NEW HEIR TO THE **THRONE OF CHINA**

Candidate of Dowager Empress Said to Be Nephew of Prince Tuan.

PRESENT HEIR UNCONTROLLABLE.

Reform Faction Disapproves of the Selection, and Suggests That the Powers Oppose It It the Empress Wishes to Carry It Out-Prince Ching Will Act as Grand Marshal of the Court On Its Journey From Kal-Feng.

Pekin (By Cable) .- A new heir to the throne, it is believed here, will be appointed when the Dowager Empress meets Prince Ching and several of the Viceroys at Kai-Feng, capital of the Province of Ho-Nan, where there will be a general discussion of the empire's affairs.

This news is believed to be authentic, as it was received from high Chinese officials. The present heir, Pu Chun, has proved to be dissipated and uncontrollable. The status of his father, Prince Tuan, as a banished prince, makes his succession contrary to Chinese traditions.

The candidate of the Empress is said to be Pei Tze, nephew of Prince Tuan, and who is intellectually weak. He took part in the Boxer aggressions, personally leading an attack on the French cathedral.

Present Heir a Lad of 17.

Pu Chun, son of Prince Tuan, was selected by the Dowager Empress in 1898 as heir apparent to the Chinese throne, the present emperor, Kwang Su, having no children. The heir is 17 years

Prince Tuan, his father, had fled to Kan- aged 65 years. Su. Tuan is a Manchu of pure descent, is the grandson of the Emperor Taouk-Wang, who died in 1850, and a nephew of Emperor Hien-Fung, who died in 1861. Prince Tuan's father, Prince Tun, was the most likely heir to the throne after Taouk-Wang's death, but his succession was set aside.

EX-GOV. PILLSBURY DEAD.

Succumbs to Bright's Disease After a Brief Illness-Numerous Benefactions.

Minneapolis (Special) .-- John S. Pillsbury, former Governor of Minnesota, and one of the State's foremost citizens, died here of Bright's disease. His illness was very brief owing to his advanced age. He was over 73. He was a member of the famous family of He served three terms as Governor, outbreaks. from 1876 to 1882. Among his numerous benefactions was his gift to the University of Wisconsin of its \$150,000 science hall. He had long been a member of the board of regents, having been named a life member. He also presented to his native town of Sutton N. H. a town hall in memory of his parents. The ex-Governor had been a resident of Minneapolis since 1854.

FREDERICK H. BENEDICT KILLED.

Meets Death by Overturning of an Automobile While Descendin ; a Hill.

erick H. Benedict, son of E. C. Bene-

SUMMARY OF THE LATEST NEWS. POSTOFFICE STAMP VAULT ROBBED The United States Steel Corporation

Through Steel Flooring.

That Men Working in Other Parts of the

Building Had Not the Slightest Inkling of

the Daring Robbery Being Worked Almost

Chicago (Special) .- The most ingen-

The manner in which the difficul-

No tangible clue has been developed

The work of forming an entrance to

or more expert mechanics.

ious and boldest robbery of a public in-

Under Their Noses.

and the Tinplate Company paid the tax imposed by the State of Ohio on foreign Thieves Bore an Entrance From Beneath corporations, but not the fines, aggregating \$52,000, for which suits will be brought by the State authorities. SECURE \$74,610 WORTH OF BOOTY,

Domestic.

Annie Allison, colored, of Sussex county, was arrested in Richmond, Va., on the charge of abducting Mattie T. So Careful Had the Job Been Planned Smith, a white girl. The colored wo-man's brother is accused of criminally assaulting the girl.

Henry McDonnell Sedley, a Yale student, was arrested for causing the death of Edward Corrigan, a law school student, whom he had thrown out of a wagon.

Judge Walcott, of the Circuit Court of stitution ever perpetrated in Chicago was Grand Rapids, Mich., awarded \$40,000 damages to Melvin B. Church against accomplished some time between Saturday night and Monday morning, when the Antikalsomine Company.

The Pennsylvania Supreme Court reversed the decision of the lower court of the Chicago postoffice by operators who burrowed beneath the building and declared the Philadelphia "ripper" law unconstitutional

John Stane killed Mabel F. Mayer, a their plunder. girl of 13. in San Francisco, with whom he was infatuated, and then killed him-

they might have secured nearly \$40,000 Raymond Morton, 6 years of age, died in cash and \$800,000 in stamps. Origin Norfolk, Na., from lockjaw, the reinally the vault contained no partitions sult of a splinter in his foot.

but a year ago steel walls were put in J. Daniel Reinhard, 70 years old, and place, and thus the robbers missed the weighing 495 pounds, died in Bethlecashier's vault. hem, Pa.

In accomplishing their work the A combination of the independent oil thieves displayed patience, skill and foreproducers in the Texas field is being thought of the most remarkable characformed.

Fires have been lighted in nearly all ties that confronted them were overcome factories of the American Window Glass proves to the satisfaction of the post-Company office inspectors and city detectives

George W. Farnsworth dropped dead working on the case that they are old while at work on the railroad near hands at the business and that among-Piedmont, W. Va. their number there must have been one

Rear Admiral Francis M. Bunce, re-It was announced last November that tired, died of cancer at Hartford, Conn.

by the scores of police and secret service The monster steamer Siberia, of the men at work on the case. Pacific Mail Steamship Company, was successfully launched by the Newport the vault had evidently been going News Shipbuilding Company in the slowly forward for many days. It is presence of 20,000 people. believed, however, that the intention of

George Armitage, the missing mes-senger of the Bank of New Amsterdam, the thieves had been to enter the cashier's vault; 97 holes were bored in a space of 18 inches square in the surrendered to the New York police and made a confession, implicating four perbotton of the vault, just enough to allow the entrance of a man's body. A dry sons.

A \$10,000,000 deal between the Flat goods box stood over the hole thus made Top Land Association and the Pocaand concealed the work of the robbers hontas Company, both of West Virginia, while it was in progress. When disis said to be about to be consummated. covered the finger marks of one of the

Ambassador Choate, former Vice-President Morton and Gen. Francis V Greene arrived in New York from Southampton on the Philadelphia. It is recognized in Washington that

some aggressive action is necessary in ur millers, and left a large fortune. the Philippine war because of recent The marine guard which was station-

ed at the Buffalo Exposition will b. transferred to the Charleston Exposi-

Mayor Van Wyck, of New York, dismissed charges filed against Police Chief Devery by the Merchants' Association.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway Company was incorporated in Burlington, Iowa, with a capital stock of

deal The board of governors of the Na-West Point, N. Y. (Special) .- An ac- sion in Washington, adopted a recomcident occurred near here which result- mendation to be urged on Congress for the scene. ed in the almost instant death of Fred- legislation for the suppression of anar-

SANTOS-DUMONT WINS FRIZE. Committee Says That He txceeded the Ting

Limit-Time Lost in Descending. Paris (By Cable) .- M. Santos-Dumont, the aeronaut, sailed around the Eiffel Tower in his balloon and returned to the Aero Club within twenty-nine minutes, having, to all appearances, complied with all the conditions impos-ed by M. Deutsch for the winning of the award of 100 000 francs for the inention of a dirigible airship.

M. Deutsch says that Santos-Dumont virtually won the prize, but the Aero Club says he has not because he failed to land inside 30 minutes. M. Dumont refused to concur in the accision of the club. The committee declares that Santos-Dumont took 30 minutes 40 4-7 seconds to make the trip.

M. Deutsch offered a consolation prize of 25,000 francs, but Santos would not accept this. The inventor will now

time at 2.29, but on leaving the park his obliged to descend. He started again at 2.42 p. m., rose 250 yards and then pointed for the Eiffel Tower, the baloon going in a straight line. It was seen through field glasses to arrive at

The time up to the point, with the wind in the balloon's favor, was 8 minutes and 45 seconds. It returned against tos-Dumont exceeded the time limit by 40 seconds.

The enormous crowd which had gathered inside and outside the grounds gave the aeronaut a tremendous ova-

Sir Thomas Advocates Change.

Chicago (Special) .- Sir Thomas Lipton declared himself in favor of a change in the construction of challengers and defenders of the America's Cup. yachts should be something more than mere racing machines," said Sir Thomas. The present yachts are not safe. Should the cup ever cross to the other side the challenger would have to be built accordrobbers were still discernible on the dust. [ing to British ideas of stability,

NINTH INFANTRY SUFFERS AGAIN

Bolomen Attack Company on Samar Island-Ten Men

tion.

Killed and Six Wounded.

remainder of the company arrived on the scene in time to prevent further \$100,000,000. This is supposed to be the slaughter and routed the enemy, killing first tangible move in the Hill-Morgan nearly 100 of them. It is believed the enemy only retired for reinforcements.

> Washington (Special) .- The follow- General Smith. General Hughes was Omaha." g brief cablegram from General Chaf-

Manila (By Cable) .- Four hundred | new setback on the Island of Samar, bolomen attacked a detachment of 46 The Ninth Infantry, which suffered men of the Ninth Infantry at Banga- there, was the same organization that jon, on the Candara river, Island of engaged in the latest fight at Bangajon. Samar, killing 10 and wounding 6. The An inspection of the disposition made of the troops on the Island of Samar shows that before the Balangiga fight there were no less than 38 separate posts. These were so disposed that supplies could be conveyed to the troops As soon as the news was received at by water. General Hughes has left Sational Bureau of Identification, in ses- Catbalogan two gunboats were dispatch- mar and gone to the island of Cebu to ed, General Smith going in person to recuperate, which accounts for the as-the scene. sumption of the command on Samar by

worn out and suffered from the effects

SHOWS NO SIGN **OF A COLLAPSE**

Mrs. Mary Witmer Is a Woman of Iron Nerve, ARSENIC IN HER SISTER'S BODY.

Despite the Terrible Charges Against Her. She Retains Her Stoicism and Maintains Her Composure-The Attempts to Get Her to Convict Herself of Any of the Murders Charged Against Her Prove Futile.

Dayton, O. (Special) .-- Mrs. Mary Belle Witwer, the alleged murderer of 14 persons, retains a stoicism which amazes the authorities and quite discon-certs her attorney. She has maintained her composure from the beginning. Only once has she given way to tears, and that was when visited by her stepson, whose father, Frank D. Witwer, her fifth and last husband, is said to have died from poison which she administered. Young Witwer offered to bring the prisoner any delicacies she might wish, and reminded her that she had always been a kind mother to him.

Aside from this the woman has kept up an indifferent attitude under all circumstances. Police interviews have failed to make the slightest impression upon her, and she has daily reiterated her statements with reference to crimes attributed to her and reasserted her innocence. Several attempts to entrap the prisoner have failed, and it is apparent that she will make a good defense.

Evidence against Mrs. Witwer is purely circumstantial. She is directly charged with the murder of her sister, Mrs. Anna C. Pugh, a professional nurse, who lived with Mrs. Witwer in this city. Mrs. Witwer lost four husbands, and all died rather suddenly and under peculiar circumstances. In the wholesale charges informally made by the authorities she has been accused of causing the death of all, in addition to those of several children, making a total of 14 deaths.

There is no expectation that more than one crime can be fastened upon the woman, if, indeed, the authorities will succeed in that. She is an adept in holding her own in trying situations. When arraigned on the charge of administering arsenic to her sister she merely shook her head when the word "murder" was pronounced, and at the conclusion of the reading of the affidavit by the

PAT CROWE TOURS THE WORLD.

guilty.

Detectives Could Not F.nd Him-His Brother Speaks for Him.

prosecutor, she arose, and, in a quavering

voice, replied distinctly, "I am not

Omaha, Neb. (Special) .- John J Crowe announces that his brother, Pat Crowe, will not surrender until he shall be convinced that his bond will be placed at \$500. "If such a pledge is made he may be in Omaha within a week," declares the brother. "Pat has been all over the world,"

said Joan, "and while the Omaha police were tooking for him I saw him in Omaha.'

"Pat has been in Council Bluffs within the three months, and he has been in Omaha, also. Since then he has been in Canada, but he did not like it there, and he is now within easy reach of

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Executed 101 Filipinos.

The annual report of Gen. George B. Davis, judge-advocate-general of the army, shows that in the past year there were 6065 trials by general court-mar-tial, 600 less than in the preceding year. Of these 16 were trials of commissioned officers, of whom 10 were convicted. Of the enlisted men tried 4806 were regulars and 1167 were volunteers. The report says that the number of men. sentenced to dishonorable discharge in the regular army was 1895 and in the volunteer army 333, making a total of 2228.

Death sentences were imposed by court-martial in six cases of enlisted men, four of the cases being on conviction of murder and two on conviction of desertion. The death sentences, except in one case of murder, were commuted by the President to dishonorable. discharge, forfeiture of all pay and allowances and imprisonment at hard labor for life in three cases, for seven years in one case and for five years in another case.

General Davis says that death sen-tences were imposed by military com-missions in about 242 cases, nearly all natives of the Philippine Islands, on conviction of more serious crimes, and the sentences were executed in about 101 cases. In most of the remaining cases the sentences were commuted to imprisonment for terms varying from 15 years to life imprisonment, while in a lew instances the sentences were commuted to imprisonment for from 5 to 10 years and in a tew other cases the sentences were disapproved or set aside.

Report on Arbitration.

The Industrial Commission, which has just made public its report on labor disputes and arbitration, says in that document that local systems of collective bargaining and agreements between employees have been most highly de-veloped in the building and other trades where both employers and employees are strongest organized. There is a growing movement in favor of collective bargaining, conciliation and arbitration as between organizations of employers and employees covering any industry throughout the country.

A growing movement is noted toward establishing State and local machinery for arbitration in the bituminous coal industry. Systems of arbitration as to specific disputes have been established in a formal manner and on a national scale in the stove molding, the general foundry, the machinists (now not in existence) and the printing trades.

The representatives of employers and working men who have testified before the commission almost uniformly have opposed compulsory arbitration. Sev eral State boards of arbitration also have expressed their opinion against compulsory arbitration as a general princi ple, and one or two of the boards have specifically opposed it in any form.

Civil Service Extension.

President Roosevelt has already been making inquiries in various departments concerning the extension of the civil service rules and regulations, and on the recommendation of the Post-master-General it is understood that an order will be issued before long including the rural free delivery branch of the Postoffice Department under the civi service regulations. This will apply to all of the employees in that branch of the service excepting the carriers. As these are scattered over the country they could not be included very well in the competitive examinations. The civil service rules now as applicable to the examinations for admission to the general free delivery service have been found on experience to arouse complaints from women applicants, and accordingly Postmaster General Smith sent a letter to the Civil Service Commission suggesting that women appli-cants be exempted from certain of the rules in regard to physical examinations of applicants. At the office of the Civil Service Commission it is said that the letter from the Postmaster-General was expected and that action would be taken on it at once.

postage stamps to the value of \$74,610 were abstracted from the stamp vault take his balloon to the Riviera. Santos-Dumont started for the first through a steel floor in order to reach guide rope caught in a tree and he was Had they calculated their distance six feet west from where they were working

the tower and round it.

the wind and made slower headway, but still kept in the true direction for St. Cloud, which it reached in the total time of 29 minutes 15 seconds. But instead of descending immediately Santos-Dumont made a broad sweep over the Acro Club grounds, with the result that another minute and 25 seconds were consumed before the workmen seized the guide rope. Thus, technically, San-

dict, and perhaps the fatal injuring of Granville Kane, guest of Mr. Benedict. Mr. Benedict and his friend, Mr. Kane, with a chaffeur, started from Tuxedo in an automobile for West Point to attend establishment of an internation bank. the football game. A thunderstorm President Roosevelt is reported to be came up and the fall of rain made the much interested in the Panama canal roadway slippery. In descending a hill project, and will do all within his power the chaffeur lost control and ran into a breakwater with sufficient violence to land. upset the machine. Mr. Kane was thrown under the machine, which in Washington November 19. weighed 400 pounds. The entire automobile then toppled over him. Mr. Benedict was crushed beneath the weight.

Taken for Robbers and Shot.

Roanoke, Va. (Special) .- Two Evans-(Tenn.) officers mistook Harry McCarroll and William Drumm for safe blowers, wanted at Howell, Tenn., and shot them near the latter place. The men were beating their way on a freight train, and, fearing arrest, got down and started to run away, when the officers fired on them, killing McCarroll and seriously wounding Drumm.

Lover's Double Crime.

Cleveland, Ohio (Special) .- Margaret DeHolland, 21 years old, was shot and almost instantly killed at her boardinghouse by Verne Rogers, 35 years old. After firing three shots at the young woman Rogers turned the weapon upon himself and sent a bullet into his head. He will probably die. It is said that Miss DeHolland, who was very pretty, had refused to marry Rogers, and this, it is supposed, led to the tragedy.

Fatally Stabbed at BristoL

Bristol, Tenn. (Special) .- Nathaniel Tate, a farmer, was fatally stabbed by his nephew, John Tate, near Kingsport. The elder Tate had accused the young man and a man named Smith Hall of stealing. Words followed, and it is stated that as Nathaniel Tate turned the young man stabbed him with a dirk. He lived but a short time. Both John Tate and Smith Hall have escaped, and a posse is organizing to pursue.

Mrs. McKinley "Doing Nicely."

eral Sternberg, of Washington, left to- ward. aright for Columbus, where he goes on basiness. He was a guest at the McKin-ley home to-day. It is given out that stopped here merely as an old friend McKinleys to make a social call of the on Mrs. McKinley. She is said to be "doing nicely." There was no change in her condition that called for the pro-Sternberg.

Submarine Boat Launched.

rine boat Shark was successfully launched here. The boat is one of the

fleet of submarine warships that is be-ing built by the Holland Torpedo Boat

is 63 feet 4 inches long and has a dis-

fired from the bow.

Elizabethport (Special) .- The subma-

At the closing session of the American Bankers' Association Convention at Milwaukee, Wis., Mr. P. C. Kauffman, of Tacoma, Wash., made a plea for the

to secure a satisfactory treaty with Eng-

The Reciprocity Convention will meet

Foreign.

The Lord Mayor of Dublin and other noted Irishmen gave a big greeting to Patrick McHugh, a member of Parlia-ment, who had just been released from prison, where he served six months as a first-class misdemeanant. Mr. McHugh will sail, with John Redmond and John O'Donnell, for a tonr of American cities.

A meeting of German manufacurers and business men was held in Berlin to discuss the "American danger." at which the statement was made that the United States kept detectives in Germany to discover trade secrets and undervaluations

The uncertainty as to when the insurgents will attack the city of Panama causes intense anxiety and a general de-pression in trade. The United States battleship Indiana and French and British warships continue to await develop-

The French Government has refrained from taking coercive measures against Turkey to enforce settlement of the Lorando claim, fearing that such action might force the disruption of Turkey.

The defaulting manager of a bank in Hungary made a confession to his wife. who handed him a revolver and told him to kill himself, which he did.

Commander Sheepers and 11 more Boer leaders, recently captured by the British, have been banished from South Africa.

Judge O'Connor Morris, at the opening of the Roscommon sessions at Dublin, said he had received documents purporting to emanate from the United Irish League, marked with a coffin and Canton, O. (Special) .- Surgeon Gen- containing threats against King Ed-

> gands for ransom. They say they are n possession of likely clucs.

fessional attendance of Surgeon General order to bring about a righting of their

The steamer St. Paul has arrived at Seattle from Nome with \$1,500,000 gold. The New York subtreasury has trans-

Orleans. It is reported that Atchison will show over \$1,000,000 increase in September

Company. Miss Wainwright, daughter of Commander Wainwright, U. S. N., christened the new vessel. The Shark gross earnings The New York subtreasury statement

hine and electrical engines for propelling power. She will be equipped with Whitehead torpedoes, which will be fired from the bow. year.

ee, reporting the fight of the Ninth Inof a severe fall received while chasing fantry in Samar, was received at the insurrectos in the mountains of Samar. War Department:

Corbin, Adjutant General, Washington: report from Samar, Adjutant General Forty-six men, Company E, Ninth Regiment, United States Infantry under Corbin made public a report by General Hughes to General Chaffee, dated Aug. First Lieut. Geo. W. Wallace, in field, 20, on the situation in that island. Genlower Candara, Samar, were attacked by eral Hughes says: 400 bolomen Oct. 16. Our loss 10 killed, 6 wounded; names not received; 81 of the enemy left dead on the field. En-

emy beaten off. (Signed) CHAFFEE. The War Department officials were

tory in some ways and not in others. The subduing of the fighting propensities of the war faction is reduced almost to a nullity. The growth of our strength in the estimation of the people

The progress in Samar is satisfac-

and weighing about 150 tons, fell with a

tremendous crash directly where the

shovelers were at work, almost closing

the tunnel and creating a panic among

the 200 or 300 men at work in other sec-

tions. Great clouds of dust filled the whole excavation. The frightened men, most of them Italians, in great excite-

ment and finding themselves cut off, as

they thought, made wild efforts to es-

cape, their cries adding to the confu-

work of rescuing the shovelers was

sion. In a short time, however, all

somewhat dismayed at the report of the 1 is also quite satisfactory.

FIVE DEAD IN A TUNNEL. Laborers Caught by a Cave-in in New York Subway -Tons of Rock Fell on Them.

New York (Special) .- Five men were | duced by the blasting. Without warning the mass of rock, 63 killed and two injured when a great feet long 11 feet wide and 10 feet high

mass of rock fell from the side and roof of the rapid transit tunnel, in course of construction on Broadway about the line of One Hundred and Sixty-fourth street, in this city.

The section of the tunnel where the cave-in occurred is 105 feet below the surface. A shaft leads to the tunnel, and from the shaft headings extend north and south, each being about 700 feet long. The accident occurred in the south heading of the tunnel, about 640

feet from the shaft. A gang of 20 rock drillers was working in the extreme south end of the heading and about 50 feet from the end a

Owen Bly, the section boss, who was gang made up of 20 shovelers and a in charge of that portion of the tunnel, foreman was removing the debris pro- ' was placed under arrest.

commenced.

GENERAL DE WET REPORTED DEAD.

Conflicting Stories as to Death of Boer Commander -DeVilliers Says He Is Alive.

Durban, Natal (By Cable) .- General | before he died. He was wounded in the De Wet's recent inactivity has produced the impression among military men that he is either dead or incapacitated through illness or wounds. According to a letter from Pretoria a prominent Boer re-

cently wrote to a friend there relating the terrible hardships suffered by the Boers in the field, especially from a lack

shoulder by a splinter from a shell and the wound gangrened, owing to its being dressed with dirty rags."

Five Boers captured at different places recently said De Wet was dead, but each gave a different version of his death. Against these reports is the statement of Piet De Villiers, the field cornet, recent-The gun sights and other fittings of the British cruiser Magnificent have been thrown into the sca by the crew in order to bring about a righting of their "De Wet, for example," wrote this Boer, "suffered the most terrible agony be took breakfast with General De Wet.

BIG HOTEL BURNED. ferred for the banks \$275,000 to New One of the Leading Houses in Houston, Texas, a Prev

to the Flames-Loss \$250,000.

Houston, Tex. (Special).—At 2.30 than half a block. The guests, of whom o'clock in the morning fire broke out in the rear portion of the Hutchins House, inght office force, and most of then esone of the leading hotels in Houston. The flames spread rapidly to all parts of the upper stories of the building, which is a four-story structure covering more

Crowe admitted that he was in communication with Pat, and stated that his brother was fully advised as to ev-As of interest in connection with the erything that was going on in Omaha.

McKinley Memorial Arch.

Washington (Special) .- Commissioner MacFarland, president of the McKinley National Memorial Arch Association, received a letter from Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller saying: "I accept with pleasure the honor of election as a vicepresident of the William McKinley Na-

ional Memorial Arch Association." Walter S. Logan, of New York, president-general of the Sons of the American Revolution, writes relative to his appointment as vice-president:

"I accept the appointment and shall be very glad to do anything I can to further the objects of the association."

Root's Health Restored.

New York (Special).-The private car of President Fowler, on the Ontario and Western Railway, was sent northward to take Secretary of War Root and party from Raquette Lake to Washington. Mr Root, it is expected, will reach Washington early this week His health has been fully restored and he has greatly enjoyed the two weeks of complete rest in the Adirondacks.

Fatal Blow After a Nap.

Harrisburg, Pa. (Special) .- Irvin M. Bickle, an employee of the Pennsylvania Steel Works, laid down for a nap and told his fellow-workman, Kirk Parthe more, to awaken him at 4 o'clock. At that hour Parthemore shook him so made their way to the street and the hard that Bickle, it is alleged, hit him on the head with a heavy wrench and he will die. Bickle was arrested.

To Regulate V visection.

Buffalo, N. Y. (Special) -- Sydney R. Tabor, of Lake Forest, Ill., was elected president of the American Humane Association, vice Francis H. Rowley, of Brookline, resigned. A committee was authorized to prepare a bill to be introduced in Congress for the regulation of the practice of scientific experimentation upon living beings.

Bank Officers Missing.

Lowell, Mass. (Special) .- There is nothing new in the Merchants' Bank affair, and Smith and Swift, the missing teller and bookkeeper, were not locat-ed, at least not to public knowledge. The bank authorities will have nothing more to say until the financial situation definitely established. Accountants have been at work on the bank's books since Friday night, and President A. G. Pollard refused to make any statement. Counsel for the missing men likewise are reserved in their answers to queries.

Minister Kills Negro Burgiar.

Madisonville, Ky. (Special) .- Rev. Eugene Harralson, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, shot and killed a negro named "Jim" Lewis, and then surrendered to the authorities. The inister found the negro trying to enter his house. The coroner's jury gave a verdict of justifiable homicide.

Three of a Family Burned to Death.

Ashburn, Ga. (Special).—By the over-turning of a lamp the residence of Julius Hatcher, ten miles west of this place, took fire and burned, and two sons and a daughter perished.

Distrib tion of Seed.

The Department of Agriculture has completed plans for the annual seed distribution throughout the country. Thirty-seven million packets of seed will be distributed, comprising both vegetables and flowers.

A change has been made in the method of distributing cotton and forage crops, which now, instead of being sent broadcast, will be sent only to certain sections where they are adaptable and likely to bring about improved conditions. Havana and Sumatra tobacco will be sent only to Florida and certain parts of New England, where their culture has proved successful and where muslin sheets spread over large tracts of tobacco area furnish the necessary tropical conditions. Other types of tobacco plants will be sent to other sections.

The department will begin sending out the seeds about December 1, and most of them will be furnished through Senators and Representatives.

Mr. Hackett to Retire.

Mr. Frank W. Hackett, assistant Secretary of the Navy, will ask to be relieved from that office shortly.

He will resume his law practice in Washington. Mr. Hackett had intended to do so on October 1, but remained at the request of Secretary Long, who, on account of the death of President McKinley and domestic afflictions, has been obliged to be away from the department.

Judge Charles H. Darling, of Ben-nington, Vt., will succeed Mr. Hackett.

Last Day of Mourning.

The official period of mourning ordered as a mark of respect to the meinory of President McKinley has expired. The White House was opened in a formal way on Monday for visitors for the first time since the death of President McKinley. Visitors are not allowed in any portion of the house now except the East Room excepting on business.

Capital News in General.

Capt. Richard P. Leary was detached from the receiving-ship Richmond and ordered home on three months' sick

The Postoffice Department has de-cided that additional inscriptions which the law authorizes to be placed on the wrapper, cover, tag or/label accompanying fourth-class mail matter may be placed likewise on the matter itself.

Marquis Ito, the Japanese statesman, arrived in Washington and was met at the depot by Minister Takahira and the entire legation staff.