



COURT MELANGE

A GIST OF CASES BROUGHT OUT OF THE JUDICIAL MILL.

The Court is Cleaning Up the Docket and Getting the Work Shoved Out.—What has been Done.

WEDNESDAY FORENOON.

Benjamin Breen vs. George Sheehey; This suit is brought to recover on a contract to peel bark and cut logs in Gregg township; verdict for plaintiff \$74.75.

Com. vs. Albert Page and Frank Snyder, indicted for larceny, prosecutor Jere Brumgart. This prosecution is for the larceny of a harness, two horse blankets and a whip. Frank Snyder has not been arrested, but Page plead guilty to the charge.

Petitions and motions by different members of the bar.

Com. vs. W. A. Cross, indicted for perjury; prosecutor George Gates. The defendant, and a man by the name of Clabby, made application to the Land Office at Harrisburg, for one hundred acres of improved land in Halfmoon township, which said application covered part of Mr. Gates farm. After hearing the evidence, the Court directed the jury to find the defendant not guilty, but submitted the question of costs; verdict not guilty, and the defendant to pay one-half of the costs, and the prosecutor, Geo. Gates, the other half.

Com. vs. Henry Hollabaugh, indicted; first count, assault and battery; second count taking minor for the purpose of prostitution; prosecutor Wm. Gares. When the case was called, the court at the suggestion of the District Attorney ordered all children under the age of sixteen and ladies that were not witnesses, out of the court room. After the opening of the case to the jury, by the District Attorney the defendant changed his plea from not guilty, to that of guilty.

Com. vs. Robert Watkins, indicted for larceny; prosecutor Rose Einshelber. This prosecution is brought for stealing one chicken, and which the defendant alleges he bought from the prosecutor; after hearing the evidence the court directed the jury to find the defendant not guilty, which was accordingly done.

Com. vs. Lite Tate, indicted for furnishing liquor to persons of known intemperate habits; prosecutor Wm. Lee. The defendant furnished about two quarts of beer to Mrs. Jane Lee, a woman of known intemperate habits, in Bellefonte, whereupon her husband brought this prosecution; verdict guilty.

The grand jury concluded their labors about five o'clock and were discharged.

At six o'clock all the jurors drawn for this week were discharged, save the jury empaneled in the case of Salm vs. the R. R. Co.

THURSDAY MORNING.

Dr. M. Salm vs. Pennsylvania R. R. Co.; the plaintiff who is a specialist in chronic ailments, and visits Bellefonte at stated periods to meet his patients in this community, brings this action against the Railroad Co., for damages by reason of having mislent his baggage and thus causing delay. After hearing the plaintiff's testimony the action not having been brought properly.

Court adjourned at ten o'clock until Friday morning.

Other civil cases on this week's list and not heretofore mentioned, are as follows:

Wm. Freise vs. J. A. Seligman & Co.; continued.

Jacob Houser vs. Wm. Eckley; settled.

Wm. Bruss vs. Daniel Hall; settled.

FRIDAY MORNING.

Harry Maher, convicted of assault and battery on Murrilla and Mary Weaver, sentenced to pay a fine of \$25 and the costs of prosecution.

Henry Hollabaugh, who plead guilty to taking minor for the purpose of prostitution, sentenced to pay a fine of \$1.00 costs of prosecution, and undergo imprisonment in the penitentiary for a period of one year and five months.

Life Tate, convicted of furnishing liquor to a person of intemperate habits, sentenced to pay a fine of \$50, cost of prosecution, and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period of ninety days.

Com. vs. Morgan Thomas, charge desertion, prosecutrix Martha Thomas; this case was heard by the court without a jury. The court found the defendant guilty and sentenced him to pay the costs of prosecution and to carry out the decree of maintenance filed by the court.

Other commonwealth cases entered to these sessions were as follows: Com. vs. Philip J. Zindel, charge betrayal, prosecutrix Mary Oswald; defendant plead guilty and received the usual

sentence in such cases.

Com. vs. Mary Oswalt, charge carrying concealed deadly weapons, prosecutor Philip Zindel; bill ignored and the prosecutor to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Augustus Armor, charge betrayal, prosecutrix Emma Yerger; settled.

Com. vs. Charles Holtzapple, and Mrs. Holtzapple, and Mrs. E. Sharp, charge keeping a disorderly house, prosecutrix Belle Bathurst. Bill ignored and the county to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Robert Sheffer, charge betrayal, prosecutrix, Anna Haupt. True bill.

Com. vs. Samuel Lucas, charge betrayal, prosecutrix Blanche M. Miller. True bill.

Com. vs. Elmer D. Hoover, charge furnish liquor to minors, prosecutor J. B. Kern; bill ignored and the prosecutor to pay the costs.

Com. vs. W. H. Walker; charge betrayal; prosecutrix Nora B. Graden; settled.

Com. vs. Charles Daywalt, charge betrayal, prosecutrix Martha Parsons; Recognizance renewed.

Com. vs. Henry Bowses charge betrayal, prosecutrix Abbie L. Switzer; true bill.

Com. vs. Wm. Etters, charge betrayal; prosecutrix Jennie Smith; defendant not found.

MONDAY MORNING.

Court called on Monday morning at nine o'clock. List of jurors called and absentees noted. Hearing petitions and motions. Court adjourned at ten o'clock until two o'clock in the afternoon.

The following cases on this week's list were disposed of as follows: S. Morris Wain and Howard Conrow, administrators of etc., of Thornton Conrow, deceased, now for the use of John M. Dale, trustees vs. John Ardell, with notice to Mary J. Ardell and all other terre tenants; continued.

Calvin Pardee, Mrs. Alice P. Earl and James M. Earl, her husband; Mrs. Kate S. Pardee, and Frank Pardee her husband; Israel P. Pardee; Mrs. Annie P. Allison, and L. S. Allison, her husband; Mrs. Bessie P. Van Winkle, and A. L. Van Winkle her husband. Barton Pardee; Frank Pardee; Edith Pardee, and Gertrude Pardee, heirs and legal representatives of Oris Pardee, deceased, vs. Nathan Haugn; plea trespass; continued under terms of settlement.

James Auman vs. the Central R. R. Co. of Pa. continued.

Michael Hague and Charles R. Daunhower, trading as Hague & Co. vs. P. F. Keichline, with clause of scire facias to John M. Keichline executor of etc., of Peter Keichline, deceased; non-suit.

Robert W. Sinclair vs. P. F. Keichline, with clause of scire facias to John M. Keichline, executor of etc., of Peter Keichline, deceased; non-suit.

George E. French vs. D. M. Bilger, Wm. Bilger, Chas. Bilger, Alport Bilger, Mrs. E. C. Labord, Mrs. C. J. Calhoun, Mrs. T. C. Parker, Mrs. Irene M. Dermott, Mrs. A. G. Anderson, and Mrs. Georgiana Parker; continued.

John I. Thompson vs. the Graysdale Mining Co.; dis-continued.

Rachael A. Thomas vs. the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association; settled.

Thomas Merryman vs. Sanford Newman; settled.

W. P. Duncan & Co. use of Jenkins & Lingle vs. Austin Curtin, administrator of etc., of Constans Curtin, deceased, garnishee; non-suit as to the garnishee.

W. P. Duncan & Co., use of Jenkins & Lingle vs. John I. Curtin, administrator of etc., of Constans Curtin, garnishee; non-suit as to the garnishee.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania ex relatione, use of J. P. Gephart, now for the use of John W. Cooke, vs. Jno. I. Curtin and A. G. Curtin, Jr., defendants, and Harry R. Curtin, administrator of etc., of Constans Curtin; garnishee; non-suit as to the garnishee.

P. B. Crider and F. W. Crider, partners, trading under the firm name of P. B. Crider & Son vs. James I. Curtin, defendant, and Harry R. Curtin, administrator of etc., Constans Curtin, garnishee; non-suit as to the garnishee.

John A. Mann vs. George Deitz, Robert J. Mann and James R. Fye; continued.

John T. Fowler vs. Eve Sharret; continued.

Bridget Canavan, by her next friend Andrew Campbell vs. Michael Canavan; continued.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

Robert E. Marshall, superintendent of the Altoona division of the Penn'a railroad, committed suicide at the residence of his brother in Washington, by firing a pistol ball into his brain.

Ill health and a combination of other circumstances were the cause of the act.

President Cleveland has purchased a home at Princeton, N. J., where he will reside when he leaves the Whitehouse.

Wm. Steinway, the famous pianomaker and Democrat, died in New York a few days ago.

REFORMED DAY

IMPRESSIVE SERVICES IN THE NEW REFORMED EDIFICE.

Subscriptions Exceed the Indebtedness by Several Hundred Dollars.—Description of the Beautiful Building.

The new Reformed church was dedicated last Sunday with impressive ceremonies, and to the delight and great satisfaction of the pastor and congregation, the subscriptions exceeded the amount of indebtedness.

The weather the day before was bad, rain falling all day Saturday with indications of a very bad day for Sunday. The morning opened up bright and clear, with a sharp clear air, which predicted many visitors from other parts.

Long before the time for the services the main audience room began to fill, and by ten o'clock the seating capacity was taxed to its utmost. All available space was utilized, and the building could have accommodated very few more.

The new sexton, Lyman Smith, with a competent corps of ushers, handled the crowd satisfactorily and had everybody supplied with a seat.

The services were opened by the choir rendering an anthem. The music was very good and well rendered. Miss Mame Kreamer as organist, ably filled her part. The anthem was followed by Rev. Eisenberg in a short prayer. Rev. Dr. Bowman, of the Theological Seminary then read a chapter from the scriptures, which was followed by a hymn by the choir and congregation.

No outline can do justice to the sermon by Rev. J. C. Bowman, D. D., of the Seminary at Lancaster, Pa., on 1st Chron. 22:5. "The house that is to be builded for the Lord must be exceeding magnificent, of fame and of glory throughout all countries." It was full of chaste thought beautifully expressed. His brief description of the temple, its beauty and grandeur vieing with heathen temples, of its glory and fame, led him to speak of reasons for such magnificence. It was to be the Lord's house. So also with temples now. Not apostolic days when the church had no protection from the state, but God's revelation is our guide. God's temple must be in keeping with the privileges and blessings we enjoy. These temples are ornaments of the places in which they are erected. God asks of us the best and noblest we can give him.

When Dr. Bowman had finished his remarks, Rev. Eisenberg made a statement regarding the building of the new edifice. The matter of a new church had been considered for several years before the project assumed a substantial form. The question of repairing the old building and the erection of a new one, was quickly decided by the congregation in favor of a new edifice. The Ladies' Aid Society had been collecting money for years for just such a purpose, and had purchased two lots upon which such a building should be erected. About two years ago a committee was appointed to decide upon a design and the project was under way.

The building proper, not including furniture and fittings had cost \$5,500, and with the furnishings the whole cost was \$7,500. Of this amount \$5,000 had been provided, there remaining on the morning of the dedication an indebtedness of about \$2,500. This amount Rev. Eisenberg proposed to raise from the audience that morning.

A canvass was carefully made of the audience and after about two hours solid work the necessary funds and more too, were subscribed. The amounts ranged from \$300 down, and the total footed up nearly \$2,900. Then the dedication services were begun. It was now about one o'clock, and the audience was held as short a time as possible.

In the afternoon a short service was held for the Sunday school, which was well attended. Dr. Bowman delivered an address to a most attentive audience.

In the evening a sermon was delivered by Dr. Bowman. The main room was filled and the Sunday school room was partly filled with the overflow.

The building is of brownstone quarried from our mountains above town. This stone is used entirely on the exterior and the effect is most pleasing.

The frescoing of the interior is in water colors with lines of gold. The whole is in perfect harmony with the exterior.

In the main audience room there are two large stained glass windows. The windows are memorials and were presented to the congregation. The designs are elaborate, the colorings rich and in harmony with the decorations of the church.

The main window, facing the street, in the audience room, is a memorial to

Rev. Peter S. Fisher, the first pastor and organizer of this congregation. The window is a present from his son, Gen. B. F. Fisher, of Philadelphia. It is a most beautiful window, the scene representing a good shepherd, surrounded by his flock of sheep. This scene is surrounded at the top by three emblematic panels, bearing the inscriptions, "I. H. S.," "Alpha" and "Omega." On one side of the shepherd scene is a panel with a baptismal font with hovering dove, and on the other side a communion cup and plate with grapes and wheat. At the bottom of the window is the inscription, "In memory of Peter S. Fisher, organizer and first Pastor of Trinity Reformed church."

The window facing the south represents the resurrection scene. One-half the window is a memorial to John H. and Rachael Keller, by their grandchildren, and the other half in memory of Christian and Magdalene Hoffer, by their grand-children. The central scene represents the women at the empty sepulchre, the angel sitting on the tomb announcing to them that "Christ is not here." At the top of this scene are three panels, one bearing the emblem of the church, the lily among thorns, the other dove, sacrificial lamp, anchor, and cross and crown.

Facing the west, on each side of the large Fisher memorial are two small windows. These are to the memory of Henry and Elizabeth Witmer, and to Wm. Keller, by their children.

These memorials have been erected to those prominently identified with the organization of this congregation in 1853.

In the main vestibule are three windows. These are memorials to Wm. Bradford, by his children; to Mrs. Margaret B. Riter, by her children, Edward, Edith and Pearl; and to father and mother by their son, Wm. B. Mingle.

To the left of the pulpit is a window in honor of the pastors of the congregation, Rev. Peter S. Fisher, 1853-1857; Wm. H. Groh, 1857-1878; Rev. Samuel Roeder, 1878-1885; Rev. Thomas S. Land, 1885-1889; Rev. S. H. Eisenberg, 1889.

In the Sunday school room there is a large stained glass window facing the street. The two large central panels have the church emblem, the lily and thorns, while the outside panels have emblems of the first and last of the gospels, St. Matthew and St. John. These windows are memorials to Geo. and Elizabeth Harper, by their sons, Jared and Simon; and to Jacob and Rachael Arney, by their children. On the north side of Sunday school room are three windows. One a memorial to Mrs. Emma Kreamer, by her children; one a present from the Ladies' Aid Society of the church, and the other bearing the inscription, "Presented by the Sunday school in honor of our pastor, Rev. S. H. Eisenberg."

In the Sunday school room vestibule is a memorial window in memory of Mrs. Agnes Alexander.

The main room has a seating capacity of about 300. The pews are circular in form and are built of oak with quartered oak ends. The ends are of massive proportions and panelled. The floor inclines from the rear to the pulpit, and is covered with pretty figured wood colored carpet. The frescoing is in perfect harmony with the balance of the church. To the left of the pulpit is the choir box, which is enclosed with paneled hard wood.

The room is lighted from a large brass chandelier, with twelve lamps. The pulpit furniture is of an exquisite design and the most elaborate in the county. For the pulpit quartered white oak was used. It is massive and handsomely carved and adorned with scroll and pressed work. The reading desk, baptismal font, and table are of oak in the natural colors.

Connected with the church proper is the Sunday school room and infant room. These rooms can be thrown into one. The floor of the Sunday school room is raised about two feet above that of the main room, so that an unobstructed view can be had of the pulpit.

In order to have the two rooms in one when necessary, the large doors between are divided horizontally, the one half weighting the other and rising into a pocket above, when the other is shoved down into a pocket beneath the floor, thus being entirely out of the way. Comfortable oak chairs with carved backs are used for the Sunday school and primary rooms. The carpeting is the same as in the main room.

This, the crowning act of the seven years of Rev. Eisenberg's pastorate in this community, was accomplished by earnest, faithful work by pastor, committee and members. Too much praise cannot be given to this congregation for the interest they have taken in acquiring such a handsome, commodious and comfortable place of worship.

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CAPITOL NEWS

THE SENATE CHAMBER HANDSOMELY FURNISHED.

Mr. Bryan Will Attend the Conference of Silver Men to be Held in Washington After Congress Meets.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Mr. Bryan has promised to attend the conference of silver men which is to be held in Washington a few days after Congress meets and which will try to determine the attitude of the silver men in Congress not only towards legislation that is strictly financial in its nature, but also towards revenue legislation, which is indirectly financial. The result of that conference will come very near to deciding whether there will be any revenue legislation at this session, assuming that the Republicans really desire that there shall be any, which is by no means certain. The silver Senators are in a majority, and if they act together can dictate the legislation so far as the Senate is concerned, but there is a doubt as to whether the Republican silver Senators will agree to act with the silver Democrats on revenue legislation and at least one Populist Senator is also in doubt. These doubts are expected to be cleared up at the conference.

The luxury loving Senators will have no cause for complaint when they meet in the newly-done up Senate Chamber. Everything looks spick and span new and most of what is in sight is there. There are new mahogany desks for the solons and richly upholstered leather covered chairs, all of one pattern, instead of each being the selection of the Senator who occupies it. The old wood benches have been removed from the galleries and folding opera chairs put in their place, while everything is of a color harmonizing with the mahogany on the main floor and, as a wag has suggested, with the noses of several of the Senators. There is also new ventilating machinery and a fine electric lighting outfit. The House shares in the last-named improvement, but in none of the others. The Senate is willing to follow the House in appropriating money for luxuriant fittings for its chamber has not yet been elected. The average member of the House is just a little bit afraid of the effect of such fixings upon his constituents.

The reputable patent lawyers of Washington and, judging from advices received, of everywhere, are awakening to the existing necessity of doing something to stop the degradation of their profession by those who are trying to make gamblers out of inventors by luring them into paying a cash fee for entrance into a lottery competition of ideas before making their applications for U. S. patents, admitting all who pay the price, even when knowing that their idea is not patentable and that its rejection by the Patent Office would be certain. In the matter of suspending patent solicitors from practice before the Patent Office, the power of the Commissioner of Patents is limited, even in cases of wrong doing on the part of the solicitor, after an application is filed in the Patent Office, and he has no authority at all in cases in which no application is filed. It is believed that the organization of a Patent Bar, with rules of practice as stringent as those which are enforced in any court of law, would stop such practices, and until there is such the inventor will do well to be certain that his patent business is put in the hands of honorable and trustworthy lawyers.

Everybody who knows Hon. John Sherman knows that an iceberg isn't in the same class with him when he is disposed to lower the temperature around his immediate presence. Therefore it is believed in Washington that if Mark Hanna carries out his reported intention of offering Mr. Sherman a seat in McKinley's cabinet if he will agree to join in the deal to make Hanna his successor in the Senate, he will meet the coldest wave of his life. It has been understood for some time by those who are near to Mr. Sherman politically that the old man not only wants to stay in the Senate to the end of his present term, but also to be re-elected to another, and that he has already begun to pull wires to bring about his desires. If Mr. Hanna tries to bluff him by telling him that he and Gov. Bushnell and Foraker will see to it that he shall be defeated if he refuses to fall in with their plans and goes before the legislature for re-election two years hence, he may find that Mr. Sherman is somewhat of a bluffer himself. He has already made one by denying any knowledge of Hanna's intention.

There will be a circus among the Republicans when Mark Hanna comes to Washington to appoint the Chairman of the McKinley Inauguration Committee, especially if he carries out the

original plan of appointing Mr. S. W. Woodward, a gold Democrat who was a heavy contributor to the campaign fund, as he probably will. The rank and file of the local Republicans are opposed to the Chairmanship being given to Woodward or to anybody else who is not a Republican, and some of those who are not applicants for official favors will do some plain talking to Hanna if he sticks to Woodward.

CENTRE COUNTY—1810.

Abstracting a Body from the Grave—A Barn Raising Spree.

Flavel Roan, in 1810 made a visit to Centre county, of which he kept a journal: July 3d, fed at Miles', in Aaronsburg, and then went to Joseph Gilliland's. On the 4th he calls at Esquire Barber's and Woods', and attends a great entertainment at Hon. Andrew Gregg's, from whence he goes to Mrs. Eaken's. On the 5th he stopped at Mrs. Vanhorne's tavern, who he remarks as a very fashionable old lady, and then dines at James Potter's, Dr. Dobbin's being of the company. On the 6th he calls again at Barber's, took dinner with Joseph Gilliland, and riding on saw the grave where Nuby (Newby) was stolen from. Then I rode into the woods, and stripped and searched for a bug that was molesting me; stopped at Millheim and talked with the doctor about Nuby; slept with Mr. Clung at Duncan's etc. 7th, called at Minister Igen's and at Motz's.

John Newby came from Chester county; had been educated for the ministry, and was wealthy, but meeting misfortunes he came to Centre county and stopped with Joseph Gilliland, whom he had known in Chester county. Mr. Gilliland procured him a school, which he taught for some years; but intemperate habits got the better of him, and he came to Mr. Gilliland's to die. Dr. William Westhoven, then practicing in Millheim, attended him, and having for some reason a desire for a post-mortem engaged a couple of men to take up the body. After removing the body they failed to fill in the grave properly, and the robbery of the tomb was discovered. Newby's grave was in the old East Presbyterian churchyard, east of Penn Hall, and Dr. Westoven was indicted for misdemeanor and tried at August term, 1810. Daniel Kennedy, William Edmondson, Robert McClelland were witnesses. The doctor plead guilty, and was fined one dollar, with costs, and to confinement in the county jail for forty-eight hours. The excitement was so great Dr. Westoven removed into Kishacoquillas.

Newby's death from intemperance makes an anecdote Hon. Andrew Gregg was accustomed to relate, perhaps proper in the connection. Mr. Gregg and Robert Pennington were of the most powerful men physically of the valley. At a barn-raising sides were chosen, and they were put at the head of the opposing co-workers. After raising a certain barn a proposition was made for a drinking match, the whiskey as usual on such occasions being loose around, with tin cups for the thirsty. Gregg had to make choice of his party, and was looking the crowd with that intent when some one whispered, "Take Robert Pennington." Mr. Gregg was taken aback, as Mr. Pennington was a local preacher, but adopted the suggestion, and the result, he added, was "Robert drank them all drunk, and walked home at no apparent discomfort."—Linn.

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

At this time of the year a cold is very easily contracted, and if left to run its course without the aid of some reliable cough medicine is liable to result in that dread disease, pneumonia. We know of no better remedy, to cure a cough or cold than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. We have used it quite extensively and it has always given entire satisfaction.—Olagah, Ind. Ter. Chief.

This is the only remedy that is known to be a certain preventive of pneumonia. Among the many thousands who have used it for colds and la grippe, we have never yet heard of a single case having resulted in pneumonia. Persons who have weak lungs or have reason to fear an attack of pneumonia, should keep the remedy at hand. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by R. E. Bartholomew, Centre Hall, J. H. Ross, Linden Hall, S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville, and Wm. Pealer, Spring Mills.

One Way to be Happy.

Is to attend to the comfort of your family. Should one catch a slight cold or cough, call on R. E. Bartholomew, Centre Hall, and G. H. Long, Spring Mills, and get a trial bottle of Otto's Cure, the great German Remedy free. We give it away to prove that we have a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Constipation, and all diseases of the throat and Lungs. Large sizes 50c. and 25c.