JUSTICE GRAY HAS RESIGNED

Ill-Health Leads to Retirement From Supreme Bench.

OLIVER W. HOLMES SUCCEEDS HIM.

Change Brought About By the lit Health of State of Massachusetts.

Oyster Bay, N. Y. (Special).—President Roosevelt announced that he had embezzlement against Treasurer Mc-Oyster Bay, N. Y. (Special).-Presiappointed Hon.Oliver Wendell Holmes, Guire. chief justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, to be an associate justice vice Mr. Justice Gray, resigned.

The resignation of Justice Gray was due to ill-health. Several months ago he suffered a stroke of apoplexy, which some time later, was followed by another. He has not appeared on the bench since he was stricken the first His advanced age-74 yearstold against his recovery with serious Realizing that he probably never would be able again to assume the place which he so long had filled with distinguished ability and honor, he decided a short time ago to tender his resignation to the President. With the ex-ception of Mr. Justice Harlan, he served on the bench of the United States Supreme Court longer than any of his present colleagues. He was appointed an associate justice by President Arthur on December 19, 1881, his services extending, therefore, through a period of

nearly 21 years.

Judge Holmes, whom the President has selected as Mr. Justice Gray's sucressor, is one of the most distinguished lawyers and jurists of Massachusetts. His career on the bench, particularly as thief justice of the Massachusetts Supreme Court, has attracted wide atten-Like Justice Gray, he is a native of Massachusetts. He is a son and namesake of the late Dr. Holmes, the poet and essayist.

THIRTEEN DIE IN MINE.

Victims of Explosion in a Mine in Colorado-Power House Blew Up.

Pueblo, Col. (Special).-A special dispatch from Trinidad says:

about ten miles north of this place. tically unchanged. Thirteen lives are known to have been lost. The exact number of men working on the night shift and in the mine at has been issued by the Geological Surthe time of the explosion is unknown. The mine is worked by the Union Coal Company of Denver. It is a slope mine, situated on the mountain side and about 400 yards from the tipple below. The explosion occurred about 800 feet from the mouth of the slope and was caused

fire damp. had started in the slope a startling explosion occurred, entirely filling the mouth of the slope and shaking builddental discharge of his own gun.

Impressive, and it was carried out with a perfection of detail and lack of accifilled, the rescuers were delayed for some time, but succeeded in reaching the girl he loved.

Impressive, and it was carried out with a perfection of detail and lack of accidents that has rarely characterized similar displays. That pride of empire the climax of the first homoge of all the climax of the climax of the climax of the first homoge of all the climax of the clim some of the men through an old slope and eight dead bodies were quickly brought to the surface.'

MINE EXPLOSIONS.

Due to Inefficient Management and Employing Inexperienced Men.

Knoxville, Tenn. (Special) .- The feature of the convention of the United Mine Workers of District No. 19, was the adoption of resolutions bearing resistance to the closing of unauthorupon three explosions, which have occurred in Tennessee mines in the last 16 months, causing the deaths of 800 men. The resolutions charge that mine catastrophes are usually due to inefficient mine management, knowing, wilfull and malicious violation of mining laws and the placing of cheap and inefficient men in charge of mines. mine workers demand laws making it compulsory for all mine foremen and fire bosses to pass rigid examinations.

Alaska is Shaken.

Seattle, Wash. (Special.)-A special from Skagway, Alaska, says: 'Yesterday a severe earthquake was felt here about noon. The first shock was 50 seconds long. Several large plate-glass windows were broken and chimneys in the northern part of the city tumbled down. The water in Lynn canal rose five feet very suddenly, then

"A report from Juneau says that the little fleet there was pitched around and several boats capsized. The first long shock was followed by a lighter one. Yesterday evening at 7 o'clock another light shock was felt."

subsided as quickly,

Caskets Swept From Graves.

Madison, N. J. (Special).—The cloud-burst here caused devastation in Hillside Cemetery. About 75 caskets were uncovered by the rushing waters, and many of them were swept from the graves. The cemtery is situated partly on a hill, but a brook and ravine traverse the other portion of it. The water backed up and swept across the lowed part of the cemetery. For a distance of about 400 feet the torrent carried everything before it, and for a width of 50 feet the graves were washed into the Passaic river.

Pifteen Killed, Forty Wounded.

Marshalltown, Iowa (Special) .-- According to the latest accounts, 15 persons were killed and 40 injured on the freight wreck on the Milwaukee road. Of the injured two or three cannot recover. It is thought possible that more bodies may be found, as the wreckage has not been entirely cleared away.

Glycerin Explosion.

Bradford, Pa. (Special) .- A terrific explosion at Irvines Mills, seven miles from this place, shook the earth over a ride radius and annihilated two human

A team of horses, a wagon and 40 ten-quart cans of glycerin also went up in the flash of fire and cloud of smoke

that accompanied the explosion.

Joseph O. Gilson, aged 44 years, a resident of Bradford, and Oscar Bergvall, aged 17 years, an office boy, employed by the Pennsylvania Torpedo ployed by the Pennsylvania Torpedo upon the second preferred stock,

SUMMARY OF THE LATEST NEWS.

Domestic.

Complaints were made by the farmers in the neighborhood of the anthracite coalfields in Pennsylvania that the strikers are raiding their farms. Women come to the soldiers' camp glad to ac-cept scraps of food the soldiers do not

The new Chinese minister, Sir Liang Chen Tung, accompanied by Wu Ting-Justice Gray-His Successor Is a Son of fang, made a visit to President Roosethe Famous Author, and Is at Present velt, at Sagamore Hill. The President Chief Judge of the Supreme Court of the sent the Syloh to New York for them. The executive board of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters was over-ruled by the vote of the Brotherhood.

By a head-on collision on the Norfolk and Western Railroad near Huntington, W. Va., the fireman of one of of the United States Supreme Court, the trains was killed. Others of the were injured.

The Baptist Church as Leslie, Ga., was struck by lightning during services. Richard Dodson was killed and 40 others were seriously injured.

A Michigan boy who found and re-turned in Chicago negotiable securities worth \$59,900 was paid \$25 reward by the owners. Swift & Co.

Many striking miners have obtained work in the Pennsylvania Railroad shops at Altoona, Pa., and may not return to

Robbers entered the house of Dr. A. A. Stoneburner, at Valparaiso, Ind., and made off with plunder worth \$7,000. The formal announcement of the granting of the application of the Com-mercial Pacific Cable Company has been

made, together with the conditions gov-Walter A. Scott, president of the Illinois Wire Company, was stabbed to death in a Chicago office building by Walter L. Stebbings, a civil and con-

sulting engineer. The convention of the National Teamsters' Union of America, which has been in session at Joliet, Ill., has adjourned.

Arrangements have been completed at the War Department for the examination of civilians for appointment as second lieutenants in the army.

Corporal O'Brien, charged with per-jury before the United States Senate committee, was committed to jail at Boston in default of \$5000 bail. A mortgage for \$1,500,000 was filed with the Franklin county recorder,

Ohio, by the United States Cigar Company, known as the Stogie Trust. Vice-President Loomis, of the D., L.

"A disastrous explosion occurred at & W., has made a tour of the strike re-No. 3 Mine at Bowen, a small camp gion and says he finds conditions prac-The annual statistical summary of the

One man was instantly killed and five persons were injured by the explosion of a boiler in a laundry at Adrian, Mich. Mme. Janauschek, the actress, who was stricken with paralysis several weeks ago, is in a critical condition.

Prince Chen, the special Chinese am-Immediately after the night shift bassador at the coronation of King Edward, arrived in New York. Baxter Potter, an outlaw in Dickinson county, Va., was killed by the acci-

Foreign.

A letter was received in Copenhagen from Thomas A. Edison predicting that within 30 years electric motors would entirely displace steam locomotives and automobiles would take the horse's occupation

The prefect at Brest, France, was unsuccessful in his effort to induce the inhabitants of various towns to cease their ized schools.

The international chess masters' tournament was concluded in Hanover, Janowski winning the first prize, Pillsbury the second and Atkins the third

Preparations are being made in London to give the Boer Generals Botha. Delarey and De Wet a cordial reception and to lionize them. The last paragraph of the tariff bill

was adopted at today's session of the customs tariff committee of the German Reichstag. Queen Alexandra presented the med-

als to the volunteers in the Imperial Yeomanry Hospital service. Chinamen and Russians are reported to be dying in great numbers of chol-

era in Manchuria. The government was successful in the Landsthing elections in the Faroe Islands, Denmark.

The Firminists have defeated the roops of the provisional government at Limbe, Hayti. Many soldiers were killed and captured.

Two French mountain climbers perished from exposure on Mont Blanc and their two guides were killed while seeking assistance. The uprising in Siam is reported to

be spreading. There was a noticeable lack of enthusiasm in London on the eve of the coronation, and the scanty decoration was practically confined to the streets to be traversed by the procession.

Austen Chamberlain was appointed Postmaster-General in the British Cabinet; the Earl of Dudley, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and Charles Thomson Ritchie, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Several more religious schools were closed in Finisterre, France, despite protests of the inhabitants. At Plondaniel the roads leading to the school were barricaded. Capain Rosehill, who sailed from Honolulu to Marcos Island to re-estab-

lish his claim, went fully armed. The Japanese now occupy the island. The Vatican is reported to disapprove of the action of the Dominican friars in the Philippines in selling their lands to syndicates.

Financial. Southern Railway is now a favorite stock for Philadelphia traders. The Diamond Match Company has de-

clared a regular quarterly dividend of 2 1-2 per cent. Big money was made in Hocking Val-ley in that seven point rise. Vander-

bilts now control it. The Western Union has vacated the Broad Street Station and the Posal has

taken its old quarters there.

WITH MAGNIFICENT CEREMONIAL EDWARD VII IS CROWNED KING

But the Aged Archbishop of Canterbury Almost Faints at the Ceremony.

ABBEY THRONGED WITH A GLITTERING COMPANY.

Hundreds of Thousands of People Witnessed the Magnificent Royal Procession as it Moved From Buckingham Palace to Westminster Abbey and Returned By a Longer Route, Its Progress at Every Point Being Marked by Enthusiastic Cheering and the Singing of "God Save the King."



KING ED WARD VII.

R. I., by the grace of God, of the Unit-to complete the most important part of ed Kingdom of Great Britain and Ire- the ceremony when it was discovered land and of the British Dominion be- that he had the crown with the back to yond the seas, King. Defender of the the front. Slowly he raised it, but too Faith, Emperor of India, was crowned late to prevent the choir from prema-Saturday without hitch or harm.

In all respects the celebration was had grown to a pitch of painful nervous army transport service. similar displays. That pride of empire which marked Queen Victoria's jubilee was lacking, and in its stead there pervaded all classes a keen recollction that only six weeks ago their King lay in danger of death, and this produced thankfulness and genuine sympathy for the man rather than adulation of the This feeling was voiced by the Archbishop of Canterbury, when he inserted in one of the coronation prayers the words, "for whose recovery we now give thee heartfelt thanks." Yet this did not prevent the public from voicing appreciation of such military display as the short procession gave them a

Earl Roberts, commander-in-chief of the forces, was once more the hero of the hour, and, next to the King himself, received the heartiest welcome of the assembled crowds.

But it was for the King and Queen themselves that the people really let themselves loose. Throughout the day, wherever and whenever Their Majesties were seen the cheers were loud and long, and especially was this so on the that brought tears to many eyes. return journey of the King and Queen to Buckingham Palace.

Until the booming of guns announced that the crowning of King Edward and Queen Alexandra had been achieved, outwardly calm, as could be judged there lingered in thousands of minds a sternation. When this was passed the unrestrained jubilation was as a tribute to the King's personal popularity as it was an evidence of relief from the tension of the last few weeks. nervous apprehension that even at the

In Westminster Abbey the scene was nothing less than marvelous. Nearly seven thousand members of the nobility, the clergy and the gentry had gathered, with foreign princes, ambassadors, colonial rulers, Indian potentates and leaders from the furthest quarter of the globe where the Union Jack flies, to do

honor to the King. Two incidents in the service in abbey will live in the memory of all who witnessed them. The first of this, which almost developed into a dramatic contretemps, centered around the aged Archbishop of Canterbury. From the commencement of the service the Archbishop had the greatest difficulty in priceless jewels, including those in the reading or remembering the prayers. The book from which his almost blind eyes endeavored to read shook in his hands, and when he came to place the crown upon Kine Edward's head his op of Winchester had to support him, while the Dean of Westminster put a guarding hand under the crown. It was evident that the Archbishop of Canter-traditions, never before witnessed.

Sands of male and female throats, contains the made to bring into the capital American women and children now in the zone of disturbance. The Siamese Government is co-operating in the attempt to protect them.

Tortured by Robbers.

Dayton, Ohio (Special). - Jacob Mumma, an aged farmer, who lives alone north of the city, was tortured by masked robbers who broke into his house, and is in a critical condition as a result of his injuries. Mumma attempted to defend himself with a shotgun, but he was overcome and bound. The robbers poured coal oil on his feet and started a blaze to compel him to blown to pieces. A 600-pound section Department. C. F. W. Neely asks for the return of supposed to have, but they secured only building and landed 500 feet away from the \$6234 found in his possession when

London (By Cable) .- Edward VII., | bury could not see his King's head, and, kneeling to do the first homage of all the subjects of the King, when suddenly he almost fainted and would have fallen upon his sovereign's knees had not King Edward tenderly, but firmly, grasped both the prelate's hands and lifted him to his feet. The Bishops of Winchester and Durham clasped their arms around the Archhis wrinkled hand, the Archbishop's head fell back, his feet moved slowly and mechanically, and thus he was more carried than led from the throne to

revived. The tremor which this event caused had scarcely subsided when another ex- 31, 1900. quisitely human touch varied the proceedings, and the King was forgotten in the father. Instead of merely accepting the homage of the Prince of Wales, King Edward put his arms Wales. King Edward put his arms only the value of land, buildings, ma around the Prince and kissed him, and chinery, tools and implements, and the then recalled him and wrung his hand live capital utilized. The value of the with a manliness of parental affection

King Edward was greatly unnerved by the condition of the Archbishop of Canterbury, and His Majesty sat in confrom the steadiness with which he held his scepter rod erect during the ordeal.

wearing by Lady Craven of old family hemia, who married a former Earl

Craven. press desire of Queen Alexandra, sat at the climax that ensued when the crown was placed upon King's Edward's head. the sudden illumination by hundreds of electric lights making the thousands of crown itself, to sparkle with dazzling brilliancy. The instantaneous movement monious, yet genuine, refrain from thou-

Laundry Boiler Explodes.

Adrian, Mich. (Special).-One man wrecked laundry thinks the explosion of ill health. yas caused by a defective safety valve. The rear of the Gibson Hotel was the scene of the explosion

LIVE NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

National Banks' Condition.

William Barrett Ridgely, Comptroller of the Currency, made the following statement in regard to the summary of condition of the national banks of the United States at the close of business on Wednesday:

"The reports of conditions show the banks to be in excellent shape, as have all recent statements of the kind. The increase in most of the items of the statement are consistent with the universal reports of the prosperous condition of business and the increase in its volume all over the country. The footing of the statement, \$6,008,754,975, is, as might be expected, the largest on record. The least favorable feature of the statement, however, is perhaps the continued increas in loans \$49,102,145 since the statement of April 30, 1902, and \$264,953,255 over the statement of July 15, 1901. In this expansion of the volume of loans there is, of course, considerable solid growth and increase of values upon which loans can properly be based, but there must also be some inflation, and there is always danger in

going too far in this direction.
"The average reserve held by the banks has increased from 27.21 per cent. on April 30, 1902, to 27.48 per cent. July 16. But this is somewhat lower than the average reserve of July 15, 1901, when it was 28.01 per cent.

"During the year there has been an increase of \$33,678,425 in specie held by the banks, of which increase \$6,003,407 has occurred since April 30, 1902. During the year there has been an increase of more than \$56,000,000 in the capital stock and \$65,000,000 in surplus. More than the average portion of this has occurred since the last statement, but this is largely due to the readjustment of this item generally made on July 1. There has been a slight decrease in the deposits since April 30, but a handsome increase for the year.

Feeding Many Filipinos.

Major West, of the Commissary Department, writing from Manila to General Weston, chief commissary, has the following to say concerning the feeding

of natives in the Philippines:

"I was in hopes that the closing up of the campaign in Batangas and Laguna would end the feeding of the natives, but such is not the case, although the camps have been broken up. The natives were left in a destitute condition; had been unable to plan new crops; and the old crops had been destroyed in the military operations and so the work has to go or

"General Bell was in the city and I asked him about the number of natives he was feeding. He told me that in Batangas he was feeding approximately 250,000 persons. In Laguna he could not give the exact number, but I judge from the quantity that we supply that there must be about half as many."

Scandal in Manila Bay.

Secret service officers are conducting an investigation in Manila to detect the wrongdoers in what seems to have been turely bursting out with a loud "God wrongdoers in what seems to have been Save the King!" Amid a tension that a clever steal in connection with the

The transports in Manila bay are gons in this country, each one bearing a license and a number. The tonnage of each one is registered and the boatmen are paid by the amount of the cargo they take ashore. It is alleged that by some crooked means certain of these cascoes have been registered at figures exceeding their capacity. Thu: sishop of Canterbury, the King kissed they were paid for far more than they ever carried.

Wagon Making Industry.

The Census Bureau issued a repor King Edward's Chapel, where he was of the manufacture of carriages and wagons for the census year ending Maj

> The report shows a capital of \$118. 187.838 invested in this industry in the 7.632 establishments reporting for the United States. This sum represent chinery, tools and implements, and the products is returned at \$121,537,276 which involved an outlay of \$4,073.931 for salaries,\$29,814,911 for wages,\$6,261, 460 for miscellaneous expenses, includ ing rent, taxes, etc., and \$56.676,073 for materials used, mill supplies, freight and fuel.

Value of Minerals.

The United States Geological Survey issued its annual statistical summary of the mineral products of the United States for the calendar year of 1901. It shows for the entire country ; with the American peeresses was the grand total of \$1,092,224.380 as the value of minerals produced in 1901, as robes once worn by the Queen of Bo- against \$1,064,408,321 in 1900. This comprises \$566,351,096 worth of now metallic mineral products, \$524.873,284 metallic products and \$1,000,000 (esti-Another incident relating to royalty metallic products and \$1,000,000 (estimated) of mineral products unspecified including building sand, glass sand, iron ore used as flux in lead smelting, tin exactly the same spot as she occupied ore nitrate of soda, carbonate of soda, at the coronation of Queen Victoria.

No stage effect could have equaled by paper manufacturers. sulphate of soda and alum clays used by paper manufacturers.

Shau Uprising Spreading.

United States Minister King, at Bangkok, Siam, has informed the State Department by cable that the Siamese uprising recently reported is spreading, of the peers, the placing of their coronets upon their heads, the choir's loud "God Save the King," with its unharare reported as safe. An endeavor will

The President has appointed Oliver Wendell Holmes, now chief justice of was instantly killed and five persons the Supreme Court of Massachusetts were injured, at least one fatally, by the to be associate justice of the United explosion of the boiler in Arthur States Supreme Court, vice Justice Oram's laundry. The proprietor of the Gray, who has just resigned on account

Secretary Shaw has decided that the proposed Cuban loan does not come githin the jurisdiction of the Treasury

WHEAT, CORN AND OATS BREAK THE RECORD

Nost Bountiful, it is Believed, in the Nation's History.

IUGE PROFITS FROM THE FARMS

istimates by Experts Indicate a Total Production of Cereals That Amounts To 4,076,-231,374 Bushels-Kansas Unofficial Estimates Place the Corn Crop at 3,000,000 -Wheat Yields at 40,000,000 Bushels.

Chicago (Special.)-Nature and the armers of the United States have outione themselves in the wheat, corn and pats crops of 1902.

The most bountiful harvest in the hisory of the nation has already been garsered or is practically immune against lamage by bad weather. From a compilation of figures of crop economists it is estimated that the profits for the farmers this year will be \$2,000,000,000 or more, most of which has been realized on corn and wheat. The calculation is based on an average of the esti-mates of statisticians. This average gives approximately the following re-

											Bushels.
Wheat		 	 			*		 *	*		633,500,000
Corn .	* *	 	 *	 		*	*			.2	,539,951,000
Barley		 	 		*	*			*	*	120,900,850
Rye		 							. ,		30,350,800
Oats.		 	 		*	*	*		*		750,528,724
									ā		10-10

Total cereal crop. 4,076,231,374 All along the line from the States in the great grain-growing belt come cheering messages. Wisconsin announces that she has the biggest oats crop she ever raised and that her corn is in excellent condition. Indiana calls her corn crop "phenomenal" and submits the figures-170,000,000-to prove it. Nebraska declares she has 40,000,-000 bushels more corn in her fields than she ever had before. Illinois hopes to add nearly 100,000,000 to her last crop of that cereal. Ohio makes her wheat crop practically the same as last year's and raises her corn limit 15,000,000 bushels.

Kansas will not raise more than half as much wheat as she did in 1901, but she compensates for this loss with a corn crop five times as large-unofficially estimated at 300,000,000 bushelsvirtually the government figures of a month ago. Oklahoma promises some-thing like 150,000,000 bushels of wheat and 38,000,000 of corn.

Up in Minnesota and the Dakotas the harvest of wheat has begun with a condition above 90 points. Nearly every-where the corn in the fields bespeaks a magnificent crop, and the oats output, it is said, will exceed that of 1899.

Until the threshers began to tell their joyous tales it was believed the wheat crop would not come up to the recordbreaking total of a year ago, but some statisticians now believe that the crop of 1902 will exceed that of is predecessor by at least 25,000,000 bushels. This is the latest estimate of B. W. Snow, one of the best-known crop experts in the country. His total is 778,000,000 bushels. The same authority says the corn harvest will be 2,500,000,000 bushels, or nearly double that of a year ago. He puts the oats crop at 885,000,000

THIRTEEN KILLED IN A WRECK.

Forty Persons Hurt, Most of Them Railroad Workmen.

Des Moines, Iowa (Special).--In a collision on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, near Rhodes, 13 persons were killed and 40 injured. The dead are Engine Drivers Brayman and Markress, a fireman, who died from injuries, and 10 railroad laborers.

The injured are all workmen. Otto M. Klingman, of Rock Island, was among the wounded brought here. His right arm was broken and he was badly bruised.

The 30 injured were not brought to Des Moines and were left at and near Fireman William Tharp, of Manila, who was on the regular freight, was in-

The collision occurred just two miles out of Rhodes. The construction train was running out and met the freight

jured, losing a leg and being seriously

bruised. It is thought he cannot sur-

on a sharp curve. TO INVESTIGATE BOER WAR.

British Commission is Appointed-Lightning May Strike Where Least Expected.

London (By Cable) .- The Premier, A. J. Balfour, announced the appointment of the following commission of inquiry into the conduct of the Boer

The Earl of Elgin, chairman; Sir Henry Norman, Sir John Hopkins, Lord Esher and Sir John Edge. The announcement was made soon after the articles of peace were signed that the British Government would make a rigid inquiry into the conduct of the war in South Africa. The many tharges of cruelty and of violations of the rules of war will be investigated as well as the conduct of those in command. The investigation will be of the nost sweeping character, and lightning may strike where it is least expected.

Mexico Buys Silver Bullion.

Denver, Col. (Special).-Solomon R. Guggenheim, who is here looking after the interests of the American Smelting and Refining Company, of which he is an official, says that the company has just sold 20,000,000 ounces of silver bultion to the Mexican government, in addition to 5,000,000 sunces recently de-ivered. He declared that the first sale increased the market price of the metal two or three cents and predicted a still greater rise as a result of the late deal.

Fate of Mountain Climbers.

Chamounix, France (By Cable) .-Two residents of Paris recently perished from exposure on Mont Blanc and their two guides were killed while descending the mountain in search of assistance. Twenty-six guides have gone from here to search for the bodies of the mountain climbers and their guides.

Tissot, the Artist, Dead.

Paris (By Cable).—James Joseph Jacques Tissot, the artist, illustrator of the "Life of Christ," is dead. He was born in 1836