

WARSHIPS TO GO TO KIEL

Government Wants to Please Emperor William.

GERMANY FELT MUCH SLIGHTED.

Harsh Criticism in the German Press Which Expressed Indignation Because the European Squadron Had Been Ordered to Greet President Loubet at Marseilles After Declining a Number of Germany's Invitations.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—From the highest official quarters it is learned that the criticisms in a few German newspapers directed against a supposed declination of the Navy Department here to send an American naval squadron to Kiel this summer are based on a complete misunderstanding of the situation. The facts are explained as follows:

No set and formal invitation from the German government to send an American squadron to Kiel was ever received.

But through semi-official channels intimations did reach Washington that the German Emperor would be pleased to have the North Atlantic Squadron stop at Kiel during the naval demonstration. Failing that, it was in the same informal way suggested that when Admiral Evans retired from his command in Asia and started to return to the United States on his battleship Kentucky the Emperor, who was well acquainted with him, would be glad to have him touch at some German seaport.

Secretary Moody is extremely desirous of doing anything within reason to show the warmth of the friendship which he cherishes towards Germany, and the President and Secretary Hay have the same disposition. They were resolved to miss no opportunity to reciprocate the many kindly expressions of regard for America that had come directly from Emperor William.

But circumstances conspired to make it impossible to meet either of the hints thrown out from Germany. First, as to the North Atlantic Squadron, the general board here had planned an extensive scheme of maneuvers and drill work which had advanced so far towards execution that the results of a failure to complete the work would have been disastrous to discipline.

As to Admiral Evans' invitation, it was decided that the Kentucky having been in semitropical waters for a long time and having before her a voyage of nearly 18,000 miles returning to New York in the shortest line, would be in no condition when she arrived at Gibraltar going westward to be diverted from her straight course to Northern Europe. She would certainly not have been an attractive ship to inspect at that stage.

But the United States Navy is not to be unrepresented at Kiel. Following the usual custom, when the warm weather begins in the Mediterranean, the European squadron will begin slowly to work its way northward, and it is calculated that it will arrive at Kiel in time to take its proper place in the celebration.

This can be done and will be done without undue interference with the routine movements of the European squadron, and attention is directed to the fact that this is the same squadron which is under orders to be at Marseilles when President Loubet returns from Africa. While the Navy Department is desirous of showing the greatest courtesy towards President Loubet and the people he represents, it is only fair, in view of the German misconception on the subject, to point out that, being even now only a few hours' sail distant from Marseilles, a failure on the part of the American squadron to greet the returning President would have been little less than a gross discourtesy.

FOILED BY A PLUCKY MAN.

Killed One of the Robbers and Was Himself Wounded in the Fight.

Wampum, Pa. (Special).—In a battle following an unsuccessful attempt to rob the First National Bank, of this place, one man was killed and another seriously wounded.

The dead man was one of the burglars, and he has not yet been identified. The wounded man was Henry Willoughby, a baker, who surprised the burglars while at work. His injuries are serious, but not fatal.

Willoughby was passing the bank at an early hour on his way to work, when he was suddenly confronted by a man, who, at the point of a revolver, ordered him to throw up his hands and keep quiet. He did so, but in his right hand was a revolver, and a moment later both men fired at each other.

At the report of the revolver two other men rushed from the bank and took a hand in the shooting.

The three-cornered revolver fight aroused some of the people in the vicinity of the bank, and they were soon at the scene of the battle, but before their arrival the burglars fled. While the men had broken into the banking rooms they had not completed the drilling of the safe, and their attempt at robbery was unsuccessful.

The body of one of the burglars was discovered on a vacant lot in the upper end of town.

As the bullet wound was near the heart, it is presumed that his companions had to drag or drive their dying companion from the bank to where he was found. While he was dressed in only an ordinary suit of clothes, he was not shabbily dressed, and on his body was found a gold watch and \$44 in cash. Willoughby was shot in both legs, and it is supposed he fired the shot that killed the burglar.

Carrie Nation's Charity.

Topeka, Kas. (Special).—Mrs. Carrie Nation Sunday formally opened her home for the wives of drunkards. Five women, all destitute—three sick and two badly beaten by their husbands—were admitted. The opening consisted of a song and prayer service by Mrs. Nation and a few of her supporters. No men were allowed on the premises. Contributions of cash, food and clothing were received.

THE LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

Domestic.

It is stated in San Juan, Porto Rico, that should District Attorney Pettigill refuse to prosecute those army and naval officers against whom indictments have been found in connection with the alleged smuggling cases the judges will appoint a substitute for Mr. Pettigill.

Mateo Fajardo, the Mayor of Mayaguez, Porto Rico, arrested, charged with municipal frauds, was released on bail and started for San Juan. An effort will be made to prevent his escape by water. Other arrests are expected.

Harry C. Kline, a grocer, of Fort Wayne, Ind., shot and fatally wounded 13-year-old Lizzie Jackson, with whom he was infatuated, and then killed himself.

Burglars, using dynamite, secured \$2700 from the Allen State Bank, at Allen, Kan. At Admire, a few miles east, they robbed the postoffice.

An agreement was reached for a settlement of the strike of the structural ironworkers employed by the American Bridge Company.

Four members of the crew of the fishing schooner Independence, of Gloucester, were knocked overboard and drowned during a gale.

The revolt in the Province of Misamis, Island of Mindanao, is spreading, and the government will increase the military force there. The troops have dispersed the band which raided Surigao, Mindanao. Twenty of the natives were killed and many wounded.

Circuit Judge Sanborn, in St. Paul, Minn., agreed to hear arguments on the petition to suspend the decree recently made against the Northern Securities Company so far as it related to the payment of dividends.

There is talk in San Francisco of producing the skulls of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fair to disprove the evidence given by the Frenchmen in the will contest in New York.

Glen Havis shot and killed Elias M. Latham, aged 30, a traveling salesman from New Orleans, in front of a hotel in Birmingham, Ala.

All the holdings of the Economites in the Sewickly Valley, in Pennsylvania, were sold to a syndicate of Pittsburghers.

Former District Attorney Phillip submitted his report to show that the interests of the Metropolitan Street Railway were so manipulated in the interest of the Interurban as to lose millions for the stockholders of the Metropolitan.

Moses Fowler Chase, the young man who was found in a sanitarium in Paris, arrived at his home, at Lafayette, Ind., in company with his father. He caused a sensation by shouting that he was not crazy.

The report of President Shafter to the Amalgamated Association of Ironworkers, in convention at Columbus, O., shows the organization has gained 20,000 members in the Eastern district.

The National Association of Manufacturers, in convention at New Orleans, selected David M. Parry, of Indianapolis, president and selected Pittsburg for the next convention.

The trustees of the General Theological Seminary elected Dr. Wilford L. Robbins dean of the cathedral, to succeed the late Dean Hoffman.

Ten million five hundred thousand pesos were coined at the Philadelphia Mint for the Philippines.

Frank Cecil testified in Frankfort, Ky., in the trial of James Howard for the murder of Governor Goebel that he had been offered \$2500 to shoot the Governor.

The steamer John H. Starin, whose non-arrival at New Haven caused anxiety, was located in Huntington Bay, where she took refuge from the heavy storm.

A terrific northeaster caused trouble in New York city and harbor, and tore up the beach at Coney Island and the various New Jersey summer resorts.

President Roosevelt has presented medals to citizens of Kincardine, Ont., in recognition of their bravery in the rescue of American sailors.

Foreign.

The textile manufacturers of the lower Rhine, Crefeld, Prussia, have locked out their employes because men on strike at one factory refused to return to work. Fifteen thousand men are affected.

Semi-official advices from St. Petersburg state that the Russian government is convinced that acting in conjunction with Austria it will be able to prevent further complications in Macedonia.

The French commission to the St. Louis Exposition, headed by Commissioner General La Grane, started from Paris for St. Louis to attend the dedicatory exercises.

Signor Prinetti, the Italian foreign minister who in January was stricken with paralysis, has decided to retire from the ministry.

During a terrible storm the Italian ship Francesco struck the rocks off Civita Vecchia and sunk. The crew were saved.

The Duchess of Marlborough, who has been undergoing treatment for deafness in Vienna, will soon return to England.

Madame de Thebes, the French seeress, predicts numerous political and financial disasters for the present year.

A delegation of estate owners and farmers representing the German Agricultural Society sailed from Hamburg for New York to study American methods.

The arsenal at Canton was blown up, it is said, by officials whom the Viceroy had charged with selling powder to rebels, in order to hide their delinquencies.

Furious snowstorms prevail on the Hartz mountains and throughout Northern Germany. The weather in Berlin is unusually cold for this season of the year.

The subcommittee of the United States Panama Canal Commission arrived at Colon to make an inspection of the entire route of the Panama Canal.

Financial.

Bank of England is still obliged to continue its 4 per cent. discount rate. Boston & Maine Railroad has declared a quarterly dividend of \$1.75 a share.

Pennsylvania's wheat crop is rated at 100, and, with Oklahoma, leads the country.

One firm of brokers has accumulated 50,000 shares of Baltimore & Ohio within a week.

Some day soon the big wheat crop outlook will cut a figure. Now it seems to be forgotten.

PORTE FEARS AN UPRISING

The Bulgarians Threaten a Rebellion in Macedonia.

ALBANIANS ARE NOT SATISFIED.

Great Uneasiness Has Been Aroused in Turkish Government Circles—King Alexander Sees a Grave Situation in the East—Seven Servian Officers Are Accused of Conspiracy Against the King.

Constantinople (By Cable).—It is now understood that the commission sent by the Sultan to appease the Albanians failed to secure their adhesion to the reform scheme of the powers except on the condition that the Albanians be allowed to choose their own governors and civil officials and that other minor concessions be granted them.

The Porte has decided to establish a military camp at Berizovitch and has ordered 10 battalions to concentrate there in view of possible eventual operations against the Albanians.

Great uneasiness has been aroused in Turkish Government circles by the reports that the Bulgarians in Macedonia are preparing for a general rising.

Fateful Times Approach.

Belgrade, Servia (By Cable).—At a banquet given at the palace in celebration of the tenth anniversary of King Alexander's accession to the throne, the King made a speech in which he referred to the grave situation in the East, saying fateful times are approaching for all the peoples of the Balkan Peninsula, and Servia must be ready to strike at the proper moment.

He also congratulated himself on the fact that his marriage to Queen Draga had met with the approval of the people.

Referring to his recent proclamation the King said Servia had no time for experimenting and he had therefore been compelled to restore the constitution to its original condition.

Servian Officers Arrested.

Vienna (By Cable).—Colonel Ilic, commanding the Sixth Regiment at Belgrade, and six other officers, have been arrested at Semlin, a Hungarian frontier town in Croatia-Slavonia, six miles from Belgrade, on a charge of conspiring against King Alexander of Servia, who submitted the arrested officers to a personal examination.

Plot Against Alexander.

A dispatch from Vienna April 10 said that rumors were current of a plot against the life of King Alexander. The plot was discovered and 50 persons suspected of complicity in it were arrested. It was thought at Vienna that King Alexander's recent coup d'etat probably was hastened by the discovery of the plot.

PORTO RICO SMUGGLING CASES.

Should District Attorney Refuse to Prosecute, Judge May Appoint Substitute.

San Juan, Porto Rico (Special).—As a result of the action of the grand jury in finding eight indictments, following the investigation of the smuggling charges, it is unofficially reported that warrants have been issued for the arrest of Captain (Surgeon) Lowndes, United States Navy; Captain Crabbs, United States Army; Robert Giles, an engineer; Benjamin Butler, the former supervisor of elections, and Paymaster Merritt.

Mr. Butler demanded in open court to know whether he was indicted, and the judge replied in the affirmative. He furnished bail in \$1200.

Captain Lowndes and Paymaster Merritt are in the United States and the Philippines, respectively. They will be summoned through the Navy Department. Officers are at present searching for Captain Crabbe, who is connected with the quartermaster's department in San Juan, and Robert Giles. These men will be arraigned and bound over.

No bill was found against Lieutenant Commander Mentz, as he had effected a settlement with the United States Treasury. It is reported that others suspected of complicity in the smuggling escaped indictments on the same ground.

It is said here that if District Attorney Pettigill refuses to prosecute those against whom indictments have been found the judge will appoint a substitute for Mr. Pettigill.

BATTLE WITH DESPERADOES.

Two Men Were Killed and a Third Was Fatally Wounded.

Bakersfield, Cal. (Special).—James McKinney, the outlaw, was shot and killed here. Deputy Sheriff Tibbets was also killed and Constable Packard was fatally shot.

Sheriffs Kelly, of Kern; Collins, of Tulare, and Leovin, of Arizona counties, with Officers Will and Burt Tibbets, Gus Tower and City Marshal Packard, surrounded McKinney shortly before 11 o'clock in a Chinese house. Will Tibbets and Packard approached McKinney in the house and ordered him to surrender.

McKinney answered by shooting. Will Tibbets was shot through the stomach and died soon after; Packard was shot through the neck and shoulder and dangerously wounded. Burt Tibbets, a brother of the dead deputy sheriff, shot McKinney through the mouth and neck, killing him.

McKinney had been in Bakersfield two days, and was harbored by friends in a Chinese joss house. The house was a regular fort. In the place with McKinney was Hul Hulze, a desperado. McKinney had a sawed off shotgun, and Hulze used a pistol. Hulze would not obey the order to come out of the barricaded house and the fire department was ordered to the scene.

Coughed Up a Reptile.

New York (Special).—A reptile from the Philippines, born and brought up as a member of the interior economy of William Fay, served as a poser to several of the surgeons at the navy yard, where Fay works. The strange creature, which is seven inches long and half an inch thick, made its appearance from Fay's throat after he had suffered a violent fit of coughing. It has the characteristics of a single worm.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

Guard Against Yellow Jack.

The following named acting assistant surgeons have been assigned to the fruit ports of Central and South America by the Marine Hospital Service for the coming season for the purpose of inspecting the vessels, their cargoes and crews bound from their ports to ports of the United States:

W. H. Carson, Belize, British Honduras. D. W. Goodman, Bluefields, Nicaragua. Paul Osterhout, Bocas del Toro, Colombia.

W. B. Robertson, Ceiba, Honduras. R. H. Peters, Livingston, Guatemala. Fleetwood Gruver, Port Limon, Costa Rica.

C. W. Carter, Puerto Cortez, Honduras.

In a letter on instructions to the surgeons Surgeon General Wyman says: "The solution is called the spread of yellow fever through the agency of the mosquito known as the Stegomyia fasciata, and special precaution should be taken to prevent their presence aboard vessels. Should yellow fever break out at your port you are requested to immediately cable the bureau."

Deaths from Cholera.

General Davis reported to the War Department seven deaths from cholera in the Philippines—Frank M. Squires, Richard A. Morris, William R. McGregor, Danilo A. Cotter, Company A, Tenth Infantry; Kinney Miler, Company M, Twenty-fifth Infantry; H. C. Hiatt, Company H, Twenty-ninth Infantry and Henry M. Dieldel, Company K, Tenth Infantry. The commands to which these men belong, with one possible exception, are stationed in Mindanao, where it was reported in press dispatches this morning that cholera had broken out among the troops operating under the command of Captain Pershing.

White Will Not Serve.

Andrew D. White, former ambassador to Germany, has declined to serve as one of the United States commissioners at the forthcoming monetary conference, thus confining the delegation to the three persons already named—Messrs. Conant, Jenks and H. H. Hanna.

Mr. White's declination reached the State Department in a letter dated Ajaccio, Corsica, and is based on the unsatisfactory condition of his health as well as a pressure of private business.

That Money Conference.

Messrs. H. H. Hanna, Jenks and Conant, constituting the United States representation to the Monetary Conference, had a long conference with Secretary Hay respecting their work.

They were met at the department by the Mexican Ambassador, Senor Aspiaz, who is greatly interested in this project. When the United States delegates go abroad, about May 15, they in a manner will look after Mexican interests in the satisfactory condition of his health as well as a pressure of private business.

Must Fire Light Charges.

In order to minimize the recurrence of accidents such as that which occurred recently on the Iowa, Admiral O'Neil, chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, has recommended that hereafter target practice with the big guns of the navy be restricted to the use of light charges at shorter ranges and the substitution of the sub-caliber tube whenever practicable.

In this he is in direct variance with Admiral Dewey, who, on February 19 last, said: "Sub-caliber practice is not enough. The men don't take interest in this 'make believe' gunnery. They want to see the shot hit."

Cuban Negotiations Deadlocked.

Advices received here from Cuba indicate that the treaty negotiations are at a standstill. The nature of the obstacles is not clear, but it is believed fresh instructions which are to be sent to Minister Squiers will relieve the situation.

In the Departments.

Robert C. Morris, of New York, has been appointed agent of the United States to present the American case before the mixed commission at Caracas.

The Navy Department has signified its objection to the landing of the Dutch-German cable on the Island of Guam.

A number of acting assistant surgeons were assigned to the fruit ports of Central and South America.

Col. Alexander MacKenzie, corps of engineers, was appointed on the general staff in place of Lieutenant Colonel John L. Chamberlain, who has been found to be ineligible.

Three attempts at suicide were made in Washington, of which two were successful. They resulted in the death of Wilson G. Reed and William H. Harnest.

The Central Labor Union has filed charges against officials of the mail equipment division of the Postoffice Department.

The United States government issued a warrant for the surrender to the Mexican government of Dr. Charles S. Herle, arrested in El Paso, Tex., on the charge of being involved with others in poisoning a man for the insurance money.

The Secretary of the Navy designated a number of noncommissioned officers, also a number from civil life, for examination for second lieutenant in the Marine Corps.

In regard to the dispatch from San Juan to the effect that the United States attorney there declined to prosecute a number of naval and army officers for alleged smuggling the Department of Justice issued a statement upholding the action of that official.

President Gompers, of the Federation of Labor, bitterly resented the attack made on organized labor by President Parry, of the Manufacturers' Association.

The boilers of the battleship Maine are reported to be in very bad condition.

Among the collection of papers captured from the Filipino insurgents was one that ordered the killing of General Otis. It is in the handwriting of Aguinaldo.

The Sunday School Lesson Committee began its initial meeting at the Cochran Hotel, Washington.

GOEBEL SHOT BY HOWARD

Youtsey Tells His Story of the Killing of Kentucky's Governor.

SAYS TAYLOR WAS RESPONSIBLE.

Directed Everything and Was Regarded as the Leader—No Fear of Punishment—Youtsey Showed Howard the Marlin Rifle, the Bullets and the Window From Which the Shooting Was to Be Done.

Frankfort, Ky. (Special).—Henry E. Youtsey for the first time told on the witness stand his story of the killing of the late Governor Goebel. He named James Howard, the defendant, as the man who fired the shot. Youtsey said he saw Howard for the first time a few minutes before the shooting. Howard had a letter sent him several days before by the witness at Governor Taylor's dictation.

Youtsey says he took Howard into the office of Caleb Powers, then secretary of state, which had been especially arranged for the shooting. He showed Howard the Marlin rifle, the bullets and the window from which the shooting was to be done. He says Howard asked what he was to get for doing the shooting.

"What do you want for it?" Youtsey says he asked, and that Howard said he wanted a pardon for killing George Baker.

"I told him he could have that and more too," said Youtsey. "About that time," said the witness, "Goebel came in the gate, and I pointed him out to Howard and then ran from the room. As I disappeared down the steps to the basement I heard the crack of Howard's rifle."

Youtsey said that at the time of the shooting he was private secretary to Auditor Sweeney, but that while his political status was not definitely fixed, it was understood he was to have a good place under Taylor.

"Governor Taylor," said Youtsey, "directed everything we did. We regarded him as our leader and he was morally responsible for all we did. We knew we had the Governor and the pardoning power behind us and we were not afraid of punishment for killing Goebel."

MILLS SHUT DOWN.

Caused by Depressed Market Conditions and Price of Wheat.

Minneapolis, Minn. (Special).—The Northwestern Miller says: "Every flour mill in Minneapolis and practically all of the merchant spring wheat mills in Minnesota and the Northwest shut down entirely and will cease turning out flour for an indefinite period. This act has been forced upon the millers by the conditions surrounding the manufacture and sale of flour.

"For some time, owing to the price of cash wheat, the high rates of freight and the depressed state of the flour markets, mills have been operating at a loss, but the crowding disadvantage which has paralyzed the milling industry throughout the Northwest was the act of the line boats operating between Duluth and Buffalo in moving wheat on a basis of two cents a bushel, while the present proportionate rate on flour from Duluth to Buffalo is maintained at nine cents per 100 pounds, equivalent to 5-4 to 10 cents a bushel."

LORENZ'S OPERATION A SUCCESS.

Little Armour Girl Walks Without Difficulty After Cast Was Removed.

Chicago, Ill. (Special).—Dr. Adolph Lorenz arrived in Chicago for the purpose of removing the cast from the leg of Lolita Armour, the young daughter of J. Ogden Armour, upon whom an operation for congenital dislocation of the hip was performed last October. Upon removing the cast the limb was found to be in perfect condition and the patient was able to walk around the house without any difficulty.

"The operation was a complete success," said Dr. Lorenz, "but I shall have to be in constant attendance upon the little one for three or four weeks before I can be certain of a positive cure."

After his sojourn in Chicago Dr. Lorenz expects to make a short Western tour.

GERMANS ARE ANGRY.

Considers Sending of Squadron to Marseilles a Direct Affront.

Berlin (By Cable).—The news that the American squadron in European waters has been ordered to Marseilles to participate in the reception of President Loubet on April 30 has aroused a storm of indignation, following as it does the refusal to allow the battleship squadron to visit Kiel. The refusal is regarded as a direct affront to Germany.

The Tageblatt declares the fact ought to be a salutary lesson to the Germans not to truckle to America. It is now clear, the paper continues, that permanent friendly relations between Germany and America are impossible.

The Tagliche Rundschau says it is "a smack in the face for Germany," and that Germans will never forget the insult.

The Deutsche Zeitung welcomes the incident, because it shows the Germans how the Americans really regard them. Most of the papers comment in similar strain.

Army Officer Cuts Throat.

St. Louis, Mo. (Special).—Lieut. Thomas F. Howard, a graduate of West Point, drew a razor across his throat at the Missouri Baptist Sanatorium. When found by an attendant he was dead.

Struck on Open Switch.

Montgomery, Ala. (Special).—The second section of a southbound Louisville and Nashville passenger train which left here at 12:30 p. m., was wrecked at Castleberry, 10 miles south of Montgomery. Two persons are known to have been killed and the engineer of the train is reported to have been seriously and perhaps fatally injured, while several passengers are said to be more or less seriously hurt.

MOB WENT WILD.

Houses Burned, and People Stoned by Frenzied Crowd at Joplin, Mo.

Joplin, Mo. (Special).—A mob took a tramp negro from the city jail and hanged him to a telegraph pole two blocks from the jail. The mob then seemed to become frenzied instead of being appeased, and made a wild charge through the town, driving all negroes into the negro section. A concerted attack was then made on the negro quarter, the police were swept aside, houses were burned, and every negro was driven out of town.

The negro was charged with the murder of Policeman Leslie, who was shot dead in the Kansas City Southern Railroad yards while endeavoring to arrest several negroes suspected of theft.

About 3 o'clock in the afternoon Lee Fullerton, aged 21, located the fugitive in a slaughter-house just east of Joplin. The negro was armed with a rifle and defied arrest. Fullerton slipped into the structure unobserved and crept up behind the negro. Suddenly he sprang at the unsuspecting fugitive, and before resistance could be made had the negro on his back, with a knife at his throat. The negro then surrendered his rifle, and pointing the weapon at him, Fullerton marched him out of the building. With the assistance of another man the negro was brought to Joplin and placed in jail.

News of the capture spread rapidly, and the jail was speedily surrounded by hundreds of people. There were cries of "lynch him!" on all sides, and City Attorney P. H. Decker mounted the jail steps and made a strong plea in behalf of law and order. This served temporarily to stay the mob, but did not appease it, and a short time after Decker's speech the mob started to batter in a section of the jail wall. Every effort was made to prevent the entrance of the mob, but without avail, and within 15 minutes the mob had gained entrance to the jail and secured the trembling negro.

As he was dragged forth City Attorney Decker again interfered and urged that the negro be given a trial. For half-an-hour he talked, and the mob listened to him, with the negro in their custody.

At one time it seemed that the city attorney would win, as members of the mob began dispersing, but suddenly a rush was made for the spot where the negro was being held, and he was dragged two blocks from the jail, a rope fastened around his neck, and after the rope had been thrown over the cross-arms of a telegraph pole a score of men attempted to pull the negro from the ground. As many more seized the rope and pulled to prevent him being hanged. For some moments it was a veritable tug of war, but reinforcements on the free end of the rope proved the stronger, and the negro, despite his protestations of innocence, was finally swung into the air and strangled to death, while shouts of satisfaction went up from the mob.

Radium Deposit Found?

New York (Special).—A cablegram to the New York Sun from St. Petersburg says: The Novoc Vremya announces, without giving any details, that a Russian engineer has discovered a deposit of natural radium on the Russian steppes, near the Asiatic border. The statement is not confirmed, but, if true, it is obviously of great importance in view of the extreme scarcity of the mysterious mineral, the great costliness of which—about \$200,000 a pound—hampers experiments with it.

Editor Dies on Train.

Manhattan, Kan. (Special).—J. J. Davis, who founded the Manhattan Mercury in 1884 and who has been its editor and proprietor since that time, died here on a train. Mr. Davis had been to New Orleans for his health. He was accompanied by his wife, and stood the trip fairly well, but died just before the train reached Manhattan. Mr. Davis was born in Fulton county, Ga., in 1851, and has been identified with newspaper work since boyhood.

Carnegie Will Pay Expenses.

Ithaca, N. Y. (Special).—A further communication was received by President J. G. Schurman, of Cornell, from Andrew Carnegie, in which Mr. Carnegie urged that the students' fund subscribed to aid those who became ill with typhoid fever during the epidemic, be returned to subscribers, and that he be allowed to pay all expenses incurred by students on account of the epidemic, including those of 27 who died. The details of the plan by which students are to avail themselves of Mr. Carnegie's offer have been worked out, and each one will send to the treasurer's office an itemized bill.

Negro Murderer Hanged.

Media, Pa. (Special).—Albert West, the negro murderer of Policeman Mark W. Allen, expiated his crime in the jail yard here in the presence of over 200 men. The drop fell at 10:15 o'clock, and he died from strangulation. It was an unusual and in many respects a ghastly day at Media. The streets were full of strangers, who had been attracted to the county seat by the gruesome spectacle that was enacted in the jail yard. Though there