DANGER IN DELAY.

Dr. Talmage on the Folly of Postponing

the Acceptance of the Gospel.

pathy for the Skeptics - The Time to Be Refigious.

WASHINGTON, D. C.-In the following discourse, prepared by Dr. Talmage before his illness, the folly and danger of post-poning the acceptance of the gospel invi-tation are exposed on the text, Luke xiv, 18, "And they all with one consent began to make accure "

18, "And they all with one consent began to make excuse." After the invitations to a levee are sent out the regrets come in. One man apologizes for non-attendance on one ground, another on another ground. The most of the regrets are founded on prior eugagements. So in my text a great ban-quet was spread, the invitations were cir-culated, and now the regrets come in. The one gives an agricultural reason, the other a stock dealer's reason, the other a domestic reason. All poor reasons. The fact was, they did not want to go. "And they all with one consent began to make excuse.

excuse." So now God spreads a great banquet. It is the gospel feast, and the table reaches across the hemispheres, and the invita-tions go out, and multitudes come and sit down and drink out of the chalices of God's love, while other multitudes decline coming, the one giving this apology, and the other giving that apology, "and they all with one consent begin to make ex-cuse." I propose, so far as God may help me, to examine the apologies which men make for not entering the Christian life.

me, to examine the apologies which men make for not entering the Christian life. Apology the first: I am not sure there is anything valuable in the Christian re-ligion. It is pleaded that there are so many impositions in this day; so many things that seem to be real are sham. A gilded outside may have a hollow inside. There is so much quackery in physics, in ethics, in politics, that men come to the habit of incredulity, and after awhile they allow that incredulity to collide with our habit of incredulity, and after awhile they allow that incredulity to collide with our holy religion. But, my friends, I think religion has made a pretty good record in the world. How many wounds it has lifted in the midnight wilderness! How many simoom struck deserts it hath turned into the gardens of the Lord! How it hath stilled the chopped sea! What rosy light it hath sent streaming through the rift of the storm-cloud! What pools of cool water it hath gathered for thirsty Hagar and Ishmael! What manna whiter than coriander seed it hath dropped an Hagar and Ishmaei! What manna whiter than coriander seed it hath dropped all around the camp of hardy bested pilgrims! What promises it hath sent out like holy watchers to keep the lamps burning around deathbeds, through the darkness that lowers into the sepulcher! What flashes

of resurrection morn! Besides that, this religion has made so many heroes. It brought Summerfield, the Methodist, across the Atlantic ocean with his silver trumpet to blow the acceptable year of the Lord until it seemed as if all our American cities would take the king-dom of heaven by violence. It sent Jehudi Ashman into Africa along in a continent dom of neaven by violence. It sent Jenudi Ashman into Africa alone, in a continent of naked harbarians, to lift the standard of civilization and Christianity. It made John Milton among poets, Raphael among painters. Christopher Wren among archi-tects, Thorwaldsen among sculptors, Han-del among musicians, Dupont among mili-tary commanders, and to give new wings del among musicians, Dupont among mili-tary commanders, and to give new wings to the imagination and better balance to the judgment and more determination to the will and greater usefulness to the life and grander nobility to the soul there is nothing in all the earth like our Christian religion. Nothing in religion? Why, then, all those Christians were deceived when in their dving moment they thought they in their dying moment they thought they saw the castles of the blessed, and your in their dying moment they thought they saw the castles of the blessed, and your child, that with unutterable agony you put away into the grave, you will never see him again or hear his sweet voice nor feel the throb of his young heart. There is nothing in religion? Sickness will come upon you. Roll and turn on your pillow; no relief. The medicine may be bitter, the night may be dark. the pain may be sharp; no relief. Christ never comes to the siek-room. Let the pain stab; let the fever burn; curse it and die. There is nothing in religion? After awhile death will come. You will hear the paw-ing of the pale horse on the threshold. The spirit will be breaking away from the body. and it will take flight-whither, whither? There is no God, no minister-ing angels to conduct, no Christ, no heaven, no home. Nothing in religion? Oh, you are not willing to adopt such a Oh, you are not willing to adopt such a dismal theory! dismal theory! And yet the world is full of skeptics. And let me say there is no class of peo-ple for whom I have a warmer sympathy than for skeptics. We do not know how to treat them. We deride them, we carica-ture them. We, instead of taking them by the soft hand of Christian love, clutch them with the iron pinchers of ecclesias-ticism. Oh, if you know how those men wretched day in the week was Sunday. Religion was driven into them with a trip-hammer. They had a surfeit of prayer meetings. They were stuffed and choked with catechisms. They were told by their parents that they were the worst children that ever lived because they liked to ride down hill better than to read "Pilgrim's Progress." They never heard their pa-rents talk of religion but with the corners of the mouth drawn down and the eyes rolled up. Others went into skepticism through maltreatment on the part of some who professed religion. There is a man

never mind, and by that dying couch where she talkvd so slowly, catching her breath between the words-by all those memories I ask you to come and take the same religion. It was good enough for her; it is good enough for you. Aye, i make a better plea: By the wounds and the death three of the Son of God, who approaches you in infinite love with torn brow and lacerated hands and whipped back, crying, "Come unto Me, all ye that labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest!" will give you rest!

I will give you rest." Other persons apologize for not enter-ing the Christian life because of the in-corrigibility of their temperament. Now, we admit it is harder for some people to we admit it is harder for some people to become Christians than for others, but the grace of God never came to a mountain that it could not climb or to an abyss that it could not fathom or to a bondage that it could not break. The wildest horse that ever trod Arabian sands has been broken to hit and trace

other a stock dealer's reason, the other a domestic reason. All poor reasons. The fact was, they did not want to go. "And they all with one consent began to make excuse."

an August thunderstorm to water the wild flowers down in the grass. Peter, with nature tempestuous as the sea that he once tried to walk, at one look from Christ went out and wept bitterly. Rich harvests of grace may be grown on the summit of the jagged steep, and flocks of Christian graces may find pasturage in fields of bramble end rock. Though your disposition may be all a-bristle with fretfulness, though you have a temper a-gleam with quick light-nings, though your avarice be like that of the horse leech, crying, "Give!" though damnable impurities have wrapped you in

vides this world from the next, and not the inconsistency of Christians, but the rod of faith, will wave back the waters as a commander wheels his host. The judgment will come, with its thunder shod solemnities. Oh, then we will not shod solemnities. Oh, then we will not stop and say, "There was a mean Chris-tian; there was an impure Christian." In that day as now, "If thou be wise, thou shalt be wise for thyself, but if thou scornest thou alone shall bear it." Why,

scornest thou alone shall bear it." Why, my brother, the inconsistency of Chris-tians, so far from being an argument to keep you away from God, ought to be an argument to drive you to Him. No time to be religious here! You have no time not to be religious. You might as well have no clerks in your store, no books in your library, no com-pass on your ship, no rifle in the battle, no hat on your head, no coat for your back, no shoes for your feet. Better travel on toward eternity bare-headed and barefooied and houseless and

headed and barefooted and houseless and homeless and friendless than to go through life without religion.

life without religion. Did religion make Raleigh any less of a statesman or Havelock any less of a soldier or Grinnell any less of a merchant or West any less of a painter? Why, my friends, religion is the best security in every bargain; it is the sweet-est note in every song; it is the brightest gem in very coronet. No time to be re-ligious? Why, you will have to take time to be sight to be transhed to die Our to be sick, to be troubled, to die. Our world is only the wharf from which we are to embark for heaven. No time to secure the friendship of hrist? No time to buy a lamp and trim for that walk through the darkuess Christ? which otherwise will be illumined only by the whiteness of the tombstones? No time to educate the eye for heavenly splen-dors or the hand for choral harps or the ear for everlasting songs or the soul for honor, glory and immortality? One would honor, glory and immortality? One would think we had time for nothing els⁸. Other persons apologize for not enter-ing the Christian life because it is time enough yet. That is very like those per-sons who send regrets and say, "I will come in perhaps at 11 or 12 o'clock; I will not be there at the opening of the banquet, but I will be there at the close." Not yet! Not yet! Now, I do not give any doleful view of this life. There is nothing in my nature, nothing in the nothing in my nature, nothing in the grace of God, that tends toward a doleful view of human life. them with the iron pinchers of ecclesiastics. Oh, if you knew how those men had fallen away from Christianity and be-come skeptics you would not be so rough on them! Some were brought up in homes where religion was overdone. The most wretched day in the week was Sunday. Religion was overdone. The most wretched day in the week was Sunday. Religion was overdone. The most into them with a trip-hammer. They had a surfeit of prayer meetings. They were stuffed and choked with catechisms. They were told by their parents that they were the worst children that ever lived because they liked to ride down hill better than to read "Pilgrim's Progress." They never heard their pa-rents talk of religion but with the corner-of the mouth drawn down and the eyes But, while we as Christian men are of the mouth drawn down and the eyes rolled up. Others went into skepticism through maltreatment on the part of some who professed religion. There is a man who says: "My partner in business was who says: "My partner in business was conspicuous in prayer meeting, and he was officious in prayer meeting, and he may not support to be one being in three persons? They cannot understand it. Neither can I. How can God be a complete sovereign and yet man a free agent? They cannot understand it. Neither can I. They cannot understand why a holy God lets sin come into the world. Neither can I. They say: "Here is a great mystery; here is a disciple of fashion, frivolous and godless all her days; she lives on to be an octogenarian. Here is a Christian mother, training her chil-dren for God and for heaven, self-sacrific-ing. Christlike. indispensable seemingly to that hogsehold: she cets a cancer and <text><text><text><text><text>

An Obliging Caller.

When Monsieur Clemenceau was in the French Chamber of Deputies he became, for some reason, the idol of the working man; but his popularity, ac cording to the course of nature, brought its penalties. He was besieged by all sorts of people, who came merely to ask questions, and sometimes they were questions of the most trivial sort.

He was originally a doctor, and used to give advice for nothing at certain hours of the day. One morning a work ing man entered his room, and Cle menceau said, without looking up from his writing:

"Take off your coat and shirt. I'll attend to you directly."

Three minutes later he found the man had stripped to the waist.

There is nothing the matter with you," said the Doctor, when he had made an examination.

"I know there isn't !" returned the man

'Then what did you come for?" "To consult you on a political ques tion

"But what did you strip for?" "I thought you wanted an illustration

of the emaciated body of the man who lives by the sweat of his brow.

The political question remained unanswered. Monsieur Clemenceau was too exasperated to do more than tell the man to dress and go home.-Youth' Companion.

Inquisitive American in Lendon.

A curious American arrived in London the other morning. Here are a few of the questions he asked in the evening: Why do butchers wear blue aprons which will not show dirt, while assistants in boot shops wear immaculate white aprons? "Why is footwear "boots," while the boy who polishes them is a "shoe" black? Why is there no direct bus from London Bridge Sta-tion to Waterloo? Why is the poste restante in the largest city of the world not open all night? Why do many women wear straw hats in the winter Why can't you get breakfast in a restaurant within a reasonable time after "sun-up?" When is "sun-up," any. how

A Suit of Rattlesnake Skins.

A peculiarly interesting and highly valued curiosity in the possession of an American gentleman named Peter Gruber, of Rochester, N. Y., is a complete suit of clothes made from the skins of rattleanakes sewn together. No fewer than 125 rattleanakes were requisitioned to supply the necessary skins for this purpose. Four different specimens of rattlers were comprised in the suit-black, brown, yellow and gray-and the judicious arrangement of these variegated skins presents a peculiar and bizarre effect. The buttons are rattlesnakes' heads stuffed, and supplied with brilliant bead eyes. Even Mr. Gruber's hat and stick are covered with skins, rendering the attire most extraordinary. The owner would not part with it for any sum of money, for it is the only one of its kind in exist-

ence.

Glass Made by Lightning. Tubes of glass made by lightning often found in sand. The electricity passes into the ground and melts the silicious material, forming little pipes, the inside diameter of which represents the "bore" of the "thunderbolt." Such tubes measuring as much as 27 feet in length have been discovered. No doubt exists as to the method of their manufacture, inasmuch as people have sought for them and dug them up still hot from places freshly struck by lightning. Attempts have been made to reproduce them artificially by passing a powerful current of electricity through finely powdered glass. In this way pipes nearly an inch long and as big as a darning needle have been obtained. From the comparative size one gets a notion of the enormous energy of lightning.

from Tomahawk to Shoe-brush. Sitting Bull's eldest son is a bootblack. His name is Montezuma, and he is a graduate of the Carlisle Indian School. After his schooling he went to Phildelphia full of ambition, and musing over the profession he would adopt. At first it seemed to him that he might be a banker, and then, when no one seemed nclined to help him along that path, a master merchant. But he was beginning to learn that there is royal road to riches, and he thereupon decided that he would black shoes. For a few cents he bought the regula-

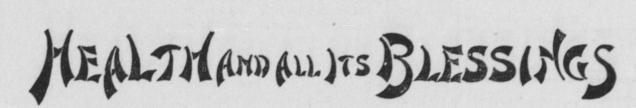
tion kit, and it was not long before he could send for Winonah, from the Rosebug Agency, the girl who had promised to marry him. Instead of the soap box which Montezuma once carried for an outfit, he now has a handsome stand, and this descendant of a line of chiefs is building up a more flourishing business every day. Best of all, he lays his success to Carlisle, for, as he says, he learned there how to do things well, the small as well as the great.-Youth's Companion

Dire Threat. Fay-He behaved awfully mean when refused him. May-You don't say!

Fay-Yes; he declared he'd never propose to me again.



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Health will come with all its blessings to those who know the way, and it is mainly a question of right-living, with all the term implies, but the efforts which strengthen the system, the games which refresh and the foods which nourish are important, each in a way, while it is also advantageous to have knowledge of the best methods of promoting freedom from unsanitary conditions. To assist nature, when nature needs assistance, it is all important that the medicinal agents used should be of the best quality and of known value, and the one remedy which acts most beneficially and pleasantly, as a laxative, is-Syrup of Figs-manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

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