

100 REPORTED DEAD IN GREAT FOREST FIRE

Canadian Towns Destroyed and Countryside Swept.

FLAMES EXTEND OVER 100 MILES.

Entire Country on the Crow's Nest Line of the Canadian Pacific Is a Seething Mass of Flames—Half a Dozen Towns Are Reported Wiped Out, and Others Are Threatened.

Winnipeg, Man. (Special).—As a result of bush fires that started Saturday and still rage for many miles, Fernie, B. C., is wiped off the map. Michel, 14 miles distant, is in flames, and the fate of Hoamer, Olsen and Sparwood, intervening towns, is in doubt, as they are cut off from communication.

More than 100 lives are reported lost, 74 of them in Fernie. A territory 100 square miles in extent is a seething mass of flames. Through it are scattered hundreds of lumbermen and prospectors, so that the actual loss of life will not be known for days.

Much property of the Canadian Pacific and the Great Northern Railways is destroyed, including bridges and rolling stock burned, so that it is impossible to enter or leave the burning area. The inhabitants of the affected towns have fled to open country to seek safety.

The railway companies have placed all available trains at the disposal of refugees and unless there is a change of wind within the next 24 hours the whole of the Crow's Nest Pass country will be abandoned to the flames.

There is no possibility of estimating the loss of life and property which will result, for the flames are driven by a half gale, making it impossible to put up a fight against their advance. The conflagration is the greatest which has ever visited Canada.

For the past month forest fires have been raging in the mountains of the Elk River Valley country, but they have not been considered seriously. Saturday morning a heavy wind sprang up from the west and early in the afternoon the flames appeared over the crest of the mountains to the west of Fernie. They ran down the mountain side and before a fire guard could be organized had entered the town.

Within an hour the town was doomed and the inhabitants sought safety in flight, leaving everything behind them. All night and Sunday morning the exodus continued, the destination being a small prairie in the valley three miles south of the town.

At present 3,000 people are camped there in the open, their only protection being shelter built of brush or blankets, while a constant shower of sparks from the burning area keeps falling through the pall of smoke by which they are surrounded.

For a time communication with towns to the east was kept open, but with the burning of the bridges across the Elk River this way was closed. Scattered through the valley are many small prairies and all of these have their groups of refugees.

The hills in all directions are a seething mass of flames, cutting off every avenue of escape. The fire spread with unprecedented rapidity, and it is feared that several parties who tried to get through the pass have been cut off. Families have been separated and there is at present no means of checking up the fatalities.

At Fernie the only buildings remaining are six small shacks on the banks of the Elk River, the offices of the Crow's Nest Coal Company and the Fikes wood warehouse. The offices of the Canadian Pacific Railroad and Great Northern are gone together with all of the rolling stock in the yards, the sleeping car Osceola being the only car left. One hundred cars of coke, the property of the Great Northern, are gone, and the stock piles of coal and coke, holding about half a million tons, are in flames.

It is now feared that the fire may get in the mines themselves, several of which are open in the neighborhood. This will mean incalculable damage as the whole of the valley is underlain with coal.

At present the fire is following the crest of the mountain chain above Sparwood, eating down into the valleys on either side. It is traveling at a tremendous rate of speed and unless there is a change of wind will cross the boundary into Montana within the next 12 hours. There are thousands of mines and prospector's claims in the track of the fire, all of which are in peril.

Not Cutting Dividends.

New York (Special).—The Union Pacific Railroad Company declared a quarterly dividend of 2 1/2 per cent. on its common stock and a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent. on its preferred stock. The Southern Pacific Railroad Company declared a quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent. on its common stock. All these dividends are unchanged from the last previous quarter.

Shoot Captive Balloon.

Magdeburg (By Cable).—The army made experiments in shooting at a captive balloon at a distance of two and a half miles. Although it was struck 30 times the balloon did not collapse.

Cholera in Russia Virulent.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—The cholera appearing in Russia this year is almost virulent. Out of 12 cases in Tauritany there have been 11 deaths. According to investigations made by Deputy von Anrep, a distinguished medical authority, the sanitary conditions in the Volga towns are horrible. The absence of a sewerage system and water works puts the inhabitants at the mercy of the epidemic.

THOMAS L. HISGEN IS NAMED FOR PRESIDENT

Massachusetts Man Candidate of Independence Party.

Chicago (Special).—For President—THOMAS HISGEN, of Massachusetts.

For Vice President—JOHN TEMPLE GRAVES, of Georgia.

This is the ticket nominated by the national convention of the Independence party. Hisgen was nominated on the third ballot and Graves on the first.

The first ballot for President resulted: Hisgen, 396; Howard, 200; Graves, 213; Lyon, 71; Hearst, 49.

The second ballot was: Hisgen, 590; Graves, 189; Howard, 109; Hearst, 49.

On the third ballot the vote set steadily toward Hisgen, and it was soon evident that his nomination was certain.

Virginia broke from Graves and placed him within a few votes of success. Then came Washington with 10 votes for Hisgen and he was nominated. There was a scramble for the band wagon. Missouri was the first to discern in what direction it was headed and swung its vote for Hisgen. Georgia changed from Graves to Hisgen and then they came too rapidly to count, all changing from Howard and Graves.

Alabama withdrew the name of Howard after Hisgen had been actually nominated and cast its vote for Graves.

Made It Unanimous.

The third ballot resulted: Hisgen, 831; Howard, 38; Graves, 7; Hearst, 2.

A roar of applause followed the announcement of the ballot and a motion making unanimous the nomination was adopted with a yell. The usual parade of standards around the hall then commenced while the band played patriotic airs.

The uproar continued eight minutes and then a committee was sent to escort Mr. Hisgen to the hall.

Chairman Walsh appointed as members of the escorting committee Messrs. Howard, Graves, and Lyon, who had just been competitors of the Massachusetts man.

While the committee was seeking the nominee the roll-call for the nomination of a Vice Presidential candidate was begun.

Clarence J. Shearn, of New York, presented the name of John Temple Graves and asked that it be given the unanimous vote of the convention.

Indiana's candidate, Charles F. S. Neal, was nominated by E. G. Ballard, of Gary.

Graves was nominated on the first ballot.

The name of William Jennings Bryan almost caused a riot in the convention when a Kansas delegate attempted to put in nomination the nominee of the Democratic party.

What Platform Provides.

The important planks of the platform are as follows:

1. Initiative and referendum.
2. The right of recall of office-holders.
3. Government ownership of railroads as soon as the Government can show its ability to operate, and Government ownership of telegraph companies.
4. All money to be issued by the Government.
5. Postal savings banks—the deposits to be loaned to the people on good and sufficient security.
6. Good roads.
7. No injunctions to be issued without notice and hearing, and all contempt court cases to be tried by a jury.
8. Eight-hour-day labor law.
9. Opposition to child labor.
10. To suppress bucket-shops and prevent fictitious dealings in farm products.
11. Physical valuation of the railroads.
12. Against the immigration of Asiatics.

Woman Tortured.

Hot Springs, Ark. (Special).—Mrs. N. Pettit was attacked by a man who, after beating her almost insensible, thrust a rag saturated with arsenic into her mouth, bound her to her bed with wire and then tied a number of matches to her mouth so that they would become ignited if she moved her head. Two hours after Mrs. Pettit had been bound and gagged her husband returned from work and released her.

WASHINGTON

Army medical experts in the Philippines say the dengue fever, which was prevalent at Port William McKinley, Philippines, is not contagious.

England will send a large delegation to attend the international congress on tuberculosis, to be held in Washington in September.

One hundred observation telescopes are to be purchased by the Ordnance Department of the United States Army.

The government is to try different colored underclothing on the soldiers in the Philippines.

Dr. Hamilton Wright, one of the members of the commission, investigating the opium traffic, finds the use of the drug has largely increased in the past five years.

Chile and Ecuador have concurred in the parcels post convention.

D. A. Tompkins, of Charlotte, N. C., was elected president of the Appalachian National Forest Association.

The United States and the Mexican governments stirred up over the lawless doings on the Mexican border.

Former Senator Harris, of Kansas, is urging the War Department to take steps to harness the Kaw River.

Col. Perry Carson, an unique figure in the political life of Washington, has passed out of the spotlight.

IN A PISTOL DUEL WITH BURGLARS

Three Robbers Dash Off in Auto Into Darkness.

BATTLE ON LAWN OF HOME.

Watchman of 12,000-acre Estate Exchanges Shot for Shot With Men—E. C. Converse, a Wealthy New Yorker, Joins in Fusillade—One of the Burglars Wounded.

Greenwich, Ct. (Special).—Conyers Manor, the 1,200 acre estate of E. G. Converse, a wealthy New Yorker and a director of the United States Steel Corporation, was the scene of a thrilling pistol duel between three burglars and the night watchman on the estate. The men were driven off after a number of shots had been fired and just as Mr. Converse, himself heavily armed, rushed from the house and went to the watchman's assistance. The watchman declares that one of the would-be robbers was struck by a bullet, but he probably was not dangerously hurt, as he picked himself up and made his escape with his companions.

The three men had an automobile in waiting outside the grounds, as a moment after the shooting a car carrying three men was seen racing away toward Bedford, N. Y.

The presence of the burglars in the grounds was made known by Mr. Converse's pet collie, who dashed out of the house, barking loudly, and ran to a hedge near the watchman's cottage. The watchman went down to make an investigation. As he approached the hedge three men sprang upon him, pinioned his arms, and then one of the trio pointed a revolver at his head and directed him to make no outcry. In the meantime the collie's barking had aroused the household, and when lights began to flash in the windows the robbers became frightened and, releasing their prisoner, ran down beside the hedge toward the street.

The moment he was released the watchman opened fire with two revolvers which he carried, and the fleeing desperadoes, turning as they ran, sent back shot for shot. Just as the three men were about to turn through an opening in the hedge leading to the road, the watchman says one of them threw up his arms, sprang into the air and fell to the ground in a heap. A moment later, however, he was on his feet and running after his companions. All three succeeded in getting away just as Mr. Converse, with a revolver in either hand, rushed across the lawn to take a hand in the battle.

The Converse estate is one of the finest of many beautiful summer places maintained by wealthy New Yorkers in this vicinity. It is situated about eight miles from the center of the village proper.

DIES OF ELEPHANTIASIS.

Woman Weighed 510 Pounds and Suffered For 19 Years.

Pittsburg (Special).—After suffering for 19 years from elephantiasis, Mrs. Anna E. Lynch died at her home on the State road, near McKeesport. At her death she weighed 510 pounds. When afflicted years ago Mrs. Lynch weighed 165 pounds. The disease started similarly to erysipelas and the lower limbs began swelling. Her left limb measured 86 inches around the calf and the right leg 65 inches. Finally the whole body became affected, and the physicians claimed the disease killed her when it reached the heart.

Mrs. Lynch was 60 years old and formerly an ardent worker of the First Reformed Church of McKeesport. During the past several years she listened to sermons by the aid of telephone.

Many physicians of the United States and Europe visited Mrs. Lynch for the purpose of studying the disease.

Switchmen May Strike.

Scranton, Pa. (Special).—Grand Master Hawley, of the switchmen's union, announced that 80 per cent. of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad's men have voted for a strike and that the grievance committee is now awaiting a reply from President Truesdale to a letter sent requesting a conference with a view of affecting a settlement before the committee takes up the question of ordering the men out.

Stricken After Son's Funeral.

York, Pa. (Special).—On returning from his son's funeral, Peter Kessler was stricken with a vertigo and his condition, physicians say, is serious. The son was killed several days ago by lightning and five other members of his family were injured. All being incapacitated for work, neighbors packed the Kessler farm.

17 Pasteur Cases At Once.

New Orleans (Special).—Bitten by an alleged mad dog, whose head they brought with them, a party of 17 men, women and children of Tecumseh, Okla., appeared at the Pasteur ward of the New Orleans Charity Hospital and applied for treatment. In the party were 2 white women, 11 white children, 1 white man and a negro woman and her two children.

Parachute Jumper Killed.

Jackson, Mich. (Special).—William Oliver, a young aeronaut of Mason, Mich., was killed while making a parachute drop at Hogue Park, on Vandercook Lake, near here. Just as the parachute filled the strings on one side snapped and the aeronaut dropped 2,000 feet to his death, the parachute trailing, a useless rag, after him. Oliver landed near a crowded merry-go-round, and lived five minutes after being carried to the nearest house.

JUDGE WILLIAM H. TAFT NOTIFIED OF HIS NOMINATION

Republicans Must Carry On Policies of President, He Asserts.

SALIENT POINTS IN TAFT'S SPEECH ACCEPTING RE- PUBLICAN NOMINATION

The chief function of the next Administration is to complete and perfect the machinery by which these (Roosevelt's) standards may be maintained.

The practical constructive work of those who follow Mr. Roosevelt is to devise the ways and means by which the high level of business integrity and obedience to law may be maintained and departure from it restrained without undue interference with legitimate business.

Mr. Roosevelt has favored regulation of the business in which evils have grown up so as to stamp out the evils and permit the business to continue. The tendency of Mr. Bryan's proposals has generally been destructive of the law. To destroy them and to eliminate the wealth they represent from the producing capital of the country would entail enormous loss and would throw out of employment myriads of working men and working women.

A revision of the tariff undertaken upon this principle (making it approximately equal to the difference between cost of production at home and abroad) began promptly on the incoming of the new Administration, and considered at a special session with the preliminary investigations already begun by the appropriate committees of the House and Senate, will make the disturbance of business incident to such a change as little as possible.

This provision (for a jury trial in prosecutions for contempt of Federal injunctions) in the (Democratic) platform of 1896 was regarded then as a most dangerous attack upon the power of the courts to enforce their orders and decrees, and it was one of the chief reasons for the defeat of the Democratic party in that contest, as it ought to have been. The extended operation of such a provision to weaken the power of the court in the enforcement of its lawful orders can hardly be overated.

The Republican platform adopted at Chicago explicitly demands justice for all men without regard to race or color, and just as explicitly declares for the enforcement of the old colonial portico of the spirit of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the Constitution. It is needless to state that I stand with my party squarely on that plank of the platform.

We must be prudent, and not be lulled into a sense of security which would possibly expose us to national humiliation.

Cincinnati, Ohio (Special).—Standing on a flag-draped platform in front of the old colonial portico of his brother's home, Judge William H. Taft at noon Tuesday accepted the nomination of the Republican party to be its candidate for the Presidency.

The quaint old residence of Charles P. Taft—once in the outlying residence section of the city, but now almost swallowed up by the big business buildings that have surrounded it—was the centre of a demonstration unequalled in Cincinnati's history. Political leaders from far and near gathered to give the affair its political significance, while from the city and surrounding suburbs the friends, neighbors and admirers of Judge Taft among his own townsmen turned out in large numbers and without regard to party affiliation.

The notification of the candidate was made the occasion of a holiday. From early morning the downtown streets were filled with gay throngs, waving flags, shouting and moving in a seemingly endless stream toward the Taft residence.

Senator William Warner, of Missouri, past commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, headed the notification committee, which consisted of a member from every State, Territory and island possession of the nation. The representatives on the committee were chosen from the delegates attending the nominating convention at Chicago. There were also present many members of the Republican National Committee, including its chairman, Frank H. Hitchcock, who made a flying visit to Cincinnati on his way from Chicago to Washington and New York.

After formally accepting the nomination tendered by the chairman of the notification committee, Judge Taft at once launched, without any attempt at oratory, into the very essence of his declaration of principles, the first portion of his remarks being a declaration that Republican strength lies in a maintenance of the "Roosevelt policies."

Sewing Machines For 25 Cents.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—A special dispatch from Tabriz, Persia, says that the horsemen under Rachid Khan, who is operating on the side of the Shah, have pillaged the Russo-Persian High School at Tabriz, destroying the laboratories and library. Later they sacked the warehouse of an American sewing machine company, next door to the school. Finding the machines too heavy to carry away on horseback, the pillagers sold them from 25 to 30 cents a piece.

SET TRAP FOR HIS WIFE'S SUITOR

Tarred and Feathered, Beaten and Thrown Out.

WOMAN A PARTY TO THE PLOT.

Mrs. Chas. Marthinson, Handsome Wife of Wealthy Lumberman of Wash- ington, D. C., Says F. E. Bliss, Jr., An- noyed Her by His Attention—Informed Husband and Set Trap for Man.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—An amazing story of hypnotism of an attractive young woman by an ardent suitor, with the result that the latter was soundly thrashed and then tarred and feathered by the lady's husband and two muscular friends, lies behind the arrest here of Charles Marthinson, a wealthy lumberman, living in Mount Pleasant, a fashionable suburb of Washington; James L. White, a stockbroker, and Henry C. Cole, the manager of a tabulating machine company, charged by F. E. Bliss, Jr., with assault and battery—technical terms by which are covered the responsibility for the blows and the tar and the feathers from which Mr. Bliss has not yet fully recovered.

From the statements of the various principals or their attorneys, it seems that Mr. Bliss has known Mr. Marthinson and his very attractive wife for some time. His attentions to the young matron have been very pronounced, so pronounced, indeed, as to arouse the displeasure of Mr. Marthinson and the alarm of his wife.

On last Wednesday Mrs. Marthinson told her husband that Mr. Bliss appeared to possess extraordinary hypnotic power, and that she desired an immediate end of their acquaintance. Mr. Marthinson entirely shared his wife's views. He consulted with his friends, Messrs. Cole and White.

The afternoon, whilst Mr. Marthinson was at home, Mr. Bliss, it is stated, called up Mrs. Marthinson on the telephone to make an appointment to call on her that evening. By her husband's advice she arranged that her admirer should call that evening.

How Trap Was Set.

"When I called in the evening," said Mr. Bliss, "she asked me to enter the house by the basement door. It seemed an unusual request, but I obeyed it nevertheless. When I stepped into the house three men grabbed me, tied my hands and one of them pointed a revolver at my head and then they smeared tar and feathers over me."

It is added that they then thrashed Mr. Bliss and threw him out of the house.

Mr. Marthinson and his friends declined to make a statement, but their counsel, Mr. E. F. Colladay, spoke for them.

"The statement made by Mr. Bliss," he said, "grossly misrepresents the facts. He had a very unpleasant experience because he attempted to break up the home of Marthinson."

Mr. Colladay stated that the Marthinsons have been married sixteen years and have always lived happily until Mr. Bliss came on the scene. He told of Mr. Bliss' attention to Mrs. Marthinson. Mr. Bliss is a student of hypnotism. Mr. Colladay went on to state how the plan was made by which Bliss was lured into the basement of the Marthinson home. He said:

"Bliss called as was arranged, and was seen by Mr. Marthinson and his friends to attempt to embrace Mrs. Marthinson. He was then confronted by the angry husband and his friends. His explanations were by no means convincing. His admissions infuriated his bearers, and they then gave him a sound thrashing and tarred and feathered him and then kicked him out of the house."

Shoots Whipping Husband.

Canonsburg, Pa. (Special).—While whipping his wife during a domestic quarrel, Frank Talmer was shot through the abdomen by Mrs. Talmer. He was taken to a hospital, probably fatally injured, while the woman is at her home in an unconscious condition from her injuries.

Harmed Pressed For Labor.

Winnipeg, Manitoba (Special).—The Manitoba Government announces that 30,000 men are needed to harvest the wheat crop in Western Canada. It recommends to the governors of jails that all men in prison for vagrancy and other minor offenses be released early next month on condition that they work in the harvest fields.

Three Mail Clerks Injured.

Atlanta, Ga. (Special).—Train No. 38 on the Southern railway, known as the New Orleans-New York limited, northbound, which left here at noon, met with an accident 30 miles from Charlotte, N. C. The tender, mail car and club car left the rails and three mail clerks were injured. No passenger was hurt and no one was killed. The train proceeded after a delay of five hours.

Explosion In Peking.

Peking (By Cable).—Fire in the German guard section at the legation quarter of the city at 10.30 o'clock P. M., burned the stables and mess-room and exploded a quantity of ammunition. Two German and one French soldier were killed and eight German and five French soldiers were severely wounded and four soldiers and civilians slightly wounded.

Southern Cotton Mills To Curtail.

Columbia, S. C. (Special).—It is announced that beginning next week Olympia, Granby, Richland and Capital City cotton mills of this city will run only four days a week. It is not stated, however, how long this curtailment will continue. These mills aggregate 200,000 spindles. Other cotton mills in the State are following a similar policy, some of which are closing down completely for a period of 10 days or two weeks.

PINIONED UNDER A BURNING AUTO

Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt's Stepson the Victim.

Paris (By Cable).—In one of the most terrible automobile accidents in many years in France, G. Winthrop Sands, a stepson of W. K. Vanderbilt, was killed just outside the grounds of Mr. Vanderbilt's beautiful country seat, the Chateau St. Louis de Poisey, 20 miles from Paris.

Mr. Sands was driving his 50-horsepower car along at a terrific clip in a desire to reach the chateau, where Mrs. Sands and her infant daughter were staying. He had always been known as a reckless driver, and, as he had been delayed at railroad crossings, he opened the throttle wide as he approached the chateau grounds.

Almost immediately a tire burst and the machine crashed into a tree, turning turtle and burying Mr. Sands under the forward part and pinning the Chaffeur Pickins to the ground. An explosion followed and in a moment the car was in flames.

Peasants working in the adjoining fields were the only witnesses to the accident. They rushed to the rescue, but fearing a further explosion of the gasoline tank and deterred by the sweep of flames they stood idly by, not knowing how to give assistance to the injured men. Finally they managed to raise the rear of the car and released the chauffeur, both of whose feet had been held tight, and a little later after beating down the fire, they dragged out the torn, bleeding and burned body of Sands.

Help soon arrived from the chateau, which is in the center of Mr. Vanderbilt's great breeding farm. The injured men were carried to the house, where it was found that Sands was beyond the hope of recovery, but that the chauffeur was not seriously injured.

MR. TAFT'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Woman Standing Near Candidate Is Shot.

Cincinnati, O. (Special).—The steamer Island Queen was fired on during its trip up the Ohio River with Judge Wm. H. Taft and the notification committee and guests aboard. Mrs. C. B. Russell, of this city, standing on the hurricane deck, directly under the seat occupied by the presidential candidate, was struck in the face and breast by a number of small shot. She was not seriously injured.

Very few of those on the steamer knew of the occurrence and Judge Taft was not told. A shotgun was used being fired by a man from a shanty boat moored to the Ohio side of the river. The identity of the shooter is unknown.

The Island Queen had steamed slowly around the bend at Dayton, Ky., and was near the middle of the river when persons leaning on the boardwalk saw a man emerge from the cabin of a shanty boat moored on the Ohio bank and fire a shotgun. He was in his shirt sleeves and wore a straw hat.

Mrs. Russell gave a scream and declared she had been shot. She was hurried into the cabin, where it was found she was not seriously injured. One of the shots had penetrated the skin over her left eye and another had struck her on the chin.

Once Rich; Died In Poverty.

York, Pa. (Special).—After living for years in great poverty, without even a bed to sleep on, John McDowell, an aged Dallastown resident, who, it is said, was at one time possessed of great wealth, is dead. About a week ago McDowell, who was helpless from what is said to have been neglect, was taken charge of by the Humane Society of this city.

Killed By United States Marshal.

Doniphan, Mo. (Special).—W. P. Whitwell, who kept a country store in Ripley County, was shot and killed while resisting arrest by W. G. Smith, a deputy United States marshal from Chicago. According to reports, Whitwell was wanted on charges of deserting the United States Army two or three years ago.

FINANCIAL

A seat on the New York Stock Exchange has been sold for \$79,000, as against \$78,000 for the last previous sale.

The Giles cotton estimate places condition on July 25 at 86.5 per cent. against 86 per cent. on July 10 and at 85.3 per cent. on June 25.

Application has been made to the New York Stock Exchange to list \$11,555,100 new capital stock of the American Steel Foundries Company.

A despatch from Pittsburg states that "the business of the Crucible Steel Company for July is showing a considerable increase over June, and orders are being received from agricultural implement makers, which are not usually placed until September or October."

The conference of traffic officers of the Southern Railway in progress for several days in Washington, has adjourned. It was their consensus of opinion that the large crops in the South this year will go far towards reviving business in that section. This belief is confirmed by W. A. Garrett, formerly of Philadelphia, now president of the Seaboard Air Line, who states that a considerable improvement in business is evident there already.

The syndicate in which is vested control of the Wisconsin Central Railroad has extended its agreement, which was to expire on August 21, for a term of one year. This syndicate is distinct from that comprising Brown Bros. & Co., Matland Coppel & Co., Edward Sweet & Co. and George A. Fernald & Co., which underwrote the Wisconsin Central's last issue of bonds, amounting to \$7,000,000.

The Bank of Montreal has shipped an additional \$250,000 gold coin to Canada from New York.