

The Centre Reporter.



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CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1906.

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OFFICIAL VOTE IN CENTRE CO., NOV. 6, 1906.

DISTRICTS	State ('05)		Governor	Assembly	Senator	Congress	Jury Com.					
	Treasurer	Plummer, R.										
Bellefonte, N. W.	162	234	193	149	185	156	227	107	202	143	211	128
Bellefonte, S. W.	150	233	149	180	127	209	179	154	146	186	148	179
Bellefonte, W. W.	67	82	61	80	60	82	76	64	68	76	70	74
Phillipsburg, 1st W.	56	105	77	72	98	53	59	88	104	52	97	55
Phillipsburg, 2d W.	96	170	129	122	146	106	123	122	143	107	141	105
Phillipsburg, 3d W.	90	119	94	74	108	57	81	84	108	63	112	53
Centre Hall	27	97	24	81	26	82	27	76	35	74	26	82
Howard	93	48	99	48	100	47	97	52	102	45	102	45
Millsburg	30	128	29	101	29	100	29	99	32	98	32	97
Millsburg	84	35	83	22	83	23	80	20	83	23	86	20
South Phillipsburg	31	30	45	23	50	19	44	23	49	21	48	21
Unionville	44	30	43	27	43	26	45	22	48	23	46	23
State College	80	119	69	121	87	103	118	70	106	88	108	82
Benner, N. P.	55	60	47	45	47	44	47	45	48	46	47	45
Benner, S.	45	44	44	35	46	33	46	33	46	34	45	33
Boggs, N.	41	20	39	16	39	17	38	18	41	15	39	17
Boggs, E.	39	39	45	24	44	24	46	21	45	25	44	24
Boggs, W.	106	64	96	42	93	47	95	38	101	45	96	42
Burtside	31	18	38	16	37	16	37	16	37	16	37	16
College	148	76	125	55	127	52	123	54	154	56	126	55
Curtin	55	45	46	43	50	36	29	57	35	53	32	55
Ferguson, E.	65	121	64	123	65	122	70	116	68	121	65	122
Ferguson, W.	78	43	78	32	78	31	77	31	78	29	76	32
Gregg, N.	9	66	7	60	8	59	8	59	8	59	8	59
Gregg, E.	28	104	25	100	25	97	24	99	23	97	25	97
Gregg, W.	48	135	43	134	56	121	44	129	59	120	55	123
Haines, E.	29	79	31	70	31	69	31	69	34	70	30	71
Haines, W.	60	113	61	93	58	95	60	93	62	93	59	94
Halfmoon	75	30	74	22	81	18	79	17	81	19	80	17
Howard	59	124	53	127	56	102	56	102	58	103	57	99
Houston	68	59	60	42	60	39	53	44	57	42	59	41
Liberty, E.	100	56	119	46	122	42	118	43	122	41	122	37
Liberty, W.	13	2	9	1	8	2	9	1	8	1	8	1
Marion	45	64	37	60	35	58	34	58	34	59	35	59
Miles, E.	19	56	14	47	15	46	12	48	14	49	17	44
Miles, M.	43	135	38	125	38	126	39	125	38	128	55	109
Miles, W.	11	66	10	47	8	51	11	49	11	49	13	46
Patton	89	64	118	63	117	62	121	59	116	65	117	63
Penn	26	197	34	164	25	164	25	162	28	162	26	164
Potter, N.	33	98	36	88	37	87	34	88	36	90	35	87
Potter, S.	28	86	31	74	30	75	30	74	32	72	31	73
Potter, W.	11	88	4	68	3	71	4	68	13	68	4	70
Rush, N.	51	86	61	52	64	49	59	44	70	51	65	44
Rush, E.	20	20	29	12	27	14	29	12	28	14	29	12
Rush, S.	99	80	111	82	111	80	116	74	114	78	115	73
Snow Shoe, E.	142	112	112	85	109	85	115	81	109	88	115	80
Snow Shoe, W.	39	42	36	49	41	40	39	42	41	43	40	43
Spring, N.	104	68	88	59	85	57	87	55	89	52	87	55
Spring, S.	140	115	109	99	99	107	107	94	109	94	107	96
Spring, W.	96	62	90	49	76	60	90	46	78	61	84	48
Taylor	64	13	65	14	66	13	65	14	66	15	65	14
Union	85	57	76	41	80	35	74	36	93	35	80	37
Walker, E.	54	62	39	50	41	48	42	47	42	47	41	48
Walker, M.	33	79	24	77	25	76	32	69	27	73	28	73
Walker, W.	23	65	24	60	24	59	28	53	22	61	22	61
Worth	100	47	113	34	114	32	112	34	112	34	112	32
TOTAL	3610	4576	3569	3698	3648	3546	3798	3622	3741	3622	3741	3525
Majorities	966	186	108	102	176	216						

VOTE BY PARTIES.

Showing the number of votes received by each candidate and the Political Party to which it was credited.

OFFICES AND CANDIDATES	Republican	Democrat	Lincoln	Commonwealth	Referendum	United Labor	Prohibition	Socialistic	Labor	Citizen	TOTAL
GOVERNOR											
Edwin S. Stuart	3564										53569
Lewis Emery, Jr.		3421	316	5	3	10					37555
Homers L. Castle							209				209
James A. Maurer								9			9
John Desmond										5	5
LIEUT. GOVERNOR											
Robert S. Murphy	3551										43555
Jeremiah S. Black		3379	246	6	2	8					3641
H. D. Patton							222				222
Charles P. Gildea								10			10
James Clark									6		6
AUDITOR GENERAL											
Robert K. Young	3538										43542
Wm. T. Creasy		3429	199	47	3	9	148				3835
Edward Moore								13			13
Wm. H. Thomas									5		5
SECY INT. AFFAIRS											
Henry Houch	3730										63736
John J. Green		3357	189	1	2	11					3560
George Hoffman							208				208
Henry W. Kane								10			10
James A. McConnel									5		5
CONGRESS											
Charles F. Barclay	3646										3798
Hugh S. Taylor		3622									3622
James D. Blair									17		17
SENATOR											
Henry C. Quigley	3648										3648
George M. Dimeling		3546									3546
LEGISLATURE											
Charles T. Frybarger	3590										3590
John Noll		3698									3698
JURY COMMISSIONER											
Clement H. Granley	3741										3741
J. Adam Hazel		3525									3525

Ought not some physician to advise Governor-elect Stuart to take a vacation. The capitol jobbery is easily diagnosed as acting as an obsession upon his mind, and though it is not at all a hallucination, still constant dwelling upon it may produce a nervous misfortune. He insists upon renewing his promise to investigate the capitol affair, though his running mate sought to ridicule it. He pledges himself to bring the law's vengeance upon delinquents in their duty to the State. And then he adds the contrite confession, as well as the tremendous suggestion: "One thing is certain—as long as I remain in office, no group of men will ever again be authorized to use their judgment in spending \$9,000,000 upon 'incidentals' in connection with the furnishing of any building." Could there be a more complete admission that the contention of the campaign was right, and had Senator Knox as candidly discussed what was an issue, instead of

pettifogging, the Penrose gang would have received its merited defeat. How can Pennsylvania now attend the inaugural of his successor. He stands condemned as consenting to this wanton and suspicious waste. Like John Adams assumed himself from the inauguration of Jefferson, the outgoing executive leaves unwept, unhonored and unsung, even by his old associates.

More than seventy-five per cent. of the members of the next legislature have given their written pledge to vote for two-cent fare on steam railroads. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is quoted as saying that it will not oppose this measure, but it will likely make a desperate effort to defeat the movement to allow trolley lines to carry freight.

Stuart gets all his majority in Philadelphia and Allegheny counties. Outside of these Republican strongholds there is a small majority against him.

DEER SEASON.

A Few Points of Law Governing the Hunting of Deer and Fawn.

Deer may be lawfully killed from today (Thursday) until December 1st. The limit is one deer or fawn for the season.

Killing a deer or capturing it while in the waters of any stream, lake or pond is prohibited.

No one shall make use of dog or dogs in hunting deer. The fact that a dog is taken into the woods, or harbored at a hunting camp is sufficient evidence that the law is violated.

A dog following the tracks of a deer may be declared a public nuisance and may be killed. The owner of the dog can not make recovery for its value.

It is illegal to be in possession of any deer or fawn or part thereof, except during the open season, and for fifteen days thereafter.

It is illegal to make use of what is known as buck-shot in hunting deer or fawn, or using a gun of any description emitting more than one pellet, bullet or ball, at a single discharge.

It is illegal to buy or sell any deer or fawn, or part thereof.

It is illegal to ship from the state a deer or fawn, unless the same is to be returned.

No person shall kill or capture a deer or fawn for wages or hire.

Democrats elected the Governor of Rhode Island again, and that State is also a great factor. In New Hampshire it took the official vote to decide the contest for Governor. They re-elected the Democratic Governor of Minnesota, who was first elected two years ago. They elected a part of their state ticket in New York—it will require the official returns to show how the State offices will be divided. Washington correspondents allow the Republicans a majority of 60 in the House, but it may be as low as 54. The Democrats have made substantial gains in New Jersey, and they have gained six congressional seats from Pennsylvania in spite of Mr. Stuart's large plurality. They have recovered Missouri and gained North Dakota. Even Kansas was very close. There is plenty of encouragement for the next Presidential campaign.

Not a State which was Democratic has been lost, and several that either had gone astray or were long-obliterated, have been converted. All the caekle about Maryland, Missouri, Tennessee and Kentucky has ceased. The Democrats are solely camping on the deserted ground and chucking.

After the Jamestown Exposition the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific World's Fair will attract the attention of the country. This is a Seattle enterprise and is booked for 1907. With the characteristic energy of the Northwest, the citizens of Seattle are striving to make their exposition a great success, and in one day subscribed \$650,000 to finance the project. The Washington Legislature will appropriate \$1,000,000. Undaunted by the frequency of "world's" fairs in the United States, the promoters of the Seattle enterprise are confident that it will assume national and international importance. It is proposed to hold the exposition on the grounds of the University of Washington, that the buildings shall be of a permanent character and after the close of the exposition become the property of the university, to be used as recitation rooms and dormitories. The staff palaces of Chicago, Portland and St. Louis were sold for a trifle of their cost. The idea of making a university the final beneficiary of a world's fair is unique and does credit to the inventive genius of the managers of the Seattle Exposition.

It has just dawned on the Republicans of New York that Mr. Hearst will be in a position to have the vote for mayor of New York recounted as soon as Attorney General Jackson takes the oath of office. And a recount will doubtless make Hearst mayor.

While John Noll continues to be the representative for Centre county to the Lower house, Capt. Frybarger is distributing a few of the public documents. He is having that much of the real pleasure of office holding.

In an editorial the Philadelphia Press advocated that the state should take over and build abandoned turnpikes. That's a sensible talk. Its improvement on the road platform that swamped Mr. Quigley.

The Republicans have still a good working majority in Congress; but it is not so "stand pat" as it was. The voters have been making some notable subtractions and additions.

It is a side-step toward tariff revision when Massachusetts and Iowa join hands in electing sturdy friends of revision to the Governorship.</