

# FIGUEROA GIVES UP.

## Is Forced to Resign the Presidency of Santo Domingo.

### NO MORE FIGHTING.

Gen. Jimenez, the Revolutionary Leader Will Likely Be His Successor—Complete Victory of the Revolutionary Forces—Santiago Taken After a Hot Fight—The Revolution Bloodless.

Santo Domingo, (By Cable.)—President Figueroa has resigned, and the success of the revolutionists is complete.

The ministers will continue at the head of their various departments until a provisional government has been formed, after which the elections for president and vice president will take place. This city is quiet, but business is at a standstill.

The Dominican gunboat Restauracion is ashore on the rocks at the entrance to the harbor of Macoris. Efforts are being made to get her off.

The United States cruiser New Orleans and the French cruiser Ceclile are still in port.

Santiago, Moca, Lavega, Porto Plata, San Francisco de Macoris and Baní have declared in favor of the revolution. Santiago was taken after a strong fight.

It is expected that all the other places will submit to the revolution without any more fighting, principally owing to the fact that the president has resigned. The political prisoners have all been released.

Santiago de Cuba, (By Cable.)—General Juan Isidro Jimenez, the revolutionary aspirant to the presidency of Santo Domingo, left Santiago de Cuba on a specially chartered steamer, the George Croise, General Wood, the military governor, having received instructions from Governor General Brooke to release him from custody unless there are indications that he is promoting a filibustering expedition.

General Jimenez received numerous despatches from Santo Domingo announcing the downfall of the old government, and urging his speedy arrival. He says the revolution has been practically bloodless, as the people are almost unanimous against the old regime. General Jimenez has issued a long proclamation, announcing the reforms he will institute if he is chosen president. The existing laws of Santo Domingo are, he asserts, adequate, if properly enforced. All that is needed is honest execution, and he has no doubt of his own immediate success.

### DROWNED IN A BAIN BARREL.

A Woman Meets Death in a Peculiar Manner at Hanover, Md.

Hanover, Md., (Special.)—Mrs. Lottie C. Norwood, wife of Edward Norwood, a painter, living about a half mile from this place, met death in a peculiar manner some time on Tuesday afternoon. She was found by a child in a rain barrel with her head and shoulders submerged. The body was not found until Wednesday afternoon. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict of accidental death.

How Mrs. Norwood met her death is unknown. It is supposed that she went to the barrel to draw a bucket of water, and in some way fell into the barrel, and, being unable to raise herself, was drowned. Her husband, who was in Baltimore, did not return until near midnight.

On the next morning Mr. Norwood again went to Baltimore.

After he had gone, a child found Mrs. Norwood's body in the position stated. Policeman Michael Norris and Squire F. A. Holland, of the First district of Howard county, were notified.

Mrs. Norwood's body was still in the barrel when the jury viewed it. It was in a position as if she had been stooping. The barrel was near the door of the house. Norwood did not arrive home until midnight Wednesday, and he was immediately placed under arrest and locked up at Elkridge.

At the inquest Dr. Harrison Tongue, who had examined the body, testified that there were no signs of violence on the woman's body. After the jury had rendered its verdict Norwood was released from custody. Mrs. Norwood was forty-five years old.

### BOBBED EDITOR HALSTEAD.

He Told the Club He Was Lecturing Before They Were Traitors.

Cincinnati, O., (Special.)—Editor Murat Halstead lectured by invitation before the Economic Club. The audience was miscellaneous, in addition to the members of the club, which is largely anti-imperialistic. Mr. Halstead's subject was the "Philippines." After the lecture, according to the rules of the club, Mr. Halstead was pitted with questions. One of the questioners, with decided sympathy for Actinoid, after his question had been answered, added the remark: "I hope Otis will be kept in and will keep on blundering till he and the whole army are driven into the sea or captured. Mr. Halstead said: "A man with those sentiments is a traitor to his country." Several men jumped up and remarked: "Two-thirds of this audience thinks that way." Mr. Halstead replied: "Whoever thinks that way is a traitor."

Then there was a rush down the hall, with raised fists toward Mr. Halstead, but a great number of men stepped in between Mr. Halstead and those who were rushing at him. There was a great noise and uproar, which disclosed the fact that the audience was composed of men on both sides of that question. Mr. Halstead was quietly led out of the building by a side door and taken home. No blows were struck, but chairs and seats were upset, and there were loud threats and great uproar.

### FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

George Saunders and Allee Jones, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., arrested in London on charges of forgery, were released, no evidence being produced to hold them. They were rearrested.

President Loubet, in an address at Rambouillet, said he was convinced that the troubles of France was nearing an end.

Many Cuban military officers have offered their services to General Jimenez in an expedition to Santo Domingo.

Emperor William refused to accept the resignation of the ministry, but a partial reorganization will be effected.

Floods have caused great distress in Chile. A passenger train fell into a river, and many lives were lost.

The Sultan of Morocco narrowly escaped being struck by lightning, two of the court ushers being killed.

# THE NEWS.

## Friends of Admiral Schley, in New York, are commenting on further evidence of spite work by Secretary Long, of the navy that he appointed Captain Robley D. Evans as a representative of the navy at Dewey celebration, instead of the popular admiral.

At the session of the American Bar Association at Buffalo, Senator Lindsay, of Kentucky, made an address, in which he defended from a legal standpoint, the American policy in dealing with the Philippines. Justice Kennedy, of England, made an address.

Blotting broke out again in Cleveland in connection with the street railway strike. Four cars were demolished, and the crews forced to flee for their lives.

Work began at Newport News on two steamships for Pacific Mail Line. They will be the largest ever built in America.

An aged eccentric German at Shelbyville, Ind., blew up his house with dynamite, and then committed suicide.

The American Construction Company has been chartered at Alexandria, Va., with a capital stock of \$200,000.

An effort will be made to induce Admiral Dewey to attend the Virginia State Exposition in October.

The number of victims of the Coliseum disaster in Chicago is now placed at ten.

The scheme for a combine of window glass factories has been abandoned.

The Ohio Democratic State Convention at Zanesville, nominated John R. McLean for governor, and Judge Patrick for lieutenant governor.

"Abie" Conkley, who is said to have been a partner of "Jimmy" Hope, the burglar, was stabbed in New York. A hotel porter was arrested on the charge of inflicting the wound.

Colonel W. A. Neale, former superintendent of the state penitentiary in Columbia, S. C., was arrested on the charge of embezzlement.

The grievance committee of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad engineers received an agreement with the company.

President and Mrs. McKinley reached their old home in Canton, Ohio, and were given an enthusiastic welcome.

The permanent organization of the Distilling Company of America, was effected in New York.

The restored cruiser Reina Mercedes may take part in the Dewey celebration in New York.

Six persons were killed in a fire in Yuma, Arizona, which caused a loss of \$150,000.

N. E. Crissey, an aeronaut, was killed by a fall from his balloon at Dobols, Pa.

The Pittsburg Hill Coal Mine combine, with a monopoly of the outlets to the coal markets of the East, West and Northwest and capital stock of \$64,000,000, has been formed.

Daniel W. Biddle, formerly treasurer of the Cumberland Valley Railroad, was found dying from alcoholism in a stable in Winchester, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. George Boyer were tied to their bedposts at their home in Kearneyville, W. Va., by burglars, who ransacked the house.

Dr. Edward Bedloe, United States consul at Canton, China, while in Chicago denied that he had been suspended.

Sergeant Alex Scott Ewing, who had a remarkable career during the Civil War, died at Oxford, Pa.

Tom Kee, a Chinese laundryman of Shippenburg, Pa., allowed his pigtail to be cut off for a dollar.

John Kuekie, of Plainfield, N. J., shot at his wife in New York and then fatally shot himself.

Frank Ives, the great billiard player, died from consumption in Progresso, Mexico.

The Atlantic and Danville Railroad has been leased to the Southern.

The Alleghany Hotel, at Goshen, Va., was sold for \$18,000.

An attempt to wreck a train at Nyack, N. Y., was foiled.

A movement has been started in Cleveland, O., to secure the discharge of two hundred volunteers now in the Fourteenth Regular Infantry at Manila.

Robert Strubling and William Mills, white, were committed in Warrenton, Va., on the charge of committing a criminal assault on Winnie Tate, colored.

Mrs. Franklyn Hart sued Mrs. Anna Knapp in Danbury, Ct., for \$10,000 damages for alienating her husband's affections.

A movement was inaugurated for a law library at the University of Virginia in memory of the late Professor Minor.

Demetri Friedlander, treasurer of the United Russian churches in Chicago, is missing, with a large amount of money.

A collision of freight trains on the Central Railroad of New Jersey wrecked forty-seven cars. No lives lost.

A meeting of marine hospital surgeons was held at Newport News, Va., to discuss the yellow fever situation.

John T. Favin, president of the Wisconsin State Teachers' Association, committed suicide at Watertown, Wis.

Miss Helen Williams, of New York, was reported to have been cured of aphasia by being fed on poisons.

Thirty-two governments have accepted invitations to send envoys to the International Commercial Congress at Philadelphia.

The schooner Oscar G. Smith, disabled, at Newport News, her captain having been washed overboard during the hurricane.

The California regiment returning from Manila, landed at San Francisco, and received a rousing welcome.

Ada Cogne, the woman highwayman, and her two accomplices, were held for trial in Norfolk, Va.

W. J. Scadding, who shot down Miss Nellie McKinstry, near Fairview, N. M., was killed by cowboys.

Walter A. Dunn, lawyer, was arrested in Richmond, on a charge of embezzlement, which he denies.

Cyrus A. Brown and Matthew Craig were hanged in Muskegon, I. T.

The report of the Inter-State Commerce Commission shows that railroads are equipping their cars and locomotives with safety appliances.

Naval Constructor Hobson has made a report showing progress in reconstructing the raised Spanish ships in Manila Bay.

Recruiting offices are to be opened in the South for enlisting men for the Philippines.

John Winterfield, a farmer, was killed by falling rock from a blast near Cedar Mills, Grant county, W. Va., a quarter of a mile from the field on which he was working.

The Tenth Pennsylvania was given a splendid reception on its return to Pittsburg from the campaign in the Philippines. Speeches were made by President McKinley, Governor Stone and Congressman Dalzell.

Nine workmen were killed, and fourteen injured by the fall of twelve steel arches of the superstructure of the new Coliseum building in Chicago.

# BY FALLING ARCHES.

## Sudden Collapse of the Chicago Coliseum.

### NINE KILLED OUTRIGHT.

Disaster Rushed Like an Alpine Avalanche—Two Missing and at Least Six Fatally Injured—Twelve Great Steel Arches, Weighing Thirty-Three Tons Each, Fell One After the Other.

Chicago, Ill., (Special.)—Twelve steel arches, each weighing 33 tons, which were to have supported the superstructure of the Coliseum Building, in course of erection on Wabash avenue, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, fell to the ground late Monday afternoon. It is known that nine lives were crushed out.

The bodies of three men are supposed to be under the wreckage. Seven are in the hospital with injuries received in the same manner as a number of cards would fall. Most of these two will surely die, one may possibly recover and the rest are, for the greater part, seriously injured.

All of the 12 arches were standing, the 12th and last having just been completed. It was the intention of the steel contractors, the Pittsburg Bridge Company, of Pittsburg, Pa., to turn over its work to the general contractors.

The immense "traveler," or derrick, which had been used in the erection of the arches had been removed, and the agents of the bridge company were accounting their work as practically completed, when suddenly, and without the slightest warning, the arches fell to the ground.

The weight was too much for this. It gave way, crashed against the third, and then one by one the great steel spans fell over to the south, precisely in the same manner as a number of cards would fall.

Nearly all the men who were killed were at work on top of the arches 40 feet above the ground. Some of them made futile attempts to slide down the side of the arches, but before they could save themselves they were hurled to the ground. Many of them uttered piercing shrieks for aid as they fell. Most of them were killed outright by the awful nature of their injuries. The skulls of the unfortunate men were crushed into shapeless masses; their limbs were cut off as if by a money knife, and they were mangled beyond recognition.

SPANISH-AMERICAN ISLANDS.

General Otis has applied the Chinese exclusion laws to the Philippines, without the knowledge of the Washington authorities.

Colonel Funston has been compelled to go to a hospital on account of the opening of an old wound.

Because of thieving and attempted swindling, Governor General Brooke will not distribute the balance of the \$3,000,000 in supplementary payments to the Cubans.

Advices from Manila via San Francisco show that the Philippines are receiving supplies and arms and are prepared to keep up the war.

General Otis called that the cableship Hooker will be a total loss, with her supplies.

General Bates effected an agreement with the Sultan of the Sulu Islands.

Two of the municipal governments on the island of Luzon have collapsed, owing to treachery of the mayors showing that the natives in their present condition are not to be trusted.

The gum tree is to be introduced into Cuba to make malarial regions more healthful.

British advices from Manila state that anxiety prevails in the Philippines, and that the Philippines have murdered the crew of the steamer Saturnus, a coaster under the American flag.

Admiral Watson, in command of the American fleet at Manila, is seriously ill of heart trouble, probably the effect of an accident to his ankle while he was on board on July 11.

W. F. Sylvester, of London, one of the owners of the ship Abbey, seized by Admiral Dewey, filed a protest with the Navy Department.

Mutinous firemen and coal passers on the transport Warren were tried at Manila and sent to the penitentiary.

Twenty-five hundred victims of the hurricane were buried in Porto Rico, and two thousand are still missing.

Nine soldiers were drowned from a raft while crossing the Mariquina River, near Manila.

The Cuban census is to be begun October 16 and finished by November 20.

CUBA HAS A SURPLUS.

Receipts in Past Six Months \$6,982,010, Expenditures \$5,501,988.

Washington, D. C., (Special.)—A statement of the financial condition of Cuba shows that under the management of the United States authorities the receipts of the island from January 1, 1895, to June 30 exceed the expenditures by \$1,480,022. The receipts from all sources were 6,982,010; disbursements, \$5,501,988.

Of the money disbursed, \$1,712,014 was expended for sanitation, \$5,263 in the erection and improvement of Barracks and quarters, \$443,563 in the establishment of the rural guard and administration, \$250,674 on public works, harbors and forts, \$295,861 on charities and hospitals, \$242,146 for civil government, \$728,281 on municipalities, \$88,944 in aid of the destitute and \$42,205 on quarantine matters.

### FIELD OF LABOR.

Lima has no chimneys.

France has 1,150 ships.

One cotton mill in Kansas.

"Frisco has a milkers' union.

A smokeless coal is promised.

Germany has 25,000 physicians.

England has 17,000 iron miners.

"Frisco sailors earn \$20 a month.

There are cast steel billiard balls.

Adrian, Mich., car fare is 3 cents.

Michigan is first in iron production.

There are two tanneries in Japan.

Pittsburg painters get \$2.75 a day.

English colliers employ 385,000 men.

Kansas City is to have a labor temple.

Albany ice dealers will fight the trust.

In Thuringia horses thrive on potato bread.

North Carolina has seven woolen mills.

Prussia will establish free sewing schools.

French coal mines employ 81,000 persons.

California printers held a State convention.

# ORPHANAGE BURNED.

## Four Lives Lost and \$150,000 of Property Destroyed.

### THE SISTERS ESCAPED.

Heroic Girl Lost Her Life Trying to Rescue a Baby—Destruction of St. Agnes' Institution at Sparkill, Near Piermont—Several Children Injured and the Physicians Fear Further Deaths.

Sparkill, N. Y., (Special.)—Fire that broke out at 1 o'clock Tuesday morning destroyed nine of the 10 buildings of St. Agnes' Convent and Orphanage, entailing a loss of \$150,000, and caused the death of four persons.

Twenty-five inmates were injured by falls, jumps and burns; none seriously.

That more lives were not lost was due to the heroism of the Sisters and some of the older inmates. When the fire broke out the 400 inmates of the institution were asleep.

Most of them were gotten out in almost perfect order, but a score who risked their lives to save others were finally forced to either jump from the upper stories or make desperate dashes through stairways and corridors filled with flames and smoke.

The fire was discovered in the lavatory and soon spread to the adjoining buildings, attacking first a dormitory in which 200 of the older boys slept.

Sister Reginald, who had trained the lads in the fire drill, rushed down the line of white beds, arousing the sleepers, clapped her hands, the simple fire signal followed out with a rush and gained the lawn in their night clothes. By that time the second dormitory, where the smaller boys slept, was ablaze.

The older lads made a dash for the building and were soon carrying the smaller ones out. The buildings were all finished with Georgia pine and the wood burned furiously. The convent and chapel made a great stack of flame, and between them and the second dormitory the fire's dormitory blazed and crackled as the fire leaped up its wooden walls.

A dozen Sisters were cut off in the upper stories of the convent building. They were forced to the windows, and while some climbed out to the sills, others knelt at the casements in prayer. Engineer Otto placed a long ladder against the outer wall and rescued half a dozen. Six were forced to jump for their lives, and fortunately all but Sister Bertrand escaped without serious injury.

The escape of Sister Agnes seemed almost a miracle. She was cut off on the fourth floor and elected to jump from her window rather than plunge into the furnace that had once been a stairway. She climbed out on the sill, and then, seizing the shutter, swung out clear of the building. Then she leaped her hold. She struck the ground squarely upon her feet and then fell over on her side. Before any one could reach her she got up and walked quickly away unhurt.

The fire reached the girls' dormitory last, but once it took hold of the building it burned fiercely. Most of the girls were on the upper floors, and it was with the greatest difficulty that they were gotten out.

Shortly after the last of the rescuers left the second dormitory there was a counting of heads and the discovery was made that two baby boys were missing. John Cody, a 15-year-old boy, made straight for the door, paying no heed to the warnings of danger. A minute later Cody came dashing out of the building carrying under each arm one of the missing boys.

Firemen came from Piermont and Nyack, but the best they could do was to save the hospital, a large two-story building.

The Sisters and children were conveyed by teams to the Brevett Convent, where they were held. The convent actually perished in the fire itself. That was Jane, an old pensioner, aged 70 years, who was asleep in the servants' quarters.

Helen Brown and Emma Mackin died from convulsions that resulted from fright. Kate McCarthy was a servant in the convent and had organic heart trouble. She was badly frightened, collapsed in the grounds and died later in the day. It is believed Theresa Murphy and Mary Brown, both escaped from the fire, but that the former became demented and is leading the other girls through the woods.

There were 3-6 children in the orphanage, 60 of whom were girls, and their ages ranged from 2 to 16 years. Most of them were from New York city and they were in most instances committed by the Gerry Society and city courts. The orphanage was conducted by the Sisters of the Dominican Order.

### MURDER AT PARKERSBURG.

Tragedy Results From a Quarrel Over Apples.

Parkersburg, W. Va., (Special.)—A man named Bradford, employed at Kooten's small, near here, struck a brother employer, named W. F. White, on the head with a heavy piece of oak scantling, crushing his skull. White, who was taken to his home in the country, is reported to have died.

The trouble started over a couple of apples, which Bradford threw to a boy, named Taylor, and White caught on the fly and ate. This angered Bradford, who knocked White down, and while he was prostrate secured the scantling and inflicted the fatal blow. Tom Bradford, a brother of Reese, also fell upon White and beat him severely.

After committing the crime the Bradford brothers fled across the Little Kanawha River, taking different directions. Officers, who started in pursuit, arrested Reese Bradford and placed him in jail here. Tom is still at liberty.

### Dewey Home Fund.

Washington, (Special.)—Although the Dewey home fund is increasing only by small contributions, and has not yet reached the \$20,000 mark, Treasurer Roberts says there is \$15,000 additional in sight for the fund. This amount has been promised from New York, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Chicago, Milwaukee and other Western cities.

### AN ANARCHIST'S FLOE.

They Send a Young Woman to Paris to Blow Up the Exposition Buildings.

Rio de Janeiro, (By Cable.)—The police have discovered an association of Anarchists at San Paulo, forty miles from Santos, and the investigation shows that, among others who were chosen by lot, is a young girl—Gabriella—who has already started on her voyage, whose mission it is to dynamite buildings of the Paris Exposition.

Several persons have been arrested in connection with the plot, including the editors of Anarchist papers at San Paulo and in this city.

# PORTO RICAN LOSSES.

## Victims of the Recent Hurricane Number Five Thousand.

Ponce, Porto Rico, (By Cable.)—The furious storm during the day of Tuesday, August 8, and the exceedingly heavy rains which accompanied and followed the wind were the most destructive combination of elements that have visited this island since August 22, 1772. A conservative estimate would place the loss of life on the island at 5,000.

The wind unroofed many buildings and blew down hundreds of poorly constructed native huts, but the injuries and loss of life from the wind were very small, indeed. The wind played havoc with the vegetation. It broke down and uprooted large trees and royal palms; it destroyed the coffee trees that were loaded with ripening berries; it blew oranges, limes, lemons and all kinds of fruits from the trees, or else swept away the trees entirely, and, worst of all, it leveled practically all the banana palms of the island, and thus destroyed the fruit that served as bread to the poor.

The sugar-houses and machinery suffered greatly, while the sugar-cane itself was little injured except from the floods. The young canes that were flooded were greatly improved by the alluvial deposit brought down from the mountains, while cane that was older was broken down and ruined, although the land itself was in many cases improved. On the other hand, the tobacco and coffee lands on the mountain sides were greatly injured by the washing away of the richest part of the top soil.

Coffee planters are perhaps the most to be pitied, because it takes five or six years to produce a tree that will yield a crop. The great loss of life throughout the island was caused almost entirely by the floods which followed the windstorm. The rivers rose so suddenly and to such unprecedented height that all were caught unawares.

Too much cannot be said for the "bombardiers" or native fire department of Ponce and the soldiers. Both worked the whole night, and aided by many citizens, saved hundreds of lives.

Almost the entire loss of life was among the poor.

### TEMPTATION WAS TOO STRONG.

Southern Express Agent in Georgia De-Camps with the Funds.

Brunswick, Ga., (Special.)—W. A. Airheart, Southern Express agent at Brunswick, Ga., has disappeared, and is a defaulter to the extent of about \$1,200. Airheart disappeared Sunday, and Supt. Mark O'Brien came here at once to investigate, finding the shortage as stated. In the safe O'Brien found a note from Airheart, in which he said:

"To the gentleman opening this safe: This is my last chance. I could not stand the temptations of this town. My only regret is on account of my friend, Mark J. O'Brien. Yours for other parts."

### W. A. AIRHEART.

Airheart, who was formerly an express messenger, succeeded P. H. Mabry a little over a year ago, after Mabry had skipped out with \$15,000. Mabry was caught and the money secured. Airheart led a fast life in Brunswick, which, it is said, accounts for his downfall.

### AERONAUT FALLS TO DEATH.

The Belt Broke, and He Came Down to Earth Like a Heavy Stone.

Dubois, Pa., (Special.)—N. E. Crissey, an aeronaut, fell six hundred feet to instant death on the Fox-Whitney Fair Grounds. Crissey was scheduled to make daily balloon ascensions at the fair grounds this week. He went up in a large tube that interested itself at the proper moment, and the balloonist and his parachute shot out and descended. When he ascended, however, the belt by which he was held broke just as he was inverting his tube, and he shot like a stone to the ground outside the fair enclosure. When picked up he was dead. Five thousand persons saw the accident. Crissey was twenty-five years of age, and was an experienced balloonist. He belonged in Johnstown, Pa.

### GEN. WHEELER AT MANILA.

Given Command of Brigade in Gen. MacArthur's Division.

Manila, (By Cable.)—Gen. Wheeler has been ordered to report to Gen. MacArthur. He will be given command of Gen. Funston's brigade, which Col. Liverus has commanded temporarily. Gen. Wheeler will proceed to San Fernando, having spent a week in energetically visiting the lines.