

## NAVAL OFFICERS SENT TO PRISON

### American Seamen Who Were Arrested for Resisting Police of Venice.

#### MAY BE TRIED BY COURT-MARTIAL.

Capt. Robert F. Wynne, Commanding the Marine Guard of the Cruiser, an Assistant Surgeon and Lieutenant Doddridge and a Marine Will Spend Several Months in an Italian Prison for Their Conduct.

Venice, Italy, (By Cable).—All the members of the crew of the U. S. cruiser Chicago arrested for disorderly conduct here have been sentenced to terms of imprisonment ranging from three to four months each.

Capt. Robert F. Wynne, commanding the marine guard of the Chicago; Robert E. Ledbetter, assistant surgeon of the Chicago; Lieut. John S. Doddridge, of the Chicago, and a marine named Wilfred Langley, who were arrested on the charge of disorderly conduct, were brought up at the San Marco Police Court here. Captain Wynne was sentenced to four months and ten days' imprisonment. The other prisoners were sentenced to three months' imprisonment. All the prisoners were sentenced to pay costs and damages.

At their trial in the San Marco Police Court the prisoners admitted they were intoxicated when the disorders occurred and pleaded that they acted in self-defense when mobbed by the crowd. The public prosecutor demanded a sentence of seven months' imprisonment for Assistant Surgeon Ledbetter and sentences of six months' imprisonment for the others.

It is understood the prisoners will pay the costs of the trial and compensate the persons who sustained injuries as a result of their disorderly conduct. Two of the injured persons claim £160 (\$800) each.

### GEN. CASTILLO DEAD.

#### Disastrous Termination of a Venezuelan Government Expedition.

Port of Spain, (By Cable).—Venezuelan government troops, numbering 2,200 men, under Gen. Ramon Castillo, attacked the revolutionists between San Antonio and Guantaguaná, distant about thirty leagues from Cumana, and situated in a mountainous district, well known to the revolutionists. General Castillo personally led the advance government guard, composed of veteran troops.

One hour after the opening of the action General Castillo was wounded. Immediately after this all the recently recruited Venezuelan soldiers disbanded, deserting in all directions, and eventually reaching San Antonio. The government officers tried to rally their troops, but their efforts were in vain, and ended in a complete retreat of the Venezuelan soldiers.

The whereabouts of General Escalante who was second in command of the government army, was unknown when this dispatch was forwarded.

General Castillo died later from the wounds received in the engagement.

### Head Almost Torn Off.

Newark, N. J. (Special).—Henry Schaub, who killed his wife, Mary, and infant child on June 11 last, was hanged in the Essex County Jail here. The drop fell at 10 minutes after 10 o'clock, and death is believed to have been instantaneous. Constable Beirne adjusted the noose. Just before Under Sheriff Benedict pulled the lever Schaub said: "May God have mercy on me." As the lever was pulled the body shot through the trap. The force of the fall was so great that the head was almost jerked from the body and those standing near him under the gallows were drenched with his blood.

### Chinese Rebel Chief Taken.

Hongkong, (By Cable).—Advices received here from Wu-Chou, under date of April 22, announce that a bloody battle was fought between a force of Imperial troops on their way to Nan-Ning and a large force of rebels. The Imperial army attacked the rebels' camp in the Wu-Chang hills, brought up two Maxim guns and two 12-pounders, and finally scattered the rebels, capturing their leader, Hung-Yung-Seng, who was wounded. Subsequently, the rebels captured two villages on the outskirts of Nan-Ning and established headquarters there.

### King's Daughter's Home Burned.

Oakland, Cal. (Special).—The King's Daughters' Home, a charitable institution, containing 40 inmates, was almost totally destroyed by fire, and two patients—Wm. Bray, at one time a New York editor, and J. H. Murray—were terribly burned. Bray died of his injuries. The fire is supposed to have originated by Bray overturning a lighted lamp while in an epileptic fit. The other patients, including 25 elderly women and 15 men, were rescued. Financial loss, \$15,000.

### The Sandwich Comes Higher.

Chicago, (Special).—For the first time in many years in this city a cash outlay of 10 cents is necessary for the acquisition of one ham sandwich. The price heretofore has been five cents, but the restaurants have put up the valuation because of the prices they are compelled to pay for meat. Roasted beef sandwiches have advanced five points, from 10 to 15 cents. It is estimated that 300,000 ham sandwiches are consumed in Chicago every day, and the increased cost to the public will thereby be \$15,000 on the ham proposition alone.

### Agree Not to Eat Meat.

Bloomington, Ill. (Special).—An agreement has been entered into among the 2,000 employees of the Chicago and Alton shops in this city which provides that none of their number will eat meat during the next 30 days. The action has been taken with the hope of its being extensively imitated in order to bring the Beef Trust to terms. The men argue that if their example is followed by the laboring men of the entire country the reign of high prices of meat will speedily end and that this article of food will resume its normal cost again.

## SUMMARY OF THE LATEST NEWS.

### Domestic.

William P. Waite, the negro who made a confession to Pinkerton detectives that he murdered Mrs. Collins at her home near Fortville, Del., now denies that he killed the woman, and says the detectives "forced him to tell a lie." The detectives say they are confident they can prove his guilt.

A magnificent silver service was presented to Admiral Schley in Memphis, where he is the guest of the city.

The Metropolitan National Bank of Chicago, which will be merged with the First National of that city, has distributed \$75,000 among its employees, the gifts ranging from \$50 to \$15,000.

Witnesses testified in the court-martial trial of Brigadier-General Jacob H. Smith, in Manila, that the natives of Samar were unusually treacherous and that boys fought in the ranks.

James Hockenberry was arrested on the charge of being one of the four masked men who terrorized and robbed the Misses Hench in Liberty Valley, Pennsylvania.

The submarine boat Fulton started on a trial ocean trip from New York to Washington, and made a trip of 10 miles under water along the Jersey coast.

Sensational circumstances surround the abduction of little Margaret Taylor in Cincinnati by her grandmother and aunt.

Ex-Councilman Charles Krats, of St. Louis, wanted in that city for corrupt practices, was arrested in Mexico.

The United Copper Company was incorporated in Trenton, N. J., with a capital stock of \$80,000,000.

In a pistol duel between policemen and burglars in Chicago one of the thieves was killed.

A deal has been arranged by which the Heinze copper properties in Montana have been taken over by the United Copper Company. The stock is capitalized at \$50,000,000.

Claiborne Widener, 16 years old, who frightfully assaulted the five-year-old daughter of Rice Ford, at Damascus, Va., was captured and jailed at Abingdon, Virginia.

Mrs. Kate Edwards and Samuel Greason, convicted of the murder of the woman's husband near Stouchburg, Pa., were sentenced to death.

Storms throughout the West did much damage. Telegraph and telephone wires were prostrated. Several persons were injured at Cleveland.

The board of church extension of the Methodist Episcopal Church South loaned \$25,000 to assist missions in Cuba.

Colonel Woodruff, counsel for Gen. Jacob H. Smith, in the opening of the latter's trial by court-martial in Manila, said he would admit that General Smith instructed Major Waller to kill and burn and make Samar a howling wilderness. Major Waller and Lieutenant Day, who were tried on the charge of executing natives without trial, have been acquitted.

Stockholders of the United States Steel Corporation received a circular giving the scheme of the company to take up the 7 per cent. preferred stock, and to issue instead 5 per cent. bonds.

Gov. C. B. Brock, of North Carolina, made the feature address at the Southern Educational Conference in Athens, Ga. Robert C. Ogden was re-elected president.

Montgomery Presbytery re-instated Rev. James Arthur, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, of Roanoke, Va., who had been suspended for drunkenness.

Two thousand structural ironworkers of the Pittsburgh district will strike May 1 unless their demands for an advance of 10 cents an hour are granted.

Joseph Altolio, a youth of seven years, sustained fatal burns while saving his father from being burned to death in New York.

The annual meeting of the Board of Church Extension of the Methodist Episcopal Church South was held in Louisville, Ky.

### Foreign.

The uprisings in Russia are becoming more serious. In a fight between strikers and troops in Moscow it is reported that 50 persons were killed or wounded. The situation in the southern part of Russia is critical.

Chairman Ismay, of the White Star Line, denied reports that the White Star Line had been sold and that the American Shipping Trust held any shares in that company.

As a result of the new Anglo-Japanese agreement the Japanese government has issued orders to all its naval stations to afford supplies and facilities to British warships.

Lord Cranborne stated in Parliament that there had been no official complaint about Capt. Lewis Bayley, the naval attaché of Great Britain at Washington, who was alleged to have committed irregularities in investigating Florida harbors.

Ambassador Horace Porter was advised of the personnel of the French mission that will attend the dedication of the Rochambeau monument. General Brugere, commander-in-chief of the army, will head it.

The first naval squadron of Germany, under command of Admiral Prince Henry, sailed from Kiel on a training cruise, but the battle ship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse was damaged at the start.

A battle was fought between the Chinese imperial troops and the rebels near Nan Ning. The leader of the rebels was captured after being wounded.

Rear-Admiral Lord Charles Beresford was elected without opposition to a seat in the House of Commons.

The Secretary of the British Admiralty announced in the House of Commons that the whole question of ship subsidies was being considered, with the view of defining the rights of the admiralty in the matter of the shipping combine. An arrangement has been made with the White Star Line preventing any of its steamers being transferred to a foreign flag during the existence of the present admiralty agreements.

### Financial.

Articles of incorporation have been filed at Phoenix of the Western Iron Steel Company, with a capital stock of \$15,000,000.

It is said that a bid considerably above the present market price has been made for a controlling interest in the American Cotton Oil Company.

The Pressed Steel Car Company has declared the regular quarterly dividends of 1 1/4 per cent. on its preferred stock and 1 per cent. on its common stock. The preferred dividend is payable May 21.

## SURRENDERS IN THE PHILIPPINES

### Insurgent Leaders and Their Commands in Hands of Americans.

#### TAKEN PRISONERS BY GEN. GRANT.

Captain L. W. V. Kennon, of the Sixth Infantry, Reports From the Island of Negros the Surrender of the Ladrone Leader Rulo, With 158 Officers and Men of His Command, Together With 12 Guns.

Manila, (By Cable).—Gen. Frederick D. Grant's expedition in the gunboats Baseo and Florida, several steam launches and lighters, has ascended the Gandara river, in the Island of Samar, and has brought the Filipino General, Guevarra, and his entire command as prisoners down to the coast.

Guevarra's immediate command consists of Rafael Sebastian, 39 other officers, 189 men and 161 rifles.

Three hundred natives, with 131 rifles, are expected daily to arrive at Catabogan, Samar, to surrender.

At Sulat, Samar, 3,000 bolomen, 28 of them armed with rifles, surrendered.

Guevarra succeeded General Lukban in command of the Filipino forces in Samar, when the latter was captured last February.

Capt. L. W. V. Kennon, of the Sixth Infantry, reports from the Island of Negros the surrender of the native leader Rulo, with 158 officers and men of his command, together with 12 rifles, 140 bolos, 7 spears and a few pistols and daggers. This surrender means the opening of the whole southern coast of Negros.

Next to Papa Isio, Rulo was the most important native chief on the island. He promises to force Papa Isio to surrender.

At a farewell banquet here to the officers of the Ninth Infantry, acting Civil Governor Luke E. Wright paid a glowing tribute to the military forces. He said the army under circumstances of surprising difficulty had paved the way for the work of the civil authorities, and that only a few cases of friction between the two branches of government had occurred.

General Chaffee, whose opinion as to the times have differed from those of the civil authorities, had been, Governor Wright said, a loyal supporter of civil rule.

### FIVE KILLED IN POWDER MILL.

#### All the Bodies Torn into Bits Excepting One—Buildings Wrecked.

Shenandoah, Pa., (Special).—By the explosion of the upper powder mill of the Shenandoah Powder Co., at Krebs Station, about four miles from here, five employees were instantly killed and all the buildings of the plant were blown to pieces.

It will probably never be known what caused the explosion, as all the men employed about the magazine were killed. Not a trace of any of the bodies has been found, with the exception of that of Wolf, whose remains were picked up some distance from the scene of the explosion terribly mangled.

It was at first thought that Ruppert had escaped, but it was learned later that he, too, had been killed.

Oliver Mummy, who was employed in the charcoal house, said the first explosion, which was slight, occurred in that building and communicated to the magazine.

Not Implicated in Goebel Murder.

Frankfort, Ky. (Special).—The jury in the case of Berry Howard, on trial as the alleged principal in the Goebel assassination, brought in a verdict of not guilty. The jury stood ten to two for acquittal on the first ballot and was unanimous on the second. Berry Howard is the second to be acquitted in the long list of those charged with complicity in the murder of William Goebel. The other one acquitted was Capt. Garnett D. Ripley, of Henry county, who was tried last year. Those convicted and serving life sentences are ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers and James Howard, each tried twice, and Henry Yount, who accepted life sentence on his first conviction.

Morgan's Costly Bible.

New York (Special).—The antique Bible bound in gold, the corners set with precious stones, and owned by J. Pierpont Morgan, was passed by the customs authorities here free of duty. The book was held up at the custom-house until an investigation could be made. It was passed on the ground that it was old manuscript and the precious stones part of the bindings. Mr. Morgan set the cost of the book at \$45,000.

Town Destroyed by Fire.

Findlay, O. (Special).—Castar, an oil town of 500 inhabitants, 20 miles north of here, was totally destroyed by fire, the origin of which cannot be learned owing to the fact that telephone and telegraph wires are broken and all communication to the town is shut off. A high wind was blowing which prevented any possible chance of saving the town. Aid was sent from surrounding towns, but to no avail. The loss, which will exceed \$60,000, includes nine stores and scores of dwellings.

Fatal Revolver Duel.

El Paso, Tex., (Special).—"Sheehey" Harris was shot through the heart here by Clarence Wolverton, a special policeman, in a revolver duel in a gambling hall. Wolverton was wounded in the hand. Five years ago, when Wolverton was chief of police of Colorado City, Col., he ran Harris out of town, and Harris, it is said, threatened to kill him on sight. The coroner's jury acquitted Wolverton.

Boers Still Talking It Over.

London (By Cable).—Cabling from Johannesburg, under date of Friday, April 25, the correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that General Delarey, with his staff, arrived at Klerksdorp, Transvaal. Special dispatches received here from Pretoria show that General Delarey had been in consultation with his command two days previously, and that the other Boer leaders are still moving about consulting with the burghers. From this it is inferred that the prospects for peace are improving.

## LIVE NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

### Post-Check Currency Scheme.

The committee of the government officials appointed by the Postmaster General and the Secretary of the Treasury to consider the subject of post-check currency, gave a hearing to the advocates of a bill recently introduced by Representative Gardiner, of Michigan, transmitting small sums through the Mr. C. W. Post, the originator of the plan, made a statement outlining it, and setting forth the needs of the business world for a more convenient method of transmitting small sums through the mails. He said that, in case of the adoption of the idea, all rights under the patents would be assigned to the government free of all cost.

Representative Gardiner advocated the favorable consideration of the measure and its provisions were further explained by Attorney D. E. Fox, who drafted it. The bills provide that all \$1, \$2 and \$5 bills, except national bank notes, shall have blank lines upon their faces so that they may be converted at once into a check payable to a named payee, to be cashed at the postoffice named, and for the issuance of similar bills of the denominations of 5, 10, 25 and 50 cents. A two-cent stamp is affixed and canceled on the dollar denominations, and a one-cent stamp on the fractional bills as a fee to the government.

### Philippine Want Relief.

Tariff reductions for Philippine sugar is now sought by the inhabitants of the Island of Negros.

Acting Secretary of War Sanger has transmitted to Congress a message which points out that unless relief be granted the people of Negros will be hopelessly ruined and starvation and disease will stalk among them. There is no desire on the part of the Administration to complicate the project for Cuban relief by urging immediate action in behalf of the Philippines. At the same time, the message showed the prevalence of such great distress that he deemed it desirable to lay it before Congress. The message is from the President of the Assembly of Presidents of the Island of Negros.

Disease among men and beasts, torrential rains, scarcity of food, expensive transportation, the low price of sugar and the high price of other articles of prime necessity, are a few of the causes advanced for a tariff reduction on Philippine sugar. The island desires that this reduction be at least 75 per cent.

### Food Adulteration.

Mr. McCumber (N. D.), chairman of the Committee on Manufactures, addressed the Senate on the bill "To prevent the adulteration, misbranding and imitations of foods, beverages, candies, drugs and condiments in the District of Columbia and the territories."

He declared that the extent of the adulteration and misbranding of food products was appalling. The laws, he said, severely punished the stamping of lead as money. That was counterfeiting, and the man who should advocate the repeal of the law against counterfeiting of money would be regarded as insane. Yet dust or mud was stamped as flour and glucose as honey. The one wrong was no greater than the other.

The amount of deleterious food products placed upon the market each year, Mr. McCumber said, was valued at fully \$1,170,000,000, while the total amount of adulterated food products each year was nearly \$4,000,000,000.

### To Change Inauguration Day.

Representative De Armond, of Missouri, introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution making the term of the President and Vice-President begin on the first Thursday of April, instead of March 4, and fixing the second Thursday of January as the time for the assembling of Congress, beginning with the Sixtieth Congress.

### More Oklahoma Lands to Open.

The House Committee on Indian Affairs reported a bill opening to settlement 400,000 acres of the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache lands in Oklahoma. The opening is to occur within three months after the law goes into effect, and the lands are to be taken under the general provision of the homestead laws.

### Chinese Exclusion Bill.

The conferees on the Chinese Exclusion bill decided to report a disagreement to each house. The point of difference is the date as to when the law shall extend, the House contending for an indefinite period and the Senate being equally firm in insisting that the law shall not last beyond the life of the treaty.

### West Point's Centennial.

West Point Military Academy will celebrate its centennial during commencement week in June. President Roosevelt will speak and Gen. Horace Porter, Ambassador to France, will be the orator of the day. It is expected that numerous veterans of several wars will be present. The academy opened in March, 1802, with 5 officers and 10 cadets. At present the full authorized attendance is 511.

### Mr. McComas' Race Inquiry.

Senator McComas, of Maryland, has introduced in the Senate a bill similar to the House measure providing for the creation of a freedman's inquiry commission to investigate the condition of the colored population of the country and "promote a harmony between the two races."

### For a Hall of Records.

The Senate passed a bill providing for the purchase of a site and the erection thereon of a building in the city of Washington, to be used for a hall of records, and indicating an appropriation of \$1,000,000 for the purpose.

### Capital News in General.

The Naval Affairs Committee of the House submitted its report, with a bill carrying an appropriation of \$77,650,386. The report says our navy is lacking in fighting strength, and recommends the construction of two battleships, two first class armored cruisers and two gunboats.

The President signed the Legislative Appropriation Bill, which gives the clerks temporarily appointed during the war with Spain permanent employment. The Senate agreed to the House amendment to the Geomarine Bill, which sends the bill to the President.

## WIND CAUSES A RAILROAD WRECK

### A Car Roof Blown in Front of a Passenger Train.

#### LOCOMOTIVE THROWN FROM TRACK.

The Fireman Caught Under the Wheel and Scalded to Death—None of the Passengers Were Hurt—A Man Crushed to Death by an Oil Derrick Being Blown Over on Him.

Pittsburg, Pa., (Special).—The windstorm of almost cyclonic proportions which prevailed in this section was followed by much destruction of property and was the cause of the loss of at least two lives. As the Cumberland accommodation to the Baltimore and Ohio was approaching the city the engine was thrown from the track and overturned at Port Perry by the roof of a freight car standing on a siding being blown in front of it. Edward G. Sperow, the fireman, was caught under the wreck and so badly scalded that he died shortly afterward. None of the passengers were hurt.

At McDonald an Italian, whose name cannot be learned, was crushed to death by an oil derrick being blown over on him.

Another death, the result of the storm, is reported from Rochester, Pa., but not confirmed as yet.

The wind played havoc with telegraph and telephone wires generally, a condition which has contributed to make the strike of the linemen a serious matter to the several companies. The strike leaders claim the elements are materially crippling the companies and say that much of the trouble caused by the storm on the last of March and augmented by the storms of the present month has not been repaired and no new work can be started. The officials of the companies admit they are somewhat handicapped, but say new men are being put to work every day and police protection has been asked for them. They expect to be in good shape soon.

### MILLIONS FOR COTTON MEN.

\$75,000,000 Increase on Crop Since Last September.

New York (Special).—It is estimated that \$75,000,000 has been added to the value of cotton grown in the United States since September last as a result of the steady advance in prices, covering a period of five months. The total value of the crop this year is estimated at \$405,000,000, on the basis of production of 10,000,000 bales.

By leaps and bounds the price of cotton has risen 2 1/2 cents a pound in the Southern markets since last October, when estimates of the growing crops were first put forth. This means a sheer increase of \$10.25 a bale. The growers, of course, will not receive the full benefit of this advance, but advances from the South indicate that cotton has been closely held, and it is believed that for each bale sold the planters will receive an average of \$7.50 in excess of the prices which prevailed last fall, or \$75,000,000 more for the crop of 10,000,000 bales than had been anticipated.

### Oom Paul May Visit Us.

The Hague, (By Cable).—The report published in Paris that President Steyn, of the Orange Free State, is coming to Europe to consult with Mr. Cruger, is entirely without foundation. On the other hand, it is true that the Boer agents in America are renewing their entreaties that Mr. Cruger visit the United States next June. He will probably comply with these requests if sufficient pressure is exercised, although he has often personally expressed his dislike of this plan.

### Remored Riots at Moscow.

Vienna (By Cable).—A dispatch to the Allgemeine Zeitung from St. Petersburg states that serious riots of strikers have taken place at Moscow, and that the military dispersed the rioters with much bloodshed. One report says that 50 persons were killed or wounded. Revolutions of peasantry in the provinces of Southern Russia, the dispatch adds, are causing a more critical situation, particularly at Kiev and Poltava, where troops were required to suppress the outbreaks.

### Confessed Terrible Murder.

Corpus Christi, Texas (Special).—Andez Oliveres has confessed that he murdered Mrs. J. Hatch, and the special session of the grand jury has declared a true bill, which will be followed by a speedy trial. Mrs. Hatch was a young married woman and was killed in her home, near here. Her head had been crushed in with the heavy end of a hatchet and then split in twain, and her throat was cut. Oliveres said that he had no reason for the crime.

### Another Trust Formed.

Detroit (Special).—The manufacturers of car and locomotive brake beams have formed a trust. The promoters are Berry Brothers, of Detroit, owners of the Monarch Brake Beam Company. It is understood that the capital of the company is to be \$5,000,000, and that the trust will be incorporated under the laws of New Jersey. The headquarters of the company will be in New York.

### Boy Accidentally Killed.

Parkersburg, W. Va., (Special).—The little three-year-old son of Peter Hess was shot and instantly killed at Glenville by his brother, aged 12 years, who was trying to shoot a hawk with a shotgun.

### Woman Sentenced to Death.

Reading, Pa. (Special).—Mrs. Kate Edwards, aged 35 years, and Samuel Greason, aged 40, convicted of the murder of the woman's husband, John Edwards, near Stouchburg, and George Gantz, aged 20, convicted of the murder of Annie Etter, aged 15, were brought into court here and sentenced to death.

### Wilhelmina's Condition.

The Hague, (By Cable).—Bulletins issued at Castle Loo declare the condition of Queen Wilhelmina continues satisfactory.

## WINDSTORM KILLS AND WRECKS.

### Two Dead and Five Will Die at Joplin, Mo.—Houses Blown Away.

Joplin, Mo. (Special).—Joplin was visited by the most destructive storm in its history, during which at least three persons were killed outright, six fatally injured or more seriously hurt and \$300,000 worth of property was destroyed.

The fury of the storm broke at 4:35 o'clock in the afternoon. No warning was given of its terrible violence. There was an utter absence of the usual funnel-shaped cloud, and the clouds looked no more threatening than those which produce the ordinary thunder-showers. The wind was a straight gale, but it was of terrible velocity, whipping down scores of houses in the southern part of the city and reducing to kindling wood \$100,000 worth of the finest mining plants in this district. The worst havoc in Joplin City was in a territory four blocks wide, commencing at the west limits of the city at Seventeenth street and ending at Seventh street on the east. Most of the houses are not completely razed, but there is scarcely a building which is not damaged. No one was killed there, but some persons had miraculous escapes.

The home of Mrs. Nellie Sullivan was destroyed and the entire family injured by falling timber. Mrs. Sullivan was badly hurt about the head and face, and her two-year-old baby was blown five yards into a pond and saved from drowning by the heroic efforts of her seven-year-old brother, who had also received injuries from the storm.

One room of the residence of S. D. Brower, on Ivy street, was blown away and his young son was carried three blocks, receiving only slight injuries.

Passing east from the main portion of the city, the storm spent its fury on the suburban districts known as Moonshine Hill and Villa Heights. Three persons were killed at Moonshine Hill. The hill is now a tangled mass of debris, and not a house is left standing.

Of the little home of Ridwell Hunter not a timber is left standing, and his three inmates are dying, all having had their skulls fractured.

Omaha, Neb. (Special).—An unusually heavy windstorm which struck this city killed one person and injured a number of others, unroofed a number of buildings and broke many skylights. There was a heavy downpour of rain.

### Dog's Skull on a Human Head.

Saginaw, Mich. (Special).—Physicians of the College Hospital have performed a remarkable operation—that of grafting a piece of a dog's skull upon a human head. The patient is John Olberg, of Kenton, Houghton county. He is now recovered from an old affliction. Olberg's skull was fractured four years ago. Over the hole, which was an inch and a half in diameter, there formed a foreign growth. This pressed on the brain and caused convulsions. When it was decided to operate on Olberg the doctors chloroformed a dog, removed a piece of its skull and implanted it in the opening in Olberg's head.

### She Let Cattle Lick Him.

English, Ind. (Special).—Cruel and inhuman treatment will be the plea of Thomas Foley for a divorce. His wife admits that she tick his hands and feet while he was drunk, and applied salt to his hands, face and clothing in order that the cattle in the fields where he lay helpless might lick him to death, as a revenge for a beating she received from him during an alleged drunken orgy. Foley's skin was raw in many places and his clothing was torn to shreds.

### Giant Weds a Midget.

Flora, Ind. (Special).—Only 17 years old, but 6 feet 7 1/2 inches in height, Harry A. Allen has just married Miss Maude Horner, 15 years old, who is only 4 feet 5 1/2 inches in height. The bridegroom believes he is the tallest boy in the United States for his age. The couple presented an amusing spectacle as they stood before a large number of their friends and relatives while the nuptial cot was being tied.

### Wood Makes Statement.

Havana, Cuba, (Special).—Governor General Wood has issued a declaration to the effect that all statements, such as those made a few days ago in Washington, that ex-Director of Posts Rathbone had not had a fair trial and that the court had been influenced by General Wood, or that the latter had tried to influence it, are absolutely and unqualifiedly false in every particular, by whomsoever they may have been made.