Helping Advertisers.

One of the best advertising agencies in this country has a reception-room known as "the sweat box." Here the manufacturer of an automobile, or piano-player is invited before his advertising campaign opens and a long consultation is held for the purpose of getting at the facts about his product and his business. The manufacturer is willing to talk and to tell all he knows. The World Today says that formerly a stenographer sat in the room and took down everything the manufacturer said. But the habit of dictation hindered him. He spoke formally, and his thoughts took useless channels. Now the stenographer is hidden in a compartment. The manufacturer talks for record without knowing it. He chats easily and has his commercial portrait taken as though he were in the studio of a photographer who hides the camera. He discusses competition, manufacturing secrets, his products, shortcomings, as well as its beauties. When he leaves the "sweat box" his advertising agent has and will keep in confidence data upon which to build merchandising plans, while the copy writers have their information.

The Origin Of "Ballot."

"Ballot," as generally used, has wandered far from its original meaning of "little ball." Even "blackballing" is no longer necessarily literal.

Language has several fossil relics of primitive methods of voting. Most famous is "ostracism," which perpetuates the memory of the "ostrakon," the potsherd or shell upon which the Athenian citizen voted for the banishment of a too prominent personage.

Another instance is "spondulicks," the slang word for money. A "spondulos," properly a vertebra of the spine, came to mean any round thing, and in particular the voting pebble or its mental equivalent.

A Wise Precaution.

Senator Bailey, of Texas, tells of one of his constituents, the father of a promising son, who had great difficulty in finding a Christian name for the youngster.

"What's the trouble, anyway?" Mr. Bailey asked, with considerable secret amusement. "There are a good many to choose from."

"Yes, that's true," the father said, rumpling his hair; "but we wanted to hit on a particularly good name for him, one that is pretty, and has a distinguished sound, and which is not common, as there will be so many babies named after him when he is President."

Preferred Age.

"Yes," said the old man, addressing his visitor, "I am proud of my girls and should like to see them all comfortably married, and as I have made a little money, they won't go to their husbands penniless. There's Margaret, 25 years old and a real good girl. I shall give her a thousand pounds when she marries. Then comes Bet, who won't see 35 again, and she'll have two thousand, and the man who takes Dora, who is 40, will have three thousand with her."

The young man reflected a moment or so and then nervously inquired: "You haven't one about 50, have you?"—From the Patler.

Reindeer In Alaska.

It is now nearly 20 years since Dr. Sheldon Jackson, of the United States Bureau of Education, obtained from Congress an appropriation to import reindeer from Siberia across the Bering Strait. During the first year 16 deer were brought over by Dr. Jackson personally. During successive years others were imported, until nearly a thousand had come altogether. There are today no fewer than 16,000 domestic reindeer distributed in herds along the North Alaskan coast.

A Difference.

"The people I lived wid before, ma'am," said the new cook, "was very plain."

"Well," asked her new employer, "are we not plain here?"

"Yez are, ma'am, but in a different way. They wuz plain in their way o' livin', not in their looks, ma'am."—Philadelphia Press.

Lost Out.

A man ate peanuts, nothing else,
And when that man was dead,
"He had tried to beat a shell game"
Was what the obit said.
—Philadelphia Ledger.

If there were not so many different ways of lying, more people would tell the truth.

WHAT WAS IT
The Woman Feared?

What a comfort to find it is not "the awful thing" feared, but only chronic indigestion, which proper food can relieve.

A woman in Ohio says:

"I was troubled for years with indigestion and chronic constipation. At times I would have such a gnawing in my stomach that I actually feared I had a—I dislike to write or even think of what I feared.

"Seeing an account of Grape-Nuts, I decided to try it. After a short time I was satisfied the trouble was not the awful thing I feared, but was still bad enough. However, I was relieved of a bad case of dyspepsia by changing from improper food to Grape-Nuts.

"Since that time my bowels have been as regular as a clock. I had also noticed before I began to eat Grape-Nuts that I was becoming forgetful of where I put little things about the house, which was very annoying.

"But since the digestive organs have become strong from eating Grape-Nuts, my memory is good and my mind as clear as when I was young, and I am thankful." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little booklet, "The Road to Wellville," in packages. "There's a Reason."

NEWS OF PENNSYLVANIA

FIGHT FOR MILLIONS ENDED.

Philadelphia (Special).—After litigation extending more than 10 years, the affairs of the estate of Dr. Thomas W. Evans, the famous Philadelphia dentist, who died in Paris, where he became a millionaire, have been finally adjusted in the courts of Philadelphia, New York and Paris.

All the papers in the case, including the signatures of 53 heirs to a release of all their claims against the legacy to the "Dr. Thomas W. Evans Museum and Institute Society," of this city, were received by the attorneys for the society.

As a result the society will come immediately into the possession of property in New York worth more than $1,000,000 and property in Philadelphia valued at $100,000. The residue of the estate, in Paris, worth at its present valuation about $800,000, will be distributed among the heirs.

At the time of Dr. Evans' death, the estimated value of the estate was $4,000,000 to $6,000,000, the bulk of it being in Paris. Numerous claimants for a share in the estate, other than those named in the bequests, soon appeared, and, becoming dissatisfied with the tardy settlement, brought charges against the executors, especially the three who were living in Paris. Suits in courts upon both sides of the ocean ensued. A partial settlement with the heirs was finally made by the distribution of $100,000 among them as an instalment of a legacy of $270,000, and a residue of Paris property, estimated at about $800,000.

It is believed there will be no more litigation. As it is, the contemplated magnificence of the two monuments Dr. Evans aimed to leave in perpetuation of his memory, a monument proper and the museum, will fall far short of his intention when he designed his will so as to leave his great fortune to the city of his nativity.

CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH.

Titusville (Special). — Awakened by the barking of his dog, Thomas W. Zuver, an oil producer, living east of here, found his house in flames. With difficulty he saved his wife and their baby. Two sons escaped from the second story, but were badly injured. Five children were burned to death. The dead:

Henry Zuver, aged 12.
Roland Zuver, aged 11.
Martha M. Zuver, aged 9.
Lettie J. Zuver, aged 7.
Nellie R. Zuver, aged 5.

The injured:

Nelson Zuver, aged 14, terribly burned, will probably die.

Wilbur Zuver, aged 16, painfully burned about the hands and face; will recover.

The fire is supposed to have originated in the floor beneath an overheated gas range. When Zuver was awakened by the dog and sprang from his bed flames filled the sitting room. He forced the wind sash out, calling to his wife to bring the baby. Climbing to the porch roof, Zuver met one of the older boys coming through the window. The boy fell senseless on the floor and dropped to the ground. Flames prevented Zuver from re-entering the window, and he dropped unconscious from the roof.

Wilbur, another son, attempted to save his little brothers, but failed. Looking through the hallway, he saw his three little sisters sleeping as the flames lapped up the bed clothing about them. Wilbur jumped from the window, and in the yard found his mother and the baby partly overcome by smoke.

MRS. WALKER GIVES $50,000.

Philadelphia (Special).—As a memorial to her father, who for years was interested in scientific research, Mrs. Anna Weightman Walker has contributed $50,000 to the fund for a proposed new building for the Franklin Institute, of this city, a scientific institution. Mrs. Walker inherited $60,000,000 from her father, the late William Weightman, of this city.

As the result of Mrs. Walker's gift the society will be enabled to secure the $125,000 known as the Franklin fund, which was founded by Benjamin Franklin, and which is controlled by the board of city trusts of Philadelphia.

The latter board over a year ago voted to turn over the found to the institute on condition that $200,000 be raised by outside contributions. This condition has now been fulfilled.

SHOT IN THE BACK.

Beaver Falls (Special).—John A. Rand, member of the faculty of a local business college, while escorting a young woman teacher of the school to her home, was shot in the back, the bullet penetrating his lung. As he stepped in front of the woman to protect her, three more shots were fired, the bullets piercing his hat. Rand walked half a block before falling. He is probably fatally wounded.

George W. Schaney, a local merchant, is under arrest charged with the shooting. He is alleged to have said of Rand when taken into custody: "That man ruined my family." Rand formerly lived at the Schaney home.

Defeated; Takes His Life.

Harrisburg (Special).—J. P. Luce, formerly superintendent of the La Lance and Grossjean Tinplate Mill, committed suicide by inhaling gas.

Mr. Luce was a member of the Harrisburg Park Commission until Tuesday evening when Councils refused to reelect him. The disappointment, it is said, together with financial troubles, caused the suicide.

NEW COLLEGE BUILDINGS.

State College (Special). — Plans for two new buildings at State College have just been completed by Architect J. Herbert Hall, of Huntingdon. One will be a four-story brick building, 40x50 feet in size, devoted to the couse in home economics. The first floor will be fitted up with lecture and working rooms for the young women. The upper stories will be divided into dormitories for the young women, so that they will have the advantage of being entirely housed in the one building. The cost of this building without the furnishings is estimated at $15,000.

The other building will be an addition to the chemical laboratories, and will consist of a frame superstructure over a cement basement, with an amphitheater capable of seating 500 persons. The approximate cost of this building will be $20,000. Bids are now being received for the erection of both buildings.

LINEMAN KILLED.

Lebanon (Special).—John S. Musser, a lineman in the employ of the local light and power company, and a prominent volunteer fireman of this city, was instantly killed in a fall from a 40-foot electric light wire pole.

Musser was about to descend the pole, and had loosed his guard strap, when he lost hold and fell to the pavement, crushing his skull. He was aged 31 years, and was unmarried.

Almost at the same hour an emery wheel at the Lebanon Chain Works burst and instantly killed Frank Krause, a molder, aged 35 years.

INCENDIARY CONFESSES.

North Wales. — Chester Burton, the young colored man suspected of having set fire to the barn of John J. Martin, a short distance from here, was arrested by officers who found him hiding in the cellar of a house occupied by William Durnell, a tenant on the farm of John Kulp, in Upper Gwynedd Township.

Burton was brought before Justice McNeill and acknowledged getting fire to the barn. His arm was badly burned in making his escape from the barn. He had been threatened with arrest for theft.

State Surplus A Million.

Harrisburg (Special).—It was estimated at the Auditor General's office that the revenues for the year will exceed $26,500,000. Last year they were $25,818,000, and this year, which will close for the department with November, will break records.

This is due to the close collecting done by Auditor General Young. The revenues run a million or more ahead of payments.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Joshua S. Robinson, a Reading freight conductor, fell from his train at the station at Reading and was so badly injured by being struck by a passing freight train that he died in a few hours in a hospital. He had recently built a new home at Hummelstown.

The Delaware & Hudson Coal Company, after several years' effort to get a hold in the Schuylkill region, is about to start mining coal immediately. They have just secured control of the Silverton Colliery at Llewellyn.

Stricken with paralysis, Benson Creveling, one of the best-known farmers of Columbia County, died suddenly at his home at Valley Dale Farm. He was 60 years of age and is survived by a wife and eight children.

Hugh Riley, of Neshaminy, was picked up near that place after midnight by the trolley crew on the Doylestown branch of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company with a leg broken. He could not explain how the accident happened, and was sent to the Jewish Hospital.

The Doylestown Hosiery Company, incorporated with a capital of $20,000, has asked the Court for the appointment of a receiver. The financial straits of the company are said by the officers caused by the condition of the market.

Farmers along Pine Run, Doylestown Township, are beginning to feel the results of visits from a mad dog six months ago. Horses owned by Mrs. Emma Gray and the Misses Lovett died from hydrophobia. A cow owned by Raymond Kephart also died as the result of having been bitten.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

New York city has one public servant for each 70 inhabitants.

Glass weights for scales are now in general use in Switzerland.

Beira, a little town in Africa, is built almost entirely of galvanized sheet metal.

Whether whales and dolphins ever sleep, observation so far has been unable to discover.

Nearly half the meat eaten in Berlin is beef; pork comes next, then mutton, while veal is fourth.

The tourist in Madagascar may travel by the flansana, which is made from two poles six feet long and with a feet rest.

Field Marshal Oyama is now living on half-pay in a little house in the west end of Tokio. He does not encourage any hero business.

Andrew Carnegie's "hero fund" was established in 1904 with $5,000,000 at its disposal. The commission has awarded 63 medals up to January 1, 1907, and disbursed about $40,000, aside from about $65,000 given San Francisco and other sufferers from disasters.

COMMERCIAL COLUMN.

Weekly Review of Trade and Latest Market Reports.

New York.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Dispatches from leading cities indicates conservatism in preparation for future business and irregularity in collections, with most favorable news from agricultural sections in which the crops are being marketed as freely as the supply of money will permit.

Primary markets for cotton goods are quiet, although the mills are still well occupied filling old contracts. Reports of the closing of cotton mills should not be given undue significance, more or less idle machinery being customary at this time of the year, and no additional new business is to be expected until clothiers begin to send duplicate orders.

Footwear factories note a slackening in demand, and output is being curtailed to prevent overproduction. Thus far the percentage of reduction is not heavy, some plants operating five days a week and others seven-hour days. There is little effort to force business, producers being more concerned in clearing up old contracts and collecting accounts. Tanners report a quiet leather market, some concerns receiving more countermands than new business, but the statistical position is strong because production has been curtailed for sometime. Prices are steadiest for sole leather, of which the output was first reduced, while there is pronounced weakness in harness leather, belting and glazed kid.

Wholesale Markets.

Baltimore.—Wheat—Sales of cargoes on grade at 102 for stock No. 2 red, 99 for special bin steamer No. 2 red, 98 for stock steamer No. 2 red, 94½ for special bin rejected, 93½ for stock rejected and 92½ for rejected to go through the drier. Small bag lots, by sample, sold at 87@94c. per bu.

The market for Western opened easier; spot and November, 101; No. 2 red Western, 102; December, 102¼@102½.

Corn—Western opened easy, ¼ to ½c. lower; spot, new 63¼c.; old and November, 63¾ to 63½; year, 61¾@62; January, 60¾@61.

Oats—White—No. 2, heavy, 54½@55c.; No. 2, light to medium, 53½@54; No. 3, heavy, 53@53½; No. 3, medium, 52@52½; No. 3, light, 51@51½; No. 4, light to heavy, 50@51. Mixed—No. 2, 52@52½c.; No. 3, 50½@51; No. 4, 48@49.

Butter—Creamery separator, 28½@29; imitation, 21@22.

Cheese—Market steady. Jobbing prices, 16¾@17½c.

Eggs—Market firm. Receipts of fresh stock continue light. We quote, per dozen, loss off: Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby, firsts, 31c.; Western, firsts, 31; West Virginia, firsts, 30; Southern, firsts, 28@29. Guinea eggs, 15@16c.

New York.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 103¾c., elevator; No. 2 red, 105½, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth nominal, f. o. b., afloat; No. 2 hard winter nominal, f. o. b., afloat.

Corn—Spot firm; No. 2, 67c., elevators, and 67¼, f. o. b., afloat; No. 2 white, 68¼c., and No. 2 yellow, 67¼, f. o. b., afloat. Option market was dull all day and a trifle easier, closing ⅛ to ⅝c. net lower. December, 68@68¼c., closed 68; May closed 65⅛.

Oats—Receipts, 134,400 bu.; exports, 1,130. Spot steady; mixed, 26@32 lbs., 52c.; natural white, 26@32 lbs., 52@54½; clipped white, 32@40 lbs., 53½@60.

Poultry — Alive steady; Western chickens, 11@12c.; fowls, 11@12; turkeys, 12@16. Dressed steady; Western chickens, 12@15c.; turkeys, 14@18; fowls, 10@13½.

Philadelphia. — Wheat firm, ½c. higher, contract grade; November, 101½@102. Corn, ½c. higher; November, 64½@65c. Oats ½c. lower; No. 2 white, natural, 53½@54c.

Butter firm; extra Western creamery, 28½c.; do., nearby prints, 30.

Eggs firm; Pennsylvania and other nearby, firsts, f. c., 31c. at mark; do., do., current receipts, in returnable cases, 30 at mark; Western choice, f. c., 31 at mark; do., fair to good, f. c., 30 at mark.

Live poultry steady; fowls, 12½@14c.; old roosters, 9@9½c; spring chickens, 11@13½; ducks, 12½@13½; geese, 12@14; turkeys, 14@16.

Live Stock.

Chicago.—Cattle—Market steady; steers, $4@6.50; cows, $3.25@4; heifers, $2.50@5; bulls, $2.60@4.75; calves, $3@7.50; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.70.

Hogs—Market strong 10c. to 15c. higher; choice heavy shippers, $5.40@5.50; light, butchers', $5.40@$5.50; light mixed, $5.25@5.35; choice light, $5.35@5.50; packing, $4.85@5.30; pigs, $4@5.10; bulk of sales, $5.15@5.30.

Sheep—Market slow; sheep, $3.75@5; lambs, $5@6.50; yearlings, $4.25@5.10.

Kansas City. — Cattle—Market steady to 15c. higher; choice export and dressed beef steers, $5.00@6.00; fair to good, $3.75@4.90; Western steers, $2.40@4.35; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.25; Southern steers, $3.25@4.00; Southern cows, $2.00@3.35; native cows, $1.85@3.90; native heifers, $2.50@4.35; bulls, $2.00@3.25; calves, $3.75@6.25.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Cattle—Supply light; steady; choice, $6.00@6.25; prime, $5.60@5.90. Sheep—Supply light; steady; prime wethers, $5.40@5.60; culls, $1.50@2.50; lambs, $5.00@7.00; veal calves, $8.00@8.25. Hogs—Receipts fair; active; prime heavies, $5.70@5.75; mediums and heavy Yorkers, $5.70; light Yorkers, $5.40@5.50; pigs, $5.15@5.25; roughs, $5.20@5.25.

Hogs—Market 15@25c. higher; top, $5.25; bulk of sales, $5.00@5.20; heavy, $4.95@5.25; packers, $5.00@5.20; pigs and light, $4.70@5.15.

Canned Shark.

"They can shark in Sweden," said a butcher. "They make of shark's flesh a very palatable and nourishing meat extract.

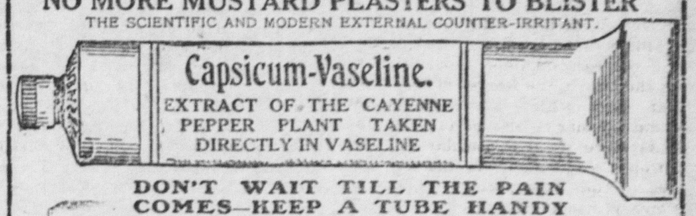
"For several years the business has been going on, and there are now several factories engaged in it. The stuff tastes exactly like extract of beef. The fish taste is eliminated—a secret process.

"The sharks, which are plentiful in those waters, are first chopped up fine in big hoppers and afterward boiled down to a liquid of the consistency of thin gruel. The oil is skimmed off, a second boiling follows, then a filtering. A clear fluid then remains. This is evaporated to the thickness of molasses, seasoned with salt and sugar and sealed up in jars, after the addition of some unknown chemical.

"It is an excellent meat extract. It hasn't a suspicion of fishiness about it. It builds up a consumptive or anaemic person as well as the best beef would do."—Los Angeles Times.

A woman wears a veil for the same reason that distance lends enchantment.

NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER
THE SCIENTIFIC AND MODERN EXTERNAL COUNTER-IRRITANT.



DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY

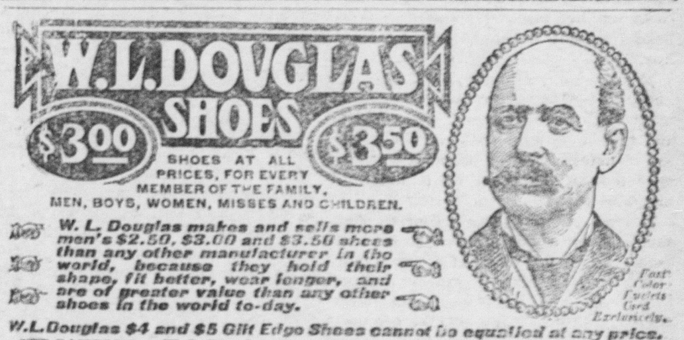
A QUICK, SURE, SAFE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN.—PRICE 15c. —IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES MADE OF PURE TIN—AT ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15c. IN POSTAGE STAMPS.

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of the article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve Headache and Sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all Rheumatic, Neuralgic and Gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household and for children. Once used no family will be without it. Many people say "it is the best of all your preparations." Accept no preparation of vaseline unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.

Send your address and we will mail our Vaseline Booklet describing our preparations which will interest you.

17 State St. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. New York City

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES



W. L. Douglas $4 and $5 Gilt Edge Shoes cannot be equalled at any price.

CAUTION.—W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the world. Illustrated catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

An electrical generator in a smelting plant at West Jordan, Utah, is said to have been in constant operation, 24 hours a day, for nearly four years and a half, with a single interruption, which was due to a broken pulley, for which the generator was in no way responsible.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Two Viewpoints.

In the parlor:

Mrs. Newportte—Have you heard of the latest bit of scandal? Mrs. Richley's son eloped with one of our kitchen maids—Katie, I believe her name is.

Mrs. Nouveau—The idea! So embarrassing for Mrs. Richley.

In the kitchen:

Bridget the Cook—Did yer hear the latest scandal?

Bedelia (a visitor)—What's that?

Bridget the Cook—Katie ran away and married Mrs. Richley's son.

Bedelia—Poor Katie. — Brooklyn Life.

At Fashionable Functions.

"You are a wonderful master of the piano, I hear."

"I blay aggompaniments zometimes."

"Accompaniments to singing?"

"Aggompaniments to gonversations."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

CONTAGION A QUESTION OF PREVENTION.

Sinks, drains, eating and cooking utensils, sick room linen and clothing frequently carry the dreaded disease-germ unnoticed by the household.

Thorough and hygienic cleansing is the best safeguard against infection, and such a safeguard is found in the universal household necessity—Borax.

This simple preventive carries in itself, disinfecting qualities which enter the fabric or act upon the article to be cleansed in a hygienic manner, eliminating every unwholesome property, rendering it contagion-proof, while at the same time Borax is of itself as harmless as salt.

Unlike most disinfectants which depend upon their strength of odor or harmful-to-the-system qualities, to arrest or prevent contagion, Borax is Nature's remedy, being easy to obtain and easy to apply, a simple solution in hot water being all the application necessary and requiring no prescription, it can be obtained from any grocer or druggist in convenient, economical household packages.

In addition to its disinfecting qualities, Borax is especially a household necessity, and can be used for softening water, cleansing and whitening clothes, clearing the skin, whitening hands, makes an excellent dandruff remover and can be used on the finest laces or most delicate fabrics without injury, while as an adjunct to the bath it removes all odor of perspiration and leaves the skin soft and velvety.

The Mound Builders.

After spending three months traveling in Manitoba and Saskatchewan in search of traces of the prehistoric mound builders, Prof. Henry Montgomery, of the University of Toronto, has decided that this mysterious race inhabited the continent as far north as 140 miles above the international boundary line. Mr. Montgomery, who has devoted 25 years to the study of mound builders and cliff dwellers, says he believes the mound builders were related to the cliff dwellers of New Mexico and Arizona and to the Aztecs of Mexico.

ECZEMA COVERED BABY.

Worst Case Doctors Ever Saw—Suffered Untold Misery — Perfect Cure by Cuticura Remedies.

"My son, who is now twenty-two years of age, when four months old began to have eczema on his face, spreading quite rapidly until he was nearly covered. The eczema was something terrible, and the doctors said it was the worst case they ever saw. At times his whole body and face were covered, all but his feet. I used many kinds of patent medicines to no avail. At last I decided to try Cuticura, when my boy was three years and four months old, having had eczema all that time and suffering untold misery. I began to use all three of the Cuticura Remedies. He was better in two months; in six months he was well. Mrs. R. L. Ridley, Piermont, N. H., Oct. 24, 1905."

Cotton matures rapidly, requiring about a month from the time of blooming till the boll bursts and the crop is ready for picking. April is cotton planting time.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. R. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

When he makes use of the words, "Can't you trust me, dear?" it is time not to.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Discretion is the art of knowing when a lie is more acceptable than the truth.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. At druggists.

Men who hold it a divine right to abuse women are strangely popular with women.

MOTHERS

and grandmothers all over this country say you will rarely need a doctor if you have at hand a bottle of

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

Applied promptly it gets right down to work and cures cuts, burns, bruises, bites, sprains, lameness and soreness.

ESTABLISHED 1810.

25c., three times as much 50c. All dealers. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER. IT WILL PAY
B N U 48

PATENTS Do you wish to know about PATENTS? Do you wish to know about TRADE-MARKS? Do you wish to know about PENSIONS? Do you wish to know about PAY and BOUNTY? Then write to W. H. Wood, Attorney-at-Law (Notary Public), Wills Building, 512 10th St., Washington, D. C. 24 years in Washington. Union soldiers and sailors—war 1861-1865—entitled to pension on age, after they reach it. Thousands of fathers, wives and children are entitled to pension.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water