

# THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

Patents granted—Ralph D. Albright, DuBois, air pump operating device; George W. Blair, Pittsburg, lamp chimney holder; Thomas J. Bray, Jr., Pittsburg, tube handling apparatus; Adoniram J. Campbell, Media, sad-iron; Francis L. Clark, Pittsburg, automatic slack adjuster; Thomas Dixon, McKeesport, ingot mold; Ulysses S. Draper, Altoona, roping iron for railway cars; William M. Fawcett and C. L. Heisler, Erie, road roller; George F. Goss, Wallacetown, pool table, rack and tally; Joseph M. Gulentz, Pittsburg, apparatus for applying terminal wires to electric lamp globes; William H. Hamilton, McKeesport, shirt waist; John T. Hovis, Clintonville, vehicle brake; John Huxley, Washington, furnace bottom; Cornelius Kuhlendorf, Pittsburg, automatic controller for rolling mill shafts, etc.; Benjamin G. Lamme, Pittsburg, puzzle; Oliver J. Mattox, Washington, reclining chair; Harry M. McCull, Pittsburg, electric igniter for hydrocarbon engines, also governor; Jesse Morgenthau, Pittsburg, coin-operated weighing machine; Karl O. Muehlberg, Bradford, drill chuck; Henry A. Otto, Allegheny, overhead traveling crane; Lemuel Patterson, Warren, mailing tube.

Pensions granted—Joshua B. Williams, Tyrone, \$40; Lemuel G. Edgar, Beaver, \$55; George T. Atkinson, Slippery Rock, \$12; Edward J. Hilson, Pittsburg, \$40; Susan C. Shue, Washington, \$8; Alexander Clark, Emsworth, \$6; John A. Culbert, Jr., Haynie, \$30; Burton Jones Sharon, \$14; James B. O. Harboch, McKeesport, \$12; Nathan C. Dobbs, Allegheny, \$8; Violet Nelson, Blairville, \$8; James P. Altum, Waynesburg, \$10; David Reeder, New Bloomfield, \$12; Arthur McFadden, Pittsburg, \$10; Henry Greiner, Allegheny, \$8; John P. Norman, Monongahela, \$8; Jacob S. Sively, Green Castle, \$12.75; Daniel McFadden, New Castle, \$40; Thomas L. Hayes, South Fork, \$10; James B. Thompson, Edinboro, \$12; Reuben S. Gross, Warsaw, \$10; Lake Naughton, Tidoute, \$8; Maria Thomson, Tarentum, \$8; Eliza J. Ellifritz, Canonsburg, \$12; Manetta Bowman, M. Pleasant, \$8; Laura A. Allen, Henderson, \$8.

Attorney General Carson rules that State insane asylums must admit all insane persons committed by the courts whether there be room or not.

Jesco von Puttkamer, grandnephew of Prince Bismarck, a printer's apprentice, who thought he would get a fortune or a title because the German police were seeking him, learns he is not the boy wanted.

Beverly Robinson loses his sensational suit to recover Pittsburg property worth \$100,000 on the ground that he was the father of the child that was heir to it.

The Liberty Bell will go to Boston. Mayor Weaver notified Councils that he had approved the ordinance authorizing the sending of the bell to Boston in connection with the anniversary of the Battle of Bunker Hill, on June 17. A councilman committee to escort the bell has been appointed, but no meetings have been held, the attitude of the Mayor not having been known. A call for the meeting will be issued in a few days.

Frederick Miller, a Uniontown boy, has been lodged in jail at Uniontown. He is charged with taking \$1500 worth of goods from the store of Rosenbaum Bros.

General Manager David E. Davis, of the Ohio Leather Company, of Youngstown, O., resigned to accept the position of assistant cashier of the Industrial Bank of Pittsburg.

Mad with grief over the death of her husband, Mary Antonio, an Italian, attempted to commit suicide by butting her head against the walls of the Allegheny hospital.

A deal is about to be closed with Eastern capitalists for the purchase of 2000 acres of coal land in the neighborhood of Stoyestown.

The members of the Sixteenth Regiment Association are making arrangements for the annual reunion, which will be held at Monarch Park, near Franklin, August 9.

Dr. Theodore B. Noss, principal of the Southwestern State Normal School, at California, is seriously ill at his home, suffering with pneumonia.

The Jones and Laughlin Steel Company has bought the Disciple Church at Coal Center for \$6000. It is supposed that a new coal road will be built across the property.

Mrs. Anna Barnard, of New Castle, refused to leave her burning home on Saturday. It was necessary to drag her from the house.

At a recent meeting the Grove City Council awarded the contract for the paving of North Broad street. The contract amounts to about \$12,000.

According to assessor's returns, McMessen shows a gain of nearly 500 voters over the last registration, which, along the line of usual computation, gives the town a population of about 10,000.

The jury on the case of the trustees of the Greek Catholic Church at Mo-nessen, against Father Eugene Volkay charged with forcible entry, found a verdict in favor of the defendant, and placed the costs on the prosecutors.

George Everhart caught one of the largest catfish that has been taken from the Shenango river in several years. He was fishing above Sharpsville and successfully landed the fish after an hour's struggle. It weighed 43 pounds.

Two children, aged four and two, of Mrs. George Connors, of Coatesville, drank iodine, but a physician's efforts may save their lives.

At the Westtown Friends Boarding School the corner-stone of the new gymnasium was laid. The exercises were conducted by the faculty and class of 1903, the entire school participating.

The Lehigh Valley Coal Company distributed about \$8000 bonus money to its 700 employees at Pirriose Colliery, Mahanoy City, being all back money, owing.

Dr. B. Frank Klugh, a prominent physician of Florin, died from injuries received by being struck by a freight train. He was a native of York county.

While removing a kettle of water from a wood fire the clothing of 10-year-old Helen Koser, of Fritville, became ignited and she was fatally burned.

Elam D. Hurst, for forty years a superintendent of the Farnum Cotton Mill, Lancaster, is dead, aged 75.

## COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review on trade says:

Warmer weather has made it possible for the retail trade to regain part of the earlier losses in volume of transactions, and the level of quotations for staple lines of merchandise is well maintained. Wholesale trade in seasonable goods is quiet, although there is more or less supplementary business, and jobbers report increased activity in several lines of wearing apparel. Clothing manufacturers are busy on Fall samples, which are unusually late. Furniture and harness factories are notably well supplied with orders and there is no evidence of dullness in machinery or hardware.

At most points there are indications of improvement in mercantile collections, the favorable progress of farm work having a good influence at the interior, while heavy sales of fertilizers testify to the extensive preparation for large crops. Industrial conditions would be exceptionally encouraging were it not for the vast army of men voluntarily idle. Railway earnings continue to show the usual gain. May figures thus far surpassing last year's by 13.4 per cent, and those of 1901 by 29.3 per cent.

Failures this week were 106 in the United States, against 228 last year, and 13 in Canada, compared with 17 a year ago.

### LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Flour—Spring clear, \$3.25@3.40; best Patent, \$4.80; choice Family, \$4.05. Wheat—New York No. 2, 83 1/2c; Philadelphia No. 2, 79 1/2c@80c; Baltimore No. 2, 80c.

Corn—New York No. 2, 53 1/4c; Philadelphia No. 2, 50 1/2c@50 3/4c; Baltimore No. 2, 51 1/2c. Oats—New York No. 2, 41c; Philadelphia No. 2, 40c; Baltimore No. 2, 40 1/2c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, large bales \$20.50@21.00; do, small bales \$20.50@21.00; No. 2 timothy, \$19.00@20.00; No. 3 timothy, \$16.00@18.00; No. 1 clover mixed, \$17.50@18.50; No. 2 clover mixed, \$14.50@16.50; No. 1 clover, \$13.50@14.00; No. 2 clover, \$10.00@12.00; no grade hay, \$7.00@11.00.

Fruits and Vegetables—Cabbage Southern, new, per crate \$1.25@1.50; Potatoes—Western, per bu 68@70c; do, New York, per bu 68@70c; do, new Florida, No. 1, per bu \$3.50@4.00; do, do, No. 2, per bu \$2.25@2.75. Eggplant, Florida, per orange box \$2.00@2.50. Onions, yellow, per bu 60@75c; do, red, per bu —@—; Celery, Florida, per case \$2.25@2.50. Sweet potatoes, Potomac, yellow, per bu \$2.50@2.75; do, do, North Carolina, yellow \$2.50@2.75; do, do, Eastern Shore, yellow, \$2.25@2.50. Yams \$1.75@2.25. Tomatoes, Florida, fancy, per carrier \$2.75@3.00; do, do, fair to good, per carrier \$1.00@1.25. Asparagus, per doz bunches \$1.00@2.00. Strawberries, per quart 6@12c. Cukes, Florida, per bu \$1.50@2.00. Spring onions, per 100 55@70c. Green peas, per basket, \$1.50@2.25. Beans, green, per box \$1.50@2.00; do, wax, per box \$2.50@3.00. Lettuce, Southern, per basket \$1.00@1.25; do, native, per basket 60@80c.

Butter—Separator, 25@26c; Gaiher's cream, 23@24c; Prints, 1-lb, 25@27c; Rolls, 2-lb, 28@29c; Dairy pts. Md. Pa., Va., 24@25c.

Eggs—Western Maryland and Pennsylvania, per dozen, —@15c; Eastern Shore (Maryland and Virginia) —@15c; Virginia —@15c; West Virginia —@15c; Western —@15c; Southern 14 1/2@15c; guinea 9@10; duck, Eastern Shore, fancy —@14 1/2; do, Western and Southern —@14 1/2.

Cheese—Large, 60-lbs, 13 1/4@13 3/4c; 36-lbs, 13 1/4@13 3/4c; 23-lbs, 14@14 1/2c.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Hens heavy to medium, 12 1/2@13c; old roosters each, 25@30; young, good to choice 14@15; do, rough and stagsy, —@13; spring, 1 1/2 lbs and over —@25; do, to 1 1/4 lbs, 18@22; winter 18@20. Duck: —Fancy, large, —@12c; do, small, —@10; muscovy and mongrel 11@12. Geese, Western, each, 30@40c. Guinea fowl, each, —@25c. Pigeons, 50 strong flyers, per pair, —@30c; do, young, 25@30.

Provisions and Hog Products—Bull clear rib sides, 11c; bulk clear sides 11 1/4; bulk shoulders, 9 1/2; bulk fat backs, 18 lbs and under, 10; bulk fat ribs, 12; bulk ham butts, 10; bacon rib sides, 11 1/4; clear sides, 11 1/4; back shoulders, 10 1/2; sugar-cured breasts small, 12 1/2; sugar-cured shoulders blade cuts, 10 1/2; sugar-cured shoulders extra broad, 11 1/4; sugar-cured California hams, 10 1/4; canvased and uncavased hams, 12 lbs and over, 14; hams canvased and uncavased, 15 lbs and over, 13 1/4; skinned, 14 1/4; refined lard half-barrels and new tubs, 10 1/4; tierces lard, 10 1/2.

Live Stock. Chicago—Cattle—Good to prime steers \$2.00@2.50; poor to medium \$1.4@2.10; stockers and feeders \$2.25@3.10; cows \$1.50@4.75; heifers \$2.50@5.25; canners \$1.50@2.80; bulls \$2.50@4.50; calves \$2.50@6.25; Texas fed steer \$4.00@4.75. Hogs—Receipts today 25,000 head; tomorrow 20,000; left over 5000 opened to lower; closed strong mixed and butchers, \$6.80@6.90; good to choice heavy \$6.85@7.00; rough heavy \$6.60@6.80; light \$6.45@6.70; but of sales \$6.70@6.85. Sheep—Receipt 8000 head; sheep steady; lambs steady to strong; good to choice wethers \$5.0@6.00; fair to choice mixed \$3.75@5.00; native lambs \$4.50@7.25.

East Liberty—Cattle lower. Prime \$5.10@5.25; choice \$5.30@5.45; good \$4.00@5.10. Hogs lower; prime heavy and mediums \$7.05; heavy Yorkers light Yorkers and pigs \$7.00; rough \$5.00@6.00. Sheep steady; best wethers \$4.85@5.10; culls and common \$2.00@3.00; choice lambs \$6.75@7.00; veal calves \$5.50@6.00.

STRAWS FROM THE WORLD'S CURRENTS: Electric railways kill one hundred persons a month.

Consumption claims 6000 persons year in Ohio.

Manchuria is primarily a grain-producing country.

The Transvaal's output of gold to March was 230,000 ounces.

Ethiopia's railway being completed Americans are exploiting that kingdom.

The twenty-seven railway bridges in the Uganda, Africa, road are American.

## A DANGER SPOT.



A dangerous spot for pain is the small of the back; it tells of kidney ills, as do most pains and aches in the back. Kidney ills begin with backache and end with Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease, Cure Kidney and Bladder troubles before they reach the serious stage. Read how easily it can be done.

W. J. Hill, of 40 South Union street, Concord, N. C., proprietor of hardware and harness store, Justice of the Peace, and one of the best known residents of that city, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills proved a very efficient remedy in my case. I got a box at the Gibson Drug Store and used them for disordered kidneys and backache, from which I had experienced a great deal of annoyance, trouble and pain. The kidney secretions had bothered me for a long while, were very irregular, dark colored and full of sediment. The Pills cleared it all up and I have not had an ache in my back since taking the last dose. My back is much stronger and my health generally is improved a great deal. I am glad to make a public endorsement of the Pills, trusting that it may be the means of relieving some other sufferer."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Hill will be mailed to any part of the United States on application. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

Cold Water Poison Absorbing. In connection with the subject of water, there is one peculiar property of that liquid with which every one should be made acquainted, and that is, its capacity for absorbing impurities, which increases proportionately the colder it gets. Hence, water that has stood in an insufficiently ventilated sleeping chamber all night is not only unpleasant, but positively injurious to drink, since it readily absorbs the poisonous gases given off by respiration and the action of the skin. An ordinary pitcher of water, under such conditions, at a temperature of sixty degrees will be found to have absorbed during the night from a pint to a pint and a half of carbonic acid gas, and an increase of ammonia. Ice water is an objectionable drink at all times, but if it is indulged in, the vessel containing it should never be left uncovered in sleeping or sitting rooms, because at freezing point its capacity for absorbing these deleterious substances is nearly doubled.

Misunderstanding goes on like a fallen stitch in a stocking, which in the beginning might have been taken up by a needle.

After first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, a trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Some people never put anything by for a rainy day until they see the clouds gathering.

Use Allen's Foot-Powder. It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Itching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores. Do not accept any substitute. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

The fellow who has nothing to say generally manages to say it at great length.

Look for this trade mark: "The Klean, Kool Kitchen Kind." The stove without smoke, ashes or heat. Makes comfortable cooking.

Even the tombstone engraver is addicted to cutting remarks.

Fruit acids will not stain goods dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—Wm. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburton, Ind., Feb. 10, 1903.

The trouble with the easy-going fellow is that it's so hard to get him started.

Equal to the Occasion. A perfect dinner partner, one whom every woman loves to find assigned to her, was entertaining his fair charge with a curious story he had been told of domestic happenings in a circle he had not yet located. The story progressed with airy and good-natured comment on the part of the reciter, and great interest on the part of the audience of one. Finally the audience took the floor. "I only want to tell you that I am the woman concerned," she said, bubbling over. Even then his savoir-faire did not forsake the dear dinner-out. "Ah," he said graciously, "then I hope I have the particulars correct."

Light-weight Books. Many book buyers, says a writer in the Youth's Companion, must have noticed the remarkable lightness of some of the volumes recently issued, especially from the English presses. The paper, although of normal thickness, is singularly lacking in weight. Some American books also begin to show this characteristic. In some cases the relative loss of weight, as compared with older volumes of equal size, amounts to thirty or forty per cent. The cause is the recent adoption for book-work of paper made of esparto-grass fiber. This paper lacks the smooth surface of the older kinds, but the relief afforded by the loss of weight in bulky books is very agreeable.

There is no harm in being respected in this world, as I have found out; and if you don't brag a little for yourself, depend on it there is no person of your acquaintance who will tell the world of your merits, and take the trouble off your hands.

Every sick woman who does not understand her ailment should write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Many women and doctors do not recognize the real symptoms of derangement of the female organs until too late.

I had terrible pains along my spinal cord for two years and suffered dreadfully. I was given different medicines, were plasters; none of these things helped me. Reading of the cures that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought about, I somehow felt that it was what I needed and bought a bottle to take. How glad I am that I did so; two bottles brought me immense relief, and after using three bottles more I felt new life and blood surging through my veins. It seemed as though there had been a regular house cleaning through my system, that all the sickness and poison had been taken out and new life given me instead. I have advised dozens of my friends to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Good health is indispensable to complete happiness, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has secured this to me."

Mrs. LAURA L. BREMER, Crown Point, Indiana, Secretary Ladies Relief Corps.—\$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

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## The Man Who Found Himself.

The son of an immensely wealthy American, having graduated from college, according to a writer in The World's Work, went to Paris to study art.

He worked hard in the Paris studios for three years. One day he made up his mind that he would never be a great artist, and that he would rather be a successful farmer than a vainly successful painter. Now—al- though still a young man—he has a model farm, covering ten thousand acres, in Illinois. He knows every foot of it, what it should produce, and he sees that it produces everything it should. He has built a magnificent house, in which not an ornament jars the finest taste. He goes to Europe every winter and studies European methods of scientific farming and cat- tle raising. He is developing the land as his fathers did before him. He em- ploys scores of men; he helps the small farmers about him; he is likely to be a great factor in the development of the State during the next few years. And this is the story of a young American who works for the love of it, and who is a great success because, anxious to do things, he knew when he had not "found his work."

Planting Seeds by Cannon. Nasmyth, a landscape painter of re- pute, was held in great esteem as a land- scape gardener, and in this capacity helped to compose some of the finest park and forest scenery. The estate of then duke of Athol was disfigured by an unsightly crag, the rocks of which were inaccessible to climbers. By a happy thought Nasmyth determined to make a bold bid for success with a can- non, which was at hand. By his ad- vice tin canisters were prepared, and loaded with tree seeds. Fired from the cannon's mouth, these novel shells burst against the face of the crag, and scat- tered their fruitful contents among the rocky crevices. Nature carried on the work so cleverly begun, and in the course of years these barren heights were clothed and crowned with trees of luxuriant growth. Nasmyth's son, James, the Scottish astronomer, is said to have repeated the experiment with equal success.

There is any quantity of gold in the land, but we enjoy it most when the other fellow digs for it.

IT'S permanently cured. No fits or nervous- ness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, a trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

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Light-weight Books. Many book buyers, says a writer in the Youth's Companion, must have noticed the remarkable lightness of some of the volumes recently issued, especially from the English presses. The paper, although of normal thickness, is singularly lacking in weight. Some American books also begin to show this characteristic. In some cases the relative loss of weight, as compared with older volumes of equal size, amounts to thirty or forty per cent. The cause is the recent adoption for book-work of paper made of esparto-grass fiber. This paper lacks the smooth surface of the older kinds, but the relief afforded by the loss of weight in bulky books is very agreeable.

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