

ANOTHER DEWEY VICTORY.

HE BRINGS A GERMAN WAR SHIP TO TIME.

A Spanish Garrison in the Philippines Compelled to Surrender.—Shelled a Spanish Fort.

MANILA, July 9, via HONKONG, July 13.—The insurgents on Wednesday, July 6, reported that the German gunboat Irene, in Subic Bay, north of Manila, refused to permit them to attack the Spaniards on Grande Island. Rear Admiral Dewey promptly dispatched the United States cruisers Raleigh and Concord to investigate the matter. On entering Subic Bay the Raleigh opened fire on the forts, whereupon the Irene slipped her cable and steamed out by the other channel.

The result of the fire of the American war ship was that the Spaniards surrendered everything.

On returning to Manila the Irene explained that she interfered "in the cause of humanity," and offered to hand over to the Americans the refugees she had on board. Admiral Dewey, however, declined to accept them.

The Raleigh and Concord shelled the principal points on the island, destroying the earthworks and other fortifications, and laying the torpedo station in ruins. They then sent out a launch with a message demanding surrender. There was no response, and the Raleigh finally sent a 6-inch shell through the commander's house. The white flag was instantly run up on the ruins of the earthwork.

A landing party demanded absolute surrender. The Spanish Colonel Rio, realizing his hopeless position, made submission, and gave up his sword. Forty thousand rounds of ammunition and one Hotchkiss gun were also captured. This victory gives the Americans control of Subic Bay.

While the Spanish steamer Filipinas was hiding in the river near Subic the crew mutinied and killed the officers. They then handed the steamer over to the insurgents, who armed the vessel and dispatched it to Subic for the purpose of making an attack on Grande Island.

SANTIAGO MUST SURRENDER.

The Spaniards Must Capitulate or Fight.—The End Soon.

The American troops have the Spanish troops entirely hemmed in at Santiago, and the city must surrender or receive a terrible baptism of fire.

The war department yesterday gave out the following from Gen. Shafter:

Headquarters near Santiago, July 13.—Have had an interview of an hour and a half with Gen. Toral and have extended truce until tomorrow noon. I told him that his surrender only will be considered and that he was without hope of escape and had no right to continue the fight. I think it made a strong impression and hope for his surrender. If he refuses I will open on him at 12 noon tomorrow with every gun I have and will have the assistance of the navy, which is ready to bombard the city with 13-inch shells.

The Spanish general again refused to surrender in a terse reply, saying in effect that if the Americans wanted Santiago they could come and get it. He declared unconditional surrender to be entirely beyond reason and possibility and expressed himself as ready to meet an attack at any time the invading army saw fit to make one.

Gen. Shafter accepted the reply as final, and although no firing was ordered, he immediately began preparations for the coming struggle. The American forces are in a semi-circle entirely surrounding the city. A fierce fight is expected and the American losses will surely be heavy.

A Useless Expense.

As regards the boro' contract for the Bible spring, there is frequent inquiry since that water proves insufficient and will not be used. The contract binds the boro' for 99 years, whether the water is used or not; the first five years the boro' pays \$50 per year and thereafter \$75 per year, strictly in advance! Two payments have been made and the third is due in September. Considerable work was done in that direction at a waste of money. Who is the blunderbuss that made such a contract with no judgment of water supply and had large ditching done and closed again for want of water?

Married.

At the Lutheran parsonage, Centre Hall, July 6th, by Rev. J. M. Rearick, Mr. Samuel Wasson and Miss Gertie Noll, both of Pleasant Gap, were united in marriage.

The editor of the Evans City, Pa., Globe, writes: "One Minute Cough Cure is rightly named. It cured my children after all other remedies failed." It cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. For sale by Smith & Crawford.

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HAIL BOMBARDS BERKS.

Great Harm to Crops and Windows.—Cause of Cool Weather.

Last Saturday morning, 9, eastern and northern Berks county were visited by one of the most terrific storms for several years. It started from the Blue Mountains and devastated everything in its path. Around Hamburg window panes were shattered and fruit trees damaged. At Kutztown, 180 panes were shattered at the Keystone State Normal School. The hail was as large as walnuts, and some of the exceptionally large pieces measured 6 inches in diameter. John Schaeffer and Oscar Sell, farmers near Kutztown, were caught in the storm. Their horses ran away, and both vehicles were wrecked. Crops were crushed flat to the ground. One farmer reports that the hail was so large that it drew blood wherever it struck his cows in the fields. At Topton trees, fences and grain stacks were scattered. Hail stones were as large as hen's eggs.

Corn was cut as clean as with a knife. In Windsor township at least 500 panes of glass were broken in farm houses. At Zion's Church over 125 were smashed. Hundreds of birds were found dead under the trees.

At Nianic fourteen cows belonging to Mr. Yoder, the tenant, took refuge on the farm of Dr. Joseph Wilson. A bolt of lightning killed eight. It is estimated that fully 4500 window panes were broken in the path of the storm.

Awful Sights in Cuba.

Mrs. Adam Hoak, of Lancaster, received a letter from her son, Harry, one of the fighting marines in front of Santiago, Cuba. Referring to the capture of twenty-nine Spanish soldiers, he says they are the hardest looking lot of men for soldiers he ever saw, having little or no clothing on and every one barefooted. He declares that after a recent fight, in which he was engaged, the Cubans "chopped up the wounded Spaniards with their machetes," and the sights of this kind furnished by this war, he says, are enough to turn a man's heart to stone. On the night of June 19, while on picket duty, Hoak shot a Spanish guerrilla after the latter had shot at him. The American located the Spaniard by the flash of his gun. Upon examining the victim Hoak was surprised to find him nearly naked, and face, body and limbs painted green, doubtless to make it difficult for them to be distinguished from the foliage. The writer says the countless buzzards feed on the dead Spaniards, whose companions make no attempts to bury them, and he says the sight of these feasts of the buzzards is an awful one.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week: David W. Robb and Ella M. Miller, of Romola.

Michael M. Wance, of Rebersburg, and Sallie Auman, of Coburn.

George J. Houtz and Sarah B. Lyle, of Houserville.

Jonathan K. Boney, Mount Eagle, and Jane Troutman, Union Co.

Robert Mahan, Johnstown, and Julia E. Burns, Burnside twp.

Samuel Wasson and Gertie R. Noll, Pleasant Gap.

Edward B. Dell, Altoona, and Mary E. Peters, Unionville.

Andy Lasor and Lizzie Urda, Spring twp.

Wm. J. Strachan and Hannah J. Kleff, Philipsburg.

Henry Harris, Troy Mines, and Sarah Ammerman, Coalport.

Wm. H. Wittmer and Blanche M. Bowersox, Coburn.

Union Sunday School Picnic.

Next Thursday, the 21st, a union Sunday school picnic will be held in Conley's grove, east of town. A committee on arrangements and amusements will see that nothing is lacking in the way of entertainment and amusement for the day. Transportation for baskets will be furnished. All are cordially invited to spend the day at the grove. A band has been engaged to furnish music for the occasion, and a day of enjoyment is in store for all.

Mr. C. B. Bush, president of the Gilmmer county court, tells briefly his experience with an epidemic of bloody flux in his family. He writes under the date of October 8, 1896, at Auburn, W. Va. "During the past summer we had three cases of bloody flux in our family which we cured in less than one week with Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In some instances there were twenty hemorrhages a day." This remedy never fails to cure the worst cases of bloody flux and all bowel complaints and every family should keep it at hand. For sale by S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; J. H. Ross, Linden Hall, and H. F. Rossmann, Spring Mills.

DELIGHTFUL SUMMER TOURS.

Two Tours to the North via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the convenience of those who seek the most attractive way of spending a summer vacation, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged two delightful tours to the North, under the personally-conducted tourist system, July 25 and August 16. The points included in the itinerary and the country traversed abound in natural beauties; Watkins Glen, Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, Quebec, Montreal, Au Sable Chasm, Lakes Champlain and George, Saratoga, and the Highlands of the Hudson are all rich in interest and replete with natural attractions.

Each tour will be in charge of one of the company's tourist agents, assisted by an experienced lady as chaperon, whose special charge will be unescorted ladies.

The rate of \$100 from New York, Brooklyn, Newark, Trenton, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington covers railway and boat fare for the entire round trip, parlor-car seats, meals en route, hotel entertainment, transfer charges, carriage hire—in fact every item of necessary expense.

For detailed itinerary, tickets, or any additional information, address Tourist Agent, Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 1196 Broadway, New York; 890 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; 789 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.; or Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. July 14-21

WAR THOUGHTS.

It is a notorious fact that none of the sharp games attempted by Spain failed to trick the sly old coon, Uncle Sam.

When Toral offered to surrender Santiago on condition that his army be permitted to retreat from the doomed city with its colors flying and get a start of 21 miles, it was proof that one Spanish mile was still alive.

Food and water are very scarce in Santiago. One biscuit was recently sold for \$5 in gold.

The war with Spain has settled one matter, namely, that the United States is one of the greatest things on earth, and destined to be the exterminator of wrong, cruelty and oppression on earth.

The Dons laughed when they treacherously blew up the Maine. But the loss of 25 of her best ships is paying dearly for the deed, and has knocked the sneaker and pride out of them.

Our fleet, under Admiral Watson, is now ordered off to Spain to say, from cannons' mouth, "How dy'e do" to Cadiz, Cartagena and Barcelona.

There is destitution at San Juan; flour is selling at \$19 per barrel and other things in proportion.

The Spanish soldiers in Cuba have horse and mule meat among their rations.

The Spanish cabinet has resigned in a body and a military cabinet will be called in its place.

The people in Spain are fast turning in favor of peace. No wonder.

None of the foreign powers will interfere in behalf of Spain.

All the important fighting in this war was done on Sundays, ending in a blue Monday for the Spanish.

Them "yankee pigs" is a routin' up Spain just awful.

American Peace Offer.

From Madrid comes the assertion that the United States makes the following demands as conditions of peace:

First—The possession of Cuba and Porto Rico, with a port in the Canaries.

Second—An indemnity of \$240,000,000.

Third—The retention of the Philippines as a guarantee of the payment of the indemnity.

230 Dead; 1,384 Wounded; 79 Missing.

Gen. Shafter has sent the following report of the casualties before Santiago, of loss on July 1 and 2, on American side:

Killed: 22 officers, 208 enlisted men.

Wounded: 81 officers, 1,203 enlisted men.

Missing: 79 enlisted men.

The reports giving the names of the killed and wounded are being rapidly prepared, and it is hoped to get them off tomorrow, 9th. SHAFTER.

A Horrible Railroad Accident.

Is a daily chronicle in our papers; also the death of some dear friend, who had died with consumption, whereas, if he or she had taken Otto's Cure for Throat and Lung diseases in time, life would have been rendered happier and perhaps saved. Heed the warning! If you have a cough or any affection of the Throat and Lungs call at G. H. Long's, Spring Mills, sole agent and get a trial bottle free. Large sizes 50c. and 25c.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

AN EARLY TERMINATION OF THE WAR LOOKED FOR.

Shafter Not Hampered With Orders.—The Appropriations of Congress Larger Than Ever Before.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—It must have been noticed by all observant readers of war news that the victories scheduled in advance have invariably failed to be pulled off on schedule time, and that our greatest victories, such as the destruction of the Spanish fleets at Santiago and at Manila, have not been handicapped by advance notices. This was especially true of the Santiago affair. That the postponements in taking that town were caused by orders resulting from Spanish trickery is more than probable, although it is constantly—too constantly, in fact—reiterated by those attached to the administration, that Mr. McKinley has issued no orders about the movement on Santiago, since it was begun, except that instructing Gen. Shafter not to accept the surrender of the Spaniards except unconditionally. The Spaniards across the Atlantic are trying to create the impression that they are on the eve of suing for peace, and they are succeeding, too, with some persons high in authority, and thereby hangs some of the delays which have so aggravated those who believed that the quickest way to secure peace was to lick the Spaniards as fast as we could get at them.

Although that bluff about sending a fleet to Spain has accomplished its purpose and turned Camara's fleet back towards home, it is still being kept up, and the departure of the fleet promised in a few days. Still, knowing ones would be glad to make wagers on big odds that the fleet never starts.

Gen. Miles has gone to Santiago. He did not carry his private car with its porcelain bath tub, but has his headquarters on a floating palace, the elegant passenger steamer "Grande Duchesse," which has been stocked with a large supply of the choicest and best eatables and drinkables. His headquarters will remain on the steamer during the campaign against Porto Rico, of which he will take personal command.

Very few Senators and Representatives remain in Washington. The most of the latter have gone to their districts to look after their "fences," while the former, as a rule, have gone in search of cooler places. The Senate left quite a number of small military nominations—mostly Captains and Lieutenants—unacted upon, as well as a lot of nominations to civil offices. Some were not acted upon because of lack of time, but the most of them were hung up because of objection to them by some Senator.

The announcement of the Democratic Senators that their constitutional objections to the House bill allowing volunteer soldiers in camp to vote for Congressmen were such that they would feel justified in resorting to any sort of tactics to prevent the bill being passed by the Senate, was sufficient to prevent any serious attempt being made to take the bill up previous to adjournment. Just to find out whether the Democrats meant business, Senator Burrows asked for unanimous consent to vote upon the bill, a few minutes before adjournment, and the storm of objections at once raised, convinced him that they did. The Democrats objected to the bill because, like the old Force bill, it recognized Federal control of Congressional elections, which the Democratic party does not.

Leaving war appropriations out entirely, the other appropriations made at the session of Congress just closed, exceed the total of any previous session. The following statement is made by Representative Sayers, of Texas, the ranking Democratic member of the House Committee on Appropriations: "The total appropriations at the present session amount to \$802,527,991. This includes \$117,896,220 permanent appropriations and \$684,788,095 for war expenses. Deducting the war expenses from the sum total, we have \$584,789,896, to be charged against the civil and ordinary expenses of the government. It should be borne in mind that no River and Harbor bill has been passed. Considering this fact, the appropriations for civil and ordinary expenses of the government, at this session, and excluding war expenses, exceed that of any previous session."

Congress was too anxious to adjourn after the Hawaiian annexation resolution was adopted, to heed Senator Morgan when he said: "There is absolutely no necessity for an adjournment at this time; it is a hasty, impromptu, and dangerous step," but, unless many are mistaken, the wisdom of those words will be seen later. The truth of his other words—"The very moment

that the treaty of peace is signed by the President and the government of Spain, the military power of the President will cease, and the legislative branch of the government must provide a government for any territory we may acquire by the war," is undisputed; yet the legislative body cannot meet again until next December, unless called together by Mr. McKinley, in extra session.

The report of the Senate Committee on claims, which investigated by instructions of a Senate Resolution, the disposition of the money paid to the Southern Methodist Book concern for a war claim, was not intended to be a humorous document, but many have so regarded it. It starts out by absolving the church from all blame and then proceeds to make scapegoats of E. B. Stahlman, the attorney who got 35 per cent. of the claim, and Messrs. Barbee and Smith, agents for the book concern, because they led these very innocent Senators to believe that no fee was to be paid out of this claim. There may be Senators who believe that men devote their time to lobbying any bill, no matter what its nature may be, through Congress without expecting pay for their services, but there are certainly no other persons in Washington who believe that way.

Ludicrous Incidents of the War.

It was two or three weeks after Admiral Dewey had destroyed the Spanish vessels in Manila harbor when the Callao steamed gaily in, all her bunting floating in the breeze and everything on board in apple-pie order, in honor of the Spanish admiral. The first shot from an American ship was regarded by the Spaniard as a salute but the next shot undid him. Then the Callao's captain discovered to his surprise and disgust that war was on and he was in the hands of his enemies. He had been in a remote part of Philippine waters and had not heard the news.

Precisely similar was the Ladrona incident. The United States cruiser Charleston stopped at the port of Guahan on her way to Manila, and fired seven shots at the fort. The shots could not have been intended to do any damage, for the governor thought the firing was a salute. With true Castilian politeness he sent word to the American commander that he would be only too happy to return the salute, but he was unsupplied with powder. He was told that no return of the salute was necessary, and that he was a prisoner of war. This information disgusted him fully as much as the same information disgusted the commander of the Callao. He was annoyed. He was indignant. He said he had no idea that war had broken out. But he was gathered in and carried off. The American flag was raised over the Ladrones, and the only American resident of Guahan found himself suddenly promoted to be provisional governor of the islands.

The Pennsylvania Railroad's Popular Excursions to the Seashore.

July 21 and August 4 and 18 are the dates of the Pennsylvania Railroad's low-rate twelve-day excursions to Atlantic City and the principal South Jersey seashore resorts. A special train of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches will leave Pittsburg on above-mentioned dates at 8:55 a. m., arriving at Altoona 12:15 p. m., where stop for dinner will be made, reaching Philadelphia 6:25 p. m., and arriving at Atlantic City via the Delaware River Bridge route, the only all-rail line, at 8:40 p. m. Passengers may also spend the night in Philadelphia, and proceed to the shore by any regular train from Market Street Wharf or Broad Street Station on July 22, August 5 or 19.

Tickets will be sold from the stations at the rates named below:

Clearfield	Pittsburg	Tyrone	Huntsdon	Duncansboro	Philadelphia	Atlantic City
Rate \$8.00	9.25	10.50	11.75	13.00	14.25	15.50
Train leaves	9:31 A. M.	10:56 P. M.	1:26	12:27	6:25	8:40

Tickets will also be good on regular trains leaving Pittsburg at 4:30 and 8:10 p. m., carrying sleeping cars to Philadelphia, and 7:05 p. m., carrying Pullman sleeping cars through to Atlantic City.

For detailed information in regard to rates and time of trains apply to ticket agents, or Mr. Thomas E. Watt, District Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, July 14-21.

"Our customers say you manufacture three of the best remedies on earth," said the mercantile firm of Haas, Harris, Brim & McClain, of Dawson, Ga., in a recent letter to the Chamberlain Medicine Co.—This is Pain Balm is the finest preparation in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, lame back, quinsy, sore throat, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, pains and swellings. A 25 cent bottle of this liniment in the house, will save a great deal of suffering. For sale by S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; J. H. Ross, Linden Hall, and H. F. Rossmann, Spring Mills.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Callings of More than Ordinary Interest from Everywhere.

"Remember the Maine!"
Another fleet of Spain,
Has been sunk again.
The deed, 'twas foul,
Fitting the Castilian ghoul,
Up went the howl—
"Remember the Maine!"

In harbor of Manila,
Stern lesson was given;
Again at Santiago taught,
Ne'er will the Maine be forgot.

Centre Hall had a quiet Fourth, save the fire cracker racket.

The hay crop was housed in finest condition and lots of it. Chester A. Olds, of State College, was granted a pension, \$6.

The Sunday schools of this town intend having a union picnic.

Potatoes are suffering for want of rain, corn doing well enough yet.

What farmer can report to us the largest yield of wheat to the acre?

Some one reports wheat crop greatly damaged by rust in Buffalo valley.

Leonard Messmer, of Penn Hall, has been granted a pension, \$10.

The weevil and fly have not seriously hurt the wheat crop in this county.

Rev. Rearick's appointment for next Sunday at Centre Hall has been re-called.

The streams are getting low, not having had any heavy rains in the past three weeks.

Rev. Dr. E. A. Gobbie, will also be present at the Dedication of the U. E. church, next Sunday.

Pasture is getting short for want of rain, with prospect from present cloudiness, for moisture.

The last few days of June and the first week of July were warm enough to set the fans a-going.

The Centre Hall boys, out to fight the Spaniards, are all well. Same are the rest of Centre county boys.

By remitting dues on Reporter you will favor us and at the same time place your names in the roll of honor.

The tram road through Little Poe valley has been overhauled preparatory to resuming lumber operations in that district.

It is a strange coincidence that both Cervera's fleet at Santiago and Montejos's at Manila should have been destroyed on Sunday.

The wheat has been mostly hauled in in good condition; a few days yet of favorable weather, will see it all safe in barns and stacks.

On Friday night last a party of seven Coburn fishermen set 600 hooks in Penns creek in the vicinity of Paddy mountain and caught over 100 eels.

A Spanish sympathizer at Millhall, who proposed three cheers for Spain at a flag raising a short time ago, was captured afterward and treated to a coat of tar and feathers.

Up to the present time the American navy has destroyed twenty-five Spanish fighting vessels with the loss of but one man on our vessels. Nothing in history like it.

The trout season ending to-day, we rise to announce that the preachers of Centre Hall caught more speckled beauties than those of any other town four times its size—we will wager a 16 inch sucker and a 24 inch eel on that.

Fake stories, for summer use, about horses and plows breaking through the earth and tumbling into immense caves, and the inevitable snake stories, have been hung away in the garrets to give the right-of-way to Spanish war news.

Mr. George Kennan's "Story of the War," now appearing in The Outlook, is constantly growing in interest. One of his latest letters takes up the subject of the management of the Florida camps and the starting of the Shafter expedition.

Some displeasure is expressed over the fact that for lack of judgment upwards of three-fourths of a mile of utterly useless ditching has been done on the boro' water plant. This waste of big money should not be put on the tax payers but on the mis-managers.

The new Garman House, at Tyrone, by Al Garman, late of Bellefonte, has come to the front as one of the best hotels in Tyrone, being up to the times in table, parlors, sleeping rooms, new furniture, and remodeled all over, with obliging servants, and Al himself, always on hand. All Centre county travel goes to the Garman hotel and leaves delighted.

"I think De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve is the finest preparation on the market for piles." So writes John C. Dunn, of Wheeling, W. Va. Try it and you will think the same. It also cures eczema and all skin diseases. For sale by Smith & Crawford.