#### THE NEWS.

Judge Candler issued a temporary restraining order preventing the transfer of stock of Atlanta street railways, as the result of a bill filed against the combination of the railways of that city recently effected

in Baltimore, At the Christian Endeavor Convention, in Detroit, Rev. Dr. Francis E. Clark delivered his annual message, and Secretary Baer read his annual report, showing splendid growth during the year.

Judge Taft, of the United States Court, sustained the appointment of S. M. Felton as receiver of the Columbus, Sandusky and

Hocking Railroad. Great destitution prevails in Texas as a result of the floods, and the War Department at Washington has issued rations for the starving people.

Consolidation of the ice companies, from Maine to Chicago, was practically effected in New York.

Emanuel Hockstadler was indicted in Norfolk, Va., for passing a forged check on E. Wertheimer.

Robert Bonner, the publisher, and for many years the owner of famous race horses,

Ex-Governor John Peter Richardson, of South Carolins, died suddenly of heart dis-

Robert Hill, head of the glassworkers' union, was accidentally killed near Tiffin, O. The transport McCiellan arrived at New York, with three cases of yellow fever.

The Acting Comptroller of the Treasury decided that Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson is not entitled to the pay of that grade from August 10, 1898, when he was commissioned by the President, to March 4 last. To a Pennsylvania delegation President

McKinley expressed his appreciation of the services of the Pennsylvania soldiers in the Philippines. Arrangements have been practically com-

pleted for the presentation to Admiral Dewey of the sword voted to him by Con-An order was issued prescribing rules for the organization of the ten new regiments. Armstead Taylor, accused of the murder

of Mrs. Dora Rosenstein, at Slidell, Montgomery county, Md., was convicted of murder in the first degree, after jury had been out but five minutes, and was sentenced to be hanged by Judge Sherry.

The report of the Bureau of Navigation shows that the year's output of American shippards has been the largest of any year, save one, for a quarter of a century.

No credence is given to the report that President McKinley has offered the portfolio of Secretary of War to General Horace Porter, who declined it.

Reports received by Surgeon General Wyman indicates a satisfactory condition of the plague ship Nippon Maru. The Agricultural Department has been

using the moving-picture machine to illustrate the growth of plant life. Manson Bridgeforth, who intentionally shot himself in Newport News, Va., is

dead. The case of George E. Latz against J. Goldsmith & Co., in Danville, Va., was settled by payment of \$20).

A fire in Woodstock, Va., destroyed the Shenandcah House stables and damaged adjacent property. Mrs. O. A. Trannen, of Vineland, N. J.

has been able to find no trace of her daughter, who disappeared from a Philadelphia A mutiny is said to have occurred on the

Porto Rico to Philadelphia. Miss Elizabeth L. Chisolm, an beiress, of

Atlanta, was married to Walter B. Andrews, of Southampton, L. I. Chicago packing house employes decided not to start a general strike until their union

is stronger. Two people were killed and fifteen injured in a street-car collision in Pittsburg. General Horatio G. Wright, died at Wash-

### LOVING CUP FOR CAMBON.

#### Testimonial Given to French Ambassador by the President.

Washington, D. C., (Special.)-President McKinley presented to the French Ambassador, M. Cambon, a superb silver loving cup in recognition of the Ambassador's friendly services in the negotiations which restored peace between the United States and Spain. The testimonial was sent by Secretary Hay to the French Embassy, accompanied by a note from the Secretary, in which, speaking for the President, he expressed sincere appreciation of M. Cambon's services and tendered the loving cup as an evidence of the esteem felt for him.

The cup is of massive proportions and chaste design, and the international significance of the gift is shown in the blending of the French and American coats of arms. It is about 21/2 feet high, and the top of the bowl is about 10 inches across. The outer surface is silver, richly embossed, while the inside is of hammered gold. Around the outside of the bowl, in raised old English text, is the following inscription:

Presented by the President of the United States to his Excellency M. Jules Cambon, Ambassador of France, in token of his friendly services in the negotiation of the protocol of peace between the United States and Spain, August 12, 1898.

## ABOUT NOTED PEOPLE.

Dr. Samuel R. Winans, the new dean of Princeton, is not a minister.

President McKinley has received the LL. D. degree from seven colleges, Sarah Bernhardt's extravagance is well

known, and her house in Paris shows it in every direction. Congressman Ketcham, of New York, has

served in 13 Congresses and has never made a speech.

Ex-Congressman Simpson says he enjoys his editorial duties more than he did his work as Congressman.

The late Dr. Norman Kerr, of London. who was recognized as the greatest authority on the physiciogical aspect of inebriety, began life as a reporter.

Mrs. Bland, widow of Hon. Richard P. Bland, who died at Lebanon, Mo., a few days ago, has long worn a necklet from which is pendant the first silver dollar coined under the Bland act.

John Walter, of the London Times, left as a legacy to his daughter one of the advertising columns of the paper. It is reported that'so far the column has brought her a steady income of \$150 a day.

B. L. Farjeon, the English novelist, is son-in-law of Joseph Jefferson. Gen. Leonard Wood is partial to cig-

arettes, rarely smoking eigars, a fact which

commends him to the Cabans in his

province. Gregor Samarow, author of the sensational political romance, "Um Scepter und Krone," has just been convicted of less majeste at Vienna under his real name, Oscar

Ten Volunteer Regiments to be Recruited.

### AN INFANTRY BRANCH.

Applicants For Commissions, Except Officers of the Regular Army, Will Be Required to Pass a Satisfactory Examination as to Age, Moral, Mental and Physicial Fitness.

Washington, D. C., (Special.)-The order for the enlistment of 10 new regiments of infantry was issued by the Secretary of War. It is as follows:

"By direction of the President the following general rules are prescribed for recruiting, from the country at large, United States volunteers, as provided for by the act of Congress approved March 3, 1899, published in general orders No. 36, of 1899, headquarters of the Army, Adjutant-General's Office, and for organizing the same into regiments:

"The strength of regiments, officers and enlisted men, will be provided for by Sections 4 and 12 of the Act of Congress, approved March 2, 1899.

"The regiments to be organized in the United States will be designated Twentyixth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, Twenty-ninth, Thirtleth, Thirty-first, Thirv-second, Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth, Regiments of Infantry, United States Volunteers. Of the commissioned officers to be appointed for each of these regiments the field and staff officers, including medical officers and captains of companies, will be assembled at regimental rendezvous as hereafter designated, for the purpose of theoretical and practical instruction in organization, military administration, drill regulations, discipline, bygiene, camp sanitation, &c. Daily instruction in the nomenclature, care and assembly of parts of the rifle, and target practice will be a special feature of instruction of both officers and men.

"Applicants for commissions, except officers of the regular Army, will be required to pass a satisfactory examination as to age, moral, mental and physical fitness and capacity to command troops, and must have had service during the Spanish-Amercnn War. The recruiting service of the regular Army will be charged with recruiting from the country at large men for service in these volunteers regiments, whose enlistments will be made for the period ending June 30, 1901, unless sooner discharged. and without restrictions as to citizenship or educational qualifications, but in all other respects under the same rules and regulations as are prescribed for recruiting the regular service.

"Except in special cases only unmarried men will be enlisted for these regiments. "The lieutenants and two of the medical officers of each regiment will, as far as practicable, be assigned to duty as assistants

to recruiting officers of the regular Army. "Upon arrival of recruits at the regimental rendezvous, the commanding offleers of regiments will assign them to companies. and the appointment and reduction of regimental and battalion non-commissioned staff and company non-commissioned oferuiser Panther during her voyage from | ficers and other enlisted grades will be

governed by the law and Army regulations. "Each regiment so organized will, for purposes of discipline and supply, be subect to the orders of the commanding general of the department in which the rendezvous is located.

"R. A. ALGER, Secretary of War." The regiments will be organized according to the provisions of the act of March 2. 1899, and will consist of 50 officers and 1,309 enlisted men each.

### CALLS UPON WHEELER,

#### "Fighting Joe" Ordered to the Philippines-Old Warrior Pleased.

Washington, D. C., (Special.)-"Brigadier-General Wheeler, ordered to the Philippines; Second Lieut, Joseph Wheeler, of the Fourth Artillery, to be a major in the Volunteer Army, assigned to the Philip-

The foregoing official orders at the War Department brought the distinguished Wheeler family promisently before military men. By the first order the ambition of the veteran warrior has been satisfied.

General Wheeler had chafed under his enforced inactivity since the camp at Montank Point was discontinued. He was assigned to active service, with orders to proceed immediately to Manila, and report to Major-General Otis for duty.

### ROBERT BONNER DEAD

#### Demise of the Publisher of the New York Ledger.

New York, N. Y., (Special.)-Robert Bonner, publisher of the New York Ledger and owner of famous borses, died at his home in this city. Mr. Bonner had been ill for some months, but was able to be about until about ten days ago. Death was due to a general breaking down of the system.

Mr. Bonner enjoyed remarkable health antil a year ago, when his life long friend, Rev. Dr. John Hall, died. A second shock to him was the death of his son, Andrew Allen Bonner, on December 27 last,

After this Mr. Bonner's temperature changed completely. He made fewer trips to his magnificent farm near Tarrytown, and contented himself with a short drive

### Roosevelt and the Dewey Fund.

New York, N. Y., (Special.)—The Brook-iyn Eagle received a letter from Governor posevelt, accompanied by a check for \$25, for the Dewey Fund. In his letter the Govrnor says: "I enclose you a check as a elight token of my appreciation of your fort to get some memorial, and to give ecognition in whatever shape the Admiral imself deems best, to services to the country, which have justly rendered him the man of all since the Civil War, who stands high-

est in the popular regard. Relief Sent the Sufferers.

Washington, D. C., (Special.)-The War Department has granted the request of the Governor of Texas for aid for flood sufferers. Such government boats as are available will be placed at the disposition of the governor, and the rations asked for will be issued at once.

Lander of Glass-Workers Killed. Toledo, O., (Special.)-Robert Hill, head the Glassworkers' Union, and superintendent of Ball Brothers' glass factory, at Muncle, Ind., was killed near Tiffin by falling from a wagon and being crushed under the wheels. He was soon to sail for Paris to arrange for an exhibit at the exposition.

#### DREYFUS SEES HIS BROTHER.

#### The Prisoner is Closely Watched at Ail Family Interviews.

Rennes, France. (By Cable.)-It is impossible to imagine a town calmer than Rennes. The inhabitants continue absolutely indifferent to the presence of Dreyfus. Barely half a dozen persons witness the visits of counsel and Madame Dreyfus to the prison. The town, however, is full of detectives, who serutinize all strangers, and a few FEW BODIES RECOVERED gendarmes are patrolling before the residence of Madame Dreyfus. They approach gate leading to the courtyard of the man-

Matthew Dreyfus paid his first visit to his brother, the interview lasting half an hour. The brothers threw themselves into each other's arms. Matthew said he found his brother aged and broken in health, but not has now recovered.

# VICTIMS OF THE FLOOD.

#### Sad Story From the Inundated Country.

and watch everyone stopping before the | Crops and Stock Valued at Over \$15,000, 000-Damages to Railroads and Bridges \$4,000,000-Waters Cover the Country to a Depth of 16 to 30 Feet-Logs Make

the Work of Rescue Hazardous.

Houston, Tex., (Special.)-1 corresponthe physical wreck he feared. In spite of dent, just returned from a voyage through his sufferings, Dreyfus' eyes are as bright, the flood districts, says the half has not and his mind as clear, and his intelligence been told of the havon wrought. The disas keen, as when he was occupied with his aster is so appalling that description is not duties on the general staff. He was trou- possible. After this flood will come sickbled with insomonia during the voyage, but | ness undoubtedly, and what a week ago was the fairest part of Texas is now almost a The prisoner is still suffering from dys- God-forsaken wilderness. The waters of entery, but it is slight, and there is every the Brazos have for six days covered its reason to believe he will rapidly recuperate valley to a depth of from 6 to 3) inches: his forces. Naturally, he is under medical where a week ago there were on every hand fields of cotton and corn and thou-Matthew found his brother in good spirits, sands of acres of watermelons and canta-

# and buoyed up by the necessity of muster- loupes, there is slimy mud over all the vege-

CAPTAIN DREYFUS AND HIS HUT ON DEVIL'S ISLAND.

(The famous prisoner has left this terrible prison forever, and as the result of his long, solitary confinement he is temporarily bereft of the free use of speech.)

garding the extraordinary machinations of area it completely submerged the telegraph

his enemies and the persevering devotion of and telephone poles along the line. In his friends. Dreyfus is astounded and full truth, portions of the Navasoto bottoms are

of heartfelt gratitude at their self-sacrifice, even now a perfect sea, four or five miles

This feeling is particularly strong as regards | wide at several points. Hundreds of houses

statistics from 62 of the principal cities of some of them seeking safety on housetops.

hurt by cannon firecrackers. 113 by toy has built boats and sent them through the

skyrockets, 143 by guns and revolvers and people and if possible save some of their

fire. The loss is about \$190,000 and is par- area. It is known that more than 60 people

England has 30,000 union boot and shoe spike on the passenger track, derailing the

in its treasury more than half a million dol- ings here. Visits to the United States Con-

resolution unanimously that all printing tural Department's exhibit of beverages

sulate were popular.

Waukegan, has accepted the union scale of fireman died as a result of injuries.

were totally submerged and as many more

were swept from their foundations and de-

stroyed. The planters of the bottoms are

moving their help and whatever is left of

their stock to places where these can be

cared for. They are all nobly helping each

other and taking reluge wherever they can,

All the planters stated that the outside

world has no conception of the floods or

losses incurred by the destruction of crop,

stock and buildings. Nearly every planter

flooded districts to render assistance to the

drowning stock. The flood district has a

length of over 500 mlies, a breadth of proba-

bly 50 miles, and in all this vast space dam-

perhaps. The bottoms were thickly settled,

mostly with negro tenant farmers; among

these has been the greatest loss of life. To

show the damage done the following esti-

mates have been made by men who are in a

Loss to farmers, including crops as well

Damage to railroads and country bridges,

These estimates are taken in the whole

have met their death, and that many bodies

have been recovered. It is not believed

Boy Train-Wrecker Sent Up.

freight and passenger train on the Little

Schuylkill branch of the Reading Railway,

which resulted in the loss of two lives, was

sentenced to three years and three months

and to pay a fine of \$700. Ohl placed a

engine, which crashed into a freight train

on an adjoining track. The engineer and

Flag Display at Kingston.

was a general display of American and British flags on the public and private build-

AN EXPOSITION OF THEIR OWN.

California Wine Growers to Exhibit Out-

side Paris Fair Grounds.

New York, (Special.) - Major Bracket, sec-

retary of the United States Commission to

the Paris Exposition, said that so great had

been the demand for space in the Agricul-

that the California wine-growers, while they

would be represented in the Governmen

exhibit, had a ready engaged a house out

side the Exposition grounds, where Cali-

for distribution to the foreign buyers.

fornia wines will be on exhibition and ready

Kingston, Jamaics, (By Cable.)-There

that all of them will ever be recovered.

as live stock, from \$5,000,000 to \$15,000,000.

The loss to life will never be fully known

age incalculable has been done.

Lives lost from 100 to 300.

position to know:

as to his life on Devils Island, which has

fus looks back to his existence of the past

brain is almost reeling in the face of the

mass of documents and explanations MM.

Demange and Labori are bringing out re-

THE FOURTH'S CASUALTIES.

Three Persons Killed and Over 1000

Chicago, (Special.)-The Tribune prints

the nation showing the results of patriotic

fervor on July 4. The number of killed re-

ported is 3; injured 1074. Pire losses due to

fireworks \$159,105. Of the injured 627 were

cannons, 60 by powder explosions, 59 by

Barcelona Riots.

Barcelons, (By Cable.)-The disturbances

were resumed here. Many stores were com-

pelled to close and the borse-carservice was

suspended. As the lines are worked by an

English company it is reported dipiomatic

representations will be male to the Govern-

ment on the subject of the damage sus-

Destroyed by Fire.

Brunswick, N. J., was totally destroyed by

Forty-four Killed.

Berlin, (By Cable.)-A dispatch from

Odessa announces that a dynamite cart-

44 persons were killed and 20 wounded.

Boston has a co-operative laundry.

cents per day increase in wages,

lars and a membership of 26,377.

lost two of its chief patrons.

FIELD OF LABOR,

The Western Coal and Dock Company, at

Members of the Federal Labor Union, of

Biddeford and Saco, Me., have secured 20

The Typographical Union of Germany has

Texas Sunday law has been declared con-

stitutional. A saloon-keeper was fined \$20

A Boston publishing company, as a result

of the recent strike of the men against the

enforcement of the ten-hour custom, has

Reading (Pa.) City Council has passed a

done for the city must have the Typograph-

al Union label thereon. Grand Rapid tallors won an unconditional

victory, getting a minimum scale of \$12, recognition of the union, and signed an agreement with all shops in which they struck to employ only union men.

for selling on Sunday. Only druggists are

tially covered by insurance,

12 cents a top.

exempted.

New York, (Special.)—The large plant of Damage to railroads a the Beacon Light Lamp Company, at New \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000.

Injured in 62 Cities.

Colonel Picquart.

15 by stray builets,

caped from a madhouse. He declares his Central track.

#### FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The Japanese battleship Hatsuse was launched at Newcastie, England. Paul Deroulede, in the French Chamber of Deputies, moved that steps be taken to "substitute a popular for the parliamentary republic," but his motion was voted down.

The French Cabinet was sustained on a test vote in the Chamber of Deputies. A review of 18,000 of the finest troops in the British army was held at Aldershot in

the presence of Queen Victoria. Joseph Chamberlain, in a speech at Birmingham, denounced the course of President Kruger, of the Transvaal,

The International Council of Women began in London with a large attendance. Col. Gross von Schwarzhoff, a German delegate to the International Peace Conference, announced that Germany would not engage not to increase her naval and mill-

tary effectiveness. Premier Van den Peereboom made a conciliatory speech in the Belgian Chamber of Deputies which is believed to have checked the rioting in Brussels.

The new plan of government proposed for Samoa by the Joint Commission provides that the administrator or Governor shall not be a subject of any of the treaty powers. It is reported that President Kruger has

agreed to grant concessions which are aceptable to Great Britain. The Duke of Connaught and his son have renounced their claims to the Saxe-Coburg succession in favor of the Duke of Albany. The treaty ceding the Caroline, Ladrone and Pelew Islands to Germany was signed

in Madrid. A deputation from the Eastern Telegraph Company, which waited on Cabinet Ministers in London, urged an alternative plan instead of the proposed Pacific cable.

#### ALL QUIET IN SAMOA.

#### Commission Successful in Restoring Order in Island.

Apla, Samoa, (By Cable.)-Peace and quiet now reign in Samon in marked contrast to the warlike scenes of two months ago. The arrival of the International Commission caused a distinct change in affairs

The commissioners held interviews with King Malleton Tanu and Mataafs. Tanu was not at first recognized as king by the commission. Tanu and his chiefs readily agreed to give up their arms.

The following day Matsafa and his party cams alongside the Badger, singing songs and flying Samoan flags. They were or-dered to lower the flag, which they did. Mataafa readily agreed to give up the guns held by his party.

After Matasta's men had turned in 1800 rifles and the Tanu supporters 2000 more, Tanu was invited on board the Badger, There he was informed that the commissioners supported the decision of Chief Justice Chambers and that Tanu had been King of Samoa ever since the decision had been rendered. Tanu sa d that he was willing to do anything for the good of Samos, and at the request of the commissioners resigned his kingship to them. The commission is now engaged in formu-

lating its report. The abolition of the kingship will be a feature of the report. The judicial and diplomatic functions of the Consuls will be greatly restricted. Revenue will be raised by indirect taxation and by means of increased customs duties. The poll tax will be abolished. Chief Justice Chambers wishes to resign

ing all his strength for the coming ordeal, tation. There are carcasses of cows, mul-s, his position and return to the United States, and by the hope that at last he will have pigs, dogs and cats, mayhap humans, for but on the request of the commissioners has decided to remain. Many claims have been lodged at the

The party left Bryan at sunrise, going to left an indelible impression, and remains in the Navasoto bottoms and to a point about diff-rent consulates for damages to prophis memory as a horrible nightmare. Drey- three miles from Millican. Here they enerty during the past few months. While countered everywhere an overflow from the not empowered to take any action on these four years with relief, tinged with a feeling Navasoto, which spread out fully two miles claims, the commissioners agreed that the of the horror of a sane man who has es- on either side of the Houston and Texas real bardsbip had been suffered, and it is understood the commission will recommend Everything is under water from 2 to 17 that the three powers each pay the losses feet. It looked on all sides like a great lake caused to its own subjects. and the water was so high that for a wast

Some of the rebels, dissatisfied with the proclamation providing for a provisional government, have declined to give up their rifles. Mataafa disclaims any responsibility for this action.

#### TWO KILLED IN PITTSBURG. Trolley Cars Crash Together in the Dark

With Fatal Effect. Pittsburg, Ps., (Special.)-As the result of a street-car collision on the line of the Monongahela Traction Company two persons are dead, five seriously injured and ten others more or less burt.

The accident happened on a steep grade near High Bridge. Both cars were heavily loaded with passengers returning home from K-nnywood Park.

Motorman Griffith stopped his car near the bottom of the bill to get a drink of water at a spring near by. He had bardly left his car when the electric current was shut off, leaving the car in darkness, Motorman Kirkland, with his car, followed shortly afterward, and as the foremost car was in darkness it could not be seen until too late to check the speed.

The rear car crashed into the other with terrific force, almost telescoping it.

### 13-YEAR-OLD MURDERER,

Kills Mother and Sister-Suspected of Shooting His Father.

Athens, Ala., (Special.)- A 13-year-old boy named Thomas, living on a farm several miles in the interior, stabbed and killed his older sister, who had quarreled with him for not helping to support the family. The boy then turned on his aged mother, who had come to her daughter's assistance, and slashed her so terribly she died in a short

ridge exploded near there while the excava-tion of a coal mine was in progress and that youth who caused a collision between a A few months ago the boy and his father were out hunting, when the father was shot in the back and killed. The boy was suspected of killing his father, but no conclusive evidence could be secured.

Young Thomas fied, and so far has eluded capture.

### SENT POISON IN CAKE,

#### English Murderess Sentenced to Death for Killing Insane Sister. London, (By Cable.)—At the Hertford As-

sizes Mary Ann Ansell was found guilty of murdering her sister, an inmate of an asylum for the insane, by sending her poison cake by post. She was sentenced to death, The condemned woman had previously insured her sister's life, giving a false de-

Automobiles Shut Out at Ear Harbor. Bar Harbor, Me., (Special,)-The municipal authorities of this place passed regulaions virtually prohibiting the use of automobiles in the city. The resolution has created a stir among some of the citizens.

## SPANISH-AMERICAN ISLANDS.

The transport Grant, carrying the Six-

teenth Infantry, has arrived at Manila.

There have been but 18 cases of yellow fever in Havana this year. General Ludiow says there is not a single ase of yellow fever in Havana.

# in Several Cities.

#### President and Mrs. McKinley Remained at Home-Noisy in Philadelphia-Bell in Independence Hall Rings 123 Times, a Stroke for Each Year of the Country's Age-Exercises Held by Many Societies.

Washington, D. C., (Special.)-President and Mrs. McKinley celebrated the Fourth of July by remaining in the private apartments of the White House and taking a rest. The President did not go to his office until late in the morning and then did not remain long. He looked over some of the newspapers and a few private papers. He found time to enjoy his eights and to meditate without Interruption. The President smokes many cigars, but they are always of a particular trand and flavor.

Assistant Secretary Pruden, Colonel Montgomery and others were on duty during the day. The heavy malis cannot be allowed to accumulate, and consequently a portion of the White House force is niways on duty. After completing his official duties Major Pruden finished a flower painting. He is an artist of no mean ability.

Secretary Hay, ciad in a flannel suit of cream color, called for a few minutes on the President. The Secretary said he would spend the day at home working on his mail.

There have been no fireworks in the White House grounds on the Fourth of July for many years. In fact, there has been no noisy celebration of the day at the White House since President Arthur's time. The President's son, Allan Arthur, had full freedom for celebrating the day and did so by exploding many dollars' worth of fireworks. He invited his young friends to the White House in large numbers and there would be a joily celebration of the day.

The general explosion of fireworks did not annoy Mrs. McKinley. The noises were heard at the White House, but were too distant to be disagreeable.

The District of Columbia Societies of the Sons of the Revolution and the Sons of the American Revolution held a joint meeting in Columbia Theatre in the afternoon. Maj. Green Clay Goodloe, president of the former, presided.

#### INDEPENDENCE HALL.

#### Old Bell in the Tower Strikes 123 Times-Features of the Exercises.

Philadelphia, Pa., (Special.)-The celebration of the nation's birthday in this city was the noisiest and most patriotic in years. Despite the usual proclamation by the Mayor forbidding the discharge of fireworks, there was a continuous explosion of fireworks since early Monday night in all sections. A more delightful day for the celebration would be hard to find. As usual, Fairn ount Park was the mecca for the major portion of the city's population, and before daybreak omnibuses, decorated with flags and bunting, and filled with young and old, made their way toward the favored picnic grounds. The decorations this year re more extensive than for many years. From nearly every home Old Glory waved, and Chestnut street was one solid mass of

red, white and blue, The celebration of the day formally began at Monday midnight, when the bell in the tower of Old Independence Hall struck 123 times, one for each year of the nation's life, Thousands of persons had assembled in front of the historic building, and the tones of the bell were accompanied by the cheers of the crowd and the firing of pistols and

firecrackers.

#### The Day in Boston. Boston, Mass., (Special.)-The Fourth of July was celebrated much as usual with parade, band concerts, games and fireworks.

The city's formal exercises were held at Tremont Temple at 10 o'clock A. M. Ex-Mayor Nathan Matthews, Jr., delivered the annual Fourth of July oration, taking for his subject "Expansion." Mayor Josiah Quincy presided.

Ex-Mayor Matthews spoke upon the policy to be adopted in the far East. The reunion of the Clan-na-Gael, which

was held at South Boston, attracted large numbers. The morning was taken up with sports, and the afternoon was given to addresses by George Fred Williams, of Boston; Senator William Mason, of Illinois, and others.

#### Fourth of July Illumination at 14,147 Feet Above the Sea. Summit Pike's Peak, Col., (Special.)-The

PIKE'S PEAK ALL AGLOW.

people of Denver, Colorado Springe, Cripple Creek, Victor and Pueblo united in a grand Fourth of July illumination on the summit of the peak, 14,147 feet above the seg level. As the clock struck midnight in the towns of the Pike's Peak region, ushering in the fourth of July, 1,700 pounds of red, white and blue powder were set on fire on the peak. The flames shot upward hundreds of feet, making the baid crest of the famous Red Mountain resemble an active

volcano. For an hour previous to the illumination a violent snowstorm raged, fully two inches of snow covering the ground. A strong wind then swept the storm clouds away and far out on the plains to the north blazed the lights of Colorado's capital, Denver. To the east glowed the lights of Colorado Springs, Maniton and Colorado City, while Pueblo's lights twinkled in the south,

### At Colorado Springs.

Colorado Springs, Col., (Special.)-The remarkable Fourth of July celebrations in which Cripple Creek and its rival city, Victor, were competing for the most extravagant features and the biggest crowd, cuimfnated in the expication of 1,700 pounds of red and blue fire on the summit of Pike's Peak, at 14,147 feet altitude.

Denver, Colorado Springs, Manitou and other cities joined in the illumination and made it a State affair. Excursion rates brought in big trainloads of people to wit-

### A Ratiway Horror in England.

London, Eug., (By Cable.)-Many persons were injured in a railway accident at ford, near Crowe, in Chestershire, A freight train on a siding left the rails. Another freight train collided with the wreckage and caused the partial fall of a rallway bridge. Then a crowded excursion train ran into the others. More than 50 cars were

# THE EAGLE SCREAMED.

## Observance of the Natal Day

## QUIET IN WASHINGTON.