



## TUESDAY'S ELECTION

### THE REPUBLICANS CARRY THE COUNTY BY A LIGHT VOTE.

The Democrats Elect the Co. Surveyor, While the Republican Treasurer gets a Majority.

The election passed off very quietly in the county on Tuesday, and little or no interest was manifested by either party. A light vote was polled in all districts, owing partly to the heavy rain which fell all day.

The county gave a Republican majority for the state ticket. This can be accounted for by the light vote and the Prohibition candidate Dr. Swallow, who receives the greater part of his support from the Democrats while the Republicans stood by their ticket.

The vote in the county as near as can be estimated at this time is as follows:

State Treasurer—Beacom, R., 2205, Brown, D., 2108, Swallow, P., 1468, Thompson, I., 12; Beacom's majority 97.

Auditor General—McCauley 2576, Ritter 2517, Lathrop 659; McCauley's majority 59.

Jury Commissioner—Williams 2597, Hoy 2538, Dale 604; Williams' majority 59.

County Surveyor—Cleaver 2606, Wetzel 2650; Wetzel's majority 44.

In the state Dr. Swallow carried ten counties, and in nine others he leads the Democratic ticket. Every one was surprised at the strength of the Prohibition candidate.

In Centre Hall the vote of Dr. Swallow was a surprise. His vote exceeded even the anticipations of his admirers.

For State Treasurer—Beacom, R., 23; Brown, D., 62; Swallow, P., 26.

Auditor General—McCauley, R., 26; Ritter, D., 67; Lathrop, P., 7.

Jury Commissioner—Williams, R., 26; Hoy, D., 69; Dale, P., 5.

County Surveyor—Cleaver, R., 27; Wetzel, D., 70.

## PENNSYLVANIA.

The Republicans carry this state by 150,000. There are Republican losses and Democratic gains in many parts of the state.

Swallow has a surprising vote in the state and carried Harrisburg by 323 majority, and his vote in the state is estimated will exceed 125,000.

In Philadelphia Swallow has about 12,000 votes. The Republicans carry the city by about 75,000 plurality.

It is claimed Swallow has carried Dauphin county. Snyder estimated 1200 Republican. Chester estimated 5000 Republican. Delaware estimated 4,400 Repub.

York 2,500 Democratic with large gains in city and county.

Lehigh 1600 Democratic.

Union 400 Republican.

Tioga 2,700 Rep., Dem. gain 1032.

Monroe, 1200 Democratic.

Schuylkill has gone largely Democratic.

Columbia 1500 Democratic.

Lancaster about 5000 Repub. Swallow's vote about 2500.

Lycoming 500 majority for Swallow.

Greene 1200 Democratic.

Erie 1700 Repub., Dem. gain 1588.

Montgomery Rep. plurality 2000.

Franklin Rep. plurality 800.

Blair gives Swallow 1300 plurality.

Clearfield probably carried by Swallow. Rep. county ticket elected.

Huntingdon Swallow 200 majority.

## OHIO O. K.

Indications are that boss Hanna loses in Ohio and won't be elected U. S. Senator. Bushnell, Rep., is probably elected governor. A heavy vote was polled and big Democratic gains are reported from all parts of the state.

The Democrats claim the election of the state ticket by 10,000 and a majority of the legislature on joint ballot, which means the defeat of Hanna.

## IN OTHER STATES.

In Rhode Island the Democrats were victorious in Providence, Newport, and Central Falls.

Kentucky has elected Weaver, Democrat, over Todd, Rep., for governor.

Maryland has come back to the Democracy again, and insist they have carried the legislature which will be a victory for Goran for U. S. Senator.

The Republicans have carried Massachusetts by a reduced majority.

Virginia has gone Democratic, but the vote in the state was light.

## NEW YORK.

Van Wyck, Tammany Democrat, carries Greater New York by a plurality of near 100,000.

The indications are that Van Wyck received 210,000; Low, 145,000; Tracy, 100,000; and George, 15,000.

Parker, Democrat, for Chief Justice, has carried the state, the Democrats having made gains throughout the state.

### Interesting Point of Law for Justices.

Recently Magistrate John A. Seiders of Chambersburg, brought suit against the county commissioners to recover fees in a summary case, where the defendant had gone to jail for costs. The commissioners, upon advice of the County Solicitor, refused to pay the bill, and the appeal to Court was taken out as a case stated. The other day Judge Stewart filed his opinion, deciding in favor of the commissioners.

The case stated by Magistrate Seiders is one that affects all the Magistrates and constables in the State. According to the interpretation of the law here made in all cases of summary conviction, for drunkenness, disorderly conduct, penalties under game laws, trespass and similar offenses, where the parties are found guilty and sent to jail for non-payment of fine and costs, the county is not liable for the costs, and the Magistrate and constables get nothing for their work. The fees and expenses in such cases have been paid for years and are yet paid in most counties of the State.

### The Oldest Living Twin Sisters.

Centre county may lay claim to having the oldest living twin sisters in Pennsylvania, and, perhaps, in the country. They are nearly five years older than Mrs. H. H. Johnson, of Omaha, Neb., and her twin sister, Mrs. David Noggle, of Janesville, Wis. in whose behalf the latter claim was made. The Centre county twins are Mrs. Lydia Young, of Woodward, and Mrs. Sarah Rhone, of Centre Hall, who were born at Coburn, also in Centre county, on January 28, 1810. Both are enjoying excellent health, and are as active as most women at 50. Mrs. Rhone is the mother of Leonard Rhone, of near Centre Hall, with whom she resides. Mrs. Young lives with her daughter at Woodward. Their claim to be the oldest twin sisters in the country is not vitiated by the fact that Alexander Wells, of Wellsville, O., and his twin sister, Rachel Stephens, of Nevada, O., are in their 90th year. The Centre county twin sisters can also claim to be the oldest twins of any kind in Pennsylvania.

### Farmer Buck Wins \$260.

A brace of bunco operators took farmer David Buck into their confidence one day last week, on a pretense of buying a farm, and engaged him in a game with three cards, at which they permitted him to win \$260. Buck is a reader of the New York newspapers, and remembers some things he reads. He suggested to his friends a visit to the farm where they could inspect it, and where he also could get his tank book. The invitation was accepted and when he reached the house with the \$260 in his clothing he procured a double barreled shot gun and covered the two strangers. He gave them five minutes to leave the place. They went. Buck thought the money was counterfeit. At the Wellsboro National Bank it was pronounced good.

### Must Eat All You Shoot.

Hunters will do well to bear in mind that they are not "pot hunters," and that they cannot dispose of any surplus that they have. Therefore when you shoot all your family can consume—quit. The game season opened, as heretofore stated, for all game except rabbits, elk and deer. As many persons labor under the mistaken impression that they can sell game to the consumers, it will be well to disabuse them of that notion. No game can be sold within the state and no game taken out of the state under any pretext whatever.

### Don't Want it to Happen Again.

An exchange tells the following: A lady died and while the pall bearers were conveying her to her last resting place, by some mishap they stumbled and dropped the corpse. The concussion brought the deceased back to life, and she lived six or seven years and died again. On the way to the grave they passed over the same ground, and when the pallbearers reached the identical spot where the stumble had been made at the previous sad service, the grief stricken husband stopped in front of his lamented wife and said: "Steady boys, steady."

### Property Sold.

The house and lot of Adam Thomas, in this place, was purchased by Dr. Cluney Radcliff, of Philadelphia, for \$1300. We are informed our worthy townsman, Shannon Boal, will be the occupant next spring.

### Death in Miles Twp.

Franklin Hubler, living about one mile west of Rebersburg, died on Sunday last, after an illness of several weeks. His age was about 32 years. A widow survives him.

### New Neckwear in Puffs, Ascots,

4-in-Hand, Tecks, Bows, and Oxford Ties at 25 and 50 cents—Montgomery & Co., Bellefonte.

## WEATHER FORECASTS.

What Foster Predicts for the Month of November.

My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm wave to cross the country from October 30th to November 3d and the next will reach the Pacific coast about November 4th, cross the west of Rockies country by close of 5th, great central valleys 6th to 8th and eastern states 9th.

A warm wave will cross the west of Rockies country about November 4th, great central valleys 6th, and eastern states 8th. A cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about November 7th, great central valley 9th, and eastern states 11th.

For the week ending November 5th temperature of the northern states will average about normal, beginning with low and ending with high temperatures. For the same week temperature of the southern states will average above normal.

For the week ending November 6th dry weather will prevail in the northern states and heavy rains in the southern states.

A cold wave will enter the upper Missouri valley about November 4th and will pass into the southern states causing frosts in the cotton belt. The temperature will go lower at Memphis than at Chicago.

The third storm wave of November will reach the Pacific coast about the 10th, cross the west of Rockies country by close of 11th, great central valleys 12th to 14th, eastern states 15th.

The warm wave of this storm wave will cross the west of Rockies country about the 10th, great central valleys 12th, and eastern states 14th. A cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about 13th, great central valleys 15th and eastern states 17.

November will be a cold month east of the Rockies, warm on the Pacific slope. In the lower Mississippi valley the southern states east of the Mississippi and in the New England states, temperature of the month will average about normal. In the Ohio valley, about the great lakes, in the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys, in western Texas and the arid countries east of the Rockies, the temperature will average below normal.

The rainfall of November will be below normal in the northern states, about normal in the southern states and on the Pacific slope. The least rain will occur in the New England states and in the country inclosed by a line running from St. Louis by way of St. Paul, Duluth, Lansing, Columbus, Portsmouth, Cincinnati and back to St. Louis.

In the southern states the temperature will reach its highest point not many days from November 4th, and then fall to its lowest point about 17th. Near 21st or 22d the temperature will reach another high average and then go down until about December 4th to 5th.

In the northern states the temperature will rapidly rise from November 1st to about 7th. A cold wave will come from 8th to 12th, followed by rising temperatures.

Here comes in a notable weather event. In the northern states very warm weather will prevail not many days from November 21st and this hot wave will be followed by a great cold wave not far from 24th.

This cold wave will affect all the countries of North America east of the Rockies, but will be much more severe and damaging in the northern than in the southern states.

### Winter Excursion Tickets on the P. R. R.

On November 1 the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will place on sale at its principal ticket offices excursion tickets to all prominent winter resorts in New Jersey, Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Cuba. The tickets will be sold at the usual low rates, with the usual liberal return limits.

The magnificent facilities of the Pennsylvania Railroad, with its many connections, make this the favorite line for winter travel.

An illustrated book, descriptive of winter resorts, and giving routes of travel and rates for tickets, will be furnished free on application to ticket agents. nov-2t

### Bullets for a Preacher.

When Rev. Gilham, of the Christian Church, preached a sermon at Mintonville, in which he affirmed there is no devil, the congregation took offense. When the preacher attempted to speak again he was ejected from the church, and about twenty pistol shots were fired after him.

This proves the fact that the preacher was wrong for there were devils in the crowd to fire the shots.

The largest assortment of Fall clothing ever received in this county are on display at the Philad. Branch, Bellefonte. The price is as low as the stock stage. Satisfaction always guaranteed on every sale.

## WASHINGTON LETTER.

### A GOLD BOND SCHEME FOR CONGRESS.

A Scheme of Financing Which the Administration Will Try to Put Through.—The Tariff Affects Mexican Trade.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Secretary Gage now owns up to the gold bond scheme, which so many Republicans took the trouble to deny when it was publicly stated a short time ago that it would form the foundation of the administration's attempt to secure financial legislation from Congress at the coming session. Mr. Gage's statement to the Cabinet has been made public, probably with the hope that it will meet favor with the people to a sufficient extent to influence Senators who are naturally opposed to such a scheme which, for bamboozling purposes, Mr. Gage calls anti-radical in character. This country fought the greatest war of modern times without finding it necessary to issue a single gold bond, increasing prosperity, the administration will ask Congress to authorize the issue of a sufficient quantity of gold bonds to refund the entire bonded indebtedness of the country and to add a hundred or two million to the gold reserve fund. Some of the arguments advanced in favor of the change are little short of ludicrous. For instance, when Mr. Gage says that making our entire bonded indebtedness payable in gold "would strengthen and confirm the public credit and put us in a position to command the markets of the world for our securities on the most advantageous terms." Every school boy knows that we already occupy that position; that the securities of no country on earth are in greater demand all over the world than those of the United States.

Mr. Gage repeats the Cleveland-Carlisle recommendation that the greenbacks and Treasury Notes be retired, and offers as a substitute the probable increase of National Bank notes that would follow the adoption of his recommendation to allow National Banks to be established with a capital of \$25,000 in towns of less than 2,000 inhabitants and to allow all National banks to issue notes to the par value of the bonds they have deposited with the government to secure their circulation. Taken all in all, the financial recommendations of the present administration bear a close resemblance to those of the Cleveland-Carlisle regime, and the following words written by Mr. Gage, after telling about how prosperous the country is now on account of bountiful crops, etc., indicate that the administration might even follow Mr. Cleveland's example in giving the country a financial object lesson to impress its views upon Congress: "Unfortunately these good conditions cannot be assured to us. Commerce and industry, sensitive to all unfavorable events, and watchful with anxiety against dangers as yet unseen, need for their full rehabilitation from past reverses and depressions, a renewed confidence that the government finances are to be firmly placed on stronger and more enduring foundations than now exist." In other words, the establishment of the single gold standard by law, instead of by the will of an administration, as at present, is demanded. The difference between demanding and getting from Congress will soon be apparent from the administration.

How the Dingley tariff law acts to reduce our trade with Mexico—trade which naturally belongs to us, is shown by the following remarks of Mr. E. L. Stillson, now in Washington, who has been in Mexico for fifteen years, as manager of a Philadelphia silver mining company: "This country, I think, is not pursuing exactly the right policy in its relations to Mexico. We ought, by right of contiguity to have almost a monopoly of the trade of the sister republic. Everybody knows that instead of buying the bulk of its imports from the United States that Mexico prefers to get them from France and Germany. The reason for this is that we have put a high tariff on Mexican products, and as the Diaz government thinks it proper to get back at us by levying a stiff duty on American wares. The goods of France and other foreign countries are not so heavily taxed, and therefore crowd Yankee products out of the market. As long as we levy such high tribute against them, we may expect to see their trade almost monopolized by trans-Atlantic countries."

Notwithstanding the jollying that Attorney General McKenna has been publicly giving himself for his work in helping the Huntington syndicate make sure of getting the Union Pacific Railroad at a price admitted to be many millions below the actual value of the property, he is said to fear that it may keep him out of that coveted seat on the bench of the U. S. Su-

preme court, to which he will be nominated in a few weeks. He knows that there are a number of Senators who are thoroughly posted on this whole U. P. business, and he has a dread lest they should see fit to either hold up or defeat his nomination to succeed Justice Field, as a punishment for his connection with the deal.

### How an Illinois Man Obtained a Big Yield of Corn.

To grow 160 bushels of corn on an acre should require good land. Mr. E. S. Fursman, El Paso, Ill., who received the premium at the Illinois State Fair this year, states that the land was common prairie soil, which had been seeded to clover in 1894, remained in pasture during 1895, given a good dressing of stable manure that summer, and grew a crop of corn in 1896. The plot consisted of ten acres, one acre producing 160 bushels and the other nine acres 95 bushels each. The land was plowed last May five inches deep, and planted May 12 with a common two-horse planter, and check-rowed 3 1/2 by 3 feet dropping three kernels to the hill. The planter was followed with a heavy smoother, or clod crusher. When the corn on the acre was up he planted, by hand, between the hills two kernels 8 inches apart and 16 inches from the hills. When the plants were 5 inches high they were worked with a hoe, and all thinned to two stalks to the hill. The land was cultivated between the rows May 28 and June 10, the latter not so deep, always smoothing after cultivating. He ascribes success to planting two different varieties of corn at different times, which prolonged pollination, deep cultivation, shallow surface cultivation later so as not to disturb the roots, and keeping the soil clear of grass and weeds at all times.

### Personally-Conducted Tours via P. R. R.

The Personally-Conducted Tourist System of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is the highest perfection yet attained in railway travel; it affords all the comforts and conveniences of modern railway equipment, and at the same time eliminates all anxiety and annoyance inseparably connected with individual travel.

For the season of '97 and '98 it has arranged for the following tours:

California.—Four tours, leaving New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh January 8, January 27, February 16, and March 19. With the exception of the first party going and the last returning, all of these parties will travel by the "Golden Gate Special" between New York and California, stopping at interesting points en route.

Florida.—Four tours to Jacksonville will leave New York and Philadelphia January 26, February 8 and 22, and March 8. The first three admit of a sojourn of three weeks in the "Flower State." Tickets for the fourth tour will be good to return by regular trains until May 31, 1898.

Tickets for the above tours will be sold from all principal stations on the Pennsylvania railroad.

For detailed itineraries, giving rates and full information, address Thos. E. Walt, Passenger Agent Western District, Pittsburg, Pa.; E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, Williamsport, Pa.; or Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia. nov-4-2t

The three-year-old boy of J. A. Johnson, of Lynn Center, Ill., is subject to attacks of croup. Mr. Johnson says he is satisfied that the timely use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, during a severe attack, saved his little boy's life. He is in the drug business, a member of the firm of Johnson Bros., of that place; and they handle a great many patent medicines for throat and lung diseases. He had all these to choose from, and skilled physicians ready to respond to his call, but selected this remedy for use in his own family at a time when his child's life was in danger, because he knew it to be superior to any other, and famous the country over for its cures of croup.

Mr. Johnson says this is the best selling cough medicine they handle, and that it gives splendid satisfaction in all cases. Sold by J. H. Ross, Linden Hall; S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville; Wm. Pealer, Spring Mills, and R. E. Bartholomew, Centre Hall.

### The Trouble Over.

A prominent man in town said the other day: "My wife has been wearing out her life from the effects of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Indigestion. Her case baffled the skill of our best physicians. After using three packages of Bacon's Colery King for the Nerves she is almost entirely well." Keep your blood in a healthy condition by the use of this great vegetable compound. Call at G. H. Long's, Spring Mills, sole agent, and get a trial bottle free. Large sizes 50c. and 25c.

Subscribe for the REPORTER.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

Callings of More than Ordinary Interests from Everywhere.

To-day was bright and lovely. John D. Snaveley's sale last Saturday was largely attended.

Raw weather set in Friday morning, 29, up to which time it was lovely.

The work for the foundation wall for the new grange hall was begun to-day.

Wanted at this office, on subscription, two hindquarters of beef, this fall or in winter. Report soon.

Before the next census is taken Centre Hall will rank as the third town in size in our county.

The Valentine iron works, we are sorry to learn, will not resume operations until next spring.

The November elections being over the next trouble will over the holidays with a campaign for the youngsters.

There is still considerable corn to husk. Samuel Runkle raised 500 bushels from five acres a little east of town.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Slick take this method of extending thanks to friends for their sympathy and assistance in the accidental death of their little son.

George Michael, of near this place, took 535 bushels of corn off of five acres, which puts him up head until another farmer makes a better report.

A wet spell set in early on Monday morning, raining all day. All were glad as it helped cisterns and the low streams.

The Christian Endeavor entertainment last Friday evening was well patronized, and the society cleared over \$10.

Tuesday's elections resulted in Democratic victories and gains everywhere including the sweep in New York and Ohio. The Democratic party never dies.

From present indications the town will not have a fourth school. The directors have not taken any definite action for several weeks and the matter will likely remain as it now stands.

Rev. Edw. Houshor, pastor of the Bellefonte Lutheran church for over nine years, has accepted a call from the Lutheran church at Hellam, Pa., and is said will leave Bellefonte this week.

Halloween, last Saturday night, for the first time in twenty-five years, passed off in our town without turning things upside down or blockading premises. Save the innocent shelled corn racket against the windows by the boys, there was no mischief. So mote it ever be.

### Pennsylvania Day at Chickamauga Battlefield, November 15.

Reduced Rates to Chattanooga, via Pennsylvania Railroad.—For Pennsylvania Day at Chickamauga Battlefield, Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 15, 1897, when the monuments marking the movements of Pennsylvania troops in that great battle will be dedicated, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all points on its line in Pennsylvania at the extremely low rate of one cent a mile, short-line distance, tickets to be sold November 9 to 13, good to leave Chattanooga returning until November 23, 1897, inclusive.

Tickets via Pittsburg will be sold going and returning via same route, or going via Cincinnati and Lexington, returning via Nashville and Louisville, or vice versa. 2t

New Cashier Chosen. Cashier John Harris, of the First National Bank of Bellefonte, has been tendered and accepted the position as cashier of the banking firm of Jackson, Hastings & Co. This vacancy was caused by the death of George W. Jackson, the senior member of the firm. Mr. Harris will assume the duties of his new post on January 1, 1898. No appointment has as yet been made to fill the vacancy in the First National Bank.

Marriage Licenses. The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week: Charles F. Lucas and Grace Quick, both of Boggs township.

Frank L. Emrick, Nittany, and Dora B. Shope, Boggs township.

"The worst cold I ever had in my life was cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes W. H. Norton, of Sutter Creek, Cal. "This cold left me with a cough and I was expectorating all the time. The Remedy cured me, and I want all of my friends when troubled with a cough or cold to use it, for it will do them good." Sold by J. H. Ross, Linden Hall; S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville; Wm. Pealer, Spring Mills, and R. E. Bartholomew, Centre Hall.

When you want a suit to fit, of good quality and at a low figure, there is but one store in Bellefonte that can touch all these points. Lewins, at the Philad. Branch is the place.