

## FAST EXPRESS TRAIN WRECKED

### Two Trainmen Killed and 15 Passengers Killed.

## THE ENGINE RAN INTO LANDSLIDE.

Wreck of the Pacific Express on the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Not Far From Poughkeepsie—One of the Fastest Trains on the Line Jumps the Track at Chelsea.

Fishkill Landing (Special).—Pacific express train No. 37, of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, which left the Grand Central Station, in New York, at 9:32 o'clock P. M., was wrecked shortly before midnight a short distance above Chelsea and 11 miles below Poughkeepsie by running into a landslide, which had been swept down from a high embankment by a terrific rainstorm.

The engine of the flyer was thrown from the rails and plunged into the river. Fireman Mills was killed outright, and Engineer Edward Wells, whose home is in the Bronx, N. Y., was so badly injured that he will die.

Fifteen passengers were seriously injured and a score of others received minor hurts.

The injured were taken to Highland Hospital, at Matteawan.

All the doctors at Poughkeepsie and this place were called to the scene.

During the afternoon and night heavy rains undermined the embankment on the east side of the tracks and shortly before the arrival of train 37, tons of earth and rock slid out on the roadbed, covering the northbound track.

The express train was going swiftly when the engine plunged into the mass of earth and stone. The locomotive turned turtle and rolled over into the river. The heavy trucks of the baggage car and the first coach sank into the pile of earth and brought the remainder of the train to a sudden stop.

The passengers were thrown violently about the cars. The wrecked train was made up of four Pullman cars, six day coaches, one baggage car, one mail car and one combination baggage and mail car. Four of the day coaches were wrecked.

Superintendent McCoy, of the Harlem Division, was in charge of the relief train that came from New York. On the train were 50 or more trained nurses and a number of physicians.

## LIGHTNING STRIKES CAMPERS TENT.

### One Man Killed and Two Others Severely Shocked.

Conneaut Lake, Pa., (Special).—Lightning struck the tent of a camping party during an electric storm here Sunday, killing Edward Kinsey and severely shocking Robert Martin and A. W. Rupprecht, members of an outing club from Wilmerding, Pa.

The men were holding the tent pole in an effort to prevent the tent being blown away, when a bolt shattered it in their hands. The men were prostrated, but Martin and Rupprecht were soon revived. Kinsey, however, was found to be badly burned along the entire left side of the body and his heart seemed to be affected. He was rushed to a hospital at Meadville on a special train, but died before reaching there.

The two others received burns, from which they will recover.

## FISHING YACHTS CAPSIZE.

### Eight Persons Drowned Off New Jersey Coast.

Anglesea, N. J., (Special).—Two yachts coming in from the fishing banks capsized on Hereford Inlet Bar off here Sunday, and so far as can be ascertained eight persons lost their lives. There were 32 persons on one yacht, of whom 7 were lost, and 12 on the other, all of whom but 1 were saved. That not more fell victims to the rough sea was due to the heroism of Capt. Henry S. Ludlow, of the Hereford Inlet Life-saving Station, and a crew of five men. It was at first thought that from 14 to 25 persons had been lost, but after an investigation the coroner stated that he believed only eight were lost.

## Girls Drowned, Men Saved.

Somerville, N. J., (Special).—Miss May Klemmes, of Brooklyn; Miss Bertha Smith, of East New York, and Miss George Lapp, of Williamsburg, were drowned on Lake Hopacongon by the capsizing of a row-boat. The girls were in the boat with three young men, when a storm arose and the boat was capsized. The three men were rescued. They say they made every effort to save the girls.

## Rockefeller May Invest in Frisco.

San Francisco, (Special).—Percy Rockefeller, son of William Rockefeller, is in San Francisco investigating the field for investment. Young Rockefeller is being advised as to the usury laws of California, and if they be deemed satisfactory the Rockefeller interests are likely to invest millions in San Francisco in the near future.

## Burial of a Heavyweight.

Anderson, Ind., (Special).—Five thousand people were attracted to Anderson Cemetery by the burial of Joseph Rodreap, a farmer and the heaviest man in Madison County. Mr. Rodreap weighed 480 pounds. His coffin was 3 feet wide, 26 inches deep and 7 feet long. No horse would admit it because of its size and a casket wagon was used as a funeral car. Ten men were required to carry the coffin and 16 men to lower it into the grave.

## Tartars and Armenians.

Tiflis (By Cable).—Advices received here from the Armenian town of Shusha, 180 miles to the southeast, announced a renewal of hostilities between Armenians and Tartars there. Shusha was bombarded for three days with 21 guns, and finally set afire. Sunday the victory received a telegram stating that the hostilities had ceased and that five representatives of each race had been selected to draw up conditions to insure a lasting peace in the district.

## LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

### DOMESTIC

Frank J. Constantino, under arrest in Poughkeepsie for the murder of Mrs. Gentry in Chicago, declares that his brother, who, he says, is his double, and not himself, should have been arrested.

The body of Winzola M. Goodell, the missing daughter of Wesley M. Goodell, was found in "Upper Pond," Belchertown, Mass., by her father and a cousin. The girl disappeared July 6.

Charles H. Evenly, a trusted bank official and an exemplary citizen of St. Louis, is wanted by the police of that city on charge of embezzling \$5,000.

H. C. Brookmeyer, who was a nephew of Prince Bismarck, died in St. Louis. He was a former lieutenant governor and acting governor of Missouri.

The express company clerk who invested a two-cent stamp and bid on Panama Canal bonds has sold his option at a profit of \$10,000.

The United States government is strengthening its military posts on the Mexican border in anticipation of an uprising in Mexico.

At Bangor, Me., a young athlete saved six women who were thrown into the water by the capsizing of their boat.

At the fourteenth annual meeting of the United States League of Local Loan and Building Associations, in Cincinnati, it was shown that these associations throughout the country have in hand \$629,344,257.

Miss Anna Crane, a gray-haired matron of New York, who was sent to Paris to rescue Evelyn Nesbit from Harry Thaw, declares that Thaw beat Miss Nesbit, as well as herself.

A St. Louis woman who received a threatening "Black Hand" letter refused to be frightened. She turned the letter over to the police. Her arrest has been made.

A Chicago man, mistaking another flat for his own, was fired upon and wounded by the rightful occupant, who mistook his neighbor for a burglar.

Frank J. Constantino, who is wanted in Chicago for the murder of Mrs. Louise H. Gentry, last January, is under arrest in Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

A jealous Italian, in New York, shot four times at the object of his affections. She escaped uninjured. Three pedestrians were wounded.

Five men have been arrested in New York, charged with washing and selling New York state stamps.

A Kentucky judge has ordered a posse of 300 men to bring in a party of feudists, dead or alive.

Ellen Terry, the English actress, will make a farewell tour of America.

W. H. Williams, of Dublin, Ga., was killed in a baseball game.

Corporation Counsel Lewis, of Chicago, charges the managers of the Marshall Field estate with moving over \$2,000,000 in stocks and bonds to New York to escape taxation.

Leader Murphy says it is not impossible for Tammany Hall to support William R. Hearst for governor of New York.

Ten lives were lost and four persons are missing in the collapse of the Amenden building, in South Farmington, Mass.

The Republican convention of the State of New York will endorse the administration of President Roosevelt.

A. Doehner, of Philadelphia, won \$2,700 in pools on the daily runs of the steamship Kronprinz Wilhelm.

John D. Strassburg, supposed to be the oldest postoffice employe in the world, died in Louisville.

Part of a Great Northern train plunged from a tunnel into a deep lake in Washington Territory.

Officials of Chicago courts announce that publicity will be given to all applications for divorce.

Cardinal Gibbons reached his seventy-second birthday in unusual good health and spirits.

The burning hull of an abandoned vessel was sighted 900 miles east of Sandy Hook.

Dr. George W. Atherton, of the Pennsylvania State College, is dead.

The Philadelphia Board of Health has closed 20 slaughter-houses.

### FOREIGN

A serious engagement near Muluya is reported to have resulted in the defeat of the pretender by the forces of the Sultan of Morocco.

Ambassador Whitelaw Reid entertained at dinner the American delegates to the Conference of the Interparliamentary Union.

King Edward received the representatives of the American Institute of Mining Engineers at Buckingham Palace.

The censorship on foreign newspapers brought into the country has been re-established in Russia.

The total loss resulting from the burning of the city of Syzran, Russia, is \$5,000,000.

Eight Russian government spies were killed by terrorists in St. Petersburg.

There was a joint meeting in London of the members of the British Iron and Steel Institute and the American Institute of Mining Engineers.

An official denial was issued in Paris of the report that Major Dreyfus' face was slapped by an unnamed army officer at the Cercle Militaire.

A fire which started in the center of the city of Leeds, England, was finally drowned out, with a total loss estimated at \$50,000.

Six of the elected members of the Council of the Empire, including four representatives of science, have resigned.

The Mayor of Southampton, England, inspected the cadets on the United States schoolship Saratoga.

Pirates are reported to have attacked a Spanish bark off the Riff Coast.

## BOMB DROPPED FROM L. TRAIN

### Six Union Plumbers Are Injured in New York.

## A RIVAL UNION IS ACCUSED.

Explosive Mistletoe Hurled From a Third Avenue Elevated Train Into a Crowd of Men on the Street Beneath—Six Men Were Injured, Though Not Seriously, but None Were Killed.

New York (Special).—Two bombs were dropped from the windows of a southbound Third Avenue elevated train at 8:30 o'clock P. M., into a crowd of about 200 members of Associated United Plumbers, Local No. 480, in front of Teutonia Hall, 158 Third Avenue. Six union plumbers of Lodge 480 were lacerated, though not seriously, by the explosion of the bombs, and after having been treated by Dr. Herrick at Bellevue Hospital were able to go to their homes.

After the smoke of the explosion had cleared away and police reserves from the East Twenty-second Street Station had arrived on the scene, President William Thompson, of Local 480, sought out Police Captain Hussey, who was making an investigation of the bombthrowing.

"I am convinced that a member of Local No. 2 of the Plumbers' Union did the trick," said President Thompson.

Shortly after 8 o'clock the members of Local No. 480 began to gather in front of Teutonia Hall, on Third Avenue, near Sixth Street, in anticipation of an important meeting of the union, which was to be held there. President Thompson had met President Frank Gartland, of Local No. 2, the rival union, with whom there had been intermittent warfare for sometime, in the afternoon, and the two had come to a decision on the difference between the two union lodges. It was upon this that President Thompson was to report. The members of Local No. 480 were waiting for the Silverworkers of America, Branch No. 1, to vacate Teutonia Hall before going into session.

As a southbound elevated train passed by overhead a black object was seen to fall to the street near the curb and right in the midst of one segment of the crowd of union men. There was a flash and a heavy explosion. Out of the heavy white cloud of smoke three men groped their way to the saloon door, three others lay prone on the cobbles.

Policeman Perkins, who was standing on the opposite corner, rushed to the scene of the explosion and helped carry the injured men into the saloon. Then he immediately rang in a call for the Bellevue Hospital ambulance and sent in another for the reserves of the East Twenty-second Street Station.

Police Captain Hussey made a search of the vicinity for a possible clue to the perpetrator of the attempted wholesale assassination, but found none. Two men said that they had seen an arm stretched out of the window of the elevated train as it was going past, and had seen the package of bombs dropped. There were two explosions, one following the other almost simultaneously.

Captain Hussey picked up some burnt paper, such as that wrapped about giant torpedoes, but no other fragments of the bombs could be found. He said that it was his belief that corded bombs, steeped in nitroglycerin such as Italian bombthrowers favor, had been the instruments used.

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## LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

Chairman Knapp, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, sent a circular letter to the railroad companies asking them to have their schedules arranged in compliance with the law.

Information was filed in the Washington Police Court charging the District Construction Company and the Penn Construction Company with violating the eight-hour law.

Secretary Wilson made public the regulations under the recent law for inspection of packing plants and meats intended for interstate commerce.

A petition and argument for a rehearing was filed in the United States Supreme Court in behalf of ex-United States Senator Burton, of Kansas.

President Palma has pardoned the Americans who were convicted of maintaining a private telegraph line on the Isle of Pines.

The China government has decided to adopt trial by jury and several other features of the Eastern judicial system.

A commission has been constituted to select and divide the lands of the Osage Indians in Oklahoma.

Brigadier General Rice, who served in three wars, was interred in Washington with scant military honors, owing to the absence of troops from the capital.

Acting Secretary of War Oliver has sent instructions to the commanding general of the military camps of instruction to avoid the spread of disease.

The Interstate Commerce Commission has re-opened the Peavey-Union Pacific elevator case to hear further evidence regarding alleged rebates.

American Consul Britain, of Kahl, Germany, reports that adulterations of food in Germany is widespread.

One hundred and fifty thousand regulars and state militia will take part in the coming army maneuvers.

The names of 1,000 men are eligible as meat inspectors.

The War Department has issued orders to its officials ordering them to report all violations of the eight-hour law on the part of contractors.

Jackson Smith has been named manager of subsistence on the Canal Zone and will be responsible hereafter for all hotels and messes.

Ambassador Leishman reported his arrival at Pera, the diplomatic suburb of Constantinople.

The Guatemalan Government has returned to Salvador the prisoners taken in the recent war.

## FOUR MILES ABOVE EARTH.

### Record-breaking Ascent of Two Philadelphia Physicians.

Philadelphia (Special).—Science will be greatly benefited by the knowledge gained by Drs. T. Chalmers Fulton and Samuel J. Ottinger in their successful and record-breaking balloon ascension, the most successful ever attempted in this city. Many tests were made by both doctors, each using the other for a subject, and the knowledge gained by them will shortly be made known to the medical world. Other experiments were also made and are now in the almost simultaneous possession of the United States Weather Bureau.

Drs. Ottinger and Fulton remained in the air, four miles above the earth—the highest yet attained by a balloon in this country—until almost over West Chester, where they descended safely and called for their assistants in this city.

Other ascensions are said to be contemplated by the Aero Club, of this city, along the same lines.

## Castellane Divorce Trial October 17.

Paris, (By Cable).—The court has definitely decided that the hearing of the suit of Countess Anna de Castellane against her husband Count Boni, for divorce shall be heard October 17 or October 24 if the parties are not ready on the first date mentioned. The hearing of the suits of the Count's creditors, in which they are seeking to hold the Countess liable for the obligations incurred by the Count, was fixed for the same days.

## Saved Cook Lost His Leg.

Detroit, (Special).—The tug William B. Castle was sunk in the Detroit River near the head of Belle Isle by colliding with the lumber boat Robert Holland, which was somewhat damaged. The woman cook aboard the Castle became frightened and leaped overboard. The engineer, who had a wooden leg, jumped over after her and succeeded in rescuing her, but lost his wooden leg.

## Dropped Chisel in Dynamite.

La Grange, Ga., (Special).—While William Stewart, a young employe of the King Hardware Company, was showing a customer a chisel he dropped it in a case of dynamite, causing an explosion. Stewart was killed instantly and several other men in the store were seriously injured. The building and the stock of goods, the latter valued at \$25,000, were badly damaged.

## Quake Made a Lake.

Chicago, (Special).—A dispatch to the Tribune from Sheboygan, Wis., says: "Thirty-seven acres of cultivated land on the border of Long Lake, in Fond du Lac County, sank and now is covered with deep water. The sinkage is supposed to be due to a slight earthquake shock. Farmers in the neighborhood are alarmed and afraid to go near to investigate."

## FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

The Lehigh Valley has ordered 30,000 tons more of steel rails.

"Stocks are a buy from now until September 15," says John W. Sparks.

An advance in sugar prices sent up the quotation for American Sugar shares.

Wheat exports continue large, 5,233,000 bushels having been shipped abroad this month.

Owing principally to the Russian crisis London was a heavy seller of American stocks.

## NEW PREMIER DEFINES HIS PLAN

### Calls the Constitutional Democrats "Cadets."

## SAYS THEY ARE THE AGITATORS.

He Says Nothing is Further From the Czar's Mind Than a Policy of Reaction, but Declares That the Revolutionists Must Be Crushed Before a Definite Constructive Policy Can Be Put Into Action.

St. Petersburg, (By Cable).—"Strong handed reform" is laid down by M. Stolypin as the keynote of his administration, in an interview, in which the new Premier expressed his confidence that this policy, with the aid of the "inmate patriotism of the masses" and the arm which, "in spite of all reports, is still loyal and reliable," will tide the country over until the convocation of the next parliament. He emphasized, as did Controller of the Empire Schwanebeck, on Sunday, the belief that the outlawed parliament was neither representative nor capable of constructive work. He spoke with special scorn of the leaders of the Constitutional Democrats, not attempting to conceal his impression that the quasi-respectability of the party was but a cover for insincerity and truckling with the worst elements of the revolution. They did not honestly believe in either a general expropriation of land or in complete amnesty. Their advocacy of these features was merely a campaign cry. The Premier stated that the members of parliament were not arrested for signing the Viborg manifesto, because that merely would have conferred a mild and much desired martyrdom on them, but they would be promptly held responsible for the slightest attempt to preach to their constituents seditious doctrines, such as refusal to pay taxes or furnish recruits to the army.

Premier Stolypin said, speaking feelingly: "There has been no coup d'etat, and nothing has been done which was not in accordance with the prescribed constitutional methods. The Emperor was empowered by the fundamental law to dissolve the Douma, and there was no other course open to His Majesty. The Douma as a whole was a dying body, and the most merciful treatment was its prompt dispatch, terminating its unprofitable existence."

Continuing, M. Stolypin said the Emperor's recent words had shown that parliament's agrarian manifesto was the last straw which caused the "cadets" (Constitutional Democrats) to bubble; but the whole proceedings of parliament during the last few weeks had rendered its closing inevitable if the Emperor's authority was still to be recognized in Russia.

In reply to a question as to the role of the "cadets" M. Stolypin answered that the party included many dilettante and doctrinaires, without policy or political substance. He differentiated between the really serious, patriotic members of the party and those whose sole aim was to oust the government and the Emperor, and whose inherent weakness was so patent even to themselves that they daily made greater concessions to the revolutionists both inside and outside of parliament. He considered that the tendencies displayed by the "cadets" as a body were highly dangerous, to use no stronger word.

Asked as to the extent the counteraction was likely to go, M. Stolypin replied: "At the present moment three policies are open to the Emperor and his advisers: "1. Reaction. "2. Impassivity towards the threatened revolution. "3. A policy of strong-handed reform. "It is the last mentioned upon which the Emperor has resolved, and upon which we have entered. A policy of reaction is the furthest removed from His Majesty's wishes, but the revolutionists must be thwarted before there can be any possibility of deciding on a definite basis for a stable future."

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