

# IGNORE THE REGICIDES

### United States Government Will Follow the British Course.

## COLONEL MISCHICH IS HONORED.

For the Present Minister Jackson Will Not Present His Credentials to King Peter—France and Holland Will Also Await the New King's Action Toward the Assassins.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The United States government has adopted an attitude similar to that of England toward the new Servian dynasty. It will be in no haste to recognize a government created by assassination in the absence of some exhibition of a disposition to punish the guilty. Therefore Mr. Jackson, who, besides being minister to Greece, is also United States minister to Servia, will not present his credentials to the government of King Peter at present.

In fact, these credentials have not been prepared. He had credentials to King Alexander which he had never presented, and he was actually on his way from Athens to Belgrade at the time of the assassination of the King to whom he was about to present his papers.

It happens that the trade between the United States and Servia is trifling, and at few points, so that there is really little embarrassment likely to follow the failure to establish diplomatic relations.

Paris (By Cable).—Foreign Minister Delcasse's colleagues express the belief that he is likely to depreciate the Servian tragedies by an expression similar to those of Russia and Austria; but it is pointed out that King Peter took the initiative in the cases of Russia and Austria by telegraphing to the Czar and Emperor Francis Joseph, thus affording them the opportunity for Austrian responses, whereas the Servian King has not addressed the other powers, and consequently, has not given them an opportunity to make rejoinders.

The opportunity, however, will come when the question of the recognition of King Peter arises. In the meanwhile the French Minister at Belgrade has been instructed to restrict his action to current routine affairs and to maintain a neutral attitude toward the new regime until the question of the King's recognition is formally decided. This will not come to the front until after King Peter's arrival in Belgrade, his formal assumption of power and his notice of that assumption to the foreign ministers.

The Hague (By Cable).—The Dutch representative at Belgrade has been instructed to assume the same attitude as Great Britain toward the provisional government of Servia.

## YOUTH KILLS HIS SWEETHEART.

### Elmer Heath Shoots Kitty Adkins at Salisbury, Md.

Salisbury, Md. (Special).—One of the most shocking tragedies in the history of Salisbury occurred about 8 o'clock p. m., in that section of the city known as Canton, just beyond the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad Station.

Elmer Heath, a young man about 20 years of age, shot and instantly killed his sweetheart, Miss Katie Adkins, and immediately turned the pistol upon himself and put three bullets into his own head.

He dropped the smoking weapon and ran across the street for about 100 yards and fell upon his face. He was found within 15 minutes after the shooting of the young girl and was put in an ambulance and carried to the jail.

The doctors think Heath will live, as the wounds, though serious, are not necessarily fatal.

## Japan's Demand for Open Ports.

Yokohama (By Cable).—The Japanese minister at Peking filed a formal demand on the Chinese Foreign Office for the opening of Mukden and Tai-Tung-Chou to foreign trade.

The Chinese officials replied that circumstances were not favorable to the opening of the cities mentioned. The American and British representatives are supporting Japan's demands. Minister Cragg is also demanding the opening of Harbin, Manchuria.

## Man Falls Fifty Feet.

Omaha, Neb. (Special).—The jury in the case of Line Linnier, Company I, Twenty-fifth Infantry, charged with the murder of Sergeant Robert Yours, of the same company, has brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree, but eliminating the sentence of capital punishment.

## Strikers Must Work.

Inton, Ind. (Special).—The 600 striking miners who stopped work in the Island Coal Company's mines last week have returned to work in compliance with the ultimatum of President John Mitchell. It is understood that the miners were compelled to return to work or surrender their charters and suffer other workmen to take their places.

## Queen Draga's Sisters.

Belgrade (By Cable).—Queen Draga's sisters, who arrived at Vienna, traveled second class on the train to Vienna. They say they are rivied. They were only given \$400 to defray the expense of the journey, and they do not expect to receive anything more. They intend to seek an audience of Emperor Francis Joseph and try to obtain justice.

## Killed in Mine Disaster.

Raton, N. M. (Special).—Five men were killed by an explosion which wrecked Mine No. 2 of the Raton Coal and Coke Company, at Blossburg, N. M. The dead are Joe Ebesnic, Tony Nation, Jack Stolm, Tom Poiser and Alfonso Deme. Jack Bell, fire boss, was badly burned and Harry Mussell had several ribs broken.

# THE LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

## Domestic.

Judge Waddill, in the United States Court in Richmond, Va., decided that by applying for a receiver the Trigg Shipbuilding Company did not commit an act of bankruptcy.

James McKinney, the last of the outlaws who broke out of prison at Glasgow, Mont., was shot to death by a farmer, in whose icehouse he had taken refuge.

Frank C. Jappe, cashier and bookkeeper for the Frank Leslie Publishing Company in New York, was arrested, charged with robbing the company of about \$10,000.

George Bartuski, who claimed to be a violin virtuoso, was arrested in Elizabeth, N. J., on the charge of being a counterfeiter.

Vice President Loomis, of the Delaware and Lackawanna, declared there would be enough hard coal to supply all demands this year.

Lightning struck a hut stored with 300 pounds of dynamite near Seneca-ville, O. Six men were killed in the explosion and a score injured.

Maurice O'Hearn, a night watchman, was shot and killed by a suspicious-looking man whom he had challenged.

The court in Pittsburgh allowed Dr. W. C. Browning \$34,163.18 against the estate of the late C. L. Magee.

The State Bank of Oakley, Kan., was robbed. The robbers got between \$400 and \$500.

Otto Thornert, an electrical expert, was instantly killed by touching a live wire while inspecting a switchboard of the Germantown Electric Light Company, Philadelphia.

The one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of the evacuation of Valley Forge by the Continental Army was observed by a patriotic celebration in Philadelphia.

Three Slav miners were fatally burned by a powder explosion in the home of Nate Glazes, one of the victims, in the mining settlement of Twilight, Pa.

The jury in the Jett-White case, in Jackson, Ky., reported to Judge Redwine that it was impossible to agree upon a verdict and was discharged.

"Kentucky" Joe Miller, charged with numerous postoffice robberies, and a man known as "Leon," escaped from jail at Morristown, Tenn.

Hoffman Phillip, American vice and deputy consul general at Tangiers, Morocco, is in this country on a brief trip for his health.

The Brooklyn grand jury began an investigation of the sale of cash registers to the Postoffice Department.

George Durham and Fred Underwood were hanged in Clarksville, Ark., for the murder of Sheriff John H. Powers.

William C. Van Benthuyzen, of the editorial staff of the World, died at his home, in New York.

The Carnegie Steel Company and the Amalgamated Association signed a wage scale in Pittsburgh.

William Harden, the escaped murderer, was shot to death by a posse in the Bad Lands.

Twenty-five Chinamen were caught stealing across the Canadian border near Ogdenburg, N. Y.

Mme. Morelli was badly torn and bitten by a leopard at the animal show at Coney Island.

## Irreign.

The United States European Squadron arrived at Byborg, Island of Fuen, Denmark, en route to Kiel. The funeral of the colored boy who had been attached to one of the ships caused a remarkable demonstration.

Premier Zanardelli, of Italy, has been unable to construct an entirely new cabinet, as most of the leaders of the other parties voted against the government.

King Christian has issued a decree of adherence to Denmark to the Berne International Copyright Convention of 1886, to become operative July 1st.

Claims of Italian subjects have been presented to the Santo Domingo government and an Italian warship has arrived at Santo Domingo.

Ten persons were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the greater part of the village of Moenich-Kirichen, Lower Austria.

P. A. McHugh, the Irish M. P., was released from Sligo jail, having served the sentence imposed for contempt of court.

The wife of Samuel Jameson, an American, became deranged in Paris and the husband committed suicide.

According to reports in Paris, the Spanish advocate, Cotarelo, informed the French government of the whereabouts of the Humbert family because his son was in love with Eve Humbert, daughter of Mme. Humbert, and refused to give the girl up.

Members of the United States International Exchange Commission state that they have secured from the British government all the support they expected for the project of giving stability to the monetary systems of the silver-using countries.

The bodies of Hans Pagel and Hermina Scheler, his sweetheart, who had been missing from Strassburg, were found in an abyss near Brezgen. The man had shot the girl, thrown her body over a precipice, and then killed himself.

The President of France has signed the pardon of Gabrielle Bonnard, the woman who, with the aid of a confederate, murdered a process server in 1899 and was sentenced to 20 years' penal servitude.

Lord Grey, director of the British South Africa, regretted Booker Washington's declination of the invitation to visit South Africa and suggest a plan for bettering the conditions of the people.

Japan has made demand upon China for the opening of Mukden and Tai Tung Chou to foreign trade. The United States and Great Britain support Japan's demands.

## Financial.

The Pennsylvania has applied to list \$79,000,000 new stock on the New York Exchange.

The United States Treasurer's surplus for the first half of June was \$7,000,000. The total surplus for the year ending with this month will be about \$5,000,000.

Unless the Treasury can pay out some money on Panama Canal purchases Secretary Shaw will have to evolve some plan for getting this surplus money out of the Treasury. He may again go into the market and purchase Government bonds.

# OPERATORS' GRIEVANCES

### Coal Companies Complain to Conciliation Board.

## CHARGES AND COUNTER CHARGES.

Surprise for the Miners in Charges to Be Made by the Companies—Petty Strikes, Interference With Nonunion Men and Staying Away from Work Unexpectedly Some of the Accusations.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa. (Special).—When the conciliation board meets in this city this week the operators will have grievances to be adjusted, as well as the miners, and this will be a surprise to many of the latter, who believed that the coal companies had nothing to complain of.

The operators will take exception to the many petty strikes, which are the cause of much inconvenience and annoyance; also that the nonunion men are being interfered with, and that the coal output is lessened by the practice of employes remaining at home on certain days without permission.

The miners will offset this with the charge of discrimination; that some of the men active in the strike have not been given work since; that the award of the commission has been violated by a change in the condition of mining at many places, which does not permit the miners to make as much now as before the strike, and that the operators have broken all custom in the Schuylkill region by having the men work an hour longer on Saturday.

Among other important questions which the miners want settled will be the reduction of yardage, check weighmen, hours of labor for drivers and company hands.

## LIGHTNING EXPLODES DYNAMITE.

### Six Men Were Blown to Pieces and a Score or More Injured.

Cambridge, O. (Special).—Lightning struck a hut stored with 300 pounds of dynamite at the new mines now being opened, near Seneca-ville, 12 miles from here, during a storm, killing six men and injuring a score of others, besides ruining the mine shaft and breaking nearly all the windows in Seneca-ville, a mining town of 300 people, half a mile from the mine. The men killed and injured were carpenters and others employed in opening the mines and building the shafting.

When the storm came up the men took refuge in John Saltzberger's barn, some distance from the mine. Suddenly a blinding flash came and in an instant the barn was demolished and the men scattered over a radius of 100 feet. More than a score of men were bleeding from injuries sustained from heavy rocks torn from the earth and from the timbers from the blacksmith shop.

To Train After-dinner Speakers.

Madison, Wis. (Special).—At the dinner of the alumni of the University of Wisconsin it was proposed to establish at the University a department for the cultivation of humor, such as after-dinner speaking, story-telling and cartooning. D. W. Smith, of Milwaukee, asserted that polished after-dinner speakers and story-tellers were more successful in life than men with degrees in philosophy, art and literature. The matter will be submitted to the faculty.

Big Prices for Fancy Hogs.

Peru, Ind. (Special).—Record prices were paid at the Poland China swine sale at Macy, Ind. The aggregate sales of the two days were more than \$60,000 for the 96 head that were offered. The highest price paid for one hog was for "Ideal Sunrise," which approximated \$17,957. A half interest in Majestic Perfection was sold for \$4,000 to Wilkinson Brothers of Cynthiana.

Many Hurt in Factory Crash.

New York (Special).—There were many miraculous escapes in the collapse of an old-fashioned six-story building at 49 Bowery. Although there were 32 people employed on the floor that gave way first, only one person, a woman, was killed. Her body was taken out of the ruins shortly before 2 o'clock. Nine persons were more or less badly crushed and bruised, although they chiefly suffered from shock.

Great Gold Reef Found.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—It is announced from Tomsk, West Siberia, that a gold reef seven feet wide has been discovered in the forests bordering the River Barikule. The trial workings yielded 6 to 14 pounds of pure gold for every 400 pounds (1.4:28 pounds) of material extracted.

Ten Killed in Passenger Wreck.

Waterloo, Ia. (Special).—An Illinois Central passenger train, which left Omaha at 7:50 P. M., collided head on with a freight train just west of Raymond, Ia., at 2:40 A. M. Ten were killed, among them both engineers and firemen and a mail clerk. It took four hours to clear the track of the wreckage. The passenger train, which had the right of way, was going at the rate of 50 miles an hour. The freight crew is said to have misunderstood their orders.

A Soldier Convicted of Murder.

Trenton, N. J. (Special).—John Carrel is the hero of East Trenton, and is hoarse telling of a unique experience he had in falling from the Lincoln avenue bridge and escaping unhurt. He was leaning over the railing to attract the attention of a man on the railroad track beneath when he lost his balance. He went down 50 feet and landed in a bunch. To prove that he was not injured he danced a jig for the bystanders and then vanished.

# NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

### Extra Session Program.

As the President is preparing to leave Washington at the end of the week he is notifying the members of Congress who call upon him now that he expects to spend the next two months, if not more, at his summer home, Oyster Bay. He has given notice that he wants a good rest, as he expects to return to Washington early in the fall, so as to be ready for the extra session of Congress which he has determined to call on November 9. It has been known for some time that the President has settled upon November 9 as the date for calling Congress in extra session, and during his Western trip he confirmed this belief by semi-officially announcing the fact. The President, therefore, expects to be back in Washington sometime before this date, so as to get everything in readiness for the assembling of Congress.

Representative Cannon, of Illinois, who is to be the next Speaker of the House, has been in Washington for the last week and has had frequent consultations with the President on the assembling of Congress one month before the date fixed by law. Mr. Cannon, who is assured of election as Speaker, favors the early calling of Congress, and having been acquainted with the President's desires as to what the extra session should do, he will be ready to announce enough committees of the House to enable that body to transact business. Mr. Cannon does not intend to announce all of his committees until the regular session is called in December, but as the extra session will be called chiefly to consider the legislation necessary to make operative the Cuban Reciprocity Treaty, he will be ready to announce the Ways and Means Committee, as well as Rules, Mileage and Accounts, and perhaps one or two others that may be necessary.

## Consular Appointments.

Announcement was made at the State Department of these consular appointments:

John G. Foster, Vermont, vice Charles E. Turner, Consul-General at Ottawa; Robert Woods Bliss, vice Carl B. Hurst, Consul at Vienna; James V. Verrier Long, Pennsylvania, vice Frank W. Jackson, Consul at Patras, Greece; Edward Higgins, Massachusetts, vice A. L. Frankenthal, Consul at Berne, Switzerland.

Mr. Bliss is from New York and is at present private secretary to Governor Hunt, of Porto Rico.

John G. Foster, appointed Consul-General at Ottawa, is promoted from Halifax, where he has been Consul-General for six years.

## Sugar Countervailing Duty.

In answer to an inquiry received through the Secretary of State, the Treasury Department stated that a countervailing duty will be collected after September 1 next, as heretofore, on all sugar imported into the United States from countries which pay an export bounty on the same.

Last year a conference was held in Brussels of practically all of the sugar-producing countries of Europe, at which it was agreed that all export bounties on sugar should be discontinued after September 1, 1903. Russia did not participate in this conference, asserting that it did not give a bounty on sugar exports.

## New Philippine Coins.

Hoffman Phillip, American Vice-Consul-General at Tangiers, Morocco, called at the State Department and made an informal report on the situation at his post. The conflict between the Sultan of Morocco and the pretender, he reported, is increasing in bitterness. The pretender's popularity has increased greatly during the last few months, and the Sultan is believed to be losing ground with his subjects.

## Pretender Gaining in Morocco.

Secretary Root, at the last Cabinet meeting, presented each of his fellow-Cabinet members, as well as the President, with a set of new coins being struck off by this country for the Philippine Islands. There are eight pieces in each set, running up to the peso. The fiscal agents of the Philippine Government in New York are selling the coins at a premium.

## In the Departments.

An investigation is now to be made of the Money Order Bureau and the Dead Letter Office of the Postoffice Department.

Dr. C. L. Bennett, United States commercial agent at Aguas Calientes, Mexico, died there from cerebral hemorrhage.

The postoffice investigation has resulted in some changes in the organization of the rural free delivery service.

Secretary Root issued an order assigning Major General S. B. M. Young as chief of staff, with Major General Henry C. Corbin and Brigadier General William H. Carter as the other general staff officers. Brigadier General Tasker H. Bliss is to become president of the War College.

Attorney General Knox submitted an opinion affirming the right of the government to disregard the injunction issued by the Virginia judge, which forbade the resumption of work on the Galveston.

William H. McLanahan, a bookbinder in the Government Printing Office, dropped dead from heart disease.

The Treasury Department's statistics show that the commerce of the year will exceed \$2,000,000,000.

The Postmaster General has designated E. F. Kimball, chief clerk in the money order division, to succeed Jas. T. Metcalf at the head of the bureau. The appointment is temporary.

A number of consular appointments was announced at the State Department.

Charges are made that Charles Hedges, superintendent of the City Delivery Service of the Postoffice Department, urged Congress to act favorably upon certain claims.

The President has appointed several cadets to West Point Military Academy.

Major General Frank Wheaton, retired, is dead, aged 70 years.

Advices to the State Department indicate that opposition to the Panama Canal Treaty is increasing in Colombia.

# CZAR'S LIFE IN DANGER

### Would Be Assassinated Stopped at Door to Monarch's Apartment.

## HAD PASSED THE OUTER GUARDS.

He Wore an Army Officer's Uniform—May Have Been Sympathizer With Kisheneff Victims—All London Startled By Report of 1st Attempt on the Russian Ruler's Life.

Moscow (By Cable).—An attempt has been made to assassinate the Czar. It was frustrated at only the last moment. The attempt was made at Tsarscoel on the eve of the court's departure for the imperial villa, the new Peterhof. The would-be assassin was cleverly gotten up for his desperate deed, for he wore the uniform of an officer of the first class in the Russian Army. He had passed the outer circle of guards, and was about to gain access to the Czar's apartments, when the trick was detected by his lack of knowledge of a secret countersign.

The Belgrade assassinations threw the Czar into a terrible state of nervous prostration and extraordinary secret precautions were taken, one set of the large number of guards placed on duty checking off the other. If it had not been for these extra guards the assassin would have been successful, for he possessed all the countersigns necessary to reach the very door of the Czar's apartment, but here the new secret password tripped him.

He is believed to have been an ardent sympathizer of those who were murdered by the Russians at Kisheneff.

The Czar was not informed of the attempt on his life.

The news from Moscow of the attempt on the Czar's life gave London a shock.

It is well known here how the Czar lives in constant dread of the assassins who encircle him, and one dispatch received the day after the Belgrade horror related that the Czar was so overcome with nervousness that he retired to his private apartments and remained there for twelve hours, canceling a number of important engagements of the state.

From English official sources a list of no less than twenty attempts, or threats, on the life of the Czar since 1895 have been compiled. They include nearly every line employed by Russian assassins.

## LORENZ PATIENTS PROGRESSING.

### Removal of Casts Disclose that Crippled Limbs Are Becoming Normal.

New York (Special).—Two of the first children operated on by Dr. Lorenz in this city last winter have had the casts removed at the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled, in this city. One of the removals was effected Friday, and the results were notably satisfactory.

The case was that of Madeline Devereaux, seven years old. Dr. Lorenz had treated her for congenital hip disease, and she had been able to walk around soon after. She was notified a few days ago to appear at the hospital, and she did so. The doctors found that the bone was in place and the leg was lowered without difficulty. A new cast was put in place, and in a few months it will be removed and the leg lowered still further.

Another removal was that of Charles Soit, five and a half years old, upon whom Dr. Lorenz operated at the Vanderbilt clinic. He, too, had suffered from congenital hip disease, and Dr. Lorenz placed the bone in its socket. The boy has been comfortable ever since. Both children are still at the hospital, but were reported to be doing splendidly.

## New Way to Take One's Life.

New York (Special).—Saying she wanted to die a happy death, and believing that ice cream in large quantities would produce the desired result, Miss Amelia Sternberg, of Morristown, was discovered eating sweet stuff by the table-spoonful. When found she had already devoured more than a gallon and was fast emptying a two-gallon freezer.

At the police station it was discovered that she was a patient at the State Hospital at Morris Plains and had escaped early in the evening. She said that she ran away for the purpose of dying and would have hung herself had she not thought that a few quarts of ice cream would freeze her to death and put a happy end to her existence.

## John Mitchell in Ill Health.

Indianapolis (Special).—On account of ill health, brought on by his recent duties in the East, President John Mitchell, of the United Mine workers, was unable to attend "Mitchell Day" celebration held by the miners at Wintday, Pike county, Ind. The address of the day was made by Secretary William B. Wilson.

## Landslide in North Carolina.

Asheville, N. C. (Special).—Another landslide has occurred on Saluda Mountain, in the cut on the Southern Railway that was filled by the slide of last week, and railroad authorities say that it will be at least a month before the track can be cleared for through traffic.

## 6,000 Reported Lost.

Madrid (By Cable).—According to a dispatch received here from Tangier, El Menebhi, the Moorish war minister, has lost 6,000 men in a battle fought with the rebels at Ammedianna.

## SPARKS FROM THE WIRE.

At Richmond, Va., Judge Grinnan, of the Richmond Chancery Court, granted an injunction restraining Lieutenanta Theiss and Grodeck, United States Navy, from proceeding further towards the launching of the cruiser Galveston, under construction in the Trigg shipyards. The Navy Department is not disposed to stand for the interference.

There was a small attendance of mill men at a meeting in Charlotte, N. C., to effect a merger of mills. Such a step is not believed to be practical.

# TRAGEDY IN ASHE COUNTY, N. C.

### Aged Father Badly Wounded and Wife Terribly Cut.

Charlotte, N. C. (Special).—A report reached here from Hemlock, Ashe county, N. C., that at midnight Christopher Davis, who lives near that place, arose from his bed, and taking his ax, crept to the bedside of his guests, Levi Barker and his father, Alfred Barker, from Virginia, and with two well-aimed blows at the head of Levi Barker, one in front of the right ear and the other just behind the ear, killed him.

Davis, then, it is stated, turned on the father with the ax and nearly severed his left arm just below the shoulder. Mr. Barker jumped from the bed and attempted to save himself by running from the house. He was wounded 17 times.

Davis' wife, aroused from slumber by the noise, rushed after the struggling men into the yard. Her husband it is said to have struck her with the ax, nearly severing one breast, a second wound being just below the heart, almost exposing it to view. Davis then carried his wife to bed, and washed and dressed her wounds. He took Levi Barker's knife from the latter's pocket, it is stated, and placed it in Mr. Barker's hand and closed the fingers of the dying man. Then he roused one of his little girls and dressing the baby, sent her to his father's. Mr. Alfred Barker also made his way to old Mr. Davis' house, and is now lying probably at the point of death at that place.

Davis is supposed to be insane. He is said to have had an attack of insanity about eight months ago, but was supposed to be better. Last week he began to show signs of mental derangement. Thursday he killed the family cat, apparently without any provocation. The same day he made some threats of cutting his own throat with a razor. Friday evening his old-time friends and acquaintances, the Barkers, from Virginia, arrived at his house and were urged to stay all night.

The dead man, Mr. Levi Barker, leaves a widow and five children. About 10 years ago Davis had a fight with an associate over a game of cards, in which it is said he inflicted an almost fatal cut in the body of James Branch.

Mr. Davis' father was wounded at the battle of Gettysburg, having lost a limb in that terrible conflict.

Mr. Alfred Barker's family, his friends say, seems to be doomed to bad luck. He had five sons. One was killed some years ago jumping from a moving train; another met his death near this place from a tree which rolled down the hill, crushing him. This tragedy robs Mr. Barker of another son and may cost him his own life.

The homicide occurred on the night of June 13. Davis was confined in the Jefferson jail the next night.

## CASSATT AND GOULD WAR OVER.

### Goold Broker Says Conflicting Interests Have Come to Agreement.

New York (Special).—For the first time in weeks Pennsylvania stock moved up aggressively, and in a degree commensurate to the movement in the general list, advancing about two points.

Washington Connor, the broker, who is supposed to be familiar with the general plans of the Goold interests, commenting on this, says there is now absolutely no friction between the Pennsylvania and Goold companies. "Any trouble that has existed has absolutely disappeared," said Mr. Connor. "There have been no differences for weeks, and the stories still out are purely the work of operators." The last question in dispute—the height of a bridge—was settled before President Ramsey, of the Washash, went to Europe.

It may seem odd that stories of a tremendous fight were without basis, but it is a fact, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who have underwritten the new issue of Pennsylvania stock, are financing the Missouri Pacific construction bonds.

Mr. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., said he did not care to comment upon Mr. Connor's interview.

The Washash demonstration was said to have been more by brokers said to be aiding for the junior Standard Oil crowd. In connection with the activity in these issues the report was circulated that the Goold-Rockefeller interests had acquired control of Erie in the interest of the Washash system, and that the documents combining the two roads were all drawn up, and truly needed the signatures of the contracting parties.

## To March on Mad Malah.

Aden, Arabia (By Cable).—The British lines of communication between Berbera and Bobote, Somaliland, East Africa,