#### THE NEWS.

The Columbia Spring Company, an association of manufacturing concerns, with the principal office in Pittsburg, and having plants in Bridgeport, Ct., Canton, O., Cincinnati, Fort Plain, N. Y., Newport, Ky., and The Popular Loan a Gratifying other points, made an assignment .-- The American brig H. B. Hussey, from Boston to Charleston, S. C., struck on Hatteras Inlet Bar .- The Rose Valley Mills, near Chester, Pa., were totally destroyed by fire. Loss \$30,000, -- Nathan Abbott, Henry 2. Hallwod, Orville Townsend and Albert Adams, contractors, were indicted in Columbus, O., on the charge of corruption in connection with sewer construction. - Joe Merrifield, twelve years old, killed his brother and himself in Hedrick, Is .- Attorney General Moloney, of Illinois, decided that the gas companies of Chicago cannot consolidate, -H. W. Crowe was acquitted in Wilber, Neb., of wife murder. -- Thomas Elvin, of Phoenixville, Pa., who forced his children to take poison, was convicted of murder in the first degree. - Reports from various parts of New Jersey, along the Raritan and Rahway Rivers, show that great damage was done by overflows .-- Heald & Co., bankers and brokers, of Wilmington, Del., made an assignment, the trouble being precipitated by the failure of L. H. Taylor & Co., their Philadelphia correspondent.—Mrs. Kate L. Newman has sued in the courts of Perry, O. T., for a divorce from her husband, Lieut. R. S. Newman, now on the cruiser Charles-

Two suits were entered in Norfolk agains the Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company for ten thousand dollars each by the administrator and the daughter of Eilis Gibbs, deceased .--- A motion to defeat the Maupin anti-race track bill was defeated in the Virginia House. - Michael Lynch, Dan'l Brown and John Swan, ex-keepers of the Farmhurst Insane Hospital, were indicted in Wilmington for murder .- Anthony Jemmitz was found guilty of murder in the first degree in Wilkesbarre for killing Anthony Yeasley .- The Citizens' Bank at Connersville, Ind., assigned. - J. H. Richelderfer was found dying in his home in Philadelphia, and his housekeeper, Anna Tate, dead in her room. The house had been ransacked.-At Connersville, Ind., the Citizen's bank, owned by ex-United States Treasurer Huston, assigned. The statement to the public says that all deposits will be paid in full in three months .--- There is an epidemic of typhoid fever in Elmfra, N. Y .-- Richard Klattke, an anarchist, in Chicago killed his father, mother, wife and three children and then himself .-- Col. A. J. Fountain, a lawyer, has been kidnapped in New Mexico by cowboys.

Cincinnati, committed saidle at a hotel in that city. - Judge Slack, of San Francisco, decided that the trust clause in the will of James G. Fair was invalid. The claim of the dead millionaire's children is thus sustained .- The Stilson-Collins Jewelry Company, of Atlanta, Ga., was placed in the hands of a receiver. Liabilities, about \$50,-000; assets, about the same. - Argument was made in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania on the motion of counsel of B. H. Holmes, convicted of the murder of B. F. Pitezel, to have the verdict of the jury set aside. --- A lumber and shipping trust was formed on the Pacific coast, with a capital of over \$70,009,000. - The ship Louis Walsh brought to Port Townsend some of the crew of the steamship Parthia, -- The First Unitarian Church in Boston was destroyed by fire .--- A bill was introduced in the Virginia legistature to punish petty larceny by whipping.—Engineer John Callahan was killed in a wreck on the Norfolk and Western, near Genoa, W. Va.

A. Faller, aged fifty years, a shoe dealer of

Governor Meintyre, of Colorado, has determined upon a complete reorganization of the Denver fire and police departments with a view to putting a stop to gambling and kindred evils in the city. President Frank Church, of the fire and police boards, resigned in compliance with a request from the governor.---Four persons were seriously burned by the explosion of an oil stove at the residence of Thomas Coswell in Camden, N. J. The injured are Thomas Boswell, his wife and son and Mr. Joseph Bowes.

At Providence, R. I., President Joseph Bannigan, of the Rubber Trist, resigned, to take effect March 31. --- Ex-Alderman George O. Tilton, of Haverhill, Mass., one of the alleged toodle aldermen of that city, was sentenced to serve fifteen months in the House of Correction. The alleged bribery occurred in connection with the issuance of liquor licenses at Haverhill .--- At Bordentown, N. J., the power-house building which was being built for the Bordentown Electric Light and Power Company was blown down during a storm. The building was complete, with the exception of the roof .--- The identification of the body of the murdered headless woman found near Fort Thomas, Ky., as Pearl Bryan , was followed by the arrests of Scott Jackson, a student at the Ohio Dental College, William Wood and Alonzo Walling. Statements of Jackson and Walling to the Cincinnati police authorities are virtual admissions of their guilt. Jackson is said to have turned state's evidence against Alexander Letts, now serving a term in the New from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. --- The winh and rain storm unroofed and undermined a number of buildings in Eastern cities. A condemned building in Brooklyn. N. Y., was blown down and two men were killed and one injured. In the neighborhood of Hazleton, Pa., many barns were wrecked and fruit trees destroyed. The schooner Allie B. Catherall went ashore near False Cape, Va., Life Saving Station. The crew were saved, but the vessel and cargo are a total loss. Several vessels were blown ashore in New York Bay .-- The House of Delagates in Virginia took action against pool selling at race tracks.

# MINING UNDER BUTTE.

A Shaft Sunk in the Heart of the City is the Search for Precious Metals.

It has long been known that the city of Butte, Mont., is located over one of the greatest mineral deposits in the world. A company has just been organized by J. A. Coran C. H. Palmer and others, for the purpose of mining under the city.

They have commenced sinking a shaft and after reaching a depth of 1000 feet will drive tunnels in every direction.

# BOND ISSUE.

Success.

#### SURPRISED. OFFICIALS

Over Five Times the Amount Reguired Subscribed-Secretary Carlisle Says There is Plenty or Gold Here-Syndicate Wants Them All.

Four thousand six hundred and forty bids or \$558,269,850 worth of bonds. Such is the remendous total of the subscriptions just pened at the Treasury Department in accordance with the terms of the call issued a nonth ago inviting proposals for \$100,000,000 of United States 4 per cent. bonds to run for thirty years from February 1, 1895. These figures do not include about \$120,000,000 of 'crank" bids rejected as bogus. The immense offerings astounded experts. The bids literally swamped the Treasury Department. A syndicate composed of J. P. Morgan & Co., Harvey Fisk & Co., the Deutsche Bank of Berlin, offered to take the whole

The bids ranged from par up to single \$50 bids at 150. It is impossible, therefore, to say at this time how the awards will be made. Treasury officials regard the loan as a complete success, both as to the popular subscription feature and the prices obtained. Bids came from several thousand individuals and from hundreds of national banks and other banking institutions. Nearly all the leading New York bankers and big insurance companies were represented in the list of bidders, but with few exceptions they were outmaneuvered by the Morgan syn-

Owing to the confusion caused by the maynitude of the offerings and the consequent delay in classifying and scheduling the bids any authoritative statement of the policy that will be pursued cannot be made at this time. As the great bulk of the offerings were below the Morgan figure, it is believed that the syndicate headed by the great New York banker will be accepted for at least \$50,000,000 and possibly more. In any event no bid below the syndicate rate of 110.6377 will be accepted, as that rate covers the eutire loan. It is understood that Mr. Morgan will procure a part of the gold from abroad, and will not need to deplete the treasury to furnish any part of the gold called for under his bid.

There was a large number of bids for figures fractionally rising 110, but under the Morgan figure, and for amounts aggregating sufficient to take up the entire loan. Among them were the offers of the Stewart and Mc-Call syndicates, including the big insurance, banking and trust companies of New York city, which stood ready to take huge blocks of bonds at figures in excess of prices named

Secretary Carlisle was greatly pleased at the success of the bond offerings. The Secretary said that it probably would be several days yet before the bids could all be verified, scheduled and classified, and until that time he could give no definite information as to how low bids would be accepted. He had the impression, however, from hearing the names and amounts lead, that it would be necessary, in all probability, to accept some bids at a rate slightly lower than \$111, but how many, or in what amount, he could not

As the last bids were being read the Secretary was shown a telegram, just then received by one of the New York bankers present stating that the new bonds were being quoted on the Stock Exchange at \$116. The great success of the issue, he thought, would have a very beneficial effect upon the financial and commercial interests of the whole country and he looked forward to a year of marked business improvement.

## MASSACRED WOMEN.

Perocity That Characterizes the Spanish Methods in Cuba.

Some time ago when the insurgents entered Sabanilla, the Spanish official report stated that they were driven out by the garrison, and that "unfortunately these women were killed by stray bullets." The truth of what happened there has just been learned, and it shows the Spaniards are acting almost as barbarously in Cuba as the Kurds in Armenia.

Sabanilla, an important town in Matanzas Province, was entered by 400 insurgents under Garcia. The Spanish regulars retreated to the barracks and made no resistance. The Spanish volunteers, however, retreated to the church and fired on the insurgents. The insurgents returned the fire and killed five volunteers. The volunteers then ceased firing. The inhabitants of Sabanilla received Jersey state prison for embezzling \$23,000 the insurgents joyfully, and many poor people told Garela they had eaten nothing but cane for days. Garcia then made the merchants open their stores and told the people to take feed. Thirty stores were looted of provisions and one storekeeper was shot for resisting. The insurgents then retired.

As soon as they were gone the Spanish volunteers came out of the church and opened fire on the people in the streets. Forty-six were killed, of whom thirty were women and children. Their only offense was cheering the insurgents and taking food to save themselves from starvation. After shooting these people the volunteers took ten Cubans, who had surrendered on promise of amnesty and shot them in cold blood.

Two thousand men, women and children have reached Matanzas from Sabanilla, They fied, fearing further massacres by the Spanish volunteers. These are facts vouched for by Mayor Juan Galvez, of Sabanilla, who is in Havana to ask General Marin to punish the volunteers.

The remains of Mr. Theo fore Canyon, the late United States ambassador to Germany, have been shipped to New York from near Main Street, in the heart of the city Bremen on board the North German Lloyd | torpedo boats and six torpedo boat steamship Havel, accompanied by Mr. Haskins, son-in-law of Mr. Runyon.

#### FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

HOUSE.

FORTY-SIXTH DAY .-- Mr. Dingley, chairman of the ways and means committee, reported back to the House the Senate free coinage back to the House the Senate free coinage sub-titute for the House bond bill, with the recommendation that the House non-concur and insist on its bill. Mr. Crisp, representing the minority, gave notice that the minority would ask the House to concur. The report will be called up and the deba e will run for two days, with night sessions.

FORTY-SEVENTH DAY .- The House passed a FORTY-EVENTH DAY.—The House plassed bill to prevent prize or bull-flighting in the Territories or District of Columbia. The District of Columbia appropriation bill was defeated. The defeat grew out of the war that has been waged for several days against appropriating money in the bill for sectarian charitable institutions. Sixty-one republicans broke away from the majority, and with the democrats defeated the bill. This was the first time that a general appropriation bill had been defeated, and Mr. Crisp made it the tay for a settled. made it the text for a satirical speech.

FORTY-EIGHTH DAY .- In the House the Se ate free comage substitute for the House bond bill was considered, and speeches were made by Messrs. Wheeler, Stone, Johnson and Set-tle. A night session was held, when the subject was still further discussed.

FORTY-NINTH DAY .- Mr. Barrett, (Republian, of Massach setts) created a sensation in the House by offering a resolution to censure Mr. Talbert (Democratic, of South Carolina) for "treasonable and seditious utterances" in viola ion of his oath of allegiance as a mem-per of Congress. A scene of great confusion followed. It was evident that many Repubde ns were not in sympathy wi h Mr. Bar. rett's action, and even Speaker Reed, as it seemed, tried to stop his headlong course. After much wrangling, Mr. Talbert was pernitted to explain, but the explanation was not satisfa tory to Mr. Barrett, who wanted Mr. Talbert to "disavow all remarks uphold-The conservag seccession and treason." tive Republicans, however, did not support nim, and his resolution was sent to the com-mittee on judiciary, 127 Republicans voting with the Democra's for the motion. An arrangement was effected by which the general lebate on the bond bill should close on Monday.

#### SENATE.

FORTY-SIXTH DAY .- The belated tariff bill merged from the finance committee of the Chairman Merrill made the report, st ting that a free-silver coinsge amend-ment had taken the place of the original bill. fr. Quay made two a tempts to have the bill ommitted to the committee, with instrucions to report back separate tariff and free silver bills, but was cut off by parliamentary The right of way was then se ured by the resolution of Mr. Dubois, . f Idaho, to reform the method of considering appropriation bils by distributing them among the several committees.

FORTY-SEVENTH DAY .- The most caustic atterances heard in the Senate since Mr. Tillman's sensational speech was that of Mr. Vest. of Missouri, arraigning Secretary of Agriculture Morton. The keen satire and ridicule dire ted against the Secretary made the speech hardly less notable than that which recently startled the Senate. Mr. Quay's resolution to recommit the tariff finance bill failed to be considered, as Mr. Vest's speech occupied all the morning hour of the Senate, thus sending over the Quay resolution. A new phase of the Cuban question was presented by Mr. Morgan's report, from the committee on foreign rela-tions, recognizing a state of war in Cuba and ording both contestants recognition as

FORTY-EIGHTH DAY. -SenatorSherman presented the credentials of J. B. Foraker to eed Calvin S. Brice, beginning March 4. Mr. Quay offered to amend his resolution mmitting the silver tariff bill to the finance committee, with instructions to re-port separate bills, so as to refer it back for further consideration. The resolution then went over. The anti-prize-fighting bill was passed without division, and then the resolution to distribute the appropriation tills among the various Senate aken up, and Mr. Allison and others spoke.

FORTY-NINTH DAY .- The appropriations mittee of the Senate demonstrated its ability to resist the movement which the younger and newer element of the Senate ias sought to inaugurate. The committee is one of the powers of the Senate, shaping all appropriation bills save one. The resolu tion drafted by Mr. Dubois, distributing the" large appropriation bills to eleven special committees, aroused the keenest interest among Senators. The debate lasted several The first test came and Mr. Allison, chairman of the committee, succeeded in having the resolution sent to the committee on rules until next December. The referce was without instructions. Mr. Frve, of Maine, was chosen by unanimous vote president pro tempore of the Senate. He was sworn in and acted as presiding officer

# CUBAN BANDS DEFEATED

Thirty Men Lost in an Encounter with Col Vicuna's Column.

An engagement of considerable importance is reported to have taken place at the village of Manjuaral, province of Matanzas, between the Spanish column commanded by Col. Vicuna and the bands under the leadership of Cayito, Alvarez, Roque, and Amieve. The fight lasted half an hour, and in that time thirty men and thirty horses of the insurgents were killed, while saddles, a medicine chest, arms, and ammunition fell into the hands of the troops. The latter lost two men

A squadron of Spanish cavalry, at the farm of Carmen, in the Seiba de Mocha district of Matanzas, had an hour's engagement with the insurgent bands commanded by Carrillo and Torres. The insurgents lost fifteen killed and many wounded. The troops lost five killed and nine wounded.

The column of troops commanded by Col. Tejeda had a skirmish with the insurgents commanded by Jose Maceo and Rabi, it is claimed, on the right side of the Cauto River, between Zaral and Mabio, in the province of Santiago de Cuba. The insurgents lest nine killed on the field, together with a number of rifles, and retired with many wounded. The troops of one officer and one soldier killed and had thirty-nine wounded.

Gen. Pando arrived in Havana, and is awaiting the expected arrival of Gen. Weyler, the newly-appointed Captain® General, from Spain.

Fifteen men are under arrest at Sancti Spiritus, charged with conspiracy against the government.

An earthquake shock of an alarming nature was experienced at Santa Cruz del Sur, province of Puerto Principe. Houses rocked and furniture was thrown about, causing the people of the city and vicinity to run in terror into the streets and fall on their knee in prayer for mercy.

## FOR 51 TORPEDO BOATS.

Representative Low Introduces a Bill to Strengthen the Navy.

Representative Low, of New York, introduced a bill in the House, authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to construct fifty-one ers,, appropriating \$11,750,000 for the pur-

#### SILVER. FREE

The Bond Bill Substitute Passed the Senate, 42 to 35.

# FAIR TEST OF STRENGTH

The Venerable Mr. Morrill Delivers Long Address-The Senate Galleries Filled to Overflowing.

The long contest over the silver bond bill is at an end in the Senate, that body having passed the free silver coinage substitute to the House bond bill by the decisive vote of 42 to 35, a majority of 7 for free silver.

The result was reached after three hours of caustic debate and sharp parliamentary fencing. The public interest in the culmination of the protracted struggle was shown by crowded galleries and a full attendence on the floor, 77 Senators being present, and the others paired. Baron Von Thielmann, the n the diplomatic gallery, showing keen inperest in the final vote.

Members of the House crowded the champer, filling available seats and standing room 'n the rear and side areas. It had been expected that a final vote would be taken at 2 o'clock, but a conflict of opinion arose as to the agreement resulting in considerable bitterness and personal feeling. Many amendments were pending when 2 o'clock arrived, and these were summarily cut off by a strict ronstruction of the agreement, although the differences over the agreement itself held off the vote for an hour beyond the time set.

The result was such a foregone conclusion that little excitement or surprise was occasioned by the announcement of the passage of the substitute.

The early hours of the session, beginning at 11 o'clock, was given to the closing speeches, including that of Mr. Morrill, the octogenarian of Congress, who is still vigorous in speech and thought

The other speeches were under the fiveminute rule, being brief and snappy. Mr. Lindsay took occasion to say that in his judgment the President had fulfilled the full measure of his duty in financial affairs and should do no more. If calamity came as a result of Congressional inaction the President should leave the responsibilty where it belonged, on the shoulders of Con-

Another interesting incident occurred when Mr. Gorman was urging that the legislation was fruitless, as it could not receive executive approval. Mr. Morgan called attention to the fact that the duty of Congress was to act without executive influence or direction, to which Mr. Gorman, with much earnestness, replied:

"I fully agree to that proposition and only regret that there has not been a closer ad- the switch tower Richter started to cross the herence to it in the past. The Senator from | Central tracks to go to his home and was encroachments of any executive in giving and the bones in the upper part of his body any suggestions beyond those he is bound to make by the legislation of the United States, and due weight should be given to whatever recommendation he makes, without fear or political power or patronage from the

Mr. Mills, who had voted with the silver men on all test motions, changed his vote at the last and recorded himself against the passage of the free silver bill.

## ARMENIAN EXTERMINATION.

Such Appears to be the Policy of the Turk Toward Christians.

A letter received in Boston from Harpoot, dated December 30, states that on the preceding Saturday night an attack was made on the villages of Pertek and Til by Kurds and Turks and 40 or 50 were killed. This was a second attack upon these villages, the first having been made about two months previously, when only a few were killed. 'Such news as this," says the correspondent, 'egaphasizes the feeling that the utter extermination of the Armenians has been determined upon by the tarks."

It is denied in Constantinople that the Porte has refused to admit a second dispatch boat for the service of the United States legation. The matter, it appears, is not yet settled. The Porte, it is claimed, does not contest the right of entry, but contends that the moment for such a reinforcement is not opportune.

It has been much remarked in official circles that since the rigorous action of the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, in behalf of the American missionaries, he alone is mentioned in the court circulars as a guest at the court dinners. The impression prevails in diplomatic circles that the United States and Great Britain may eventually unite in order to save the Ar-

## TWELVE HOURS IN JAIL.

The Penalty Inflicted for Shooting a Man Wif Ruined a Home.

W. S. Kimes, who was tried and found guilty of shooting Deputy Sheriff Ben Hall on Fifth street, Parkersburg, W. Va., several weeks since, was brought out for sentence, The Court House and grounds were p cked with people, every one of whom was heartily in sympathy with Kimes, who shot the man who had ruined his home.

Under the law the sentence could have been five years in the penitentiary, but Judge Jackson in reviewing the case said that Kimes Lad done what almost any other man would have done, and that under the circumstances he would only sentence him to twelve hours in jail. The sentence meets with universal approval. Hall was in cour with four bullets through him.

## MORE MONEY FOR THE NAVY.

An Additional Appropriation of \$350,000 for Construction and Repair Wanted.

The Secretary of the Treasury has transmitted to Congress a communication from the Secretary of the Navy, asking for an additional appropriation of \$350,000 for construction and r pair of naval vessels, for the current fiscal year.

#### PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

Epitome of News Gleaned From Various Parts cf. the State.

Governor Hastings, as chairman of the meeting to take action in the Turkish atrocities in Armenia, has appointed the following permanent committee on Armenia i relief: Hon. John W. Simonton, coairman; Dr. J. P. Keller, E. Z. Wallower, Rt. Rev Bishop Thomas McGovern and Mrs. Margaretta C. Halderman. All subscriptions in aid of the Armerians will be sent to James McCormi k. who will act as temporary re surer

James Daugherty, employed with a section crew on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was murdered near Greensburg by Angelo Riegeri. and Italian, and fellow workman. The two men had a dispute as to each others strength, and the Italian became enrag d at a remark by Daugherty and raised a pick to strike, The blow was warded off by the interference of the foreman of the gang. The Italian then drew a stiletto from his breast and struck Daugherty in the breast several times. Ench time the blade penetrated the heart. Dauga-

erty dropped dead. The Italian then fle !. The Maple Hill Colliery, near St. Nicholas, was the scene of an accident which resulted In the serious injury of Thomas Qu nn, aged 23 years, and Joseph Melick, aged 28 years, The men were engated in placing a fourteen Serman Ambassador, occupied a front seat | inch collar in the last gangway when the ropes supporting it dropped, causing it to fall heavily upon the two men, pinning them to the road. Their cries brought assistance and when released both were sfound to be

very seriously injured and may die, Tarough a collision of sleighs on the road between Hazleton and West Hazleton three people were seriously injured. Mr. Kehoe, of Hazleton, and his wife were driving along the road when they were upset by colliding with a sleigh and Mrs. Keboe's leg was broken. At the same time Dr. John Fruit came along, and his sleigh collided with those in the wreck, throwing him and Robert Evenson, who was driving, out of the sleigh. Mr. Evenson received several severe cuts about the head, while Dr. Fruit was so badly injured that he had to be carried hom. Dr. Fruit's injuries are on the back and side. Through the accident he has lost all power of the lower limbs.

A strange disease appeared among the hogs owned by the farmers of Butler Vailey They act as if suffering from hydrophobia. A few weeks ago many of the dogs of the valley were affected with the rubles and it is now thought that the hogs were bitten by them. S. M. Wadring, a farmer living at Drums, killed four of his hogs, as they showed signs of having the disease.

Jacob Richter, of Snufftown, aged 40 years, was instantly killed in the cut at Easton. He was walking on the b xing that covers the wires leading to the switch tower at the entrance to the railroad bridge, over the Delaware and at the same time an engine on the Jersey Central Road was backing out from the Fourth Street Depot to Phillips burg. Richter evidently did not hear the engine approaching, and he could not see it for he was walking in the same direction that the engine was going. When almost to struck by the engine. His head was crushed were all broken. The accident occurred within sight of Richter's home.

During a fight in a Swedish boarding house, in Scranton, John Lawson and Chas. Johnson, Swedes, shot and perhaps fatally wounded each other. Shortly before the trouble, Lawson and Andrew Gusthoffson were walking together along the Keiser Valley branch of the Delaware, Lack awanna & Western Railroad. Near the Hyde Park breaker, a small bridge crosses a little stream. Gusthoffson fell off the bridge, a distance of about ten feet, and was very painfully injured. When Gusthoffson eatere i Mrs. Johnson's house he accused Lawson of shoving him from the bridge. Lawson was angered, and brandished a 32caliber revolver. Johnson tried to wrench it from Lawson and in the suffic Johnson was shot in the abdomen. Johnson got possession of the revolver, and a built was sent speeding toward Lawson, striking him in the abdomen also.

Pennsylvania capital was largely invested in corporations during January, when the State Department issued sixty-three charters, mostly to manufacturing concerns. This is an excellent showing compared with previous years

The Boston mines, after being idle for near to three months, resumed. The squeeze has settled and everything appears to be quiet where the cave in was expected to occur. Mine Foreman Gwilym Evans, accompanied by the head officials from Scranton, made a tour of the workings where it was supposed to be dangerous. They finally decided to resume work. All chambers and workings on the Plymouth side of the s ope have been abandoned, fearing that in working these places that it may leave the workings in a more dangerous employed.

in a tragic manner. While loading lime at a ly lost consciousness and was then removed Pennsylvania, died at his home in the southern part of Columbia county after a short illness. He was a professional bagpipe player, and his services were always in de-Piper," and despite his age continued to Ireland, more than eighty years ago. His bagpipe was his constant companion up to the time of his death. He was intelligent and a fluent conversationalist. He could never be persuaded to move away from a Shantles," which was dear to him because it

has always remained one of the most typical

Irish settlements in America.

#### CABLE SPARKS.

None of the it mates were injured although ix men escaped.

A severe earthquake was felt in the en:trn part of the Island of Cuba.

Fire in the Beauport Insane Asylum, near uebec slightly damaged the institution. The members of the Utlanders reform comnittee has been placed on trial at Pretorio, harged with high treason and inciting to re-

The steamer Fuerst Bismarck, on a ten weeks' cruise on the Mediterranean with 350 Americans aboard, has reached Funchal, Maderia. It is sen i-officially denied in London that

he government of Great Britain has recogsized the island of Trinidad as being a Brazilian possession. Lady Jane Francesca Speranza Wilde widow of Sir William Robert Willis Wilde,

M. D., surgeon-oculist to the Queen in Ireand, and mother of Oscar Wilde, is dead The new Manitoba Leg slature was opened at Winnipeg. The Lieutenant-Governor declared that the election showed a majority

of the people to be opposed to separate Ambassador Bayard presided at the anmual dinner of the St. John's Foundation School in London, and was received with cany evidences of friendship and prolonged

The funeral of Prince Henry, of Battenerg was held at Cowes, Isle of Wight, the emains being placed in a sarcophagus in

Whippingham Church, The Scotch oil combine has completely disolved with heavy losses to its investors, and he Standard Oil Company is again master

the situation in Scotland. It is a sted in well-informed quarters in capetown that the visit of Dr. W. J. Leyds, the Secretary of S.ate of the Transvall Reublic to Berlin is connected with the Ger-

can purchase of seven miles of land on the oast of Delagon bay. Advices received from Blantyre says that Sikhs, under British officers have gained two brilliant victories over the slave raiders in British Central Africa. The Arabs were totally routed. Fourteenchiefs were captured and the road into the interior was thereby

The Swiss federal council has authorized he President of the Republic to accept the proposal tendered by the Government of Great Britain and the United States that in event of a disagreement as to the choice of an arbitrator for the Canadian sealers claims, the President of Switzerland shall designat: an arbitrator.

#### HEAVY RAINS IN THE SOUTH.

Many Towns Are Plooded and Railways Washed Out.

A despatch from Canton, Miss., says: Heavy rains for twenty-four hours caused the most destructive overflow known in this section for twenty years. The entire western portion of the city was inundated from two to five feet, houses flooded, and in some cases the inmates were awakened in the morning by water com ng into their houses. The people of the overflowed section were taken by boats to other sections of the city. The Illinois Cen ral Railroad was submerged and many bridges destroyed.

An entire family of children was drowned on the Reid place, four miles from Canton, the parents having gone to a festival and the dwelling being flooded before their return.

P rt Gibson, Miss.-Rain fell for thirty bours continuously. The government guage shows a fall of 71-3 inches. All streams overflowed and bridg a were destroyed or damaged. Dave Barnes, colored, was drowned by the upsetting of a dugout in which Le was attempting to cross an overflowed fle d.

Madison, Mich .- A terrific rain fell here, washed away bridges and roadbeds all through this section. The water at Calboun station was the highest for thirty years.

Terry, Miss .- Heavy rans caused a general overflow of streams. Bridges were carried away in all directions, ca sing a loss of

masy thousands of dollars to the country. Columbia, Tex.-Traveling from Brazoria report hat the road between that place and this is now covered in several places, and that if the rise c ntinues travel in the dir.ction of the county seat will be entirely interrupted. The water suir unds this town except towards the north of Richmond road, The rise is alm st unprecedented.

## GEN. HARRISON SAYS "NO."

His Name Not to Be Presented or Used at the St. Louis Convention.

Capt. John K. Gowdy, chairman of the Indiana republican State central committee, called on General Harrison by invitation, and the ex-President handed him the following self-explanatory letter:

Hon, John K. Gowdy, I dianapolis, Ind : La view of the resolutions passed by the State condition. About 1000 men and boys are re- central committee at its recent meeting, and of the fact that the delegates to the national Daniel Seaman, aged 37, a well-known republican convention are soon to be chosen farmer of Upper Berne Township, met death | in this State, I have concluded that some statement from me as to my wishes and purkiln a roof in front of the kiln collapsed and | poses should now be made to my Indiana fell upon his head. He was unconscious friends. Hitherto I have declined to speak when placked up, but soon revived and to the public upon the matter, but scores of jumped upon a horse attached to his team | friends with whom I have talked, and many and rode to a field. While there he sudden- scores more to whom I have written will recognize in this expression the substance of to the house, where he died. His skull had what I have said to them. To every one who evidently been injured by the falling timber. has proposed to promote my nomination I William Burns, one of the best known and have said "No." There never has been an most characteristic Irishmen in Central | hour since I left the White House that I have felt a wish to return to it.

My Indiana friends have been most devoted and faithful, and I am their grateful debtor. The republican party has twice in mand at Irish and Scotch gatherings for national convention given me its indorsemany miles around. During the past g n. ment, and that is enough. I think the voters eration he was known as "Daldy Burns, the of our party are now entitled to have a new name. For the sentiment, great or small, hold the reputation of being the most expert | that has been manifested for my nomination, performer on the instrument in the Reystons | I am grateful, and of that wide respect and State. Mr. Burns was born in County Mayo, kindness breaking party lines which have been shown me in so many ways I am profoundly appreciative.

I cannot consent that my name be preented to or be used in the St. Louis convention, and must kindly ask my friends to acsmall Irish settlement known as the "Upper cept this as a sincere and final expression upon the subject.

BENJAMIN HARRISON. Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 3, 1896.