## JAMESTOWN'S GREAT EXPOSITION OPENED Scientist Succumbs To Disease From

President Roosevelt Touches Button and Sets Things Moving.

#### ADDRESS MADE FROM SHAKY BOX.

The Opening Was Auspicious Despite Building - Crowds Were Large and Would Have Been Enormous If the Transportation Facilities Had Been Exposition Grounds.

Jamestown Exposition Grounds, Va. (Special) .- Three hundred guns at sunrise, 500 guns at 9 o'clock, a prayer, a speech, a golden key pressed by the President of the Unit- his death, he underwent five operaed States, a thousand flage unfurled from the rooftops of a new Magic tions of the fingers on both hands City; then more guns booming from and later for a part of the muscles the sides of visiting battleships, from covering the right breast. the clean-cut hulls of our own matchless fleet, and from the gray walls of Fortress Monroe. Thus was the exposition begun, which celebrates the 300th anniversary of the first English settlement in America, and is designed to demonstrate to the world the progress our country has Effort To Get Mayor Quincy, of made in art and science, in commerce and invention, since the followers of Capt. John Smith blazed a trail through the wilderness and laid the foundations of the Virginia common-

Guns, Flags And Music. The guns and flags and martial music which predominated at the spectacular opening of the big Virginia fair would have led the uninitiated to believe that this is all a war show. But this is only the outward display-the front of war that guards industry and of peace. Within the gtaes of the exposition the only signs that smack of power and force are the blue-coated policemen and the militiamen on duty to save the crowds from this own enthuslasm and to point the way for straggling strangers to the great buildings where are shown the products of human industry and peace.

This is the program that was followed at the formal opening of the exposition:

 Opening prayer by the Rt. Rev. Alfred Magill Randolph, bishop of the diocese of Southern Virginia. Address and introduction of the President of the United States by the Hon. Harry St. George Tucker, president of the Jamestown Exposition Association.

Mr. Tucker's address was historical, giving events that led to the in-dependence of the colonies and reating incidents that occurred at

Roosevelt's Address. He introduced President Roose-

velt, who said, in part: "At the outset I wish to say a word of special greeting to the representatives of the foreign governments here present. They have come assist us in celebrating what was very truth the birthday of this aation, for it was here that the colonists first settled, whose incoming, whose growth from their own loins and by the addition of newcomers from abroad, was to make the people which 169 years later assumed the tolemn responsibilities and weighty luties of complete independence."

and Ireland, said he had but a small amount of English blood in his veins, and went down welcoming each nation represented.

To The Japs. To the Japs he said:

'In particular, let me express a word of hearty welcome to the representative of the mighty island empire of Japan; that empire, which, in learning from the West, has shown that it had so much, so very much, to teach the West in return.

'To all of you here gathered I express my thanks for your coming. and I extend to you my earnest wishes for the welfare of your several

He then spoke of the significance the exposition, of the settlement of Jamestown and the growth of the country from that to the present time. After alluding to the civil war the President said:

The Blue And The Gray. "Oh, my hearers, my fellow countrymen, great indeed has been our good fortune; for as time clears away from brother and made each look 'as through a glass darkly' at the other. we can all feel the same pride in the valor, the devotion and the fealty toward the right as it was given to each to see the right, shown alike by the men who wore the blue and by the men who wore the gray. Some Epigrams.

maxim upon which Washington in- is described as fairly prominent both sisted, that the surest way to avert in financial and political circles in war is to be prepared to meet it.

selves or they must submit to being governed by others.

government from within.

Corporations. "At the moment the greatest prob- town. lem before us is how to exercise such control over the business use of vast wealth, individual, but especially corporate, as will insure it not being used against the interest of the pub- that it has recovered the securities lic, while yet permitting such ample is evident from statements which

individual initiative. Rector Of Russian Seminary Shot. Tamboy, Russia (By Cable) .-Father Simmeon, rector of the Ecclesiastical Seminary here, was shot

Kills Himself On A Train.

bert, son of a wealthy tobacco man of Murray, Ky., committed suicide on board a train en route from Memphis, Tenn., by swallowing poison. No cause for the act is known.

## DIES OF X-RAY CANCER

Experiments. Chicago (Special) .- Prof. Wol-

fram C. Fuchs, the original X-ray expert in this city, who became affected by a peculiar malady about three years ago known as X-ray cancer, died Wednesday, aged 41 years.

So far as known, Professor Fuchs the Incompleteness of the Exposition death is the fifth attributed to experiments with Roentgen rays, the other victims being an assistant to Thomas A. Edison, a Boston physician, Bertha Fleischman, of San Sufficient to Convey Visitors to the Francisco, and Dr. Louis A. Weigel, the Rochester surgeon, who died a year ago.

Professor Fuchs first became af fected in 1905 in both hands. In the fall of that year the first joint of the thumb of the right hand was removed, and between that time and tions-first for the removal of por-

# WORTH \$400,000

Boston, In Plot.

#### VERY PROMINENT MAN INVOLVED.

Citizen Prominent in Financial and Political Circles of Massachusetts Broker Dennett and Bond Clerk Douglass Now Under Arrest.

New York (Special) .- Part of the real story of the Douglass-Dennett bond thefts from the Trust Company of America just leaked out.

W. O. Douglass, the assistant bond clerk, had been taking bonds, it is said, in small amounts from the company for a year. He had been speculating in the market, expecting to return the bonds after he had made his pile. In these operations he was associated, it is charged, with Oliver M. Dennett. It was Dennett, it is said, who peddled the bonds around Wall Street in small amounts, putting them up as collateral for loans from reputable stock exchange houses.

Last week the affairs of the Douglass-Dennett combination became so desperate that Douglass decided that nothing but a bold stroke, it is said, could save him. On last Friday, therefore, he dipped into the trust company's strong box, it is alleged, and walked away with several bundred thonsand dollars' worth of bonds. One man who had heard the details of the case said that the clerk took \$400,000 of the bonds.

It was Douglass' purpose, it is stated, in making this big haul, to put the trust company in such a position that it might give him immunity the small amounts which he taken provided he would return the larger amount

Letters Sent Mayor Quincy.

Following this plan, a letter, it is said, was sent either by Douglass or Dennett to Joseph Quincy, former mayor of Boston. Dennett was formerly a Boston man, and it is said The President began with England | that he had met Mr. Quincy there. According to the story, the letter contained a request that Mr. Quincy would act as counsel for Douglass in negotiating a settlement with the trust company. According to statements that Dennett has made, Mr. Quincy refused to have anything to do with the case.

At any rate, a Rhode Island lawyer, it is understood, called on President Oakleigh Thorne, of the trust company, on Sunday in regard to this matter of a peaceful settlement of the trouble between the trust company and the Dennett-Douglass combination. Mr. Thorne informed the lawyer that both Dennett and Douglass were under arrest, and that

broke up the conference. On Monday Robertson Honey, a lawyer of this city, appeared for Douglass. Mr. Honey announced at the time that he had not been retained by the defendant, but by another party. Mr. Honey is a brother-inlaw of Josiah Quincy, and is the son of Samuel R. Honey, of Newport, former lieutenant governor of Rhode the mists that once shrouded brother Island. He is a graduate of Harvard and West Point, and was an assistant under District Attorney Asa

Bird Gardner, The Man Higher Up. It is said on good authority that there is a third party in Boston other than any yet mentioned who is connected in some way or other with Douglass and Dennett in the looting "We cannot afford to forget the of the trust company. This man Massachusetts. That the alleged Either people must govern them- Douglass plan to force the trust company into giving his immunity failed was due, in large part, it is believed, They can prevent the need of gov- to the prompt action which Presiernment from without only by show- dent Thorne and other members of ing that they possess the power of the trust company took. Douglass was arrested almost before he had had an opportunity to get out of

How the trust company recovered the big batch of bonds which Douglass took of his farewell visit to the vault has not been explained, but legitimate profits as will encourage representatives of the company have

## Gompers Will Make Reply.

Washington (Special) .- Samuel Gompers, President of the American and seriously wounded. It is thought | Federation of Labor, says that he will | later make answer to President Army is derided by the Liberals, that the would-be assassin is an ex-Roosevelt's letter reiterating his classification of the Idaho labor lead-Fulton, Ky. (Special) .- James Gillers, Moyer and Haywood, as "undesirable citizens." Further than this, Mr. Gompers would not comment on the letter, but it was received with rillas, implicating the former. displeasure at the headquarters of the Federation.

## PEACE BIRDS DEPART, WAR BIRDS GATHER.



-Drawn by Cartoonist DeMar, for the Philadelphia Record.

# GUNS ROAR, BUT PEACE REIGNS Said to Have Been Connected With The Great Exposition at Jamestown Opens--Whole World Represented.

THE GREATEST NAVAL PAGEANT IN THE WORLD'S HISTORY.

Fifty fighting ships, representing five great nations, participated in the naval pageant attendant upon the opening of the Jamestown Exposition Friday.

The deep-throated guns of the 50 ships voiced a salute in unison as President Roosevelt reviewed them from the deck of the yacht Mayflower.

The great fleet represented almost every type of fighting craft, from the "cheese box" Canonicus to the Connecticut, America's newest and most powerful battle-ship. The spectacle was viewed by representatives-court,

naval and military-of 37 of the nations of the world. The ships of the foreign Powers, except Germany, being painted a dark drab and the American and German ships being of spotless white made it appear as if there were two great fleets.

The foreign vessels were given the positions of honor, the fiag-ships of England, Germany and the United States lining up together.

Jamestown Exposition Grounds, Hampton Roads, Va. (Special) .- The deep-throated guns of five great nations voiced a salute in unison to the American flag and to the President of the United States. The reverberating of the cannon sped thundering and re-echoing over the waters of farfamed Hampton Roads, where nearly half a century ago the Monitor and the Merrimac met in the memorable conflict which brought into being the armored craft of war.

From the "little Yankee cheesebox set upon a raft" and the rectangular mass of iron which carried the Confederate flag in 1862 to the modern fighting machines typified by the flower of the American Navy gathered in holiday assemblage is a far cry. Yet many of those who stood on the hore and witnessed the naval pageant in the roadstead vividly recalled the historic time when the wind-rippled waters which formed the setting of this great international rendezvous of war vessels of recent years were splashing with the shot and shell of the first great battle of steel-clad

## REVIEWED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Prresident Roosevelt, from the bridge of the trim little yachtcruiser Mayflower, whose decks were the meeting-place of the peace plenipotentiaries of Russia and Japan less than two years ago, reviewed the great assemblage of flag-draped fighters gathered from the corners of the world to make a notable opening day of the Jamestown Ter-Centennial Exposition commemorating the three hundredth anniversary of the first English settlement in America.

Steaming down the long column of dark-hulled foreigners the President was greeted by each vessel in turn with a salute of 21 guns. The Mayflower then turned down the lane of American battle-ships and cruisers and again the roar of saluting cannon swept across the waters.

The new American Navy was in its infancy 14 years ago, when the brilliant international naval rendezvous of 1893 was held in Hampton Roads. Friday the magnificent Atlantic fleet, under command of Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, presented a picture of impressive fighting strength notable in the naval annals of the world.

The foreign vessels were given the positions of honor in a line stretching nearest and parallel to the shores of the Exposition grounds. Frowning and formidable in their dark drab coloring, with funnels as black as the smoke which poured from their tops, the ships sent by Great Britain, by Austria, by Germany and the Argentine Republic loomed in deep shaded relief aganist the dazzling background of American vessels, whose glistening white sides sparkled in the light rays reflected from the water and whose light buff superstructure and stacks lent a harmonious setting to the many hued flags floating from masthead and peak, from fighting top and flying truck.

The foreign vessels were suggestive of the American ships during days of the war with Spain, when the traditional and exclusive dressing

of white gave way to the sombre gray hue of war apparel. American vessels at naval gatherings abroad have always been an attractive centre of interest because of their graceful lines and clean-cut appearance. Today, assembled in the full strength of a home-protecting fleet, they made an impression which will live long in the memory of those who looked on as the President, as commander-in-chief, doffed his hat in acknowledgment of each thunderous salute which marked the progress

THIRTY-SEVEN NATIONS OF THE WORLD REPRESENTED.

Not the least impressed of those who witnessed this inaugural ceremony of the opening of the Exposition were the military and naval officers of 37 of the nations of the world. The Ambassadors and Ministers of all these nations were also among those who gazed upon the beautiful naval

The foreign diplomatists and officers were on board the steamer Newport News, which brought them down from Washington, and which was given a position of vantage over the hundreds of excursion steamers and pleasure craft of every imaginable description which formed a frame about the anchorage ground of the assembled fleets.

None of the excursion or pleasure craft were allowed to cruise between the war vessels and the shore, thus insuring those on the Exposition grounds an unobstructed view of the impressive ceremonies pictured almost as in miniature several thousands of yards away in the blue waters of the roadstead.

MIGHTIEST COLUMN OF AMERICAN BATTLE-SHIPS IN HISTORY. Back of the first line of foreign vessels was ranged the mightiest column of American battle-ships the history of the nation has ever known. Stretching away in a curving line up the broad channel-way from the Government pier off Old Point Comfort, 16 mighty fortresses of the sea, wide-hulled, squat and heavy-the backbone of the American Navyfittingly formed the centre of the fleet arranged for the day's review. In a third line, and all but hidden from the shore by the bulk of the heavy battle-ships, were the cruisers and spectre-like torpedo craft attached to the American squadrons.

## FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The plan for a Cuban standing army of 12,000 men, suggested by the general staff of the United States though it is attractive to a certain

element of the Cuban people. The Mexican government has demanded of Guatemala the extradition of General Lima as a result of the confessions of the assassins of Gen-

The King of Siam arrived at Naples on his tour of the world.

## NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

Reports from the leading cities of the union labor conditions reiterrate the views expressed by President Gompers, of the Federation of Labor, that there are no indications of any disturbances on May Day. Soveral persons were killed by a tornado in Texas and the town of Hemming was wiped out. Hail was banked up two feet deep in places. According to the coroner's jury,

John Grantham, watchman at the Atlantic Coast Line shops, at Way Cross, Ga., was murdered.

## AT THE NATION'S CAPITAL

Some Interesting Happenings Briefly

A report made by Consul J. Martin Miller, at Rheims shows that the cost of living is relatively higher in

France than in this country. Postmaster General Meyer approved the scheduled readjustment of the increased salaries of letter-car-

Foreign importers of American grain continue their complaints of the condition of the imports on ar-

Consul Richard Gunther reports on the growing of soap trees in Al-

Seven complaints were filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission against 16 railroad companies in the territory tributary to Indianapolis by the Indianapolis Freight Bureau. It was stated that the new owners of the Washington Railway and Electric Company had selected Secretary Loeb for president.

## AN ENGINE LEAPS FROM THE TRESTLE

Coupling Breaks and Saves a Hundred Passengers.

OTHER CARS STAYED ON TRACK.

ocomotive and One Coach Take Fortyfoot Plunge - The Coach Was, Fortunately, Empty, as Many Passengers Missed the Train on Account of Change in Schedule.

Pittsburg, Pa. (Special). - Two men were killed and 100 passengers had a thrilling escape from a like fate in a wreck on the Wabash Railroad, when the engine and one passenger coach of westbound train No. 27 left the tracks half a mile west of the Bridgeville Station, near here, and plunged into Chartiers Creek, 40 feet below. Scores of people missed death or injury through a change in the schedule.

The train was made up of four passenger coaches. It was crossing a trestle over Chartiers Creek, when, without warning, the engine suddenly leaped from the rails and shot to the stream underfieath, taking the first coach with it. The forepart of the engine sank several feet into the mud of the creek bed. The coach was smashed to splinters by its terrific impact with the locomotive. By what railroad men regard as little more than chance there were no passengers in the front coach. copling between it and the second coach was wrenched in two when it was torn from the trestle by the

None of those in the three rear oaches knew of the accident or realized how close they had come to death until several minutes afterward. when the cars, deprived of motive ower, slackened their speed and came to a stop. A new schedule went into effect on the road, and to this fact many owe their lives.

were placed in the three rear coaches Boyd and McIsaacs were pied. crushed to death. A short time after the wreck their mangled bodies were found under the debris in the shallow water.

## Longworth Assailed.

Columbus, O. (Special). - In his morning sermon at the Second Presbyterian Church in Cincinnati Sun- sister and two brothers, who live at day, Rev. Robert Watson noticed the | Coal Hill. Ross was a son of Mr. dinner to be given at that hour by and Mrs. J. D. Ross and was 35 years Mrs. Longworth to her son, Congress- old. He was employed in the postman Longworth, and his wife, the office here. President's daughter, and said that the Spanish-American War and servany one who so violated the Sabbath |ed in the Philippines with the reguwas not fit to represent a district in lar Army at its close. Miss Sampsell, Congress.

## Jack London Sets Sail.

San Francisco (Special). - Jack London's sailboat, the Snark, started for Honolulu, the first port, on six years' cruise around the world. The vessel is forty-five feet long, ketch-rigged, and its occupants, besides London and his wife, are Herbert S. Stoltz, a Stanford graduate and athlete: Roscoe Eames, captain: Martin Johnson, cook, and Hileshia Tochigi, cabin boy.

## Ian Maclaren III.

Ottumwa, Iowa (Special). - Dr. arrived at Mount Pleasant, Iowa, to address the students of Iowa Wesleyan University, was taken seriously ill with tonsilitis and was removed to a hospital. All his engagements have been cancelled.

## Watchman Murdered.

Waycross, Ga. (Special) .- According to the verdict of the coroner's jury, John Grantham, 35 years old, was murdered by unknown parties at the new Atlantic Coast Line shops here. The body of the dead man was found at noon by his little son, who er's dinner. A bullet had entered his breast near the heart. The body was about 70 feet from the building in which Grantham's pistol was found with one chamber empty.

Cause Of Mine Explosions. Grafton, W. Va. (Special) .- Clar-

ence Hill, of the United States Geological Survey, is in West Virginia investigating the causes of the many serious mine explosions that have occurred in various parts of the state within the past few years. Upon completion of his work he will report the result to the Washington authorities and recommend a system which will tend to prevent such disasters in future. During the investigation both the mines that were the scenes of the explosions and those that were not will be inspected.

## DOUBLE TRAGEDY

STOPS WEDDING

Kills Former Lover and Herself.

## HE WAS TO HAVE WED ANOTHER.

Young Woman Summons Former Sweetheart to Her by Phone and Calmly Shoots Him and Then Turns Weapon on Herself-Dead Man Was to Have Been Married to Another Woman.

Oil City, Pa. (Special).-Thaddeus Stevens Ross, of this city, was shot three times and instantly killed here Wednesday by Miss Belle Stroup. The young woman then shot herself through the heart. The tragedy occurred in the office of Dr. George W. Magee while the physician was at lunch. Both victims were members of prominent families. Ross was to have been married Wednesday night at 9 o'clock to Miss Drusilla Sampsell, of this city. There were no witnesses to the shooting. The murderer and suicide was a former sweetheart of the dead man.

Ross was dinning at home with his family, discussing the coming marriage ceremony, when the telephone rang. His father answered the call, and a woman's voice made inquiry for "Thad." Mr. Ross called his son, and the young man, after answering, picked up his hat and informed the family he had to go to the doctor's office for a few minutes, but would return as soon as he could. This was the last time his parents saw him alive.

Body Blocked Office Door.

Miss Stroup arrived at noon from Bradford, where she had been employed in a hospital, and went directly to the office of Dr. Magee. Finding no one in the office she called Ross on the telephone and asked him to come to the office and see her. What took place there no one will ever know. It could not be ascertained from persons who were in the building at the time that any loud talking took place between

them, or that they had quarreled. When Dr. Magee returned from lunch and opened the door he found the dead bodies. In a chair in corner of the office sat Ross, his head lying back on the chair and blood streaming from a bullet wound in his neck. His forehead was burned with powder where a bullet entered his brain. Another ball had pierced his heart. Miss Stroup was lying a few feet away, face downward, where her body partly blocked the office Blood was flowing from a

wound in her left side. Ross had seated himself in a large chair, and apparently, while talking to the girl, had placed both hands in his trousers pockets. The girl wore long black kid gloves, but before doing the shooting had slipped both her hands from the gloves, and they hung loose from her bloody

## Fell At Man's Feet.

It is thought she walked over to Under the new schedule train No. the chair in which Ross was seated, 27 left the city 45 minutes earlier and, shieldings the .32-caliber revoland over 50 persons missed the train ver with her dress, fired the first for this reason. On account of the shot at his heart, Apparently he reduced number of passengers all never moved, as the position of the body was natural when found. Wishwhile the front coach was unoccu- ing to make sure of her work, the girl fired two more shots, one taking effect in the neck and the other entering the brain. Standing over her victim, she then shot herself through the heart. The revolver dropped from her hands and was found near her body

Miss Stroup was born in this county 28 years ago. Both her parents are dead, and she is survived by one He was a veteran of the bride-elect is prostrated tonight.

## Beg For Dowie Funeral.

Waukegan, Ill. (Special) .- An urgent subscription list is being circulated at Zion City to obtain \$500 to pay for Dowie's funeral. He died penniless and his wife shows no disposition to pay the bill. There has been some grumbling by those to whom the list has been presented.

## Davila Succeeds Bonilla.

Puerto Cortez, Honduras (By Cable) .- A new provisional govenment John Watson (Ian MacLaren), who of Honduras was organized with Gen. Miguel R. Davila as president, and Gen. Dionisio Guiterrez minister of war. The telegram said that this government was formed by "unanimous consent."

## IN THE FINANCIAL WORLD.

The Bank of Germany reduced its' discount rate from 6 to 5 1/2 per cent. The Third National Bank, Philadelphia, increased its dividend rate from 10 per cent to 12 per cent. per annum.

The number of new merchant went to the shops to carry his fath- ships under construction is considerably smaller than a year ago. The Pennsy's steel rail order for 1908, which are subject to revision,

amount to 153,000 tons, against 170,000 tons last year. Exports of general merchandise at New York last week were \$12,957,-725, and for year to date \$203,154,-

628, against \$187,072,607 same period of 1906. Uncle Sam's weekly weather bulletin had the effect of putting up the price of wheat and of further causing some uneasiness over the pro-

jects of the final yield. The Girard earned the most last year of any of the thirty-six national banks in Philadelphia, the amount being \$575,000. Earnings so far this year exceeded those for the same period in 1906.