

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1906.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Reformed—Union, morning, communion, preparatory service Saturday afternoon; Spring Mills, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Heckman—Long.

Nestor S. Heckman, son of Jeremiah Heckman, and Miss Anna Long, daughter of Andrew Long, all of Spring Mills, were married 15th inst., at the Lutheran parsonage by Rev. J. M. Rearick.

Keith's Theatre.

An unique feature is being presented at Keith's Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, this week. This is a play, "Under the Third Degree," in which the protean, William Courtleigh, appears in eight different roles.

Geary—Rossman.

The marriage of Charles Geary, of Altoona, and Miss Blanche V. Rossman, of Tusseyville, was solemnized at the home of the parents of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Rossman, Saturday evening, Rev. J. M. Rearick officiating.

The groom is a son of D. W. Geary, of near Tusseyville, and is a painter and decorator. He has been in Altoona for some time. The bride is a young lady highly regarded in the community of her home, and for several years taught school in Potter township.

The young couple will reside in Altoona.

Letter to J. D. Murray.

Dear Sir: Thomas J. Bannon, druggist, Westery, R. I., says: Westery painters expect a gallon of paint to cover 19 sets of blinds; Devoe covers 25; there is no such thing as rubbing this out.

(The usual reckoning is for a gallon to cover 16. We suspect the Westery people don't wear their paint until it gets very shabby.)

Devoe covers more; of course, we know that; we know why too; it's all paint and full-measure.

Yours truly F. W. Devoe & Co., 21 New York. Kremer & Son sell our paint.

LOCALS.

H. A. Stover, of Yeagertown, sold his farm, west of Spring Mills, to Elmer Ripka. Consideration, \$2275.

Steel Hunter and Miss Estella Aman were visitors at the home of Samuel Colyer, near Centre Hill, Sunday.

Peter Smith, of Centre Hill, sold his farm of 137 acres, in Porter township, Clinton county, to Joe Long for \$5000.

W. M. Grove, T. M. Gramley and Wm. Pealer were appointed by the court to view a road in Haines township.

The Gentzell-Beezer horse sale Saturday, in Bellefonte, was a quite brisk affair. The horses averaged almost \$192.

"Must have the Centre Reporter to get the Centre county news." That is the way Charles F. Loutz, a Millburg railroad office young man puts it. And he is right.

Dr. Laurie, of Bellefonte, was one of the two commissioners who opposed the union of the Cumberland Presbyterian church and the Presbyterian church in the U. S. A. Even ministers labor hard for distinction.

J. Newlin Hall, of Howard township, was recently thrown from an iron land roller and seriously injured, the roller having passed over the lower part of his body. No bones were crushed, but the attending physician, Dr. W. O. McIntire, found various other injuries.

Among the callers from Harris township Monday was Amos Koch, who came to Centre Hall to look after the graves of departed relatives. Mr. Koch related that his mother, Mrs. Nancy Koch, although eighty-five years of age, was quite active. She is the daughter of Jacob Dunkle, of Farmers Mills, deceased, and is the only survivor of a family of sixteen or eighteen children.

The cigarette fiend is being hit hard upon all sides in the business world. The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad company has announced that every employe found smoking cigarettes for the company will no longer give him employment, they have ascertained to their satisfaction that the cigarette fiend cannot, or does not, perform his duties in as satisfactory a manner as does the other fellow. This is poor encouragement for the boys.

THE GRANGERS ASK QUESTIONS.

The Demand for Trolleys to Carry Freight, Two-Cent a Mile Passenger Rate, Repealing of Personal Property Tax May be Realized.

The legislative committee of the State Grange has prepared a few questions to submit to candidates for the Legislature which heretofore would have been regarded with suspicion. They are not all radical in the present political conditions.

What the grangers want is that candidates for the Legislature shall be pledged to give trolleys the right to carry freight; to support a bill for a uniform passenger rate of two cents a mile; not to accept free transportation; to favor the enforcement of the Constitution, particularly as to transportation companies; to favor the counties retaining all the revenue from the personal property tax and from licenses, also the equalization of taxation, an increase of State aid for township roads and more money for centralized township and high schools.

In the last campaign for the election of members of the Legislature few candidates would have cared to answer any of these questions, and almost all would have dodged. The questions are easy now. In fact, the known sentiment of the State makes it very certain that the more important measures proposed will be enacted by the next Legislature without the trouble of pledging the members in advance. Two-cent railroad fares and the right of trolleys to carry freight, together with some changes in the disposition of State revenues for the further benefit of counties, are as certain as the daylight. Legislation of this kind would have gone through at the extra session if such subjects had been included in the purposes of the call.

The sentiment in favor of turning back to the counties more of the revenue and increasing the appropriations to township schools and roads will probably be no less decisive. The equalization of taxation will bring out different opinions, but some action will be possible because the influences that have heretofore stood in the way are no longer able to do so.

The grangers, therefore, will have good luck with their questions. They will hardly find a candidate for the Legislature on any party ticket who will not favorably and without hesitation answer all of them; and it will be generally done in good faith.

Veterans Dying Off.

There was a net decrease of 2,153 names on the United States pension rolls during April. The total number of pensioners was 987,806 of all classes on the rolls April 30. There are now 669,673 survivors of the Civil War on the pension rolls, the number of decreases in this class during April being 2136.

The total loss by death of pensioned Civil War soldiers and sailors was 3134 for the month.

Call in the Bonds.

Frequent inquiries are being made for good, safe investments, bearing a reasonable return in interest. Money is cheapening. Bonds and mortgages are being sought after. This being the case, the local authorities would be justified in calling in all the borough bonds. These bonds are bearing five per cent. interest, and there is a veritable scramble for them.

By re-issuing the borough bond, including those for water, at least one per cent—perhaps more—could be saved.

This action—the calling in and re-issuing of the bonds—is a matter that rests entirely with the members of the town council, that is so far as the business transaction goes, but the will of the people should be and no doubt will be the cause for action.

The personnel of the bond-holders cannot be considered. It is a case of dollars and cents to be saved to the tax payers.

Call in and re-issue the bonds.

LOCALS.

The engagement of Hon. P. E. Womelsdorf, of Phillipsburg, to Miss Emma D. Warfel, a daughter of former postmaster Harry Warfel, of that place, has been announced.

Edward Everett Hale's optimistic article on "The Comforts of To-day," and the first article of a serious campaign against Child Slavery are the contrasting features that distinguish the June number of the Woman's Home Companion.

The Patrons Exhibition and Fair, at Centre Hall, will be held September 15th to 22nd, inclusive. In the list of fairs published by the State Agricultural Department, the date was incorrectly stated to be September 25 to 28. This year, and hereafter, at least \$50 will be awarded in prizes, to be distributed to all exhibitors of meritorious articles.

There are two kinds of girls in the world, the girl who works and the girl who gads. Work lends dignity to a pretty girl, is an added charm to her. The girl who works combines the useful and ornamental. She might gad about, roll on sofas, gossip and read story books, but she prefers to be of some use in the world and goes out as stenographer, teacher, saleslady or housekeeper bravely makes her own way.

Her Claims to Patronage.

When Mrs. Lombard offered to recommend Miss Simpson to her friends as a dressmaker she was honest in her wish to help the little woman, but her efforts bore more evidence of honesty than of tact.

"I wish you would try Dora Simpson," she said earnestly to three of her friends who were calling upon her one day. "She's such a good little body and so unfortunate! Her old customers have dropped off one by one till there's scarcely a person in the neighborhood who employs her now.

"As I often say to my husband," continued Mrs. Lombard, with haste, as she saw signs of inquiry on the faces of her friends, "suppose she doesn't fit very well. That doesn't alter the fact that she has an invalid brother to support and that she tried everything else, from stenography to cooking, and only took up sewing as a last resort and just hates every stitch she takes and always has. Now, do try her, some of you. She's been with me for the last four days making a jacket for my Jim. Dora is just as patient about it as can be, though we've had it all to pieces three times."—Youth's Companion.

The First Man Dressmaker.

The first male celebrity who made his mark as a dressmaker was Rhombert, the son of a Bavarian peasant from the neighborhood of Munich. One day in the month of May, 1730, a beautiful equipage was seen driving about Paris with an escutcheon in the shape of a corset and an open pair of scissors in the middle painted on the panel of each door. That was Rhombert's coat of arms, and it told its own tale. He was a genius in his way and owed his success chiefly to his skill in disguising slight deformities and bringing out the most attractive charms of his fair customers. He rapidly made a fortune and left his heirs an annual income of 50,000 francs. Under the first empire and the restoration Leroy supplied the dresses of the ladies of the court and the higher nobility from his splendid mansion in the Rue Richelieu. An effusive encomium was written upon him by Auger, a member of the academy.

Fulminate of Mercury.

A peculiarity of fulminate of mercury is that it produces a shock to which all other substances are sensitive, and its supreme value as an explosive rests in this fact and in the known liability of all explosives to be detonated by more or less distant explosions. There is a current of sympathy in these terrible chemical compositions that is as strange as it is dangerous. What is required to produce explosion is the rapid generation of great heat along with large quantities of oxygen. In gunpowder, for instance, the nitrate of potash (saltpeter), which is the chief ingredient, is practically imprisoned oxygen, and when it is decomposed along with charcoal an immense heat is developed, which causes the gases to expand suddenly; hence explosion.

They Needed the Money.

A freight steamer once came into Mariopol, a port on the sea of Azov, which had among its cargo 100 pieces of machinery numbered "M." from 1 to 100. When the pieces were unloaded it was found that No. 87 was missing, but two pieces numbered 88 showed that there had been an error, the final tally being correct. But the custom officials did not take this view of the matter, the port being in need of funds, so they fined the ship 500 rubles for being short of cargo as per manifest—namely, No. 87—and 1,000 rubles for smuggling, having two pieces numbered 88 when the manifest called for but one.—Caroline Lockhart in Lippincott's Magazine.

The Philosophy of Thunder.

Thunder is caused by the lightning spark heating the air in its path, causing sudden expansion and compression all around, followed by a sudden rush of air into the partial vacuum thus produced. If the spark be straight and short the clap will be short and sharp; if its path be a long and crooked one a succession of sounds, one after the other, with a characteristic rattle, will be heard, followed by the echoes from other clouds. The echoes have a rolling and rumbling sound.

The Tendon Achilles.

Anatomists fancifully call the big tendon of the heel "tendon Achilles," after the Greek hero. The mythological story goes that his mother, Thetis, holding him by the heel, dipped him in the river Styx to make him invulnerable. Put Paris inflicted a wound that proved fatal on the heel that had not been immersed.

A Dangerous Practice.

A—Is dying the hair as dangerous as the doctors would make it appear? B—Certainly! You take my word for it. Only last spring a uncle of mine dyed his hair, and in three weeks he was married to a widow with four children.—Fliegende Blatter.

Overdid It.

"So sorry not to have heard your lecture last night," said the loquacious lady. "I know I missed a treat. Everybody says it was good." "How did they find out?" asked Mr. Frocockat. "The lecture, you know, was postponed."

The Clever Girl.

Daughter—I don't want to marry just yet. I'd rather stay at school. Mother—You must remember, dear, men do not wish clever wives. Daughter—But all men are not like papa.

Taming a Rat.

A trapped rat may easily be tamed by allowing no water but that offered in a spoon, for the creature soon learns to recognize the hand which supplies this all important necessity.

Advertise.

Making Bread With Sea Water.

At one time sea water was used in some English seaside places when making bread. Even now villages along the coast line of France utilize it. Fresh rain or spring water is only used for the leaven, pure sea water being exclusively employed for the making and mixing of the dough. By this method no mineral or table salt requires to be added, the natural salt water giving the bread the necessary degree of salinity. But, though sea water does admirably for breadmaking, when applied to other culinary purposes the result is a disagreeable failure. The wheaten bread produced by it, however, is excellent and of great hygienic value. The chloride of magnesium, which imparts the acrid taste to sea water, is decomposed in the heating and therefore does not convey its original disagreeable taste to the bread, while the common salt, of course, permanently retains all its characteristic saline properties. The mineral substances left in the baked bread are considered to be of the nature of very mild regulating medicines.—London Mail.

The Tailor Bird.

The brilliantly plumed birds of the tropical forests are exposed to many dangers, and if they were not gifted with peculiar yet useful instincts they would fall ready victims to their enemies. Chattering monkeys and big snakes steal and eat their eggs, while their offspring are preyed upon by foes on every side. But it takes a sly monkey or snake to get ahead of the tailor bird, a small East Indian singing bird. She hides her nest so skillfully that her enemies cannot find it, no matter how hard they try. This she does by using her long, slender bill as a needle. With the tough fiber of a parasitic plant abundant in the tropics, as a thread she sews a dead leaf taken from the end of a slender and hanging branch, and between these leaves she builds her nests, where neither monkey nor snake can approach, because the branch will not bear its weight.

A Miniature Inland Ocean.

One of the queerest sheets of water in New England or within the limits of the United States, or the world for that matter, is the celebrated "Snow's ocean" in the state of Maine. When calm it is to all appearances an ordinary pond of no great dimensions, but observations and investigations made more than a century ago prove that the little body of water is a veritable ocean. It is located in Orrington, near Bangor, and its peculiarity is that, although situated among some high hills some distance from ocean or river, it has tides which rise and fall as regularly as do those of the great Atlantic. Many so-called scientific examinations of this miniature ocean's bed and surrounding banks have been made, but so far no tenable explanation of the phenomenon has ever been given to the public.

Labor in Old Times.

Twelve hours in winter and fourteen in summer was a fair average day's work, but in Lyons in 1571 the printers worked from 2 o'clock in the morning till 8 or 9 in the evening. In other trades the working hours were often from 4 in the morning till 9 at night or from 5 to 10. Workers in the same meter generally lived together in the same street, but the maitre artisan had his own maison. The ground floor was his shop or workshop; above was his bedroom, which was also the sitting and eating room; a small room adjoining accommodated his children, and above was a garret where various commodities were stored.—Brisson's "Work and Workers."

Capsicum.

The capsicum plant, from which the different varieties of pepper are produced, is indigenous to the tropical regions of Europe, Asia, Africa and America. It grows wild almost as well as under cultivation in all these countries, and in each is used by the natives as a seasoning for food. Its extensive employment has suggested to medical theorists the thought that it must be considered as a natural tonic for the stomach in tropical countries.

Mermaids.

All the world over there are legends about mermaids. The Chinese tell stories not unlike others about the sea woman of their southern seas. Man-kind is taught on the most excellent evidence that a mermaid was captured at Bangor, on the shores of the Belfast lough, in the sixth century, while another caught at Edam in 1403 was carried to Haarlem and kept there for many years.

Wanted All That Was In It.

Father (whose wife has presented him with twins)—Tommy, you may stay home from school today and tomorrow tell the teacher that you have two new brothers. Tommy—Wouldn't it be better to say that I have only one new brother? Then I can stay home a day next week for the other one.—Fliegende Blatter.

Health Crises.

The pursuit of health, like the morphia habit or drunkenness, grows on people till it really becomes a vice. Continuous thought and anxiety about one's health is extremely bad for the constitution and undermines it quicker than port wine.—London Queen.

Sure Things.

Teacher—A miracle is going against the natural order of things. Are miracles performed today? Bright Boy—Yes'm. Teacher—Name one. Bright Boy—Well, mamma says that papa is always turning night into day.—Life.

None can tell where the diamond goes to in combustion. When burned it leaves no ash and not a trace of the once brilliant stone.

Visiting cards printed at this office

"Sweated," Then Died.

Anna Weaver entered a trespass suit in the Blair county court against the city of Altoona, to recover \$30,000 damages. She charged the city police department with maintaining in its lock-up a sweat-box seven feet high, two feet wide and one foot deep, in which a prisoner must stand erect and cannot lie down nor turn around. Mrs. Weaver alleges that her husband, while sick, was imprisoned in this sweat-box, and there suffered such physical pain as to cause his death the following day. This suit will test the right of a city to inflict the sweat-box process on criminals.

Mayer's Successor. Who?

The successor to Judge Mayer in the Clinton-Elk-Cameron judicial district is being looked for. There are a number of aspirants. Among the Republicans are Capt. W. C. Kress, of Lock Haven, and Hon. B. W. Green, of Emporium.

In the Democratic column are T. C. Hipple and George A. Brown, of Lock Haven, and Major Harry Alvin Hall, of Ridgeway, seeking recognition.

It is surmised that Governor Pennypacker will appoint a judge after the Republicans have placed a candidate in the field, and that he will select as his appointee the Republican candidate.

The selection made at the November election will be for a full term of ten years.

Fire at Jacksonville.

The dwelling house on the farm of A. J. Pifer, near Jacksonville (known as the old McCalmont place) caught fire on Monday night of last week and burned down with all its contents. Mr. Pifer and wife, eight children narrowly escaped with their lives.

Mr. and Mrs. Pifer had gone to Howard returning about ten o'clock they went to bed and about an hour later they were awakened by breaking glass caused by the heat, and they made their escape leaving all their belongings behind.

After the evening meal was cooked the fire in the cook stove was allowed to go out, and at the time the building caught there was not a spark of fire in the house. How it caught nobody knows. The loss is estimated at about \$1,500.

New Industry For Farmers.

Long ago the country was dotted thickly with distilleries. The tax on spirits was low and whiskey was cheap. Every other farm had its "still." These have now largely vanished before a heavy internal revenue tax, although the moonshiner exists in some remote regions. As a result, Pennsylvania farmers no longer drive a load of rye to the owner of the distillery and carry away an equivalent in whiskey.

The passage of the free alcohol bill will tend to establish a brand new kind of distillery. This later crop will convert beets, potatoes and other vegetables into denatured alcohol, which possesses all the needed properties of a good fuel and a first-rate illuminant, without any of the elements of an intoxicant.

To turn a potato into alcohol is a cheap and easy task. It will be less expensive than the old method of turning rye into whiskey. For this reason there is likely to spring up on the farms of the United States a tremendous number of little distilleries which will do a more or less local business. This provided the free alcohol bill which passed the Senate, becomes a law, which now seems likely.

United States Senator Burton would not be the only Senator debarred from ever holding office if all the guilty grafters were sentenced to the pen. The only difference is Burton was proven guilty.

Read the Reporter.

To a Smart Property-Owner.

Painting is practical work. Skill wins. It's the same with paint making. You know 4 gallons L. & M. mixed with 3 gallons Linseed Oil makes enough paint for a moderate sized house—the best paint money can buy—because the L. & M. Zinc hardens the L. & M. White Lead and makes the L. & M. Paint wear like iron. Buy L. & M. and don't pay \$1.50 a gallon for Linseed Oil, as you do in ready-for-use paint, but buy oil fresh from the barrel at 60 cents, and mix with the L. & M.

Actual cost L. & M. about \$1.20 per gallon.

Sold by Rearick Bros., Centre Hall.

A curate is not always accurate. Most fellows would rather look bored than pay board.

Even after he is broke the baseball pitcher may make good.

Some people run into debt and then claim they are pushed in.

The astronomer studies the stars, the actor understudies them.

WANTED—Travelling salesman. Must furnish references and invest One Thousand (\$1000) Dollars in our 6 per cent. bonds. Salary and expenses paid. Experience not required. We teach business at our mills. THE WHEELING ROOFING & CORNICE CO.

EGGS FOR SALE—Eggs from standard bred White Wyandottes of a carefully selected heavy laying strain: pure white and the true Wyandotte shape, \$1.00 per setting of 15. D. J. MEYER, Centre Hall, Pa.

H. S. TAYLOR

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Office: Opera House Block; BELLEFONTE, PA. Opposite Court House. All branches of legal business attended to promptly.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS

Linen, Lawns, Batistes, Cloth for Eton suits. Fancy suitings for full suits in broken and striped effects. Muslin, cambric and nainsook.

LADIES'

Nainsook and Cambric Night Gowns—V shape and round neck. Cambric and Muslin corset covers, trimmed back and front with lace ribbon and beading; full blouse front. Muslin and cambric skirts, trimmed with lace or embroidery.

ALSO A LINE OF OXFORDS

H. F. ROSSMAN SPRING MILLS, PA.

Shoes! Shoes!

Good Resolution: For Health, Wealth and Prosperity buy your Shoes from Krape.

My price is saving, good health and prosperity assured.

Douglass, Dayton A. A. Cutler Radcliffe

Seeing is convincing in Price and Quality. Come one and all.

C. A. KRAPE

Spring Mills, Pa.

Montgomery's Men's Suits \$7.50 to \$25 Youth's Suits \$5 to \$15 Children's Suits \$2 to \$5 G. A. R. Lents \$8 to \$12 Clothing is all New. The entire stock was bought for Spring and Summer 1906. We Have No Back Numbers Every Suit, whether for man, youth or child, is the best from every standpoint that can possibly be sold by anyone for the money. We guarantee every Suit in quality, make and price. If not, get your money back. Montgomery & Company BELLEFONTE, PA.