

# NEAR THE POLE.

## Explorer Nansen Coming Home From a Marvelous Trip.

### PREVIOUS RECORDS BEATEN

The Plucky Norwegian Got Within Four Degrees of His Ivy Coat—Traversed an Open Polar Sea—The Pole-Hunter Turns Back.

Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, the Arctic explorer, who sailed away in June, 1893, to find the North Pole, has arrived at Franz Josef Land, Norway, on board the steamer Windward, which recently went to Franz Josef Land, to bring back the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition. This is the announcement in the "Aftenposten."

"The 'Verdens Gang,' a daily newspaper, has received the following telegram from Dr. Nansen: 'Home safe after fortunate expedition.'"

A despatch from Malmo, Sweden, says: "The newspaper 'Dagens Nyheter' has received communications from Dr. Nansen and Lieutenant N. Hottensen, from the island of Vardo, in which it is stated that they failed to reach the North Pole, but touched a point four degrees nearer than any other explorer has done."

"They abandoned their vessel, the Fram, in the autumn of 1893, and resorted to the ice.

"The steamer Windward, carrying supplies to the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition, picked them up near Franz Josef Land. They expected that the Fram would eventually drift to the east coast of Greenland."

A despatch from Vardo contradicts the story in some particulars. It says: "Dr. Nansen left the Fram March 14, 1893, in 84 degrees north longitude. He traversed the Polar Sea to a point 86 degrees 14 minutes north latitude, situated north of the New Siberian Islands."

"No land was sighted north of 82 degrees north latitude or thence to Franz Josef Land where he passed the Winter, subsisting on bear's flesh and whale's blubber."

"Dr. Nansen and his companions are in the best of health. The Fram is expected at Vardo or Bergen shortly. She stood the ice well. There were no sick persons on board when Nansen left."

Nansen had eleven men in his party. They were Captain Otto Sverdrup, ship's master; Sigurd Scott Hanssen, lieutenant in the Norwegian Navy and director of the astronomical, meteorological and magnetic observations; Henrik Blessing, surgeon and botanist; Theodore C. Jacobsen, mate; Peter Hendrikson, harpoon; Anton Amundson, chief engineer; Lars Peterson, second engineer; Hjalmar Johannessen, officer in the Norwegian Army; fireman; Bernard Nordahl, electrician; Ivan Mogstad, carpenter, and Adolf Juell, steward.

It would appear from the scanty reports that part of the crew remained in the Fram, while Nansen and one or two companions pushed on toward the Pole.

The Windward, of the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition, which has brought Dr. Nansen to land, left Vardo for Franz Josef Land June 28 to bring back the British expedition.

#### Brave Push for the Pole.

There have been numerous attempts to reach the North Pole, and for each actual voyage of exploration there have been numerous search or relief expeditions. Among the notable voyages of discovery were these, mentioned in chronological order:—

1827—Captain Parry reached latitude 82 45.

1827—Captain Ross (with the Victory), lost in ice, reached latitude 81.27.

1845—Sir John Franklin (with the Erebus and Terror), lost in the ice.

1853—Dr. Kane (Advance), reached latitude 80 35.

17—Captain Peterman (Hansen), 81 05.

1871—Captain Hall (Polaris), 82.16.

1876—Captain Nares (Alert and Discovery), 83 10.

1879—Lieutenant De Long (Jeannette), lost, 72.15.

1881—Lieutenant Greely (Proteus), 83.29.

1891—Lieutenant Peary (Kite), 83.24.

1891—Bjoring and Kalskins (Ripplé), lost in 78.43.

1893—Lieutenant Peary (Falcon), 82.34.

### LYNCHING OF ITALIANS.

The Government at Rome Urged to Demand Satisfaction.

The Popolo Romano, recalling the lynching of Italians at New Orleans in 1891 and referring to the lynching in that city of three Italians on Sunday last, urges the Italian government to call the attention of the European governments to the strange position of foreigners in America and to promote the collective action of the powers.

The Don Chicoteo says that a "repetition of the horrible events obliges the Italian government to demand satisfaction in order to prevent the authorities of other countries from tolerating attacks upon Italians."

Washington.—The attention of the Italian ambassador, Baron Fava, who is now at Bar Harbor, has been called to the lynching of three Italians at a place called Harnville, La., and in turn he has applied to the State Department for information upon the subject. His telegram has been forwarded through the department to the Governor of Louisiana, thus following the same procedure as was observed upon the occasion of the lynching of members of the Mafia in New Orleans several years ago. It is presumed that the Governor will call upon the district attorney for a report for the information of the Department of State, and thus pave the way for the payment of an indemnity, if it is demanded.

The jewel casket of the Dowager Empress of Russia is the most famous in the world, from a gem point of view. Hardly second to it is that of the Empress of Austria, whose black pearls are noted throughout Europe for their extreme beauty and rarity.

# PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

Epitome of News Gleaned From Various Parts of the State.

Michael Lundy, an honored citizen of the mining town of St. Clair, was instantly killed at Pine Forest Colliery. He was an expert miner, and while driving a breast fully four tons of coal and rock fell upon him, crushing his body into a shapeless mass. He was well known all over Schuylkill county.

John Dunleavy and James Wassar were badly burned by an explosion of gas at Packer No. 2 Colliery, at Lost Creek. They were working in a bro-st and had fired a shot, which ignited the gas. Dunleavy, it is feared, will lose the sight of both eyes, if not his life.

The two-weeks-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Elehlin, living at 1631 Northampton street, Ea ton, died of morphine poisoning. The mother and child were sick and the nurse in giving them medicine gave the morphine, which was intended for Mrs. Elehlin, to the child.

Captain John Denithorne, of Battery C of Phoenixville, has taken steps looking to the observance of "Paoli Day" September 20 come on Sunday this year, and the Captain proposes to have a monster picnic on Saturday, September 19. He will proceed there with his full battery of eighty-two men and officers with fifty-four horses, four guns and four caissons and the Phoenix Military Band. Some prominent speakers will be present and make addresses suitable to a patriotic observance of the patriotic occasion as well as of historic value. Among other features of the picnic will be a national salute of forty-five guns and a drill by battery C.

A portion of the front brick wall of a new three-story building, in course of erection on Market street, Williamsport. Frank Hall, a carpenter, was caught by the mass of brick and mortar and received probable fatal injuries. Several children and grown people who were passing had narrow escapes.

About 2 o'clock in the morning the grocery store of Jordan Schaefer was discovered to be on fire and despite the efficient work of the firemen, the building was almost entirely gutted. The loss on building and stock will reach \$1,000. The fire was of incendiary origin, shavings and kerosene being piled against the southeast corner and ignited. During the progress of the fire a colored man was seen in a suspicious manner was locked up. He was given a hearing and in default of bail was taken to the County Jail.

A desperate attempt was made at Lancaster by three footpads on College Avenue to hold up Nelsonridge's grocery delivery team, driven by Augustus Kimble. One of the men caught his horse by the reins while the others jumped into the wagon. Kimble was assaulted by them, but knocked both from the vehicle with the butt of his whip. The man holding the horse released the animal and attempted to get into the wagon, when the whip was also used effectively on his head. The horse, frightened by the noise, ran away and Kimble escaped.

There is a strange disease, raging among cattle in the Mahanoy and Mahanongo valleys. The ailment begins with the beasts bleeding from the nose and with their eyes becoming inflamed. Death results in most instances in twenty-four hours. Over twenty valuable animals have fallen victims to this mysterious malady within the past few days, and the farmers are much distressed, as there appears to be no cure.

Wm. C. Campbell, of Bloom avenue, was instantly killed in the Von Sorech mine, Scranton. He was coming out of the mine and had to cross some empty cars that were standing on a gangway road. Just as Mr. Campbell reached the bumper of the cars, the driver boy, who had his mules attached to the cars, started them. The roof was low and Mr. Campbell's head was caught between the top of the car and a piece of timber used to brace the roof. His neck was broken, and he died instantly.

Tony Castor, an alien, who lived a few miles above Bristol, was found dead in the yard of his home. Tony and his wife had quarreled over some trivial matter and the neighbors say he struck her. However, this may be, Tony ran from the house pursued by Mrs. Castor. He ran, probably a dozen steps, reeled and fell. When a physician arrived Tony was dead. In the doctor's opinion death was instantaneous, being caused by heart failure. The coroner will investigate.

A soda fountain exploded at the bottling establishment of D. P. Rockefeller & Brother at Sunbury. Half the fountain knocked a big hole in the side of the bottling room. The other half struck Clerk James Newberry, who was working at the fountain and hurled him ten feet over a rack and table. He was picked up unconscious and died several hours afterward.

Burglars who entered the Germania Park Hotel in Independent District, Lebanon, by forcing a window at an early hour the other morning, were poorly rewarded for their labors. They scooped nothing but a revolver and 15 cents in money. The stock of wines and liquors was untouched.

### SHOT DOWN BY MOONSHINERS.

Charles De Hart Was Killed from Ambush on Suspicion of Informing.

Advices from Evansville, Floyd County, Va., tell of an assassination by moonshiners near there last Friday. Charles De Hart was at his harvest field that morning to cradle grain and did not return at noon. His little daughter was sent for him and found him lying dead in the field beside his cradle. He had been shot in the brain from behind an ambush of brush near the field. Workmen in an adjoining field heard the shot and saw the smoke from the assassin's rifle. They thought no more of it until the dead body was found.

De Hart had long been suspected of reporting illicit distillers to the revenue officers, and it is supposed that the ball that crashed through his brain came from a gun in the hands of a moonshiner whom De Hart had reported. A great many stills have been destroyed within the past month, and the feeling against informers is very bitter. Heretofore the moonshiners have been content with whipping unmercifully the suspected parties.

# TORRID WEATHER.

## Scores of Victims Succumb to the Heat.

### SCORCHER IN NEW YORK.

Sufferings of Men and Beasts Were Almost Unendurable—The Ambulances Insufficient and the Patrol Wagons Called into Use.

The number of deaths caused by the heat in greater New York Monday is about one hundred. The prostrations were almost innumerable, and no accurate estimate of them can be made. Ambulances and patrol wagons were kept busy all day, the clamor of their gongs becoming a familiar sound. Street car horses have dropped in the tracks, and by scores. Out-of-door work has been largely suspended, and many factories are temporarily closed.

Monday night was the hottest of the summer, the climax of the present torrid spell, and one of the hottest known in the city for years. Morning brought no relief, and at 5 A. M. the thermometer stood five degrees higher than at the same hour Sunday, but as the humidity was less intense than on the preceding day, there was less discomfort in the atmosphere. Early in the morning there was but fifty per cent. of humidity, which is rather below the normal.

The official record of temperature from 8 A. M. follows: 8 A. M., 82; 9 A. M., 84; 10 A. M., 86; 11 A. M., 83; 12 noon, 84; 1 P. M., 86; 2 P. M., 88; 3 P. M., 88; 4 P. M., 90.

These tests were taken on the top of one of the highest buildings in the city. The street temperature, taken in the shade at a point near the center of the city was 86 at 9 A. M.; rose to 97 at eleven; to 99 at 1 P. M.; to 102 at 3, and at six had fallen to 97, and further dropped to 89 at nine.

Suffering has been most intense in the tenement sections, where poor people are unable to get breathing space. In these sections the charity organizations have had their hands full, many infants and children succumbing to sunstroke. The hospitals were obliged to call on the police department to aid them in responding to calls, as their ambulances could not cope with the number of cases reported. So, police patrol wagons were pressed into service to carry heat victims to the hospitals. Many other wagons were used to carry away dead and disabled animals.

### SLAIN BY HIS SON.

The Boy Tells How He Lay in Wait and Shot the Old Man.

Alexander January was murdered by his son at his home, one mile north of Farber, Mo.

About 9 o'clock the neighbors heard gunshots. A few minutes later they were aroused by Will January, who said some one had shot his father and to come at once. When the neighbors arrived they found January lying between the house and barn, face down, dead, with a large wound in his head. Will January's statement to the neighbors at the time was that he had heard his father call for him from the stable after the shot were fired, and that when he reached him he was dying.

The day before the coroner's inquest was held young January confessed to M. N. Nelson and Judge J. J. Alexander that he had committed the deed. His statement is that he lay in wait in the hallway of the barn, and when his father came out to feed the stock he shot him twice with a double barreled shotgun and then knocked him in the head with a board.

Will January, the murderer, is 19 years of age. He refrained from making any statement before the coroner's jury. His mother however, stated that the son had told her he had killed his father and that he had done it to save himself and the rest of the family that his father had threatened that morning to kill the whole family. Domestic troubles were the cause of the deed.

### RECEPTION IN AMERICA.

Plans for the Entertainment of the Distinguished Li Hung Chang.

A despatch from Washington, D. C., says: Arrangements are progressing for the reception of Li Hung Chang when he arrives in this country on August 28. The Chinese minister and his suite will go to New York to receive the Earl, by which title Li Hung Chang is known among his countrymen of rank. Ex-Secretary John W. Foster, who is now in the Adirondacks, will be in New York to make preliminary arrangements and will return there to take part in the reception.

Besides the visits to Washington and Philadelphia which Li will make, strong efforts are being made to have his trip extended to Boston, where a reception will be given him. The first arrangements were such as to make the Boston visit impossible, but it is felt among the officials here that after arrival some changes will be made so as to permit the Boston trip.

General Miles and others, representing various branches of the government, will confer with the Chinese minister as to the arrangements for the reception. It is probable an officer of the army and one from the navy will be assigned to meet the Chinese statesman and accompany him on his trip. A detail of troops from Governor's Island may take part in the reception at New York, and a troop of cavalry from Fort Meyer may assist in the exercises here.

At first it was intended to rent an entire house in Washington and equip it for the accommodation of the Earl and his numerous retinue, which embraces twelve secretaries and many servants. Owing however, to the shortness of the stay here it has been decided to quarter the guests at a hotel.

# ABOUT NOTED PEOPLE.

W. M. Force, of Lansing, Mich., has a ballot printed for the election of 1893, when Lincoln and Hamlin were candidates for President and Vice-President.

Governor Richards, of Wyoming, has received numerous applications from Eastern people asking for a permit to hunt game in Wyoming. In each case the Governor mails the applicants a copy of the game laws.

Brigadier Major Arthur Pole Penton, the new commandant of the New Zealand militia forces, has been engaged for a term of three years at the salary of \$3000 (\$600 per annum).

E. G. Wilbur, of Oakland, Cal., is looked upon as a curiosity by the bikers of Alameda county. He races with railroad trains, rides his wheel on a railroad rail and does other queer tricks.

Francis Buggies, of Bronson, Mich., is a bibliophile and an eccentric genius who coins some remarkable words. A few of his recent additions to heteronomous terminology are: "societarian, queerities, historical, gettable, Biblihoodo, bibliodesiderata.

The will of T. S. Woodward, of San Jose, Cal., leaves \$2,011,000 to his nephew, William F. Woodward, of Boston, aged 24. He was in delicate health, out of work, without money and in debt for board and lodging when the good news reached him.

Mr. Ernest Crofts, who has been recently promoted to the full honors of the British Royal Academy, although still a comparatively young man, has had to wait long for his well-earned distinction. He is 50 years old and has been painting for thirty years.

Rev. Samuel D. Merrill, of Rochester, N. Y., is the first white child born in the Territory (now the State) of Nebraska, where his father was laboring as a missionary among the Indians. His great-grandfather, Rev. Daniel Merrill, was the founder of the first Baptist church in Sedgewick, Mo.

Rudyard Kipling, whose rumor is establishing "permanently" not only at his home in Brattleboro, Vt., but also in a new house which he is said to be building in Surrey, England, is now at Gloucester, Mass. Kipling is gathering material for a forthcoming tale of Gloucester fishermen.

Russell L. Dunn, mining engineer, of California, has been engaged by a syndicate of Paris bankers to examine the placer district on the Amoor River, Siberia. He will sail from New York for Paris at an early date and will proceed, via Moscow and Irkutsk, to his destination, a point in Siberia 2,900 miles from the Pacific Ocean.

J. A. Mellon, who has commanded a steamboat on the Colorado River for thirty years and then go through the Grand Canon of the Colorado in a small dory. The boat was built to order, is pointed at each end and has a wide, flat bottom, which prevents it drawing more than four or five inches of water. Four Indian boatmen will accompany him.

### MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.		GRAIN ETC.	
FLOUR—Balt. Best Pat. 90	4 15	WHEAT—No. 2 Red	63 7/8
High Grade Extra	3 7/8	CORN—No. 2 White	50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	62	Oats—Southern & Penna.	29
Oats—Southern & Penna.	29	BYE—No. 2	34 1/2
BYE—No. 2	34 1/2	HAY—Choice Timothy	16 00
HAY—Choice Timothy	16 00	Good to Prime	15 00
Good to Prime	15 00	STRAW—Rye in ear	10 00
STRAW—Rye in ear	10 00	Wheat Block	7 00
Wheat Block	7 00	Out Blocks	8 50
Out Blocks	8 50	CANNED GOODS.	
TOMATOES—Std. No. 3 1/2		65	
No. 2	50	PEAS—Standards	90
PEAS—Standards	90	Seconds	85
Seconds	85	CORN—Dry Pack	20
CORN—Dry Pack	20	Molasses	10
Molasses	10	HIDES.	
CITY STEERS		6	6 1/2
City Cows	5	Southern No. 2	4 1/2
Southern No. 2	4 1/2	POTATOES AND VEGETABLES.	
POTATOES—Burbanks		1 25	1 50
ONIONS	1 00	1 15	
CABBAGES		PROVISIONS.	
HOGS PRODUCTS—shls.		6	6 1/2
Clear ritsides	5	Hams	12
Hams	12	Mess Pork, per bar	9 00
Mess Pork, per bar	9 00	LARD—Cruce	4
LARD—Cruce	4	Best refined	5 1/2
Best refined	5 1/2	BUTTER.	
BUTTER—Fine Crm.		16 1/2	17
Under Fine	15	16	
Creamery Rolls	16	17	
CHEESE.		EGGS.	
CHEESE—N. Y. Fancy		7 1/2	7 1/2
N. Y. Flats	7 1/2	8	
Skim Cheese	3	5	
EGGS—State		10	10 1/2
North Carolina	9	9 1/2	
LIVE POULTRY.		TOBACCO.	
CHICKENS—Hens		9	9 1/2
Ducks, per lb.	10	11	
TOBACCO—Md. Infer's		1 50	2 50
Sound common	3 03	4 09	
Middling	6 01	7 00	
Fancy	10 03	12 00	
LIVE STOCK.		PERS AND SKINS.	
BEEF—Best Devons		4 30	4 50
SHEEP	2 01	3 50	
Hogs	3 70	3 80	
FURS AND SKINS.		NEW YORK.	
MUSKRAT		10	11
Raccoon	40	45	
Red Fox	—	1 00	
Skunk Black	—	80	
Opossum	—	22	23
Mink	—	80	
Otter	—	6 00	
PHILADELPHIA.		FLOUR—Southern	
FLOUR—Southern		8 60	8 20
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	63 1/2	66 1/2	
CORN—No. 2	30 1/2	31 1/2	
OATS—No. 2	25 1/2	24 1/2	
BUTTER—State	13	14	
EGGS—State	13	14	
CHEESE—State	5 1/2	7 1/2	
FLOUR—Southern		8 60	8 20
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	62	62 1/2	
CORN—No. 2	29 1/2	29 1/2	
OATS—No. 2	25 1/2	24 1/2	
BUTTER—State	15	15 1/2	
EGGS—Penna. ft.	12	12 1/2	

# TO DEATH BY MOB.

## Lynchers Mete Out Speedy Punishment in Louisiana.

### EXECUTION OF ITALIANS.

Avenging the Cold-Blooded Assassination of Jules Gueymard, a Rich Planter, Who Was Shot Down by a Worthless Sicilian Against Whom He Had Testified.

A despatch from Hannville, La., says:—The bodies of three Italian murderers were found swinging from the rafters of a shed near the court house a triple lynching having occurred during the night. One of the men, Lorenzo Saladino, who so foully assassinated Jules Gueymard, at Freetown, last Tuesday night, and the others were Docino Lorcoro and Angelo Marcuso, who murdered an old Spaniard on the Ashton plantation near Bouttes station some time ago.

Ever since the murder of Gueymard this parish has been in a fever heat of excitement over the affair, and even on the first night after the murder it was with great difficulty that Sheriff Oroy prevented the lynching of Saladino. He spirited him away in the woods and kept him there over night, and then the next day took him to the new jail in Hannville. In the meantime the evidence grew against Saladino, and feeling correspondingly grew in intensity.

About half past 11 o'clock Saturday night the mob, which had concentrated on the outskirts of the town, began to move on the jail. They captured the old negro guard, and by the vigorous use of axes, with which they were well supplied, soon demolished the jail and cell doors and took the prisoners out and executed them. The lynchers were orderly, but very determined in their work.

### Cruelly Murdered a Planter.

Jules Gueymard, the victim of Assassin Saladino, was one of the prominent planters and merchants of Freetown, in St. Charles Parish, just a short distance from the river bank. Mr. Gueymard was on the gallery with several friends playing cards while awaiting the arrival of a boat with some freight. When the whistle of the boat blew Mr. Gueymard arose to go, and he was but a few feet away from his party when a shot was fired. It was from a shotgun loaded with all sorts of missiles, and the load struck him full in the throat, a most tearing his head from his body. He died instantly. Robert Espenard, a New Orleans engineer, was wounded in the arm. The shot was fired from behind a tree at the edge of the road, and the assassin escaped through the thick growth.

Suspicion pointed to the Sicilian, who bore a bad reputation. He had threatened Mr. Gueymard's life, because the latter testified against him in a suit brought because Saladino endeavored to defraud New Orleans creditors. A visit to his house revealed his shot gun, which he said had not been fired in three months. One barrel was found freshly discharged. While he was not told the charge against him he believed the killing. Later on an old Italian woman, arrested at his place, confessed that Saladino, when he returned home that night said: "I got him."

The crime for which the other two Italians, besides Saladino, was hung was the wanton and cowardly murder of an old Spaniard on the Ashton plantation, near Bouttes station. The incentive to the crime in this case was that the old Spaniard was their rival in the business of gathering moss. They had frequently threatened his life.

### DISASTERS AND CASUALTIES.

A heavy windstorm struck Milwaukee, Wisconsin, doing considerable damage. There are ten cases of small-pox in the Eruptive Hospital in Paducah, Kentucky.

Prairie fires are raging in the Comanche Indian country, southwest of Perry, Oklahoma.

A storm which visited Michigan did considerable damage to property and caused the loss of at least twenty lives.

Howard Lowe, aged 11 years, died of hydrophobia in Bay City, Mich. He was bitten by a cat while walking along the street.

Frank Yerrington, James Butler, W. M. Marks and Morton Manning were drowned at Benton Harbor, Mich., while bathing.

George Walters, of Columbus, O., was drowned from a skiff, and his foot catching in the step, he was dragged for five blocks by the frightened horse. He was fatally injured.

A Colon despatch says that the American river steamer Bridgeton has put into Santa Marta in distress. Her boiler is damaged, the schooner Pioneer, owned in Bluefields, has been wrecked near Boca del Toro.

Miss Marlon Burnham, aged 14 years, of Boston, was accidentally drowned in Lake Champlain, near West Port, N. Y., while bathing. Miss Maggie Moulder, a nurse, who accompanied the young lady and who went to her assistance, was also drowned.

It is believed that fifteen or twenty people were burned to death in a fire which occurred in a six-story building in New York, occupied by the A. K. Warren Electric Repair Works and other firms. Five persons were injured, two probably fatally. What caused the fire is not known.