NEWS IN BRIEF.

The murder of Louise Frost and the burning at the stake of her murderer have revived the movement in Colorado for the reinstatement of capital punishment in that State.

Two freight trains were in collision on the Baltimore and Ohio, near Ohiorle. Engineer Charles Walters was tilled and Brakeman Geo. H. Quantz badly injured.

No clue has been found to the whereabouts of Miss Anna Elizabeth Lampkin, who disappeared from her home in Richmond a week ago.

Attorneys for Rudyard Kipling sued out an injunction in New York against R. F. Fenno & Co. for infringement of patent.

Ben Higanbotham was acquitted at Wheeling, W. Va., after trial on the marge of killing Mayor Depriest, of Gulloden.

Governor Tyler issued a proclamaion calling an extraordinary session a last convulsive shudder told that life of the Legislature to meet on January 23.

Lampson Sherman, a brother of the late John Sherman, living in Des Moines, Ia., was paralyzed.

Superintendent Pratt, of the Carlisle Indian School, submitted his annual report.

The British steamer Georgian Prince, Saptain Flett, arrived at Philadelphia with Captain Anderson and his crew of thirteen men, of the abandoned Norwegian bark Highfiyer.

The Havana Trades Union is seeking to have incorporated in the Cuban monopolies, the move being directed against Spanish cigar manufacturers. afterward.

Mrs. Eliza T. Griswold, of Philadelphia, who claims that she placed \$162,-000 with ex-Mayor Strong for investment, sued out an injunction against he executors.

One of the indictments against Rev. Fr Wharton was quashed by Judge Meisley at Freehold, N. J., and the other two may also be proven defechive.

Dr. Christopher T. Ahlstrom and an waknown woman were found dead, having been asphyxiated in a room in the Boulevard Hotel in New York.

The schooner Mascotte arrived at San Francisco with stories of fights with the cannibals on the Admiralty limbs. Blands and Solomon Island.

The prisoners on trial in Woodstock, Va., on the charge of robbing the Massanutten Bank, were acquitted.

A heavy snow storm raged in New York State about Buffalo, and also in parts of Ohio and Pennsylvania.

There was a clash at Tampa between eigarmakers of the American and the Spanish unions.

Three persons were injured, one fatally, by a natural gas explosion in Pittsburg.

Henry Ulrich, a boy of good family, was indicted in Richmond for forgery. Three boys are on trial at Philippi, W. Va, on the charge of train-wrecking.

Isaac Burriolo, convicted of wifemurder, was hanged in Wellsboro, Pa. The murder of Louise Frost by Pres-

ton Porter, colored, has stirred up race feeling to such an extent that all negroes of bad character have been the first he had uttered aloud, came warned to leave Elbert and Lincoln from the negro. A terrible nugging counties. A negro accused of poisoning Dr. Love in Albemarle, N. C., got away agony was at last breaking down his from the mob, which had taken him sullen composure. Not an oath esfrom jail, and is now free.

WAS BURNED AT STAKE

Vengeance Wreaked Upon a Colored Youth in Wilds of Colorado.

HAD CAUSED A WHITE GIRL'S DEATH.

Doomed Culprit Taken From a Train by a Vigilance Committee and, Upon Request of of Railroad Ties--The Executioners Numbered About 300 Citizens of Lincoln County.

Limon, Col. (Special) .-- Chained to a railroad rail set firmly in the ground on the exact spot where his fiendish crime was committed, Preston Porter, Ir., or, as he was familiarly known, John Porter, paid a terrible penalty for his deed. It was 6.22 o'clock when the father of the murdered girl touched the match to the fuel which had been piled around the negro, and 20 minutes later

was extinct. What agony the doomed boy suffered while the flames shriveled up his

flesh could only be guessed from the terrible contortions of his face and the least semblance of the ordinary mob. spoken. Grimly they stood in a circle than 200 furnaces in blast. about the fire until the body was en-

they departed for their homes shortly

Preston Porter did not seem to was desined to undergo. As he had exhibited indifference to the enormity of his crime, so he seemed to lack all

understanding of its terrible consepreparations for his execution were in progress he stood mute and sullen among the avengers. When everything

was ready he walked to the stake with a firm step, pausing as he reached the circle of broken boards, to kneel in prayer. He was allowed to take his wear. time. He arose and placed his back to

Kerosene oil was applied to the wood, and after a brief pause Richard W. Frost, the father of little Louise Frost, whose cruelly mutilated body was found one week ago on that very spot, applied a match. For a moment a little flickering flame arose. Then the oil blazed up, sparks flew into the air and the wood began to crackle. Almost instantly the negro's trousers shels, against 3,555,597 bushels last caught fire. Even though the flesh week, and 4,540,007 bushels in the cor-must have been scorched, he did not ut- responding week of 1899. Corn exter a sound. The flames crept slowly

flew up in a cloud of pale smoke. Porter turned his head and a frightful expression changed his face. With a sudden convulsive tugging

he stretched his head as far from the rapidly increasing flames as possible and utted a cry of pain. "Oh! my God! let me go, men! I've got something more to tell you. Please let me go. O my God, my God!"

In terrible screeches these words,

TRADE NEWS OF THE WEEK. **PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY** Reviews by Dun & Co. and Bradstreet's Show

a Pronounced Tendency Toward Firmer Quotations.

New York (Special) .- R. G. Dun & Co.'s "Weekly Review of Trade" says: "Prices of commodities advance almost without exception, and all the

changes in manufactured goods are in the direction of firmer quotations. The His Victim's Father, Cremated Upon a Pyre smallness of stocks of goods carried is a feature of our reports from most of the leading centers. Scarcity of labor gives manufacturers in the Mid-

dle States great concern.

'Activity at iron and steel mills steadily increases, and there is an equally uniform advance in quotations. The gain has been more general this week than at any previous time this season, pig iron moving up 25 cents a ton, and corresponding gains appearing in bars, billets, plates and structural materials generally. Instead of the recent agitation for cheaper steel rails, there is now talk of an advance to \$28, owing to the further rise in steel billets.

"The report of pig iron production on November 1 by the 'Iron Age' shows a weekly capacity of only 215,304 tons cries he gave from time to time. The the smallest since September, 1898, but executioners, who numbered about 300 the reduction of 29,000 tons from Ocitizens of Lincoln county, had not the tober 1 in furnace stocks is most enleast semblance of the ordinary mob. couraging. These figures, with the ac-Their every act was deliberate, and tivity in all branches of the industry, during all the preparations, as well as indicates that there will be no further throughout the sufferings of the negro, reduction in output, but the December hardly an unnecessary word was statement will probably show more

"A temporary flurry in the wheat tirely consumed and then quietly they market on Monday took the December constitution a declaration against took their way back to Limon, whence option above 80 cents. It was reported that Wall Street operators were turning their attention to grain.

"The much discussed advance in realize the awful punishment that he meats at Chicago was not heavy, but scarcity of first quality fresh eggs has brought very high prices. "Failures for the week were 217 in

the United States against 219 last year. quences. For more than an hour, while and thirty-three in Canada against twenty last year.' Bradstreet's says:

"The tonic effect of seasonably cold weather is again testified to by reports from practically all markets of a brisk demand for Winter clothing and foot-

"Among textiles, cotton is notable the iron stake and half a dozen men for 1-4c, advance on the week, due to wound chains about his body and killing frost having terminated further growth. Estimates of the crop aver-

age about 10,250,000 bales. "Cold weather has been the stimulus to the butter market and the advance in ten days has been fully 4 cents per pound. Among the articles declining might be mentioned flour, on slack demand, coffee and petroleum.

"Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 4,062,000 buports for the week aggregate 3,976,914 of Connecticut; S. H. Ellis, of Ohio, upward on his clothing; the sparks bushels, against 3,287,627 bushels last and Mrs. Katherine M. Stahl, of Illiweek, and 4,603,718 bushels in this week a year ago.

FIERCE BATTLE WITH BOXERS.

Six Thousand Slain by Imperial Troops in a

Desperate Fight Near Tsang-chow. Victoria, B. C. (By cable) .-- Mail ad-

vices received by the steamship Victoria concerning the rebellion in South China say that the Triads have broken United States, the total of which almander-in-chief of the imperial forces, is asking for 30,000 men to suppres them. The British have despatched infantry and artillery to guard the Kow Loon frontier. When the torpedo-boat destroyer Handy was landing men she encountered a force of rebels and threw shells among them as they advanced on Sanchuan, routing them and killing forty. A strong force of Kwansi rebels. marching to join the Kwansing rebels. met and defeated the imperial troops near Kuangning and captured thirty. A battle was fought at Tsang-Chow, on the Shantung-Chili border, on October 17, between imperial troops and minutes those stolid men were discon- the Boxers. General Yuan's troops The Virginia Conference of the M. E. certed; they feared that the only re- numbered 8000 and the Boxers 12,000. Two thousand men were left to guard Tsangchow, and General Mei, in charge of the imperial troops, gave battle outside. The battle lasted all day, and resulted in the defeat of the Boxers with great loss. Their leader, Chen, refused to retreat, and when the tion that only the legs were in the fire. fight was lost fought with 300 desperadoes in a ravine until all were killed. His head was taken and hung on the walls of the city. Six thousand rebels were killed.

Grangers National Organization Hold Annual Convention.

WORTHY MASTER JONES' ADDRESS.

He Says Farmers Are Paying Too Much for Articles They Need-Otherwise They Have No Cause for Complaint--He Wants Congress to Enact Laws to Regulate Corporations and Trusts.

Washington (Special) .- The 34th annual session of the National Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, was held here with a good attendance. The chief feature of interest was the annual address of Worthy Master Aaron Jones, of Indiana, who said that in most of the States the order had enjoyed great prosperity during the year. In a few States it had not succeeded so well. The members of the Grange, while affiliating with each of the political parties in the last campaign, had emerged from its battles without disturbing the fraternal spirit actuating the order. Never had the conditions been more favorable for the extension of the order than now.

While agricultural conditions are somewhat improved over what they were a few years ago, they are not what they should be, said Mr. Jones. The prices of what farmers had to buy, he said, are too high compared with what they had to sell, and such remedial action should be had as would cause an equitable adjustment of prices in all the leading staples. He urged opposition to the ship subsidy bill and spoke of the growth of the industrial combinations "until the entire country is justly alarmed." H urged an amendment to the Constitution, clear and express in its terms, empowering Congress with the right and authority to regulate corporations. The interstate commerce law, the Grand Master argued, should be amended so that all sections of the country could secure fair and equable freight rates. This being cured, the hardest blow that at this time could be struck to monopolies and trusts and the greatest encouragements to enterprise and thrift would be given.

The report of the secretary, Dr. John Trimble, of Washington, showed that 182 new granges had been chartered during the year, the order now numbering over a half million members.

Addresses were delivered by O. H. Kelley; by Jubel Robinson, who pledged the co-operation of the Canadian Grange in the work of the Order; by Assistant Secretary J. H. Brigham, of the Agricultural Department; Edward Wiggin and Mrs. Wiggin, of Maine; Mrs. George A. Bowen, nois, chaplain of the Grange of that

EIGHTEEN MORE CONGRESSMEN.

Probable Membership of the House Under the

Washington (Special) .-- Director of the Census Merriam called the attention of the President to the fact that the figures on the population of the

13 KILLED IN RAILROAD CRASH. International Express Plows Into a Field With

Awful Consequences.

Paris (By cable) -- While the Paris-Madrid express train was running at a high rate of speed, near Dax, Department of Landes, the engine was de-railed and the whole train ran down an embankment and 200 yards across country, when it turned over.

It is known that 13 persons who were killed and 20 injured have already been taken out of the wreck. It is believed that others are still buried in the wreckage.

Among the killed are Senor J. F. Canevaro, the Peruvian Minister France, and Senor Elsher, an attache of the Peruvian Legation at Madrid. The wife of Senor Canevaro had both legs broken. It is feared that other members of the Legation are among the victims.

Count Carnera, the Italian Envoy who was sent to formally notify the Spanish Court of King Humbert's death, is also reported to be among the killed, but this has not been confirmed. So far as known there are no Americans among the victims, unless John McEwen Ames, whose nationality is unknown, but who is a resident of Paris, belongs to the United States. He was only slightly injured and has arrived at Bordeaux.

The disaster was at first ascribed ing their real estate. to the excessive speed of the train, which is variously stated to have been from 60 to 75 miles an hour, but it is now attributed to the subsidence of the track.

PRESIDENT WILL RETAIN CABINET.

Asks Members to Serve Four More Years-Disposes of Gossip.

Washington (Special) .- At the meeting of the Cabinet Tuesday President McKinley, discussing the recent elections and their results, expressed the net would remain in his official family during the next four years.

He regarded the result of the elections as an indorsement not only of ment of the government.

Cabinet serve him during the coming was all right. Last Friday the officers "Cabinet" makers have been busy figuring on the future. It has been ru- found to be all right and that the rumored that almost everyone would be retired. Mr. McKinley's action, however, indicates that he has confidence in his advisers, and if any of them resign it will be because they are swayed by other reasons.

It is generally thought, however, that there will be a few changes. Mr. Hay's health is such as to probably induce him to retire, and reports are current that Mr. Long and Attorney General Griggs are eager for private life. a fast life. With the exception of these three, however, the Cabinet members seem content, and it is not probable that there will be any further changes

HENRY VILLARD DEAD.

A Power in the Railroad World Until Reverses Crippled His Fortune.

BANK LOSES \$201,000.

More Than Double the Amount of Capital Is Missing.

THE ASSISTANT CASHIER MISSING.

Cincinnati Woman, Angry Because He Did Not Take Her on a Trip to Yellowsione Park, Gives the Bank Directors Information Which Leads to an Investigation ---Trouble Feared.

Cincinnati (Special) .-- United States Bank Examiner Tucker took possession of the German National Bank at Newport, Ky., and posted a notice that the bank would remain closed pending an examination.

Examiner Tucker charges that Frank M. Brown, the individual bookkeeper and assistant cashier, is missing. He says that a partial investigation shows a shortage of about \$201,000. Brown had been with the bank 18 years and was one of the most trusted men ever connected with this old bank. It is stated by the experts that the shortage extended back as far as 10 years. The capital stock of the bank is only \$100,000. The alleged shortage is double that amount and more than the reserve and all the assets, includ-

The First National Bank of Newport was wrecked two years ago, and now, with the German National closed, Newport has only one bank left. For two weeks there have been rumors of a shortage at the German National and some depositors withdrew their accounts. Three weeks ago the bank examiners made a good statement for the bank and the officers and directors allayed suspicion by referring to the report of this examination and to their last statement.

Last Wednesday Brown left and it was announced that he had gone hunthope that every member of the Cabi- ing on a vacation. He did get a ticket for Odin, Ill., but it is learned now that he did not go there, and it is gen erally believed that he is out of this country. It is said that Brown was his own ideas and policies, but also of suspended last Tuesday pending an inthe Administration of every depart- vestigation and that experts have been at work all the past week, while the With the request on Mr. McKinley's officers and directors have been makpart that the present members of his ing announcements that everything four years, all talk of the probable and directors over their own names changes in that body ends. Would-be published in the papers of this city a statement that the bank had been mors about Brown were false.

Brown is a widower, with one son aged 10 years, who lives with Brown's father, Paris C. Brown, ex-Mayor of Newport and one of the leading business men of Cincinnati. Last summer Brown visited Yellowstone Park. A Cincinnati woman, who became offended with Brown, gave the bank officials a clue that brought about a crisis. is alleged that Brown had been leading

The officers of the German National Bank are wealthy and responsible men and they will be able to make the osses good. Among the directors is Paris C. Brown, father of the missing man, who is known from Pittsburg to New Orleans and every river wharf as the head of the stores for boat supplies The cashier of this bank is also the

State.

New Reapportionment.

Irwin K. Roby, of Waynesboro, Va., and Miss Cordelia M. Potter, of Staunton, Va., eloped to Winchester and were married.

Thirty-four of the Chicago Irish' Ambulance Corps, who fought for the Boers, arrived in New York and were welcomed there.

The four men accused of killing Miss Jennie Bosschieter were arraigned in This was not expected, and for a few Paterson, N J., and pleaded not guilty. Church South has selected Newport News as its next meeting-place.

Miss Carrie Wesler, of St. Thomas. Pa., mentally deranged by ill-health, committed suicide.

The United States lightship Boush Bluff was badly damaged by a fire in a shipyard in Norfolk.

Elizabeth, W. Va., of murdering his wife.

B. Eberle, a tailor, of Passaic, N. J., was held up by two female robbers.

Virginia College, Roanoke, Va., burned to the ground yesterday morning. The 150 young lady students saved practically nothing of their ef-No lives were lost. The loss is feets. about \$75,000, partly covered by insurance.

The committee of twelve appointed at the last General Conference of the Protestant Episcopal Church has drafted three canon relative to divorce, to be submitted to the next General Conference for adoption.

The National Civic Federation issued a call for a national conference to consider the best means of securing the settlement of labor disputes by conciliation and arbitration.

In his annual report Admiral Bradford, chief of the Naval Bureau of Equipment, recommends the establishment of wireless telegraphy on several naval ships.

According to Commissioner of Immigration Fitchie, immigrants have arrived in this country at the rate of 1000 per day from all countries since July last.

Miss Loonie, who is serving a sentence in Elmira, N. Y., retracted the confession she made implicating Mayor Frank H. Flood in her forgeries.

The 400 striking miners at the Maltby colliery of the Lehigh Valley Company returned to work.

Anthony Comstock, in behalf of the Society of Suppression of Vice, threatens a war on places of vice in New York.

A masked burglar attempted to rob the residence of Orrin W. Potter, a Chicago millionaire. He tried to chloroform Mrs. Potter, who awoke. She was knocked senseless. The man escaped.

A bill has been introduced into the Georgia Legislature to disfranchise the negro.

Woman's Christian Temperance Union will meet in Washington November 30.

at the chains, a succession of awful groans and screams, the negro's caped him, but he begged and pleaded to be shot.

Suddenly the rope holding his hands burned through. Then arms, head and shoulders slipped through the chains For an instant the body stood erect, the arms were raised in supplication while burning pieces of clothing dropped from them. The body then fell away from the fire, the head lower than the feet, still fastened to the rall. maining chain would give way.

If this had occurred the partly burn ed human being would have dashed among them in his blazing garments. And not many would have cared to

capture him again. But the chain held fast. The body was then in such posi-The cries of the wretch were redoubled, Samuel Sheppard was convicted in and he again begged to be shot. Some wanted to throw him over into the fire. others tried to dash oil upon him.

Boards were carried and a large pile made over the prostrate body. They soon were ignited, and the terrible heat showing that 93 American and British and lack of air quickly rendered the victim unconscious, bringing death a few moments later, This terrible are missing. ceremony, out upon the rolling prairie, concluded the second tragedy upon that spot, the terrible avenging of the

Ration Test Satisfactory.

first.

Washington (Special).-Captain Fos-ter, who has been in the Indian Territory testing the emergency ration for the United States Army, telegraphed Acting Commissary General Weston that he has just returned from making the test of the ration prepared by the board of army officers and has found it. highly satisfactory. There are two rations manufactured by supply concerns yet to be tested, and it probably will be some time before the result is known.

Senator Morgan Renominated.

Montgomery, Ala. (Special) .--- The joint caucus of Democrats of both houses of the Alabama Legislature, unanimously nominated John T. Mor- | but it is powerless to help them. Ungan for re-election as United States less provisions shall be sent by steam-Senator. No other name was present- er at once, she says, hundreds will ed. Senator Morgan was called before the meeting and made au eloquent speech in thanking the members for the honor conferred. The tenopposition members of the Legislature in separate caucus pledge their votes to Morgan.

Increase in Exports.

Washington (Special) .- The month-

ly statement of the exports of domestic products, issued by the Bureau of Statistics, shows that during October the exports were as follows, comparison being made with October, 1899: Breadstuffs, \$21,913,832, decr

decrease \$2,128,000; cattle and hogs, \$2,892,351, increase, \$652,000; provisions, \$13,934,-320, decrease, \$714,000; cotton, \$60,-391,107, increase \$32,-\$43,000; mineral oilsfi \$6,129,079, decrease, \$463,000.

oilsfi \$6,129,079, decrease, \$463,000. Total for the month, \$105,260,689, net increase, \$29,398,994.

Consul Goodnow, of Shanghai, has made a summary of Boxer outrages, missionaries were murdered and 170 other missionaries in Shansi and Chili

FIVE HUNDRED STARVING INDIANS.

Mrs. James Smith Brings Story of Destitution From Cook Inlet.

Wash. (Special) .--- Mrs. Tacoma, James Smith, just returned from Cook Inlet, Alaska, says that fully half of the thousand Indians in that section, comprising five tribes, are slowly dying of starvation. The influx of white prospectors has resulted in the killing ribly burned and suffering frightfully. off of much game, with the result that the Indians are deprived of flesh for food and furs for clothing. They dried salmon last summer, but not enough to last through the season, and winter finds 400 to 600 of them without enough food to last until December.

Mrs. Smith, who is a wealthy miner's wife, divided her stock of provisions with the destitute Indians, and now appeals for further aid. Most of these Indians belong to the Russian church, surely die. While living at Grays Harbor eight years ago, Mrs. Smith-then Mrs. Martha White-swam into the surf and rescued three shipwrecked sailors from drowning, for which Congress voted her a medal.

FIELD OF LABOR.

Peoria has 108 unions.

Cincinnati tailors won their strike. South Carolina has a State Federation of Labor. The German Printers' Union label is

given to eight-hour offices only. The florists in London gather in from customers about \$20,000 a day on

cut flowers. The high price of coal has so raised the price of paper that the printers and editors of Prussia, assembled in congress, have resolved to increase the

price of their newspapers.

ready has been announced, are in such shape that they will be at the disposal of Congress when it meets for any action it may desire to take in the direction of a reapportionment bill. The reapportionment following the count of the twelfth census will become operative by law in 1903. There probably will be a considerable increase both in the ratio and the total number of Representatives under the new apportionment.

Starting with a ratio of one to every 30,000 inhabitants there were sixty-five Representatives in the First Congress. This ratio under the tenth census reached 151,911, giving a House of Representatives with 325 members. The eleventh census, in 1890, gave a population of 62,622,250, or an increase of 12,500,000. With this the ratio was increased to 173,901 people to each Representative, and at this ratio the House numbered 356, an increase of twenty-one members. The ratio under the new census probably will reach 200,000. With an increase of 13,-225,464 shown by the present census, and letting majority fractions of the apportionment count for an additional number, as has been the custom, this would make an increase of eighteen

members in the next House. Reapportionment on this basis would leave but four States that would lose Representatives. They would lose one member each. Any ratio smaller than 200,000, which would save them their full representation, would, it is thought, make an unwieldly addition to the membership of the House.

Cripple Held on Hot Stove.

Wilkes-Barre (Special). - Three burglars held old and crippled John Kane on a red-hot stove in an effort to extort from him the hiding place of his money. They got nothing, because he is poor and finally left him, hor-Kane lives alone near Sugar Notch, six miles from here, in a small house, some distance from the nearest neigh-bor. It has long been said that he had money hidden away. He worked at picking coal from the culm banks and selling it. Years ago he lost a foot in the mines.

Bookkeeper's Alleged Shortage.

Nashville, Tenn. (Special) .- Deectives are searching for William S. Mark, bookkeeper in the grain and commission house of Neil & Shotner, of this city, who is charged with being short in his accounts to the extent of fourteen or fifteen thousand dollars. Mark's alleged shortage extends back two years. He is allaged to have manipulating bills of lading of grain, otc.

Planning Inaugural Ball.

Washington (Special).-The subject of having a special building for the in-auguration ball is being discussed in Washington

It is asserted that the Pension Building is inadequate for the purpose, that previous halls have been marred by

previous fails have been marred by the lack of floor space, and that a building designed especially for in-auguration balls would be a benefit to the city. The building could, of course, be used for other affairs between in-augurations, if it were made a permanent building.

New York (Special).-Henry Villard, paying teller, and Brown relieved him the financier, died at his summer as paying teller when the cashier went home, Thorwood Park, near Dobbs apoplexy, from which he had been a sufferer for several weeks, and an affection of the throat. A week ago he contracted a severe cold, which hastened the end. When death came there were gathered around the bed Mr. Villard's wife, his sons, Oswald G., Harold G., with his wife; Mrs. William Lloyd Garrison, of Boston; his sister-in-law, and Mr. Villard's only daughter, Mrs. James W. Bell, of Dresden, Germany. In addition to the fam-Mr. Villard leaves a sister, ily. Mrs Emma von Xylander, wife of Mr. Rovert von Xylander, of the Bavarian Army, Mr. Villard had resided in Ferry during the summer Dobbs months for the past eighteen years.

Inventor Patten Dead.

New York (Special) .- Frank Jarvis Patten, inventor of the multiplex telegraph system, which was purchased by the Western Union Telegraph Company, and of the gyroscope used on ocean vessels for giving the position of the vessel in midocean, died suddenly here.

The cause of death has not been learned. Patten was born in Bath, Maine, 48 years ago. He was a graduate of West Point Military Academy and served in the battle of Wounded Knee and in the battle of Forlorn Hope as a lieutenant. He is said to have been an intimate friend of ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio.

Jamaica Ginger Fatal,

Centerville, Md. (Special) .-- Two brothers, Charles and William E. Denny, who lived in a little shanty on Kent Island, near the Chester River ed two miles to call help for the rest steamboat wharf, and engaged in fish- of the injured. ing and oystering, were found dead, one in his shanty and the other in the freighthouse on the wharf. They were between forty and forty-three years of The cause of death is suppose to have been drinking Jamaica ginger in place of whisky.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

A serious Boxer movement is report ed south of Pao Ting Fu. There was a big demonstration o

Belgian socialists in Brussels. General Baden-Powell has contract-

ed enteric fever in South Africa. Eight persons were killed and 15 injured in a railway collision at Choisy

Leroi, France. Snakes have at last been found in Ireland, two ring snakes having been killed at Bray

In a battle between Chinese imperial ops and Boxers at Tsan Tsou 6000 Boxers were killed.

A fearful typhoon raged at Hong Kong, and caused much destruction among the shipping.

Lord Roberts reported a fierce battle of two days with the Boers in the vi-cinity of the Komati River.

French-Canadians and Britishers fought over the displaying of the French tricolor on a public building in New Westminster, B. C.

Dr. H. L. McAuley, of Chicago, has arrived in Paris from the Transvaal, and mays he will present a claim for \$100,000 damages against the Portu-guese government for imprisonment at ourenzo Marquez.

to his dinner. It is stated that Brown Ferry. The causes of death were did most of his work during the neon lunch of the cashier.

Bank Examiner Tucker took posses sion on Sunday because of the panic in Newport that followed at once the publication here of Brown's absence. The bank examiner posted a notice that the bank will not be opened pending investigation, but it is generally believed that this proceeding will not prevent a stampede, as the excitement in Newport is intense

There are about 1500 depositors. among them being the nine building associations, which have the savings of many poor people.

TWO TRAINS CRASH TOGETHER.

A Fatal Collision Near Oll City-Several Per; sons Killed and Others Injured.

Oil City, Pa. (Special) .-- A head-on collision between a freight train and a passenger train occurred two miles west of Polk. Both engines were demolished, all of the passenger coaches left the tracks, and 40 oil and coal cars of the freight were derailed. The killed were:

Thomas Sutton, baggageman of Ashtabula; John Kane, head brakeman of the freight train, Newcastle; Engineer Pitzer, of the freight, Newcastle: two male passengers and the newsboy, names unknown.

Conductor James Paden is hurt internally. Engineer Nathan Senter has both legs and left hip broken, and William Marvin, of Andover, O., has left arm broken and head and face cut. The latter was thrown off the train over a 11-foot embankment, but walk-

Prohibition in Maine.

Portland, Me. (Special) .- From nearly every section of Maine comes 5 ports of unusual activity on the part of the antiliquor element, and the opinion prevails that the general wave of temperance reform already apparent will sweep over the State. The awakening is attributed mainly to the election of a Prohibition sheriff in Cumberland county last September. Aithough the new sheriff will not enter upon his duties until the beginning of the coming year, evidence that a change is expected is apparent already. In this city it is now almost impossible

o purchase liquor of any kind. In Waterville, Augusta, Halloweli, Gardiner, Skowchagen, Rumford Falls, Waldoboro and many other places the city and town governments have instructed the police to exert every effort. to close the saloons.

Captain McCalla on Trial.

Manila (By cable) .--- Capt. Bowman H. McCalla, of the United States cruiser Newark, is undergoing trial by ourtmartial convened by Admirat

He is charged with "irrational and bad management and lack of disciline" on board the cruiser. The trial is the result of a letter written by Lieutenant Commander Colwell to Admiral Remey. The witnesses are be-ing examined on board the Newark, and the court's decision will be effi-cially sent to Washington.