

TORNADO DEALS HAVOC IN SECTIONS OF THE SOUTH.

PEOPLE KILLED AND INJURED IN BIRMINGHAM--HOUSES WERE CRUSHED TO EARTH WITHOUT WARNING--DEATH LIST WILL BE A LARGE ONE.

A Path of Destruction One Hundred and Fifty Feet Wide Through the Southern Section of Birmingham--Unusual Sultry Weather for This Season of the Year Precedes the Storm--The Killed Number Twenty-five and the Injured About Forty--Great Trees Torn Up by the Roots and Stones Twisted Out of the Ground--Other Towns Damaged--Havoc by Wind and Floods.

Birmingham, Ala. (Special).--A tornado that for intensity and the havoc wrought surpassed anything in the history of Birmingham visited the city Monday morning. Not only Birmingham, but every town within a radius of 20 miles east and west suffered. About 25 persons are believed to have been killed. Many others were seriously, if not fatally, injured. Eight of the known dead are white. The property loss is estimated to be a quarter of a million dollars.

Jesse E. Watkins, a negro, was caught stealing in the ruins in the afternoon and was promptly sent to eternity by one of a number of men standing by. The tornado struck the city in the southwestern corner and plowed its way eastward, leaving a path 150 feet wide through the southern section, extending from Green Springs on the west to Avondale on the east, continuing its course until its fury was spent in the mountains beyond Irondale, a small town six miles east of the city.

All the houses on the north of the path were left uninjured and all those to the south were demolished. In a number of instances the inmates of a home were left standing in the debris of the home unhurt, while the rafters and parts of the house were blown a hundred yards away.

The property loss in Birmingham alone is in the neighborhood of \$200,000. Two hundred homes in this city are without roofs.

The morning dawned cloudy and sultry and grew more threatening as the day advanced. Clouds began to gather and shortly after 9 o'clock sharp lightning flashed from the southwest. The air became very heavy and stifling. The velocity of the wind suddenly began to increase and from the overcast sky a funnel-shaped cloud made its descent. Hugging close to the earth, it passed through the city in leaps and bounds with terrific force and was away to the east before the people fully realized what had happened.

The altitude of the cloud was not more than 75 feet. The negro shanties and cottages in the lowlands in the path of the storm were the principal sufferers. The larger residences on the higher ground suffered only slightly. Large trees on the hills at the St. Vincent Hospital were torn up by the roots and large stones were twisted out of the ground.

From Eighth to Tenth street the tornado bounded like a rubber ball, and when it again descended it struck a two-

storey house occupied by Joseph Bush-enheler and almost razed it to the ground. The 11-year-old daughter of John Kruzey, a rolling mill man, was caught under the debris and severely injured.

Continuing in an eastward direction, the storm swept everything in its path of 75 yards width until it passed beyond the city limits, and struck the Lake View Hill, about Thirty-fourth street. There were no houses of any description in its path after it had passed the city limits, and consequently there was no damage until it reached Avondale.

On Faggot's Hill, just south of Avondale, a number of persons were seriously injured and many houses badly damaged.

Onward the tornado swept, and at Irondale again repeated its work of destruction. Houses and fences were leveled to the ground and up to this writing several bodies have been recovered. Bessemer, Pratt City, Ensley, North Birmingham and other suburban towns were visited by the storm, and in each of these places much destruction was wrought, but no loss of life is reported. Many houses were demolished at Pratt City, including a number of churches.

At Powderly there was also much damage and destruction and at Cleveland Mrs. George Hatt was struck by lightning and will probably die.

Railroad Train Wrecked. Columbus, Ga. (Special).--A mixed train was blown off the Central of Georgia Railroad tracks one mile east of Buena Vista, 37 miles from Columbus. The train consisted of an engine and tender, baggage car, two coaches and 12 freight cars, and was going 15 miles an hour when struck by the wind. The engine was lifted from the track, the tender was turned over, the baggage car, two coaches and three freight cars were thrown on their sides. The rest of the train, however, remained on the track. No one was killed.

Advices from Cussera, 30 miles south of the city, state that that place was visited by one of the heaviest wind and rain storms known in years. The Primitive Baptist Church and several chimneys were blown down. Telegraph Operator W. M. English was knocked unconscious by lightning.

Western Town Swept by Winds. Detroit, Mich. (Special).--A special report from Kalamazoo, Mich., says that a tornado struck the town of Pavilion, a small village about 25 miles southeast of Kalamazoo, which wrecked a number of houses, uprooted trees, tore down telegraph poles and did much other damage. One woman who was ill in one of the houses blown down is reported fatally hurt and many others injured.

Crawfordsville, Ind. (Special).--A severe windstorm, amounting almost to a tornado and accompanied with electrical disturbances, swept over East Mountain and Wood Montgomery counties at an early hour Monday morning. The loss amounts to thousands of dollars, barns, fences, trees and wind pumps being blown down.

The Korea Launched. Newport News, Va. (Special).--The Pacific Mail liner Korea, the largest vessel ever built for the American merchant marine service, was launched at the yard of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company here. A crowd of 2,000 people witnessed the launch. Miss Katherine Winthrop Tweed, daughter of the president of the Pacific Mail Company, christened the Korea. The Korea will cost when completed \$2,000,000. She is nearly 600 feet long and her depth of hold is equal to the height of a four-story building. Her displacement is 18,000 tons and there is no vessel in the American service that will compare with her.

Threatened a Parent. Nashville, Tenn. (Special).--"Kidnappers and dynamiters" is the signature to a letter received by Joseph Schneider, of this city. The contents informed Mr. Schneider that unless he placed \$300 on a certain spot in Cumberland Park, one of his children would be kidnapped or his house blown up by dynamite. No harm as yet has come to the Schneider home, although the demands were not complied with.

A Church Struck by Lightning. Grand Rapids, Mich. (Special).--St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Cathedral was destroyed by fire, resulting from a stroke of lightning. The loss is \$50,000, with only \$20,000 insurance. The large pipe organ, valued at \$10,000, was utterly ruined. The spire of the church was struck by lightning about 10.30 P. M., but flames were not discovered until 2.15 A. M., when they were beyond control of the firemen.

Dynamite at Berkeley Springs. Berkeley Springs, W. Va. (Special).--The fine medicinal springs, set aside over a century ago for the use of the public by Lord Fairfax, was dynamited by unknown persons early Sunday morning. The controversy over the leasing of the springs to outsiders has caused ill-feeling, and the work of the vandals is attributed to this.

Cubans Playing to Grandstand. Havana (Special).--It has been learned that the Constitutional Convention long since determined to grant the demands made by the United States under the Platt amendment, and that all the show of opposition now being made is grandstand play.

Soldiers Quarrel at Tien Tsai. Tien Tsai (By Cable).--In an affray here two members of the Welsh Fusilier Regiment and a member of the Victorian contingent, who were acting as policemen, were seized and bayoneted. It is alleged that Germans were the principal culprits.

A Kentucky Bank Robbed. Columbus, Ky. (Special).--The Bank of Columbus was robbed early to-day of nearly \$10,000, it is stated. The robbers escaped, but four men suspected of the crime have been arrested at Union City, Tenn.

Familiar Game. N. C. (Special).--Three men, Frank Thompson, D. Gomez Bono, the latter an Indian, were arrested attempting to work the gold mine on Paul Garrett, of Wellington, notified the officers of the presence of the men and planned a spot in the woods near where Bono had two bricks concealed, reputed to be worth \$50,000, which was to assay the gold, was arrested at a hotel.

Boers Fighting as Hard as Ever. They Wreck a Supply Train and Burn Bloody River Bridge. Standerton, Transvaal (By Cable).--Four hundred Boers, under the Boer Commander Buys, have wrecked a supply train north of Vlaakte. They overpowered the escort and carried off several wagonloads of provisions. A convoy, headed by General French's column, has been attacked between Blood River and Nek, Transvaal Colony, and two men killed and three seriously wounded.

Meeting Held. The Colonial Conference, in the House of Representatives, on a question of the... had been held in the... Kitchen... counter... in the... from Gen... Botha had... Milner.

Self to Death. Tenn. (Special).--Miss... well-known young community, committed... her clothing... fire to it. She had... the loss of... in a school here... made two attempts

Clear Up by a Skeleton. Warren, Ohio (Special).--The skeleton of James Tod arrived here Saturday and a mystery was cleared away. Nine years ago James Tod, of Warren, a nephew of War Governor Tod, disappeared from Dayton, Fla. One day this week his skeleton was found near Spruce Creek, in Florida, and was identified by gold fillings in his teeth, a watch and a ring of keys.

Deputy and a Moonshiner Killed. Augusta, Ga. (Special).--Deputy Marshal Alexander S. Whitley was killed in attempting to arrest Lum Scott for illicit distilling in Lincoln county. Scott was also killed. The officer, with his posse, found the distillers in a barricaded house, and in attempting to make the arrests a fight ensued. The other members of the Scott crowd were arrested.

Hudson River Steamer Wrecked. Poughkeepsie, N. Y. (Special).--The steamer Poughkeepsie, of the Central Hudson Steamboat Company, ran on the rocks at Stony Point, a few miles south of Haverstraw, before daybreak. The vessel is badly wrecked. At the time of the accident there was a heavy downpour of rain, and the night was very dark, and the pilot did not see the lighthouse, which is only 200 feet from where the vessel ran aground. The bow of the boat ran on the rocks at 25 feet, and the crash sent the passengers in a panic, but all were taken off in safety.

Boer Diplomats Not Idle. Amsterdam (By Cable).--Dr. Leyds, the agent in Europe of the Boer Government, assumed that the dispute between England and Russia at Tien Tsai offered an opportune moment for a visit to St. Petersburg. He therefore caused inquiry to be made through the Boer agents in Paris as to whether the Czar would welcome a visit from the Boer President and himself. The Czar returned a flat refusal to receive the would-be visitors, and the settlement of the Tien Tsai dispute has disappointed Boer hopes of a break between England and Russia.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Domestic.

Joseph A. Conlin, a clerk in a branch of the New York Post Office, who disappeared with a pouch containing \$40,000 worth of property, was caught after a long chase and brought back to New York.

A mortgage for \$100,000 was burned in the presence of a large congregation in St. Andrew's Methodist Church, New York. Hymns of praise were sung while the papers were being destroyed.

Mrs. Mary Dorion-Lewis has sued Rev. Charles Herald, pastor of the Bethesda Church, of Brooklyn, for slander, on account of comments made because she went into vaudeville.

Band Sergeant Alexander Zech, who died while serving with the regular army in Cuba, was buried with military honors in York, Pa.

Ex-Congressman Rodenburg has been appointed civil service commissioner, to succeed the late Washington S. Brewer.

Fire destroyed the grocery store of Samuel Dick and the stable of Dr. J. B. Snodgrass in Martinsburg, W. Va.

Justice Joseph M. Bartholomew, of the Supreme Court of North Dakota, dropped dead on the street in Bismarck.

John Grant Lyman, the zinc promoter, disappeared from New York, and no one knows where he is.

The West Park Ice Palace, in New York, was destroyed by fire.

W. J. Bryan, when asked whether he thought any Democrat or Populist would aid the Republicans in electing Senators, said: "Not unless he is bought," and Mr. Bryan would not assume without evidence that any of the Nebraska Legislators were corruptible.

Because of suspicious circumstances surrounding her death, the body of Mrs. Elizabeth Matthews, of Crittenden, Va., was disinterred and delivered to medical officials for an autopsy.

The United States officials place the responsibility for the wreck of the steamer Rio de Janeiro on the late Captain Ward, who went down with the ship, and Pilot Jordan.

The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty in the case of Hon. Clark Simons, of the County Court in Weston, Va., who was tried for shooting Rev. John Rexwood.

Giovanni Lanteri, of Natick, R. I., nearly killed Miss Enrichette Mazarrelli, who had rejected him, and three others who came to her assistance.

The Korea, built for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, was launched at the yards of the Newport News Dry Dock and Shipbuilding Company.

A Holstein cow went on a rampage in Richmond, Va., and did considerable damage to persons and their property before she was shot.

The fight between the Chicago Board of Trade and the telegraph companies over the distribution of market quotations has been settled.

Several electrical storms raged in Wisconsin and Minnesota. A number of cattle were killed by lightning.

Isaac Levy and Lewis Goldstein, Government contractors, were arrested in Philadelphia for swindling.

A blow from the southeast did considerable damage to shipping on the Florida coast.

William Stern, a business man of Scranton, Pa., committed suicide at Atlantic City.

More women are registering in Kansas to vote at the spring elections than ever before.

Thomas Levis was accused in Freehold, N. J., of killing his mother on March 1.

Charter Day was celebrated at the University of Virginia.

The steamer Poughkeepsie ran on the rocks at Stony Point, near Haverstraw, N. Y. All the passengers, who were panic-stricken, were safely taken off.

The Supreme Court of Virginia granted a new trial to H. A. Davis, sentenced for four years for poisoning a well in Fauquier county, Va.

A fire in the hold of the steamer Cassano, lying at the Atlantic Basin, Brooklyn, caused damage to the amount of \$60,000.

Rev. Dr. Frederick A. Muhlenberg died at his home in Reading, Pa.

John Held, a traveling salesman, committed suicide in Buffalo.

Foreign. The revolutionary feeling in Russia is on the increase. The Ministers of War, Justice and the Interior have received threatening letters.

The Korean Government has dismissed from office McLeary Brown, director general of Korean customs, and Great Britain has left a protest.

Abbe Revard, the Jesuit scholar and a professor at the University of Ghent, has broken off relations with the Church in order to marry.

The Portuguese Government has closed a Jesuit house and withdrawn sanctions from the associations of Mozambique missionaries.

The Germans have ousted the Chinese imperial troops from the passes on the Chi Li-Shan Si frontier.

Baron von Schottenstein, the Wurttemberg premier, has committed suicide at Ulm.

Six new cases of bubonic plague on an average are reported daily in Cape Town.

Mr. Chamberlain stated in the House of Commons that no specific objections had been made by General Botha to any of the peace terms offered by General Kitchener and made no counter proposal.

Emperor William, in speaking of the attempt recently made upon his life, said that the outrage convinced him that since the death of Emperor William I respect for the authorities had decreased.

The Privy Council and Chief Procurator of the Holy Synod at St. Petersburg narrowly escaped assassination, two bullets being fired at him through a window.

Russian statesmen declare emphatically that Russia does not intend to assume a protectorate over Manchuria.

Financial. The Lackawanna Road has ordered eighty new locomotives.

WILL CHECK MARRIAGES.

Minnesota Expects to Require Physician's Examination.

TRACE OF INSANITY TO BE A BAR.

No License Will Be Issued If Bill Passes Legislature Until a Certificate Is Presented--Increase in Number of Inmates of Asylums for Feeble-Minded in the State Is Strong Argument in Its Favor.

St. Paul, Minn. (Special).--The Chilton bill, which passed the Senate Saturday, is proposed as a measure to restrict the marriage of persons afflicted with physical or mental disorders, and has the support of the physicians of the State.

While the bill, which is reasonably certain to become a law, is aimed at the class above named, it will affect all persons seeking marriage, as a physical examination of the candidates for matrimony is imperative. Some of the provisions of the bill follow:

"No man or woman who is epileptic, imbecile, feeble minded, or afflicted with chronic insanity, shall hereafter intermarry within this State when the woman is under the age of 45 years.

"Any person who, not being an epileptic married or imbecile or feeble minded person or one afflicted with chronic insanity, or who knowingly violates the provision of this section, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$1000 or by imprisonment in the State prison for not more than five years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

"No officer shall hereafter issue a marriage license to any person applying therefor until, in addition to the condition now required by law, he shall be furnished with a certificate from a reputable physician or physicians of the county in which the parties reside.

"No clergyman or any official authorized by law to solemnize marriage shall hereafter perform a marriage ceremony within this State when either of the parties to such marriage is prohibited by this act from marrying. Any violation shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$1000 or imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than three years.

While this bill has general approval in this State, it will undoubtedly result in a number of the marriages of parties in this State being made in adjoining States. This has been one of the principal arguments advanced against its passage.

On the other hand the increase in the number of inmates of the asylums for feeble-minded and insane in the State is strong argument in favor of its passage.

CUT OFF HER OWN EARS. Woman Also Removes Five Toes and Part of Her Nose.

Toledo, Ohio (Special).--Mrs. G. Brun Schneider, residing near the city limits, occupies a ward at St. Vincent's Hospital and is in a serious condition as a result of horrible injuries self-inflicted after an ordinary pair of scissors, she cut off all toes of her left foot, both her ears close to the head and about an inch of her nose. She then cut out a portion of her right cheek and finally began on her arms.

Beginning at her left forearm, she removed a vestige of skin, laying bare the muscles. She also lacerated the right arm in a horrible manner. Nothing was known of the affair until her husband, who was absent during the night, returned home in the morning and found her in bed in a semi-conscious condition. A surgeon was called at once and she was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital. Her recovery is doubtful.

Hotel Guests Routed by Fire. New York (Special).--The Hotel Renwick, at Port Washington, L. I., was destroyed by fire. The occupants of the hotel had narrow escapes, but all got out without injury, except Frank Kelly, who was cut on the hand while breaking a window in an effort to arouse servants, who were asleep on the second floor. After arousing the servants, Mr. Kelly was partially overcome by smoke and had to be assisted from the building. The loss is placed at \$15,000.

Abolishing "Off Year" Elections. Lansing, Mich. (Special).--The bill abolishing "off year" elections in Detroit and extending the terms of the present city officials one year, in accordance with the plan of the city of Detroit, passed the House after a bitter fight against it by Representative Colby, of Detroit, Republican, who declared it was being forced down the throats of the people of Detroit by the Republican "machine."

Harrison's Life Insurance. Indianapolis (Special).--Ex-President Harrison left \$40,000 in life insurance. This fact was announced by the president of the Union Trust Company, which executor of General Harrison's will. He said: "General Harrison had four policies of \$10,000 each in force. The box containing the policies has not been opened yet. Our appraisal of the Harrison estate gives its total value at \$380,000. This includes all real estate, railroad bonds, stock in the Union Trust Company, the Law Building here and other securities."

Kidnapper Dead and Child Restored. El Paso, Tex. (Special).--May Carrie Stevens, kidnapped from here six years ago, when but 5 years of age, and not heard of again by relatives until recently, was brought back from Danville, Ind., and restored to her mother, Mrs. Anna Stevens, Monday.

The stolen child was able to tell a connected story of her wanderings since she was taken from home six years ago. She was trained for a trapeze performer in a circus. The actress who took her away from home is dead.

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LIVE NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Spanish War Claims.

Ex-Senator Chandler, president of the Spanish War Claims Commission, says that the first meeting of the commission will be held on April 8. Assistant Attorney General William E. Fuller will represent the Government before the commission in the consideration of claims presented to it. The commission will only pass on claims against Spain made by United States citizens and incurred during the time Spain was carrying on her war in Cuba against the insurgents. Awards are only to be made for direct damages which can be proved before the commission. There are to be no indirect damages allowed. The finding of the commission is to be final. There are already claims amounting to \$32,000,000. Speaking of the work of the commission, Senator Chandler said that he thought it could be finished within the two years provided in the act as the life of the commission. The President, however, is allowed, at his discretion, to extend the life of the body for periods of six months at a time if it is found necessary to do so in order to enable the commission to complete its work.

Mr. Griggs Resignation.

Attorney General Griggs has handed to the President his resignation, to take effect March 31. Mr. Griggs intends to leave Washington on Saturday next for his home in New Jersey, where, hereafter, he will reside. His intention is to resume immediately the practice of his profession. It is stated by his authority that he will be associated as counsel with the firm of Dill, Bomeisler & Baldwin, of New York city. Mr. Griggs also has formed a partnership with Mr. Dill, of Jersey City, under the firm name of Griggs & Dill, for practice in New Jersey.

Spain Paid for the Islands.

The Spanish Minister, Duke d'Arcos, received from Secretary Hay a treasury warrant for \$100,000, and the United States received the final cession of "any and all islands of the Philippine Archipelago lying outside of the line described in article 3 of the treaty of peace between Spain and the United States of December 10, 1898." At the same time a protocol was signed by Mr. Hay and Duke d'Arcos, exchanging ratifications of the treaty of cession. The specific purpose of the transaction is to add the islands of Gagan-Sulu and Sibutu to the possessions of the United States.

Schley Home Fund.

It has been decided to purchase a residence for Admiral Schley at Cleveland Park in accordance with the admiral's wishes, he having previously declared against a handsome residence in the Capitol City, stating that he preferred a comfortable home in the quiet of the suburbs. The executive committee of the committee of one hundred of the Schley home fund stated that \$3000 had been guaranteed by the various Knights Templar lodges in the United States. Miss Edna McClelland, of New York, has sent a statement to the committee that she had raised \$5000 for the fund. The amount desired for the home for the admiral is \$10,000.

Capital News in General.

President McKinley has completed the St. Louis Fair Commission. It will consist of ex-Senators Carter, Thurston, Lindsay and McBride, and ex-Congressman Glynn and Messrs. Scott, Miller, Northrup and Betts. An army board, appointed on the request of Gen. Baldy Smith, decided that not he, but Gen. Rosecrans, devised the plan for the relief of the Army of the Cumberland. Commander S. M. Ackley has been ordered to the command of the training ship Dixie, relieving Commander Belmont.

Stephen Abell, the Maryland census enumerator, arrested for padding returns, was released on bail. Chief Wilkie announced that a new five-dollar counterfeit had made its appearance.

Congressman Mudd, before leaving for New York, where he will sail for the Bermudas, criticized the system of the Census Bureau.

Gen. O. O. Howard, the president, delivered an address before the Washington annual meeting of the American Tract Society.

Senator Depew urged upon the President Fred J. Allen as successor to C. H. Duell, commissioner of patents.

The United States has suggested a solution of the Chinese indemnity problem that an indemnity aggregating \$200,000,000 be divided in eight parts, one of which the United States is to receive. Other powers do not receive the suggestion favorably.

Under the new army reorganization law an order has been issued organizing twelve additional companies of coast artillery, one to be located at Fort McHenry.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor decided that bobbinet lace was a new industry, and decided to admit the imported laborers from England.

Senator Davenport told the President that from his observations in Cuba the Platt proposition will, after some delay, be accepted.

Charles H. Flemer, a wealthy retired builder, committed suicide.

Our New Possessions.

In the province of Cavite four insurgent officers and fifty-three men with fifty-six rifles have surrendered to Lieut. Col. Frank D. Baldwin, of the Fourth United States Infantry, and one insurgent officer and twelve men with sixteen rifles to Col. Walter S. Schuyler, of the Forty-sixth Volunteer Infantry.

Col. Rosario, with 51 men and 56 rifles, has surrendered to Col. Baldwin, of the Fourth Infantry, at San Francisco de Malabon, Cavite province.

Lieutenant Dean, of Troop C, Sixth Cavalry, has engaged a force of insurgents at Tubig, Laguarda province, killing several of them and capturing seven men and twenty-four rifles.

A report was received giving interesting facts in connection with the opening of a girl's high school in Tutuila.

General MacArthur reported the surrender of Fullon in Panay, which ends the insurrection in that province.

Marine Hospital Surgeon Ferry reported that there were 20,000 cases of leprosy in the Philippine Islands. Efforts are being made to segregate and isolate them.

The Philippine Commissioners are considering recommendations as to the form of civil government which it is believed President McKinley will order instituted in July.

A DARING ADVENTURE.

General Funston Leads Expedition to Capture Aguinaldo.

MARCH INTO THE DEEP INTERIOR.

May Carry a Fitting Climax to His Brilliant Career, or Result in His Discomfiture--His Plan Is to Be Taken Into the Presence of the Filipino Leader as a Prisoner, and Then Turn the Tables on His Supposed Captor.

Manila (By Cable).--General Funston is now engaged in a daring project which promises to be the greatest and most romantic achievement of his eventful career. In January, from his hiding place in the province of Isabella, Aguinaldo wrote letters anathematizing the sub-chiefs who had taken the oath of allegiance to the United States. Later, Aguinaldo ordered certain insurgent forces in Southern Luzon to join him at a rendezvous in Isabella province.

The rebel officer entrusted with these orders secretly negotiated with the Americans. On securing necessary information, General Funston planned Aguinaldo's capture, and with General MacArthur's authorization General Funston proceeded two weeks ago to make the attempt.

General Funston, with Surgeon Major Harris, Captain Newton, of the Thirty-fourth Infantry; Lieutenant Admire, of the Twenty-second Infantry; Lieutenant Mitchell, of the Fortieth Infantry; six veteran scouts, and a company of native scouts, all picked men, embarked on the gunboat Vicksburg and were landed on a remote beach above Baler.

It was arranged that Aguinaldo's emissary, with the native scouts, should pass themselves off as insurgent troops, who having captured General Funston and others, were taking them as prisoners to Aguinaldo.

At the right time, when brought before Aguinaldo, General Funston was to give a signal, when the tables were to be turned and Aguinaldo was to be seized. Six days' march into the interior were contemplated. Treachery was considered possible, but every precaution was taken. The troops in New Vizcaya and New Ecija, and the gunboats Vicksburg and Albany were to operate with General Funston's force.

SIX SLAIN BY MOTHER.

Insane Mrs. Naramore Enacts a Terrible Tragedy--Used Ax and Club.

Coldbrook, Mass. (Special).--Mrs. Lizzie Naramore, while in a fit of insanity, killed her six children at her home, a farmhouse half a mile from this village, and then tried to take her own life.

The children ranged from 10 years to a babe of 10 months, and their lives were taken by the mother with an ax and a club. She laid the blood-drenched bodies on the beds, two on one bed and the other four on a bed in another room, and then attempted to take her own life by cutting her throat with a razor. When discovered, she was in bed on which the bodies of four children were lying. Although she cut a deep gash in her throat and suffered the loss of much blood, it is believed she will recover.

Frank Naramore, the husband and father, left his home at the usual hour to go to his work at a sawmill, and at that time his wife did not attract his attention by acting strangely.

It is supposed the deed was committed shortly after noon. The children were three boys and three girls--Ethel, 10 years of age, the eldest, while the ages of Walter, Charlie, Chester, Bessie and Lena ranged down from 8 years to 10 months.

Mrs. Naramore told her intimate friends that she first killed Ethel, then followed with the five others, each time taking the next eldest. Five were killed by being struck on the head with the back of an ax, while little Lena was killed with a club. Each of the children had evidently received several blows, as their heads were terribly bruised and blood was scattered in all directions about the rooms.

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