

# PRESIDENT SENDS A WARNING TO CUBA

## Cabinet Conference Decides Upon Vigorous Measures.

### STRONG LETTER TO SENOR QUESADA.

#### Cuban Congress Empowers President Palma to Prosecute War Against the Rebels by Tripling Government Forces—Warships For Cuba on Way.

#### IMPORTANT MOVES.

Secretary of War Taft and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon sailed for Havana Sunday to investigate the situation and probably act as peace-makers.

In a letter to Senor Quesada, the Cuban minister, President Roosevelt warns the Cuban people that the United States will intervene if they "acquire the insurrectionary habit."

The Cuban Congress, in extra session, empowered President Palma to use all public funds needed to prosecute the war against the rebels.

The government's forces will be tripled, providing the men can be secured.

More warships are being hurried to Cuban waters with large forces of marines and rapid-fire guns.

The destruction by the rebels of a number of large American tobacco and sugar plantations, including the Homigero Central Company's Constanca plantation, near Cienfuegos, has quickened the desire for American intervention.

Alfredo Zayas, Liberal leader, wired the rebel commander to cease fighting pending negotiations for surrender to the American naval commander.

Oyster Bay, N. Y. (Special).—After a protracted conference with Secretary of War Taft, Acting Secretary of State Bacon and Secretary of the Navy Bonaparte, President Roosevelt addressed an important communication to Cuba and arranged to send Secretaries Taft and Bacon to that island on Sunday to make a thorough investigation of the conditions there and lend their influence to restore peace.

The communication is addressed to the Cuban Minister to the United States, Senor Quesada. It is an impassioned plea to Cuba to realize her responsibility as a self-governing republic and to restore peace in the island. Her attention is called to no uncertain language to the responsibility which the United States bears to the island, and the certainty that such responsibility will necessarily be exercised should peace not be preserved.

The President says he has certain information that the peace of the island is now menaced, and that American property has been destroyed.

#### The President's Letter.

The President's letter to Senor Quesada follows:

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sept. 14, 1906.

My Dear Quesada: In this crisis in the affairs of the Republic of Cuba I write you, not merely because you are the minister of Cuba accredited to this government, but because you and I were intimately drawn together at the time when the United States intervened in the affairs of Cuba with the result of making her an independent nation. You know how sincere my affection and admiration and regard for Cuba are.

You know that I never have done and never shall do anything in reference to Cuba save with such sincere regard for her welfare. You also know the pride I felt because it came to me as President to withdraw the American troops from the island of Cuba and officially to proclaim her independence and to wish her good-speed in her career as a free republic.

I desire now through you to say a word of solemn warning to your people, whose earnest wish I am. For seven years Cuba has been in a condition of profound peace and of steadily growing prosperity. For four years this peace and prosperity have obtained under her own independent government.

Her peace, prosperity and independence are now menaced, for of all possible evils that can befall Cuba the worst is the evil of anarchy into which civil war and revolutionary disturbances will assuredly throw her. Whoever is responsible for armed revolution and outrages, whoever is responsible in any way for the condition of the affairs that now obtains, is an enemy of Cuba, and doubly heavy is the responsibility of the man who, affecting to be the special champion of Cuban independence, takes any step which will jeopardize that independence. For there is just one way in which Cuban independence can be secured, and that is for the Cuban people to show their ability to continue in their path of peaceful and orderly progress.

This nation asks nothing of Cuba save that it shall continue to develop as it has developed during the past seven years; that it shall know and practice the orderly liberty which will assuredly bring an ever-increasing measure of peace and prosperity to the beautiful Queen of the Antilles.

#### As To Intervention.

Our intervention in Cuban affairs will only come if Cuba herself shows that she has fallen into the insurrectionary habit; that she lacks the self-restraint necessary to peaceful self-government, and that her contending factions have plunged the country into anarchy.

Sincerely yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Senor Don Gonzale de Quesada, the Cuban Minister.

# THE NEWS OF THE WEEK.

## Domestic.

### Surrounding the arrest of Dr. W. W. Turver, of Buffalo, is a mystery which is baffling to the police. Dr. Turver conducts a private maternity hospital and is under indictment for illegitimate practices. A few days ago the body of Miss Edith Pinner was shipped to Hoboken, N. J. It is believed she died as the result of a criminal operation in Dr. Turver's hospital.

The trial of Cornelius P. Shea and 16 other officials of the labor organizations of Chicago who were connected with the teamsters' strike of 1905 began. The cases have been pending on the Criminal Court docket since June, 1905. The prediction is made that the trials will consume a year's time and cost \$200,000.

In an interview in Pittsburg President John Mitchell, of the Miner's Union, heartily indorsed President Roosevelt's stand in entering the political campaigns.

There was a lively fist fight on the deck of the steamship Graf Waldersee, in which a number of Polish immigrants were the combatants.

After being a fugitive from justice for nearly a year, Granville M. Gwyne, cashier of the Bank of Hayti, Mo., returned and surrendered.

At Denver, Col., Alva Adams, of Pueblo, was nominated by the Democratic State Convention for governor by acclamation.

Dissatisfied stockholders of the Pullman Company are asking for a distribution of the accumulated large surplus.

Col. W. H. Knauss, of Columbus, O., was elected president of the Union Veterans' Legion.

The United States Rubber Company has established a branch in Great Britain.

Connecticut is reported to have raised an unprecedented tobacco crop. At Albany, N. Y., a certificate of incorporation of the Commercial Cable Company of Cuba was filed with the secretary of state. It is organized with a capital of \$100,000 to operate telegraphic communication between New York and Havana by way of Florida and Key West.

At Findley, O., a plea of "not guilty" was entered in the Probate Court by John D. Rockefeller on the charge of violating the Anti-trust Law through the Standard Oil Company. Mr. Rockefeller was not present in court. He pleaded through an attorney.

Lightning struck a flagpole on a 16-story building in New York. The employees of the Butterick Pattern Company, mostly girls, were for a minute thrown into a panic.

Because she would not give up property that belonged to his dead wife, Harry Daimond, aged 23 years, shot and killed Mrs. Bertha Cohen, his mother-in-law.

Former Congressman Theodore A. Bell was nominated for governor of California by the State Democratic Convention at Sacramento.

Atlantic City was chosen as the place for the next convention of the Order of Hoosiers.

Seven trainmen were killed in a railroad collision at Ringgold, Ga. Twelve persons were killed in a wreck on the Canadian Pacific Railroad at Sudbury.

## Foreign.

### Anti-Jewish agitation is rife in Odessa, a proclamation issued by the "Union of Russian People," urging patriots to exterminate the Jews.

Santos Dumont's new aeroplane broke down in midair, fell rapidly, and the aeronaut had a narrow escape.

The Chilean volcano is in full eruption and more earthquake shocks have been experienced between the Provinces of Santiago and Manle.

Ninety thousand German troops were engaged in the concluding military maneuvers in Prussia. The Emperor himself was in the saddle 10 hours.

All European powers, with the exception of England and Switzerland, have united in a movement to stamp out terrorism.

Thirty Bulgarians are reported to have been killed at Ismaolova in a conflict with Greeks and armed Turkish peasants.

King Oscar, of Sweden, received from ex-Governor Francis the St. Louis Exposition gold medal.

Frederick and Therese Humbert, the Paris swindlers, were released from prison.

Albrecht, Prince of Prussia, the richest prince in Germany, died of apoplexy.

A band of Pulajanes surprised the colored troops near Bava, Leyte, killing two and wounding eight. The soldiers finally routed the fanatics, killing and wounding many.

An irade has been issued by the Sultan of Turkey ordering the purchase of 50 Maxim guns from Germany and countermanding an order to buy 50 Hotchkiss guns in France.

It is rumored that Alfred Zayas, vice president of the Cuban Senate, has joined the insurgents, and has been selected as the head of the provisional government.

The steamer Prinz Adelbert left Tangier with Paul O. Stensland, president of the wrecked Milwaukee Avenue State Bank of Chicago, on board for New York.

A revolutionary plot against the government was discovered in Salvador, and the republic was declared in a state of seige.

Colonel Pakovloff, chief of the transfer prison in Warsaw, was assassinated.

Countess Sophie Tolstol, wife of the Count Leo Tolstol, was reported to be seriously ill at her home in Yessaya, Pollana.

Zenaida Konoplarikovo, the girl who assassinated General Min, at Peterhof, is reported to have been executed.

Architect Lewis Levi has prepared plans for a new synagogue to be erected for the Adas Israel Congregation.

An operation was performed on the Duchess of Pife, eldest daughter of King Edward.

# BEATEN TO DEATH WITH A HATCHET

## A Farmer's Wife Murdered Near Media, Pa.

### THE HUSBAND UNDER SCRUTINY.

#### During the Absence of Her Husband Mrs. E. H. Pavitt Was Attacked and Killed by an Unknown Assailant—Her Body Was Crushed Almost Into a Pulp.

Media, Pa., (Special).—Mrs. E. H. Pavitt, wife of a farmer, was beaten to death at her home, in Marple township, near here, with a hatchet in the hands of an unknown assailant during the absence of her husband. Her body with the head crushed almost into a pulp was found lying on the kitchen floor by her husband upon his return from Chester, where he had gone to dispose of a load of farm produce.

When the husband reached his home, after an absence of three hours, he found all the windows closed and the front door locked. Entering through the kitchen door, he came upon the body of Mrs. Pavitt stretched full length upon the floor in a pool of blood. A hatchet belonging to the farmer was lying near the body. The blade and handle were covered with blood and the walls of the room were spattered. The woman's teeth had been knocked out, her arms were lacerated and her skull was crushed to an extent that showed her assailant must have wielded the hatchet with fearful force.

A trail of blood leading to the front window was evidence that the murder had left the house through the window and pulled the sash down after him. Pavitt notified his nearest neighbors of the crime. In a short time a posse of farmers was organized, and a few hours later William Kelson, colored, aged 19 years, was taken into custody on suspicion. He denies all knowledge of the crime. The coroner and district attorney visited the farmhouse as soon as they were informed of the murder.

A negro answering Kelson's description was seen loitering near the Pavitt farm about 8 o'clock A. M. The negro proved an alibi and was released. Meantime the authorities are investigating the movements of Pavitt, whose statements, they say, are not entirely borne out by the facts.

Pavitt told the coroner that he experienced some difficulty in opening the kitchen door because his wife's body was jammed against it. The coroner measured the distance from the door to where the body had apparently lain and said it could not have prevented the door from opening.

Pavitt said also that his wife spoke to him when he entered the room, but the coroner's physician declares the condition of the body indicated that the woman had been dead at least four or five hours. Pavitt said he left home for Chester at 5 o'clock. He was seen in Chester at 11 o'clock. His wife was in bed, he said, when he departed.

## MUST BE ROAST BEEF.

### Packers Make An Unsuccessful Appeal To The President.

Washington (Special).—"Roast beef" will continue to be called "roast beef" on the labels under the new Meat Inspection Law, with the provision that immediately after the name there is placed a description of how the meat is prepared, whether actually roasted, or parboiled and steamed. This decision was reached at a conference which the Chicago packers, represented by James E. Wilson, had with Secretary of Agriculture Wilson. Senator Hopkins, of Illinois, was also present. The packers desired to have the designation "roast beef" remain on the label unqualified, and when this privilege was denied them by the department, they took the matter to Oyster Bay. The President referred them back to the Secretary of Agriculture.

## Junta's Organ Seized.

St. Louis, Mo., (Special).—The plant of Regeneracion, organ of the Mexican junta here, has been seized. According to the statement of Senor A. P. Arcuji, only member of the staff about the premises, the next number of the paper will probably be issued in Europe or in Venezuela. Ricardo Flores Magar, president of the junta, and Juan Sarabia, vice president, are in Europe. The seizure was under an attachment suit for \$2,500, filed by attorneys representing Col. W. C. Greene, the copper king of Cananea, Mexico. He charges libel.

## Prosecuting Standard Oil.

Jefferson City, Mo., (Special).—Chas. Connor, special agent of the Department of Justice at Washington, who has been here for the last 10 days examining the evidence obtained by Attorney General Hadley in his proceedings against the Standard Oil Company, left for St. Paul, where he will submit a report on the result of his investigations to F. B. Kellogg, special counsel for the government in the Standard Oil investigation. The presumption here is that proceedings will be instituted at St. Paul.

## Thirty Dollar Club.

Boston, Mass. (Special).—A number of most attractive girls in the suburb of Malden who believe that spinsterhood is preferable to marriage and poverty have organized a "thirty-dollar club." The members are pledged to refuse all offers of marriage which come from young men earning less than \$30 a week. At its next meeting the club will act upon applications of admission of 10 candidates.

# AT THE NATION'S CAPITAL

## Some Interesting Happenings Briefly Told.

### Dr. Eugene H. Plumbacher, American consul at Maracaibo, has made an interesting report on his experiments with leper patients there.

Exports from Porto Rico are twice as large as in the preceding year.

The Interstate Commerce Commission was asked to modify that provision of the law requiring railways to give 30 days' notice by publication before changing rates. The railways maintain that the export rate for markets and declare that so great and rapid are the fluctuations in rates by reason of the abundance or scarcity of bottoms for ocean carrying that it would be an utter impossibility to obey the law and maintain an export through rate.

The Treasury Department declined to make its weekly purchase of silver bullion, the lowest offer being 68.87 cents an ounce. This is 2 cents over the price obtained by the government a month ago, when it began buying the metal.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, expresses himself as satisfied with the opposition of the Federation to the re-election of Congressman Littlefield.

The Commissioner General of Immigration has decided that the chorus girls imported by Director Conried are artists, and not contract laborers.

A Danellian, an Armenian, was arrested for trying to bribe immigration Inspector Garbarino to let in undesirable Armenians.

Col. William S. Stanton, Corps of Engineers, was put on the retired list.

## CAN'T EAT OR DRINK.

### Unfortunate Plight Of A New Jersey Woman.

Passaic, N. J. (Special).—Physicians here are puzzled by the case of Mrs. Abram Tack, 76 years old, of 63 Linden Street, who for 15 days and nights has been unable to take food or drink. Early in June Mrs. Tack was troubled with indigestion and when she recovered refused all diet except bread and milk, insisting that all other foods were poison to her.

She lived on bread and milk until two weeks ago, when she became unable to eat even that simple food or even to drink water. She had no symptoms of disease and continued to do her housework until last Sunday, when she became too weak to stand alone. She cannot retain any medicine given her and the doctors are powerless.

The woman suffers no pain, but is gradually wasting away. Her husband, when seen, said that she did not weigh more than 35 pounds. Her case is exciting considerable interest among medical men.

## AMBASSADOR SLIGHTED.

### Mr. Francis Not Invited To An Event At Budapest.

Vienna, (By Cable).—According to a report published in the Budapest newspaper Anap, the State Department at Washington has advised Consul General Chester not to attend the unveiling of the Washington statue at Budapest, because the committee in charge of the ceremonies omitted to invite Ambassador Charles S. Francis.

Mr. Chester, however, could only attend in his private capacity, not being entitled to perform any official function at the ceremony. At the American Embassy here it was stated that nothing was known regarding the matter, except the fact that Ambassador Francis has not been invited.

The Hungarian government will be represented at the unveiling by Premier Wekerle, minister of commerce; Francis Kosuth and Minister of Worship Anpny.

## MANY DEAD IN WRECK.

### A Terrific Crash On The Canadian Pacific.

Sudbury, Ont. (Special).—Twelve persons are known to be dead and there were a score injured in a head-on collision between two Canadian Pacific Railway passenger trains at Azilda, seven miles west of Sudbury.

The third section of a harvesters' train was standing at Azilda waiting for the eastbound express, when the fast train came along and crashed into it head-on.

## Wife Promised Support.

Philadelphia (Special).—White and bent with age, Victor Albis, nearly 80 years of age, weepingly told the court when arraigned on charges of failing to support his wife that his wife promised to support him when she proposed marriage two months ago. "He deceived me as to the property he owned," declared Mrs. Albis, who appeared only slightly younger than her husband.

## Shot And Killed His Wife.

Charlotte, N. C. (Special).—William McCartney shot and instantly killed his wife, Georgia McCartney, aged 24, in a house at Newbern. McCartney is in jail and claims the killing was accidental. The coroner has been unable to locate the two or three eye witnesses to the tragedy.

## Missing Man Located.

Charlotte, N. C. (Special).—W. A. Jones, cashier of the Hope Mills Bank, a branch of the Bank of Fayetteville, N. C., who disappeared 10 days ago, was located at Crewe, Va., where he has taken a position in the dispatcher's office of the Norfolk and Western. The news came in a message to his father, all previous efforts to locate him having proved futile. His accounts are found to be straight and no cause is known for his strange action.

# MASSACRE OF JEWS IN CITY OF SIEDLCE

## Ghastly Work of Murder and Pillage For 36 Hours.

### UNRESTRAINED BY THE AUTHORITIES.

#### Christians Shot in Trying to Protect the Jews—Evidence That the Massacre Was Planned Like the Other Similar Horrors in Poland—Bombthrowing Is Followed by Volleys From the Troops.

## HORRORS IN POLAND.

The massacre of Jews in Siedlce is as terrible as the slaughter at Kishinef.

At least 2,000 were killed, more than 1,000 wounded and of the hundreds taken prisoners many are wounded.

Not a Russian soldier was killed, showing that the wholesale murders were apparently unprovoked and not the result of an attack upon the troops.

Russian officers openly permitted the soldiers to loot stores and homes and then peddle their stealings on the streets.

Women were maltreated by the soldier brutes. A carnival of outrage, murder and pillage prevailed.

The Jews in Warsaw continue panic-stricken, and there are indications that an attack upon them is being planned.

The revolutionary torch was applied at Vladivostok and the warehouses and piers of the volunteer fleet destroyed.

## Siedlce, Poland (By Cable).—The

terrible crimes committed at Kishinef and other Jewish centers have been repeated here. Half of the 30,000 population of this city are Jews. Hundreds of the latter have been killed and wounded in the past 24 hours by the brutal soldiers of the Czar. Women and children have not been spared. There is evidence that the massacre was planned. The soldiers warned all of the Christian population in advance to hang out their ikons so that they might remain undisturbed. Saturday night some terrorists killed two soldiers, and thereupon the Libau Regiment broke forth in unbridled fury. They began murdering Jews on every hand and continued the work of slaughter all night Saturday night and all day Sunday. The ghastly work of murdering and pillaging continued until an early hour Monday morning, when Governor General Skallon telegraphed for permission to use the artillery.

Four batteries then opened fire down Plenska, Warsaw and Allena Streets, which were inhabited by thousands of Jews. The destruction was horrible. As a result of the general slaughter, it is estimated that fully 200 Jews have been killed and 1,000 wounded. There are over 1,000 prisoners in custody, a great many of whom are wounded. Not a Jew was killed and but few injured.

Monday morning squads of soldiers were parading through the streets selling pillaged watches and jewelry. The local Governor Engle took no steps to prevent the outrage. The refugees continue to crowd the stations. The soldiers are drunk and behaving with extraordinary brutality.

A delegation of citizens asked the governor to order the troops to cease firing, but the governor replied that the citizens must deliver up their leaders and the revolutionists or otherwise the city would be bombarded. The authorities assert that 15 terrorists have arrived here from Warsaw and that they must be arrested before any of the inhabitants are permitted to leave the city.

The scenes Sunday and Monday were of unspeakable horror. Everywhere there were screams and cries mingled with the sound of shooting. Women and children were maltreated and murdered.

## THE MNERIS WIN.

### Dettry Secures Back Pay For His Men To April, 1903.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa. (Special).—At a meeting of the conciliation board here President Dettry, of the Seventh District, won his case for the men at the Cranberry colliery of A. Pardee & Co., after a three-year struggle. He secured for them back pay from April 1, 1903.

The company put in force a scale of wages by which the inside hands, including company miners and drivers, were reduced in wages about three cents a day. This reduction, the company contended, was for an allowance which had formerly been made for oil. The men, however, proved that for many years prior to April 1, 1902, they were paid a certain rate for work, with no mention of an allowance. The ruling goes into effect April 1, 1903.

The grievance of the Grassy Island miners of the Delaware and Hudson Company, which alleged discrimination against men working in certain veins, was brought up, but no decision was reached. No word has been received from Empire Neill in regard to the three cases now before him for adjustment. The next meeting of the board will be held here on September 24.

## FINANCIAL WORLD.

Reading bulls say it will cross Pennsylvania this week.

West Jersey & Seashore directors declared the regular semi-annual three per cent. dividend.

In the year which ended April 30 the American Smelting & Refining Company earned net \$10,161,000, an increase of \$1,262,000. The amount available for the dividend on the \$30,000,000 of common stock was \$5,274,000, or a little more than 16 per cent.

# STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

## latest News Gleaned From Various Parts.

### A factory is being equipped in York by the Teter Heavy Developing Company for the purpose of manufacturing a new incandescent lamp.

During a heavy electrical storm lightning struck one of the large buildings of the Kopp Brick Manufacturing plant near Emigsville, York County. Three buildings in which films were located and several buildings used for storage purposes were destroyed.

Joseph Davis, an old resident of Judson, near Wilkes-Barre, was struck and fatally injured by a Delaware and Hudson Railroad train.

Horst Hess, an engineer at the No. 1 colliery of the Susquehanna Coal Co., who was crushed under a fall of top rock while repairing a slope engine, died at the hospital, Wilkes-Barre.

The county commissioners of Luzerne have decided to grant no more exemptions from taxes, unless the claimant has a recommendation for exoneration from the poor board or the school board of his district. Hitherto, they have granted these at first seeing.

The New Mountain City Trust Company of Altoona opened its doors Wednesday. The first day's deposits amounted to \$75,000. H. L. Nicholson is the president and E. J. Lomnitz, secretary-treasurer. The capital is \$250,000 with 200,000 surplus.

Armita Huber, aged two years, pulled a pot of boiling coffee over herself at Altoona and was fatally scalded.

Burton Funk, aged 19, employed at the Pennsylvania Railroad roundhouse, tripped and fell in front of an engine at Altoona and was decapitated.

As the result of annoyance, due to frequent shortage of water in various parts of Wilkes-Barre, a movement has now been started to ascertain if the citizens desire a municipal water plant. Councilman Evans has introduced into the city council a resolution that the question be submitted to the people of the city at the Spring election.

William Reinsmith, aged 67 years, was fatally injured at Altoona by being thrown from a load of bricks and run over by the heavy wagon.

Mrs. Thomas O'Neill, of Bridgeport, was beaten with a hammer in the hands of a burglar at 2 o'clock the other morning and rendered unconscious for a time. She was awakened by a noise on the first floor of her residence. Thinking that her husband had returned from work earlier than usual she went down stairs to make an investigation. As she entered the dining room Mrs. O'Neill was struck a blow on the head and knocked down. The burglar then escaped. Near the O'Neill residence later the police found a coat that had evidently been dropped by the burglar in his flight. Several pieces of jewelry were found in the pockets. The coat may lead to the identification of the thief.

A coal train on the Lehigh Valley Railroad was wrecked at Delano and twenty-five loaded gondolas were piled about in a promiscuous heap. The train was traveling at about twenty-five miles an hour when the axle of a car snapped, causing the smash-up. Traffic was delayed for several hours.

The William Falge Boiler Company manufacturers of cast-iron heating boilers and radiators, of New York, signed a contract with the Chamber of Commerce of Meadville, to bring its Norwich, Conn., and Exeter, N. H., plants to Meadville. The company will erect big buildings and be ready for operations with two hundred men within one year.

Students at the high school at Sayre who nazed a fellow-student were given such a fright that they have not recovered yet. Their victim was Abram Booth, a newcomer in the school, and the student nazed him in the approved method upon the steps of the schoolhouse. Booth fought back and in the melee fell or was thrown headlong down the stairs. They picked him up but he was unconscious, and, badly frightened, they hurried him to the hospital, thinking him dying. There the physicians found that he had little more damage than a bruised head and hip, while the boys who took him there and others who awaited their report had severe palpitation of the heart.

A mile under ground at Shamo-kin, Simon Burcavage, an insane man, engaged in a fierce fight with a number of miners and fractured the skull of Richard Pether, fire boss. He will likely die. A crowd of miners rushed at the maniac, and after a desperate struggle tied him to a plank, and conveying him to the surface, turned him over to the police.

Because of the typhoid epidemic prevalent in Hamburg the opening of the public schools was postponed to September 10, as a precautionary measure against the spread of the disease by the public schools' pupils. The authorities are now nearly positive as to the cause or source of the disease, subsequent to the flood in the North Ward. In this ward 54 per cent. of the cases reported got their water at a certain well, which since has been found to be contaminated.

Ricardo Forte was hanged at West Chester for the murder of two small Italian children in Howellsville, eighteen months ago. There was nothing sensational in the execution. Dominick Di Luca, father of the murdered children, witnessed the execution.

The Williamsport Board of Trade has just sent out an artistic booklet devoted to an exposition of the commercial advantages, the beauties and healthfulness of that city. It is a convincing piece of advertising and another evidence of the hustling propensities of the Board of Trade and the citizens in general.