

PUBLIC SALE OF PENN'S CAVE FARM—There will be sold at public sale on tract No. 2, all those certain messuages, tenements and tracts of land situated in Gregg Township, Centre county, Pa., three miles north of Spring Mills, on the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1903, 10 A. M.

Tract No. 1, GOOD FARM OF 200 ACRES, GOOD FARM BUILDINGS, TENEMENT HOUSE, SAW MILL.

Bounded on the north by lands of John B. Ream; on the east by land of John B. Ream, Abraham Lese, Jacob Detwiler, Ruth Armbruster and William Weaver's estate; on the south by lands of George Armbruster; and on the west by land of Samuel Roman and Aaron Long, containing 200 acres, more or less. Excepting and reserving from the said described property, Tract No. 2, the property herein described and known as the Penn's Cave property. Thereon erected a house, barn and outbuildings, almost new. About 175 acres are in a good state of cultivation, balance in timber. The house is 26x36 ft., barn 40x36 ft. Farm is well located and desirable in every way. ALSO, SAW MILL. A well equipped saw mill, power furnished by turbine water wheel. Also, Tenement house, 16x27 feet, and Blacksmith shop, 20x30 feet.

TRACT NO. 2, PENN'S CAVE. Beginning at a stone in the public road leading to Farmer's Mills, thence along said road and land of George Long north 61 1/2 degrees east 25 1/2 degrees east 20 perches to stones, thence north 25 1/2 degrees east 20 perches to stones, thence south 61 1/2 degrees west 48 perches to stones, thence south 25 1/2 degrees east 20 perches to the place of beginning, containing 6 acres neat measure, together with all the privileges in and under the ground as far as the same is hollow or can be reached by entering into said Cave, thereon erected Penn's Cave Hotel, stable and outbuildings.

DESCRIPTION OF PENN'S CAVE

Penn's Cave is a beautiful summer resort situated three miles from Spring Mills, on the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad. The Cave itself is a subterranean cavern fully one-fourth mile in length, the interior of which surpasses description. The walls and ceiling are decorated with myriads of stalactites, and the projecting irregular rocks are studded with stalagmites. Penn's Creek, which empties into the west branch of the Susquehanna river below Sunbury, rises at the mouth of the Cave and can be navigated by a boat, carrying from twenty-five to forty passengers, the entire length of the Cave. The Cave ends abruptly, the outlet being only large enough to carry away the water. The entrance of the Cave is gained by descending numerous easy steps. The Cave has been guarded against vandals ever since its discovery, more than a hundred years ago, and thus remains in its natural beauty.

Penn's Cave Hotel is a frame structure 30x32 ft., three stories in height with twenty-five rooms, kitchen, 16x24 feet; stable, 30x35 feet. The buildings stand immediately over the Cave.

The location is strictly rural; the climate is all that could be desired; hunting and fishing nearby. This property will be sold at a price that should enlist the interest of speculators. It is peculiarly suited for a well-appointed summer resort, gentleman's place or home for a club. The tract contains six acres of land, and is so situated to give every needed amenity to the cave proper. The description is not adequate. The place must be seen to be appreciated.

Terms. Ten per cent of purchase money to be paid on day of sale, the balance of one-third of purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, one-third in one year, and the balance in two years, with interest, the deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

LEWIS KORMAN, Admr.
LEWIS LONG, Farmers Mills, Pa.
Orvis, Bower & Orvis, Adm'rs, Bellefonte, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Letters of Administration on the estate of Catharine Booser, late of Centre Hall, Pa., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

W. A. KRISSE, Administrator.
Centre Hall, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Letters of Administration on the estate of George W. Loubarger, late of Spring Twp., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, she would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

MRS. MARY A. LONGBARGER, Administratrix.

Although our store room is small and inconvenient, we have this week added

A VERY FINE AND FULL LINE OF . . .

Summer Goods Dress Goods and Notions . . .

IN DRESS GOODS WE HAVE
LAWNS
PERCALES
MADRASES
CHAMBRAYS
and OTHER NEW PATTERNS.

IN NOTIONS
Fancy Buttons
Laces
Embroideries
Insertions
Medallions
and Fancy Trimmings
Hose, Etc.

H. F. ROSSMAN, Spring Mills.

Why Pay Rent or the Current Rate of Interest When the HomeCo-Operative Company a Co-partnership

will furnish you the money to buy a home, or pay the mortgage off, and give you

Ten Years and Five Months To pay it back at the Rate of \$8.50, per Month, With Interest at 3 per Cent. Per Annum

on the graduated scale, which amounts to 1/2 per cent simple interest on amount. Strict investigation courted.

I am also agent for the

Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York

The largest in the World. You cannot afford to insure your life until you see me. Write or call on the General Agent for full particulars. Any information required will be given.

Edwin K. Smith, General Agent, Oak Hall Sta., Pa.

CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.
148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.
[To be Continued.]
CHAPTER III.

For two weeks the army of the Potomac, aggregating one hundred thousand men, with its prodigious trains and paraphernalia of war rolled like a great tidal wave steadily northward making roads and building bridges. With them moved three thousand wagons with eighteen thousand horses. Sixty batteries of artillery with six thousand horses. Four hundred pontoon and bridge timber wagons, with two thousand four hundred horses. Carrying in wagons and on the backs of men forty thousand tents, hundreds of tons of fixed ammunition an amount sufficient to fight many battles and kill hundreds of thousands of men. Supplies consisting of hundreds of tons of crackers, meat, sugar, coffee, etc., for the men. Hay, corn and oats for the horses, amounts sufficient to feed the one hundred thousand men and forty thousand horses for many days.

Then came the five hundred doctors and two hundred and fifty assistants or stewards with their long trains of ambulances and wagons carrying immense stores of spirits, medicine, drugs, hundreds of cases of surgical instruments, stretchers, tents and hospital paraphernalia to furnish treatment and care for the sick and wounded, for it was a civilized war! The entire outfit always extending over more than one hundred square miles of territory. The army on a single road would make a column of over twelve miles in length with ten men abreast, and the artillery and wagons of all description a continuous train over fifty miles long or a total length of more than sixty miles.

Reader, have you now an idea of the size of the army of the Potomac? And the responsibilities resting upon its leaders? We return to the narrative.

Men and horses were greatly fatigued after making this long and tiresome, meandering, maneuvering march of over two hundred miles regardless of rain, storm and mud, often in summer heat and in dust that hid the columns and obscured the sun, covering the trees by the roadside and the uniforms of the men, hiding the original colors and rising in great, dense, suffocating clouds that could be seen many miles away. Notwithstanding these untoward conditions good spirits prevailed and the men seemed to be willing once more to grapple with our brave foe.

Early in the morning of July 1st we left Uniontown, Md., amid light rain, marching through the town and moving rapidly when on the road northward. But there were mysterious halts; there seemed to be some conditions of great uncertainty somewhere. Now and then the columns would halt and wait as if for more definite orders; then move rapidly for a few miles and halt. Toward evening we crossed the Maryland line into Pennsylvania.

We were now close up to the Confederate army, which occupied a great scope of country and many towns north of us. We realized that we were upon the field of an impending great battle. The battle had really already commenced.

During the day though we could not hear the noise of battle we saw the white, powder smoke of battle rise in great clouds far away to the northward and drift slowly along on the light breeze. The boys became more quiet and meditative; conversation in the ranks almost ceased. We knew what was coming;—we never despised the valor of the foe. There was no time for hot coffee and we ate crackers as we marched more rapidly than before.

In the early part of the night, while we were moving on the Baltimore pike in the woods and deep darkness, the column was halted. We stood aside, clearing the road. An ambulance was driven rapidly by us to the rear, escorted by a cavalry guard. We halted the guards and were informed that the ambulance contained the body of Maj. Gen. Reynolds, who had been killed during the day's battle and that the First and Eleventh Corps, the advance of our army, had been defeated during the day and driven back in great confusion over two miles, with great loss and that Gettysburg had been taken by the enemy. Again we moved in the darkness and shortly after met a newsboy on horseback, with daily papers, shouting: "Today's papers! McClellan in command of the army!"

We rushed out of the column, bought papers, and by the light of the newsboy's lantern we read, "Rumored that Gen. McClellan is with the Army of the Potomac and has assumed command." This brought new life to the tired soldiers and the shouts that went up were such that are seldom equaled in volume, even in a great army, crowned with sudden victory. Hurrah for McClellan! We will win this battle! McClellan always wins; were some of the shouts that rolled along the columns for miles. We were not

so tired any more and were willing to march all night, assured that we were marching to victory.

Shortly after this incident we halted about four miles from Gettysburg and formed a line of battle to the right of, and at right angles with the Baltimore pike, on the border of wood and field, facing the open country to the north, the forest to our immediate rear. There was no time for supper; we ate crackers as we marched.

The two great armies were now together and the battle begun. There was a possibility of night attack; therefore, we stacked arms, threw off knapsacks, accoutrements and coats, and commenced building a parapet along our front. The sky cleared and the moon shone brightly.

The Pioneers felled the trees and the troops carried and placed them in position. The gray dawn of coming day tinged the eastern horizon, when we pronounced our work finished.

There was no rest; we knew that we must fight before the day was done, so we made our best runs to get water. The want of water in battle, especially among the wounded, is most intensely and distressingly felt and every possible effort was always put forth to have full canteens to take into battle.

Early on the morning of July 2nd, after a hurried lunch of crackers only, we fled out of our position and marched rapidly about three miles toward Gettysburg, when we reached the battle field and were assigned a position in the great line of battle, seven miles long, on the now historic "Field of Gettysburg," near the "Clump of Trees," and the point now known as the "Bloody Angle," on account of the desperate fighting and great loss of life at that point.

Wet with perspiration, chafed, foot-sore, tired and hungry, the boys of the 2nd Corps promptly took their places in battle order, dressed their lines with the same exacting precision that was observed at dress parade, with guides out for every company all along its far reaching line.

Tired to stand, they were ordered to lie down in battle line, guns in hand, to await the coming shock, and in a few minutes the great majority were sound asleep. A few hours later many of these men slept the sleep that knows no waking.

The Confederates, in battle order on Seminary Ridge, and not far away, discovered our approaching columns, kept up a vigorous shell fire on us during the last mile's march. But, while their range was good and every shell exploded over us, their aim was high, and little damage was done.

Squads of frightened citizens, men, women and children, carrying bandboxes and packages of hastily gathered valuables, who had abandoned their homes between the lines, were running by us to find places of safety to our rear.

One party, passing right along our column, consisted of an old gentleman leading a little girl by the hand on each side, and two young ladies carrying band boxes, one also leading a child, running close by me. I said, good morning, father. He gloomily responded; I said, fine morning. He answered, yes truly, but so full of terror and sorrow; tears were in his eyes as he raised his hand toward our column and said, God bless and spare you all. Again they ran. They had just passed our point in the rapidly moving column when a twenty-four pound rifle shell came screaming through the air and exploded with a frightful report over them. I looked back to see if they had escaped; the two ladies had fallen. After some effort they regained their feet and ran faster than before, apparently all right. They had been knocked down by the force of the concussion only.

All the people residing on the great field between the lines of the contending armies, abandoned their homes, while the people of Gettysburg remained in their houses and were unmolested by the enemy, while they held possession.

Gettysburg was in possession of the Confederates from the 1st to the 5th of July, during which time there was not a single house, store or shop looted, or a citizen disturbed; no building, public or private, destroyed or damaged.

The summer house adjoining the dwelling of Philip T. Schreckengast, of Tylerville, took fire the other day. The dwelling was saved after a hard struggle.

BLACKSMITH SHOP AND DWELLING HOUSE FOR RENT—The undersigned offers for rent a blacksmith shop and dwelling house, at Centre Hill. Terms reasonable.

PETER SMITH, Centre Hill, Pa.

CAUTION—All persons are hereby cautioned not to purchase lumber from Thomas Keen, of Potter township, as the timber sawed by him is the property of the undersigned.

PETER SMITH, Centre Hill, Pa.
June 18, 1903.

The Best Assortment of FURNITURE

In Penn's Valley Will be found at

Spring Mills, Pa.
JOHN SMITH & BROS.
Korn 2 see us. Nuf sed.

TRIAL LIST.

Trial List for Special June Term 1903 Commencing Monday, June 22

Hugh Ward vs. J. T. Lucas, suit for debt.
Patrick Ward vs. J. T. Lucas, suit for debt.

Lehigh Valley Coal Co. vs. Beaver Lumber Co., replevin for lumber.
Lehigh Valley Coal Co. vs. A. J. Greist, same as above.

Geo. W. Jackson's admrs. vs. Jackson, Hastings & Co., debt—balance due on bank account.
Charles McCafferty vs. John Caldwell, et al., ejectment from land in Bellefonte.

George L. Reed vs. W. S. Weston's admrs., scire facias sur mortgage.

Children's Aid Society.

The Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania has accomplished beneficent results in caring for homeless children by distributing them separately among respectable families, rather than by assembling them in public institutions. Thousands of destitute children have been received by the society from the almshouses, the criminal courts, poverty-stricken or delinquent parents, and placed in good families where they participate in the home life, under the ever watchful care and supervision of the devoted women who represent the society in every county. The great majority are placed in country homes. At present there are 822 children in the society's care. The Children's Aid Society deserves generous public support. Its helpful ministrations are given to unfortunate humanity when help is often needed; to a class of beneficiaries who cannot help themselves. The cry of destitute children should appeal with irresistible force to all right thinking men and women.

Reduced Rates to Gettysburg.

For the benefit of those desiring to attend the exercises to be held at Gettysburg, Pa., commemorating the fortieth anniversary of the battle, on July 1, 2, and 3, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Gettysburg from all stations on its lines in the state of Pennsylvania east of and excluding Johnstown; also from stations on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division and the Buffalo and Allegheny Valley Division north of but not including Oil City, at rate of a single fare for the round-trip (minimum rate, \$1.00). Tickets will be sold and good going June 30, July 1, 2, and 3, and good to return until July 6, inclusive.

Meehan is Fisheries Chief.

William E. Meehan, of Philadelphia, was appointed by Governor Pennypacker chief of the State Department of Fisheries created by the last Legislature. His salary is \$3000 annually and he is authorized to appoint a clerk at a salary of \$1200 and a stenographer at \$600. Four fish commissioners yet to be appointed, with Chief Meehan, will constitute the state fish commission.

25 lb. Trout Caught.
A trout measuring twenty-five inches and weighing six and a quarter pounds was caught in Spring Creek.

On the way to
The Centre Reporter Office
To pay subscription.

Don't you want to be happy?

LOCALS.

State best Manhattan—score, 3 to 2.
Harry Potter, son of J. T. Potter, of Clairton, is spending a few weeks at his old home near this place.

The thirty-sixth annual report of Tressler Orphans' Home, Loysville, Perry county, shows a total of 188 children in the home, ninety-seven boys, ninety-one girls, whose homes are scattered in thirty counties of the state and from six other states as well. The report of the treasurer shows total receipts of \$27,599.54 and expenditures of \$23,817.20.

Farmers should be familiar with the fact that a small quantity of clean lard rubbed in a horse's ears will keep from the ears all flies, large and small and save the animal untold annoyance and suffering.

The new board of the Reformed and Lutheran Cemetery Association met in Kreamer & Son's office Tuesday night. The officers are D. A. Booser, president; John T. Lee, secretary; Samuel S. Kreamer, treasurer. No business was transacted.

Mrs. Conrad Flad, formerly Miss Bertie Kamp, of Look Haven, daughter of the late Jacob Kamp and now of Brooklyn, New York, died at her home in that city last week, after a lingering illness, aged thirty-five years. She is survived by her husband and son Harold, aged four years.

The brough water plant behaved to a most becoming way during the recent dry spell. The reservoir was emptied about three weeks ago and thoroughly cleaned, and before the rains began the supply pipes had almost refilled it, and this without restricting consumers in any way.

KREAMER & SON.

A fine full line of . . .
LADIES' & MISSES' SHOES.
A Complete line
MEN'S AND BOYS' SHOES.
Please do not forget our . . .
FINE LINE OF CARPETS.

Kreamer & Son, Centre Hall, Pa.

1845 THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEWARK, N. J.

The Leading Annual Dividend Co. STOCKHOLDERS. Insurance furnished at cost. No Tontine or Deferred Dividend Accumulations to be Forfeited in Case of Death or Default in Premium Payments. CONSPICUOUS FOR ECONOMY and LARGE Returns to Policyholders in Proportion to Payments by them. MUTUAL BENEFIT POLICIES CONTAIN SPECIAL AND PECULIAR ADVANTAGES NOT COMBINED IN THE POLICIES OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Write or call on the agent. Any information requested will be given.

W. H. Bartholomew
AGENT, CENTRE HALL, PA.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

Is everywhere recognized as the one remedy that can always be depended upon and that is pleasant to take. It is especially valuable for summer diarrhoea in children and is undoubtedly the means of saving the lives of a great many children each year. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

I am now in my New Store Room and ready to greet you all with

The Latest Styles in
Shoes
OXFORDS
SANDALS
BLUCHERS

And almost anything you may want in my line. If not in stock I will get it for you. Come in and let us show you our goods, as it costs nothing to show goods. Many thanks for past favors.

P. V. S. STORE.
Goods exchanged for Produce. . . .
C. A. KRAPE.
Spring Mills, Pa.

IN THE LAND OF THE DAKOTAS.

Buy a Farm

Why not? It is easy. Good lands at \$8.00 per Acre and up. Lands sold on long time payments. One crop often pays the entire cost of the land. A large majority of the Eastern Tenant Farmers would better their condition by taking advantage of this opportunity to Buy Low Priced Farm Lands and making their homes in the Dakotas.

The area of good lands at low prices will soon be a thing of the past. Write the undersigned for further particulars and accompany him on a trip. Excursion rates (one fare plus \$2.00) are given west of Chicago on the 1st and 2nd Tuesday of every month. Fare deducted from price of land to those buying as much as a quarter section (160 acres.)

The Pennsylvania Central to Chicago and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul from there will take you to Ipswich, S. D., and other points where these lands may be had.

P. O. STIVER, Freeport, Illinois.
NATIVE HOME, POTTERS MILLS, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.

The Lamp of Steady Habits

The lamp that doesn't flare up or smoke, or cause you to use the language of the lamp that looks good when you get it and stays good; the lamp that you never willingly part with, once you have it; that's

The New Rochester.

Other lamps may be offered you as "just as good" they may be, in some respects, but for all around goodness, there's only one, The New Rochester. To make sure the lamp offered you is genuine, look for the name on it; every lamp has it. (50 Varieties.)

Old Lamps Made New.

We can fill every lamp want. No matter whether you want a new lamp or if an old one repaired or refilled, a vase mounted or other make of lamp transformed into a New Rochester, we can do it. Let us send you literature on the subject.

We are SPECIALISTS in the treatment of diseases of Lamps. Consultation FREE.

THE ROCHESTER LAMP CO., 38 Park Place & 63 Barclay St., New York.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

His Last Hope Realized.
(From the Sentinel, Gebo, Mont.)

In the first opening of Oklahoma to settlers in 1889, the editor of this paper was among the many seekers after fortune who made the big race one fine day in April. During his traveling about and afterwards his camping upon his claim, he encountered much bad water, which, together with the severe heat, gave him a very severe diarrhoea which it seemed almost impossible to check, and along in June the case became so bad he expected to die. One day one of his neighbors brought him one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a last hope. A big dose was given him while he was rolling about on the ground in great agony, and in a few minutes the dose was repeated. The good effect of the medicine was soon noticed and within an hour the patient was taking his first sound sleep for a fortnight. That one little bottle worked a complete cure, and he cannot help but feel grateful. The season for bowel disorders being at hand suggests this item. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

H. G. STROHMEIER, CENTRE HALL, PENN.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . . MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite. Don't fail to get my prices.

GRANT HOOVER

Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.

The Best is the Cheapest. . . .
No mutuals; no assessments.
Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building, Bellefonte, Pa.
Telephone connection.

"I have been troubled for some time with indigestion and sour stomach," says Mrs. Sarah W. Curtis, of Lee, Mass., "and have been taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets which have helped me very much so that now I can eat many things that before I could not." If you have any trouble with your stomach why not take these Tablets and get well? For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

WHEELBARROWS—The undersigned offers for sale two hand-made wheelbarrows, suitable for use by farmers, all well ironed and made of the best of wood. Price, cheap, \$1.50. JOHN L. McLELLAN, Centre Hall, Pa.