairy.

The cow's udder is kept in a clean, healthy and smooth condition by washing it with borax and water, a tablespoonful of borax to two quarts of water.

This prevents roughness and soreness or cracking teats, which make milking time a dread to the cow and a worry to the milker.

The modern cleanser of all dairy utensils consists of—one tablespoonful of borax to every quart of water needed. Remember—a tablespoonful equals four teaspoonfuls.

Be sure that you get pure borax. To be sure, you must get "20 Mule Team Borax."

All dealers. A dainty book in colors, called "Jingle Book," sent free to any Mother sending name and address of her baby, and tops from two pound cartons of "20 Mule Team" Package Borax, with 5c. in stamps. Address Pacific Coast Borax Co., New York.

Guided To Treasure By Spirit.

"I shall give all the money to charity if the owner does not come to claim it," announced Mrs. Frank W. Gulliford at her home, where she had returned after her successful hunt for buried treasure in Chattanooga, Tenn.

Voices from the spirit world indicated to Mrs. Gulliford where the treasure was hidden, according to the explanation she gives. "Martha," the spirit of a child, told her three years ago that a large sum of money was buried at Chattanooga. The vision returned again and again, she said, and she was forced to believe that she had a second sight.

Finally she went to Chattanooga, and discovered a large sum, how large she will not say, under a great stone in a pasture. "I hope to return the money to its owner," she said, "but thus far I have had no applications from people who have lost anything. When some one does come I shall know if he is the correct person, for Martha, the spirit, will tell me what to believe."—Chicago Journal.

A Mean Stir.

"Poets are a mild people." "Um." "They never kill anybody." "And yet few of them would have any trouble in proving imbecility, either," was the libelous response.—Kansas City Journal.

THE SAFE WAY TO BUY PAINT.

Property owners will save a deal of trouble and expense in keeping their buildings properly painted, if they know how to protect themselves against misrepresentation and adulteration in paint materials. There's one sure and safe guide to a pure and thoroughly dependable White Lead—that's the "Dutch Boy Painter" trade mark which the National Lead Company, the largest makers of genuine White Lead, place on every package of their product. This company sends a simple and sure little outfit for testing white lead, and a valuable paint book, free, to all who write for it. Their address is Woodbridge Bldg., New York City.

Taking No Chances.

Prospective Best Man—Got the marriage license yet? Prospective Bridegroom—No; I'm not going to get that until the last thing. She may go back on me.—Chicago Tribune.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY. sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1898.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Conflicting Rules.

"When we are married," said the girl, "of course you will shave every morning. That's one of the rules of our club. We all agreed not to marry any man who wouldn't shave every morning." "Well, what about the mornings I don't get home in time?" responded the young man. "I belong to a club, too."—Philadelphia Ledger.

A little ancient faith is worth a lot of modern theory.



More proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saves woman from surgical operations. Mrs. S. A. Williams, of Gardiner, Maine, writes:

"I was a great sufferer from female troubles, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to health in three months, after my physician declared that an operation was absolutely necessary."

Mrs. Alvina Spurling, of 154 Cleybourne Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes: "I suffered from female troubles, a tumor and much inflammation. Two of the best doctors in Chicago decided that an operation was necessary to save my life. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound entirely cured me without an operation."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it? Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

THE J. R. WATKINS MED. CO.

WINONA, MINNESOTA

Makes 70 Different Articles: Household Remedies, Flavoring Extracts, all Kinds, Toilet Preparations, Fine Soaps, Etc. CANVASSERS WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY 40 Years Experience, \$3,000,000 Output BEST PROPOSITION EVER OFFERED AGENTS

Side-Show Catastrophe.

"What's the matter over there?" "The sword swallower is being choked by a fishbone."—Sourire.

WHY NOT TRY POPHAM'S

ASTHMA REMEDY

Gives Prompt and Positive Relief in Every Case. Sold by Druggists. Price \$1.00. Trial Package by Mail 10c.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props. Cleveland, O.

PATENTS BOUNTIES

Trade-Marks, Copyright your Books, Writings, Pictures, etc. Now not so easy for soldiers and their relatives, who served in the Civil War, to have secure titles for their services. We have instructions, address, W. H. Fiske, Astoria, Ore. (Notary Public.) Willingness, 1111 1/2 Ave., Washington, D. C. Over 20 years' practice.

For Sale

6,000 Money-making Farms in 14 States. Street's mammoth illustrated catalog of barter with States mailed free. For details, write to Street's, 1111 1/2 Ave., Philadelphia, Pa. E. A. STROUT, Co., Sole Agent, 1111 1/2 Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT WILL PAY

in a limited way with weak eyes, see Thompson's Eye Water

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c. package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DYE CO., Quincy, Illinois.