

THE NEWS.

Volney V. Ashford, formerly a Hawaiian revolutionist, died in Oakland, Cal.

The differences between H. C. Frick and Andrew Carnegie have been settled. This announcement was made officially by the Carnegie Steel Company.

The Japanese Liner Hong-Kong Maru has arrived from the Orient via Honolulu. No mails nor passengers will be landed until the vessel has been passed by the quarantine inspectors.

Sheriff Suter, of Frankfort, swore in a posse of 125 special deputy sheriffs. About half of those sworn in are members of the new Bookham militia company recently organized.

Guns and ammunition were stored in buildings adjacent to the jail in Frankfort where the rebel suspects are confined. This action was taken on the strength of rumors that armed bodies of men from the mountain counties may come there to the preliminary trials.

Thirty-two students at Lawrenceville (N. J.) Academy were sent to their homes to prevent the spread of diphtheria prevalent there.

The Lick Observatory will send out an expedition to observe the total eclipse of the sun May 28.

The Kansas City Chief of Police offered to pay \$25 out of his salary for the body of each highwayman killed in that city.

Musical works of all nations will be admitted to the Paris Exposition.

The Chicago Board of Education dropped from the list of supplementary reading for the public school histories of England.

It was stated in the Canadian Parliament that the plague had reached Port Townsend, Wash.

Three were hurt in a falling elevator at 247 Centre street, New York.

Opposition to Virginia's new valuation law culminated in the refusal of Judge Hancock, of the Corporation Court of Norfolk, to allow a recently appointed commissioner to qualify, on the ground that the law is unconstitutional.

Special masters to take evidence have been appointed by Judge Waddill in the Seaboard Air Line consolidation case.

Judge Fields, of Perry county, Ky., said in Lexington that he saw "Tallow" Dick Combs in a barber shop in Beattyville, and he said he was not hiding.

H. W. Eanick and R. B. Horner were elected delegates to the National Republican Convention from the Eighth Virginia district.

One hundred and fifty machinists went on strike at Cleveland. They want eight hours' work with pay for ten hours.

It was rumored in New York that all the compressed-air companies in this country will shortly be consolidated.

The gold statue of the American girl, of which Miss Maudie Adams was the model, was cast in New York.

Frank W. Elliott, an editor, was shot in the side and arm at Troy, Kansas, by an unknown man.

Lieutenant Neaton Schroeder will succeed Captain Leary as naval governor of Guam.

Thirty people were injured in Chicago, some seriously, by the fall of an elevator.

It was reported that the Prince of Wales intended to challenge for the America's cup, but that he was interfered with by the South African war.

Two gentlemen have given the University of Chicago \$50,000 apiece under the Rockefeller offer to give \$2,000,000 provided it was duplicated from other sources.

A letter dated Cape Town, South Africa, has been received at Grand Rapids, Mich., from Gen. William L. Waite, the indicted quartermaster-general of the Michigan National Guard.

The Rumford medal of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences was awarded to Charles F. Brush, of Cleveland.

Several manufacturers appeared before the sub-committee of the Congressional Industrial Commission in Chicago, which met to investigate manufacturing conditions in the West.

A fire in Oils, O., destroyed the W. P. Orr Lined Oil Mill, owned by the American Lined Oil Company.

President James O'Connell and his assistants, representing the International Association of Machinists, have prepared two general circulars to be sent to the organization at large.

One of the giant spurs of the San Jacinto Mountain, in California, tumbled into a valley beneath it.

The Chicago packers are watching the struggle in the German Reichstag over the meat bill.

The Philadelphia Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church adopted a paper in support of the expansion policy of the present National Administration.

The Republican County Convention of Franklin county, Pa., nominated a county ticket to be voted for at the November election.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to wreck a Lake Shore train at Olmstead Falls, Ohio.

The Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf Railroad was sold at Joplin, Mo., for \$12,500,000 to the representative of the Philadelphia reorganization committee.

President Hadley, of Yale, addressing the students, said the smallpox scare was not warranted by the facts.

The United States Supreme Court sustained the constitutionality of the Texas anti-trust law.

William B. Prall, paymaster of the Staten Island Rapid Transit Railroad Company, died in New York.

The fast mail on the Pont System was wrecked near Ozark, Ala. A number of passengers were injured.

The granite-cutters of New England are preparing to make an uncompromising fight for eight hours and minimum wages of \$3 a day.

Mr. T. C. Campbell, the attorney for Goebel's brothers, said Republicans were not concerned in the conspiracy, but that the crime will be traced to anti-Goebel leaders.

The man who committed suicide in the Y. and M. Hotel, Chicago, has been identified as M. Goldfin, and the girl he killed was Jennie Lee, only fourteen years old, with whom he was infatuated.

Bishop Hurst, in his sermon at the opening of the session of the New Jersey M. E. Conference, said that President McKinley would, at the conclusion of his service, accept the position of professor of international law at the American University at Washington.

Union machinists in all parts of this country and Canada are to be ordered to strike as a result of the troubles between the manufacturers and machinists in Chicago.

James Hall, a married man, and Edith West, a married woman, who eloped from London, were arrested on the arrival of the steamer Oceanic at New York, and their deportation was ordered.

PLUMER RETREATS.

BOERS BEAT OFF THE NORTHERN EXPEDITION TO MAFEKING.

METHUEN CHECKED TOO.

But it is suspected that a third British Column is now close to the Sorely Besieged City—Lord Kitchener Suppressed the Dutch Rebellion in the Prieska District of Cape Colony.

London, Eng. (By Cable.)—Commandant Snyman, leader of the Boers who have been besieging Mafeking, has scored a success by driving off the British relief expedition under Colonel Plumer, which had been advancing from the north. With the one supposed to be moving from the south and which is believed to be more numerous and formidable in every way, he may not be able to deal so successfully.

Dispatches received in London state that Snyman took the aggressive. He moved northward from Mafeking and came up with the main body of Plumer's troops Saturday last week. After a sharp fight, the principal part of which was an artillery duel, Plumer withdrew under cover of night to Gaborone or Crocodile Pools, more than 50 miles north of Mafeking, just twice as far away as he was before. Snyman is believed to have returned with the main body of his troops to Mafeking to press the siege. News of the southern British column's arrival at the besieged town is expected daily in London.

There is doubt as to the direction which this southern column has taken. If it is the one commanded by Lord Methuen, it has been checked at Fourteen Streams, on the Vaal river, 60 miles north of Kimberley and over 100 miles south of Mafeking. British dispatches fully confirm this. There is a strong suspicion however, that a third column has made a detour and is now close to Mafeking.

General French, with his cavalry, is reported to be fighting east of Bloemfontein. The result is not known. French's opponents are supposed to be bodies of Boers retiring northward from the Orange river.

General Gatacre, whose troops, it was reported, had suffered severely in an encounter with the Boers, united his column with that of General Clements on Thursday at Donkerspoort, 10 miles north of Norval's Post and about 25 miles from Bethula, where the reported fight is said to have occurred. This is taken in London to confirm the belief that Gatacre has not met any serious loss.

Lord Kitchener has suppressed the Dutch rebellion in the Prieska district of Cape Colony and is returning to Bloemfontein.

A dispatch from Kroonstad, the Boer headquarters in the Orange Free State, says the commandoes are "mobilizing their men in great numbers and the men are more determined than ever."

A WOMAN MURDERED.

Carved With Knives and Then Set on Fire.

Raleigh, N. C. (Special.)—Intelligence has just reached here of a most horrible crime committed in the bordering county of Chesterfield, S. C.

Cassie Boon, a young woman, was enticed from her home by four men and carried to the woods nearby, where they assaulted her with knives and almost carved her flesh from her bones. After having satisfied themselves with this treatment the four brutes saturated her clothing with oil and set it on fire. Her screams brought assistance. The flames were extinguished, and she was carried to her home, where she lingered a few hours and died.

It is alleged that this young woman had married a man by the name of Steen, but still retained her maiden name. It is said that her husband instigated the deed and led the assault upon the woman. One of the other three is a brother of Steen, and the other two are sons of "Fiddler" Steve Jackson. Feeling in the county runs high.

DIES FOR HER BABY.

Mother Perishes in Desperate Effort to Rescue It.

Rushville, Ill. (Special.)—Mrs. Mark Sellers and her babe, 14 months old, were found dead in a well near this city.

The baby was drowned, and the mother, who was but 20 years old, had died from exposure. They were in the well eight hours before discovered.

The babe fell into the well and the mother went to the rescue. Once in the well she made a desperate struggle for life. The water was 18 inches deep, and with the babe in her arms the mother attempted to scale the side. Time and again she was near the top, when she fell back again. She removed her shoes and dress and tried again, only to fall, bruised and bleeding. When found her finger and toe nails were worn away and her hand cut to the bone.

Her husband was away from home and did not succeed in finding the bodies of his wife and child until late in the evening, when the neighbors turned out to search them.

DENIES USE OF DUM-DUMS.

Under Secretary Wyndham is Questioned in Parliament.

London, (By Cable.)—In the House of Commons John Gordon MacNeill, Irish Nationalist, member for South Donegal, again asked for information in regard to the relations of Magerfontein, Lord Methuen's battle with his officers and affairs in Kimberley.

The Parliamentary Secretary for the War Office, George Wyndham, parried all these questions. He said he knew nothing confirming the suggestion that General Methuen's plan of battle and that no investigations had been proposed into the alleged differences between Cecil Rhodes and Colonel Kekewich. Indeed, he declared, the War Office was not aware that Kekewich's authority has in any way been questioned. The only positive answer given by Mr. Wyndham to the interrogations was to the effect that neither dum-dums nor anything in the nature of expanding or explosive bullets had been used by the British troops in South Africa.

Choked to Death at Table.

Middletown, Md. (Special.)—Mrs. Elmira Rudy, wife of Mr. George E. Rudy, a well-known farmer residing a short distance north of town, choked to death at the breakfast table. Mrs. Rudy, who was somewhat portly, suffered a slight stroke of paralysis some years ago, since which time she has been in bad health. While eating she suddenly choked, possibly from another attack of paralysis, and died in a few moments, before relief could be offered. She was about 60 years old and leaves 10 children—four sons and six daughters—all of whom are at home and unmarried but one daughter.

SIX MURDERED.

Awful Crime of a Carolina Colored Man—By Butchered and Four Burned to Death.

Raleigh, N. C. (Special.)—Tom Jones, colored, common known as "Preacher" Jones, murdered E. A. Jones and her oldest daughter, Ida Jones, and then set fire to the beds in which were the bodies of the murdered victims and four others, all children, ranging in years from a baby 1 month old to the largest boy, who was not more than 5 years of age.

The scene of the crime is Garner's, five miles east of here. The weapon used was an axe, the murderer, according to the story of little 7-year-old Laura Jones, who escaped with her younger sister, striking the mother four times, and then making two heavy strokes into the body of the oldest child.

The house was completely destroyed by fire. Nothing remains of the bodies of the four youngest children but the bones distributed among the ashes. The body of E. A. Jones and that of Ida, the 13-year-old child, were burned beyond recognition.

The dead are: Ella Jones, the mother, aged 33; Ida Jones, 13 years of age; Jessie Jones, 5 years old; Nancy Jones, 3 years old; Clever Jones, 2 years old; and an unnamed baby, one month old.

The two girls who escaped with their lives are: Laura Jones, 7 years old, and Sid Jones, 4 years old.

When those who heard the story of the murder from the lips of the little aged negro went to Jones' house to arrest him they found that his clothes and hands were stained with blood.

Though there was talk among the colored people of a lynching, no attempt was made to do so, and Jones was brought to this city and placed in jail to await trial for his crime. The two children, having no relatives, were taken to the County Home to be cared for.

Jones was arrested on the evidence of the 7-year-old girl Laura, who escaped from the burning house after he had gone. She took with her, in her arms, her little sister Sid, who was sleeping with her.

They went to the house of a neighbor half a mile away and told what had happened. Those who went to the fire could see distinctly the bodies on the bed inside the burning building, but it was too late to rescue them. The charred remains of the two murdered women were taken out and buried. The four small children, except the baby clasped in its mother's arms, had been entirely consumed.

The child Laura is very bright for her age, and though she told the story of the murder many times she never varied from her first account. She said:

"Preacher Jones came to our house about 9 o'clock. I went to sleep. Then I woke up—mother woke me screaming. I saw 'Preacher' Jones strike her four times with an axe. Then he came to my bed and struck twice. The blood flew in my face. After that he struck a match and set both beds afire and went out. After he had gone I took Sid up in my arms and ran out. I carried her in my arms all the way to Mr. Winters' and told them what 'Preacher' Jones had done."

Tom Jones denied the murder, but he does not undertake to explain his whereabouts at the time. He admits that he was intimate with Ella Jones, who is not related to him, though she bears the same name. He says that they quarreled about her charging him with the paternity of her month-old child, and this, it is understood, was the cause of the crime.

CLEVELAND'S BIG STRIKE.

Fifteen Hundred Machinists Agree to Go Out.

Cleveland, O. (Special.)—After voting for over four hours in secret session, 1,500 machinists of Cleveland unanimously declared a strike. The strike will affect about 55 machine shops and manufacturing. The result of the decisive ballot was received with cheers.

President O'Connell said that now it looked as though Cleveland would be the scene of a strike to the extent of strikes inaugurated in the United States. "We are fighting here in Cleveland for an extra hour," he said. "That hour will be spent in reading and rest. The manufacturers, I claim, are afraid to let us have the extra hour, fearing that we will become cognizant of our conditions to such a degree that we will demand more and more."

In accordance with the decision reached at the meeting, which lasted practically throughout the night, the machinists laid down their tools. It is stated that about 1,500 men are out, including union and non-union men. Should the strike continue for a few days several thousand additional men in other trades, dependent upon the machinists, will become idle. The strikers declare they will remain out until their demand for a nine-hour day with 10 hours' pay is granted by the employers.

PISTOLS DRAWN IN CONVENTION.

Tennessee Factional Disturbance Almost Ends in Serious Trouble.

Nashville, Tenn. (Special.)—The Pension Commissioner Evans and Congressman Brownlow factions of the Republican party broke loose in Lincoln County, and for a time it appeared as if a riot was inevitable. Pistols were drawn, but after much disorder quiet was restored. Another effort to hold a convention will be made.

At Troy, in Obion County, there was another split, and both factions elected delegates. The convention in Wilson County went off without trouble, a Brownlow delegation being elected.

A BIG LAND SALE.

Three Hundred and Forty Thousand Acres for One Dollar Per Acre.

Charlestown, W. Va. (Special.)—The Gordon lands, embracing 340,000 acres and lying on the ridges between Cabin Creek Coal River and Paint Creek, in Kanawha, Fayette and Boone counties, have been sold to C. H. Voegle and Charles Astorson, trustees for a syndicate, of Mansfield, Ohio, for \$340,000. The lands were the property of Basil B. Gordon and daughters of H. Gordon, of Baltimore. They are underlaid with coal, and are covered with virgin forest, both of which resources will be developed.

COLLODIUM EXPLODED.

One Person Killed and a Number Injured in Philadelphia Fire.

Philadelphia, Pa. (Special.)—One person was killed, two seriously injured and about a dozen others were slightly hurt by a terrific explosion of collodium in the photographic supply establishment of Thomas H. McCollin & Co., at 123 South Eleventh street.

The dead man is Herman Wells, aged 19 years. The more seriously injured are: George W. Nichols, aged 28; August Hauser, aged 33; Daniel Reed, a fireman, aged 32, and John A. Granton, aged 33.

MAY HAVE TURNED.

GOLDEN SAID TO HAVE NAMED GOEBEL'S ASSASSIN.

BEING CLOSELY WATCHED.

Kentucky Deeply Stirred by the Report of His Confession—Golden Was Formerly a Guard at the Penitentiary—Belief All Along That He Knew Something of the Murder.

Lexington, Ky. (Special.)—A telegraph message from Winchester, fifteen miles from this city, says that F. W. Golden, alleged to have made an incriminating statement in reference to the Goebel murder, is in Winchester. Late in the forenoon he went south on the Kentucky Central Railway, and then returned at 2:45 and went to the hotel, where he is now. He refused to see anyone. The Goebel men are keeping strict watch on his movements. He is not registered at the hotel. It is reported that he is in conference with the Goebel men at Winchester. An unconfirmed rumor there is that he has given the name of the man who shot Goebel.

Frankfort, Ky. (Special.)—The news of the alleged confession of F. Wharton Golden, of Barbourville, in regard to the assassination of William Goebel, produced a sensation here. Golden was formerly a guard at the penitentiary here under the Republican administration, and is well known. It developed that the police and detectives have been watching his movements since the day of the assassination, on the theory that he knew something about it. Commonwealth's Attorney Franklin and County Attorney Polsgrove declined to discuss the alleged confession, as did others who are assisting in the prosecution, though one went so far as to say Mr. Golden will be one of the most important witnesses introduced by the state. Some regret that this matter became public so soon, as they fear it will make it dangerous for him to return to his home, at Barbourville, and that it may also seriously impede the prosecution in work which is being done in regard to the developments soon. Caleb Powers, the Republican secretary of state, who is in jail, charged with being an accessory to the assassination, and who is alleged to be implicated by Golden, refused to discuss the confession story in any form.

Barbourville, Ky. (Special.)—The report that F. W. Golden had turned state's evidence in the Goebel murder case was a great surprise here. Green Golden, cousin of Wharton, says it was utterly false that he was sent by Powers to keep Wharton from going to Frankfort. F. W. Golden was a close friend of Caleb Powers, doing a great deal of work for him during the recent campaign. It is said that he left here on a telegram from the attorneys for the prosecution to come to Lexington. When the news reached here that he had made a confession, friends of the accused parties became very uneasy, and prominent Republicans said that if it should be true, "the trees would bear fruit that they never bore before."

It is also learned that ex-representative Berry Howard and F. M. Cecil, of Middleboro, were here in consultation with Golden. Cecil was sergeant-at-arms at the session of the legislature at London. Soldiers are still on duty guarding the arms of Company D, K. S. G.

A guard is kept on duty day and night. Captain Hawn will not recognize Taylor, and so the arms have been placed under the control of Lieutenant Gibson.

ASSASSIN KNOWN.

Goebel's Family Do Not Charge the Republicans with His Murder.

Cincinnati, O. (Special.)—Mr. T. C. Campbell, who has been employed by the brothers of the late William Goebel to assist in the prosecution of the assassin of Mr. Goebel, was here, fresh from a conference with his associates held at Lexington. In conversation Mr. Campbell was unwilling to disclose the state of their case, but he said that, so far as now known, the assassin was not yet arrested. He said that a force of 3,000 armed men could be had to go to a certain county in Eastern Kentucky.

He said further that the attorneys for the commonwealth claim to have proof to establish a conspiracy for the assassination, but he made the assertion that this conspiracy was not charged against the Republican leaders, but against what is known as the "Anti-Goebel party." He further said that it is included in a list of witnesses for the late election, and men who thought they became officials after the late election.

THE GOEBEL ASSASSINATION.

Arraignment of Three Men Accused of Being Accessories.

Frankfort, Ky. (Special.)—Caleb Powers, John Davis and William H. Culton, charged with being accessories to the murder of William Goebel, were arraigned for trial before Judge Moore. Ex-Gov. John Young Brown made a demand for a list of witnesses for the commonwealth, but this was refused by the prosecution, on the ground that publicity might cause some of them to avoid being summoned.

Commonwealth Attorney Franklin and County Attorney Polsgrove refused to either affirm or deny the story that Sergeant Golden had made an alleged confession of knowledge concerning the Goebel assassination.

HYDROPHOBIA CAUSES PANIC.

Two Deaths in the Pee Dee Section of South Carolina.

Columbia, S. C. (Special.)—Mad dogs have caused a panic in several localities of the Pee Dee section. Samuel Nelson, of Statesburg, bitten some weeks ago, died of hydrophobia, after suffering the worst form of the malady, and another man, name unknown, is reported to have died in Sumter County.

In a few hours, in Sumter, \$100 was raised by public subscription to send Samuel E. Shaw and his three children to the Pasteur Institute. In attempting to kill a mad dog which had attacked his children, Shaw himself was badly bitten. In the adjoining county of Darlington five children were recently bitten by a rabid dog. All were sent to the Pasteur Institute for treatment.

OUR NEW POSSESSIONS.

Three shipsloads of arms and ammunition were recently landed on the east coast of Luzon, and the head of a contracting firm to the Chinese government was detained in Manila on suspicion of being a filibuster.

Spanish residents are reported to be assisting the insurgents in the province of Morong, and the insurgents are also reorganizing in other provinces.

General Kobbé has opened twenty ports in the southern part of the Island of Luzon and in the Island of Samar Levte.

DYING BY REGIMENTS.

Otis' Campaign is Costing Upward of 1,000 Men Monthly—Awful Havoc of Disease.

Washington, (Special.)—It is a very startling statement which has just been made that disease alone has since last October carried off the American forces in the Philippines at the rate of a regiment a month.

It is possible this may be a somewhat exaggerated estimate, but it does not appear to be so from the frightfully long lists which General Otis almost daily cables over to this side.

This indicates a loss of 10,000 a year, exclusive of those slain in the constantly occurring skirmishes and small battles which go on without result. There is a glamour and a glory about the rush and roar of armed conflict which reconcile men to all the incongruities of wounds and death. But nothing can be more awful, more dispiriting than to lie in hopeless impotency as the disease-hand of Death comes closer and closer.

There is no glory in that, no quickening of the blood, no spur to ambition, no holding up of fame. It is a fate which may not pass away, but it surely passes unremembered and unwept.

How long before the brave men who were attracted by the call to fight for the flag will lose all the energy and fire in them? It was not for this they sailed thousands of miles across the trackless sea and put one-third of the circumference of the world between themselves and home. Soon their depleted ranks will have to be filled up.

A most pathetic comment upon the destructive ravages of plague and pestilence in the Philippines mowing down our men with ruthless excess is evidenced in the heavy details of surgeons and hospital attendants now shipping from the United States to Manila. We have already an immense force of medical men and assistants in the islands. But the wet season is coming and the authorities here know this means an increased harvest for the reaper. Twenty-four surgeons, with an extensive staff of assistants and men and women nurses, just sailed from San Francisco. Many more are to follow rapidly.

WOMAN KILLS HER RIVAL.

Miss Smith Shoots Miss Strother in a Chicago Restaurant.

Chicago, (Special.)—Miss Annie Strother, night cashier in a restaurant at 120 Twenty-second street, was shot and almost instantly killed here by Mrs. Charles Smith, wife of a saloonkeeper.

After emptying her revolver at the cashier Mrs. Smith thrust the weapon into her pocket and walked out of the place, making her escape. Jealousy was the motive for the shooting. Mrs. Smith two hours after the tragedy gave herself up and confessed the crime.

Miss Strother was behind the cashier's desk, near the front of the restaurant, when her assailant, who was well dressed and closely veiled, entered. There were several persons in the room. Mrs. Smith walked quickly to the cashier's desk and spoke to Miss Strother, who pushed back her chair with a cry of alarm. Instantly Mrs. Smith drew a revolver and commenced to shoot.

Five shots rang out in quick succession. The first struck the cashier in the breast. Miss Strother turned and fled toward the kitchen. Mrs. Smith followed and fired four more shots, one of which hit Miss Strother in the back. Miss Strother fell dead inside the kitchen.

Robbers Get 400,000 Francs. Money Was Being Sent by Railroad Company to Paris Bank.

Paris, (By Cable.)—An audacious robbery of 400,000 francs (about \$80,000) from the Northern Railroad Company has been committed.

The company, which three times weekly deposits large sums with the Bank of France, sent a sum, of which 400,000 francs was in small bills. This was put in a satchel and the money conveyed from the railroad station to the bank in a cart in charge of two clerks.

Before they started one of the clerks put the satchel beside the coachman. Two men then approached and engaged the attention of the clerks and coachman, while a third man picked up the satchel and bolted with it.

The loss was not noticed until it was too late to apprehend the robbers.

WIFE'S DOUBLE CRIME.

Killed Her Husband and Then Shot Herself.

Sandusky, O. (Special.)—Mrs. Leonard Wagner killed her husband and then shot herself. The double tragedy occurred at the Wagner home, about three miles from here and nothing was known of it until next evening, when neighbors entered the house and found the dead bodies. Mrs. Wagner had evidently arisen from bed and shot her husband, who was lying in bed. Then she shot herself, falling upon the floor of the room. The cause of the crime is believed to have been jealousy, as the couple had frequently quarreled on that account.

BOERS HAVE ENOUGH.

Returning to Their Farms—Mr. Steyn's Efforts to Rally Them Are Unavailing.

London, (By Cable.)—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Donkerspoort, says: "A reconnoissance toward Philippolis, 25 miles west of Springfontein, found the farms all flying white flags. The British troops were cordially received."

"It is reported that Mr. Steyn is trying to rally the Boers, but the latter say they have had enough."

FIELD OF LABOR.

London has 6,102 physicians.

At Berlin 10,000 carpenters struck. There are 1,100 explosive compounds. At Cape Nome an egg costs 25 cents. Siberia homes possess incandescent lights. One-third of Russia in Europe is forest. Copenhagen has a servant girl's union. Etwood, Ind., is to have a labor temple. Wheeling printers struck for 33 1/2 cent per hour.

Some New York press feeders struck for \$14 a week. Houston, Tex., plumbers struck for \$4 for eight hours. Tampa cigar manufacturers will establish a box factory. After April 16 Richmond (N. Y.) painters will receive \$2.30 for eight hours.

A single journal in Paris causes the destruction of 120,000 trees a year as material for paper.

To move an immense building containing the executive offices of the United States government in Cleveland, Ohio, and weighing over 60,000,000 pounds, without so much as cracking the plaster is the gigantic task that confronts the Cleveland government authorities.

KEYSTONE STATE.

LATEST NEWS GLEANED FROM VARIOUS PARTS.

BARRETT KILLED KNOBL.

Colored Man Arrested at Harrisburg Makes Confession to Officials—The Encounter on the Bridge—When Pursued by the Men He Drew a Revolver and Fired a Shot.

Harvey Barrett, the colored man, who was taken in custody at Harrisburg, suspected of the murder of Frank J. Knobl, who was shot down on Paxton Railroad bridge, has confessed that he killed Knobl. Barrett was visited in the jail by District Attorney Miller, Mayor Fritchey and Chief of Police Kautz, who called on him, it is said, by invitation, with the knowledge that he had something important