



## JANUARY COURT

### LIST OF CASES DISPOSED OF IN THE QUARTER SESSIONS.

A Number of Civil Cases Disposed of.—The Second Week of Court in Session.—Important Cases on Trial.

Com. vs. J. P. Sherlock, charge first count, forgery, second count, publishing and uttering a forged paper, knowing the same to be forged. Verdict on Thursday afternoon of guilty of the second count in the indictment.

Com. vs. John Bordeaux, charge betrayal, prosecutrix Lizzie Smith; defendant pleaded guilty and received the usual sentence in such cases.

The first case on Thursday morning was Com. vs. John Bowers, charge first count burglary; second count, larceny; third count receiving stolen goods knowing the same to be stolen; prosecutor A. R. Barr. This case was tried in the Oyer and Terminer, and was for robbing the Pa. R. R. station at Julian; verdict on first and second counts.

Com. vs. Calvin Fravel, Edward Fravel and Mary Wolf, charge malicious mischief; prosecutor N. W. Ream. These parties are being prosecuted for burning on November 19th, the sawmill and stove mill belonging to Mr. Ream which he was then operating near Hubbersburg, this county. Mrs. Wolf is a married woman, but was at the time of the fire living with these two boys in a shanty near the burned mill and circumstances pointed to these defendants as the probable incendiaries.

The first case on Friday morning was Com. vs. Fravel et al; continued. The Com. entered a Nolle Pro as to Mrs. Wolf. Verdict not guilty and the county to pay the costs.

The next case called was H. A. Moore vs. Hannah Stull, plea assumption. The suit was brought to recover on a book account for medicine furnished to the defendants husband and for which the defendant had promised to pay; verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$21.93.

J. W. Showalter vs. D. R. Thomas, plea assumption. This case was heard at a night session on Friday evening, and is brought to recover on an order for \$10; verdict on Saturday morning in favor of the defendant.

E. R. Holmes vs. T. Raymond Beyer, Edmund J. Haley, Robert D. Griener, Jacob E. Hall, John L. Harris, Nelson J. Kiefer, George B. Snyder, John E. Snyder, Milton E. McDonald, James G. Dunsmore and Charles Atherton, trading as the Manhattan Boarding Club. The case was continued on Saturday morning on the application of the plaintiff at the cost of the plaintiff.

Hanover Shoe Company, use D. R. Foreman vs. Jacob Smith, administrator of Jacob Meiss, deceased, plea scire facias sur judgment No. 6 January 7, 1891; verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$367.82.

P. B. Jordan, use of Henry Stover, vs. Jacob Smith administrator of etc., of Jacob Meiss, plea scire facias sur judgment No. 187 April term 1893; verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$217.97.

Jason Underwood vs. J. Willis Hoover and John C. Rumberger; settled.

G. W. Campbell vs. William Wolf; settled.

Elias Walk vs. Tinton Beck with; plaintiff suffered a voluntary non-suit.

Isaac M. Bernheim and Bernard Bernheim, trading as Bernheim Bros vs. William Parker. The defendant confessed judgment in favor of the plaintiff for \$204.58.

Overseers of the poor of Bellefonte boro vs. Overseer of the Poor of Spring township. The defendant confessed judgment in favor of the plaintiffs for \$115.41.

Joseph Shaffer vs. Central R. R. Co., of Penna.; settled.

The boro of Millheim vs. Central R. R. Co., of Penna.; settled.

The boro of Millheim vs. J. H. Reifsnnyder; settled.

T. B. Buddinger vs. John Gunsalus; settled.

Hannah E. Grove administratrix of etc., W. C. Grove, deceased, vs. D. P. Shope, who survives J. B. Shope, deceased. Plea assumption. Continued.

Harry Rupert vs. Samuel Hagan, plea assumption. Settled.

Paul Wurschhoff, William Dewalt, and Walker Wurschhoff, trading as Dewalt & Co., vs. William Parker, plea assumption. Defendant confessed judgment in favor of the plaintiffs, for \$33.61.

Mary V. Hale and Ellen H. Andrews, vs. W. R. Jenkins & Howard Lingle, trading as Jenkins & Lingle, plea assumption. Continued at the cost of the defendants.

The Grand Jury were discharged on Thursday noon after having made their report.

Other criminal cases on this week list and not arrady mentioned were

disposed of as follows:

Com. vs. Lewis Plowman, charge betrayal, prosecutrix, Emma Davis, Recognizance forfeited and respited till next term.

Com. vs. Jonas From charge assault and threats, prosecutor, Henry Felmy, True bill.

Com. vs. Steward Decker, charge betrayal, prosecutrix, Ellen M. Breon. True bill.

Com. vs. William Poorman, charge betrayal, prosecutrix, Mary M. McKinley. True bill.

Com. vs. James Dolan, charge betrayal, prosecutrix, Emma Wian. True bill.

Com. vs. E. G. Matts, charge false pretense, prosecutor, Levi Reese. True bill, and the case continued.

Com. vs. Jesse Dawson, charge assault and battery, prosecutor, Thomas Grenninger, settled.

Com. vs. Harry Brown, charge malicious mischief, prosecutrix, Mary Brown. Settled.

Com. vs. George Davis, charge larceny, prosecutor John Bowers. Bill ignored.

Com. vs. Harrison Ingram, charge larceny, prosecutor, J. P. Sebring. Bill ignored.

Com. vs. George Davis and John Bowers, charge larceny, prosecutor, A. R. Barr. Bill ignored.

All traverse jurors were discharged on Saturday noon.

On Saturday afternoon court convened at 1:30 and John Bowers convicted of robbing the Pa., R. R. at Julian, was sentenced to the Reformatory at Huntingdon and to restore the stolen goods and pay costs of prosecution.

J. S. Bennett, who pleaded guilty to the charge of adultery was sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution, a fine of \$100 and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for nine months.

Court adjourned till Monday morning.

Court convened on Monday morning with Hon. John G. Love on the bench and after hearing a few petitions the first case on the list was taken up:

W. F. Reeder, executor of etc., of Mary Gordon vs. Joseph R. Muffly; verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$664.84.

Hezekiah Ewing vs. G. W. McWilliams; settled.

Michael Cowan, vs. O. L. Schooner and Jacob Saneroff; continued at the costs of the defendants.

Michael Canavan vs. O. S. Schooner. Continued at the cost of the defendant.

Wm. J. McGowan, administrator, of, &c., of Martin McGowan, vs. Mary J. Donovan. Continued.

W. S. Bigelow vs. the Overseers of Poor of Phillipsburg. Continued.

Wm. P. Rishel and Rachel C. Ocker vs. the American Fire Insurance Co. of Philadelphia. This suit is brought to recover from the insurance company for a house known as the "toll house" on the turnpike leading from Millheim to Brush Valley, which was insured by the defendant company. The house was burned Aug. 5, 1892, and the company refuses payment on the ground that the plaintiffs were not the unconditioned and sole owners of the property as stipulated in the policy. After the plaintiffs closed their case, defendant's counsel made a motion for a compulsory non-suit, which was sustained by the court.

The first case on Tuesday morning was Wm. A. Hartsock vs. W. F. Reeder, Anna Meyers, Joseph W. Meyers, John Meyers and Jas. Meyers, plea ejectment. Mr. Reeder disclaimed ownership and the jury were sworn as against the other defendants. The suit is for a tract of land in Huston twp.

**A Big Family.**

TALK about big families! here's a record that beats any thing in the mountain and valley districts of our own dear, prolific Centre:

The grandfather of a Canadian half-breed Indian peddler in Rutland, Vt., named Macomber, died a few days ago aged 103 years, at his reservation in Canada, leaving considerable property. He had been married three times, and was the father of 36 children. By his first wife he had six children, and each of the others bore him 15.

His grandchildren, great-grandchildren and great-great-grandchildren number over 1000. Of the 36 children, 28 are living, as are most of the grandchildren, great-grandchildren and great-great-grandchildren.

The tribe claims a portion of Vermont territory known as the "Missisquoi Valley." Chiefs and great men of the Five Nations have appeared before every session of the Legislature for upwards of half a century demanding remuneration.

**For Rent.**

STORE ROOM for Rent, with counter, shelves, ware-room, cellar, and rooms on second floor, for a family. Possession given at any time; apply to Mrs. Mary Dinges, Centre Hall. This property also for sale. Jan 30-41

**A 25 FOOT VEIN OF ORE.**

Iron Ore in Clinton County and Nittany Valley.

Visions of furnaces, rolling mills, steel works and other iron working establishments are in the minds of the people of Nittany valley, and there are very good grounds upon which their hopes are based. The discovery of a vein of iron ore twenty feet in thickness has been made and all Nittany valley is enthused over the discovery.

The find was made on the farm of W. H. Dornblaser. While digging a well on his premises a vein of pipe ore over twenty feet thick, was found. The ore is said to be very rich and will be easily mined. Mr. Dornblaser's farm is only a short distance north of Lamar, or the old Washington furnace, and but a short distance from the Lamar station of the Central R.R. of Pennsylvania.

The finding of so rich and so extensive a vein of ore at Lamar is an important discovery and leads to the supposition that immense beds of ore exist in that vicinity, and doubtless prospecting will be commenced at once. Pipe ore is very valuable and if further investigation proves the vein to be as extensive as is now supposed, Lamar will boom as it never boomed before.

At the old Washington iron works near what is now called Lamar, iron "blooms" were made of Nittany valley iron ore until 1877, when the works were shut down. The ore was not rich enough to work, it is said, and this, together with the fact that the blooms had to be hauled to Mill Hall for shipment, is stated as the reason for abandoning the works. In 1889 Joseph Candor, of Lock Haven, purchased all the machinery, engines, boilers and iron about the works and disposed of the whole as scrap iron. The furnace since then has been torn down and nothing whatever remains of the Washington iron works. Since that time the Central railroad has been built thro the valley and the facilities for shipment are good.

**About Postage.**

Resolutions in favor of one cent postage were adopted by the national board of trade at their recent annual meeting in Philadelphia. The board appointed F. Acker, of Philadelphia, S. M. Giddings, of Brooklyn, and B. Randall, of Baltimore, as a committee to agitate the question. They are sending inquiries to mercantile and trade organizations all over the United States for the purpose of securing suggestions and co-operation.

It is shown by the committee that the average costs of carrying mail matters is 8 cents a pound. Letters pay 32 cents a pound, while second class matter pays only 1 cent. A reduction of letter postage will necessitate and increase in the rate of second class matter and the possible exclusion from the mails of cheap novels, which are mailed as periodicals. The promoters of the movement desire also the abolition of the franking privilege.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

**Local Details.**

The "Reporter's" Florida alligator, we have ascertained, is three years old. He talks in his sleep, and once was heard to mutter, "All passengers for the north, this way." Guess he was bred near a depot.

A lady who came in to see our alligator, now says she has ugly dreams of gators chasing her. Guess if she dreamed of a pair of gators from a shoe-store, with feet in 'em, were after her, she'd let herself be cotched.

Douglas Jerrold was sometimes witty at the expense of his wife. He once told her, when she was no longer young, that he wished wives were like bank notes, so that one of forty could be exchanged for two of twenty. On another occasion he was asked whom his wife was dancing with. "Some member of the Humane society, I suppose," he replied.

**Threw Away His Cane.**

Mr. D. Wiley, ex-postmaster, Black Creek, N. Y., was so badly afflicted with rheumatism that he was only able to hobble around with canes, and even then it caused him great pain. After using Chamberlain's Pain Balm he was so much improved that he threw away his canes. He says this liniment did him more good than all other medicines and treatment put together. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by Wm. Pealer, Spring Mills, S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville, R. E. Bartholomew, Centre Hall.

Unlike most proprietary medicines, the formulae of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Sarsaparilla and other preparations are cheerfully sent to any physician who applies for them. Hence the special favor accorded these well-known standard remedies by the World's Fair commissioners.

**CAPITOL NEWS**

**DEMOCRATS BECOMING HOPEFUL OF SUCCESS.**

Prominent Leaders Express Themselves in Such Terms—McKinley Not Looked Upon With Feasting Eyes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The talk among Democrats since the Senate passed the free coinage substitute for the House bond bill has been more favorable for some sort of a satisfactory financial compromise in the National platform than at any time during the present session of Congress, and the result is already seen in a more hopeful feeling among the members of the party, and in declarations of support for the nominee of the Chicago Convention. Representative and Senator-Elect Money, of Miss., who represents a strong silver constituency, says that while he believes with the Democrats of his state that it will be suicidal for the Chicago Convention to nominate a single standard candidate or make a single standard platform that he has confidence in the assembled wisdom of the Convention and believes it will nominate a good ticket and make a good platform, and knows that Mississippi's electoral votes will be Democratic as usual. Ex-Speaker Crisp, whose silver views are well known said: "I expect to support the nominee of the Chicago Convention, whoever he is." Representative Bailey, of Tex., another silver man, said: "If I am forced to choose between the Republican party with its well-known policies; the Populist party with its vagaries and paternalism and the Democratic party, even with a gold standard platform, I shall certainly support the Democratic candidate. As important as I consider the silver question, I recognize that there are other questions of vast importance. No wise man would forsake many agreements on one disagreement, and embrace many disagreements on one agreement." Representative Dinsmore, of Ark., also a friend of silver, said: "I expect to stay in the Democratic party. I believe the only hope for bimetalism is in that party. We cannot afford to split, as disintegration would weaken the cause of silver." Representative Owens, of Kentucky, said, "Democrats in Kentucky will support the ticket nominated by the Chicago convention. They are already disgusted with the Republicanism and will return to the faith of their fathers, regardless of whether the ticket and platform are precisely as they would have them or otherwise." These views are fairly representative of those held by Democrats in Congress, and indicate united support for the Chicago ticket.

The four Democratic members of the Senate committee on Elections,—Gray, Pugh, Turpie and Palmer,—voted against the report made by that committee in favor of seating Mr. Dupont, of Del., but as the Republicans, notwithstanding individual expressions to the contrary, will all vote for him, and as they will almost certainly be able to "persuade" enough Populists to vote with them to make a majority, it is expected that he will be seated, although it may not be until after a hard fight.

Some of the friends of the other Republican candidates, in Congress, are not feeling as kindly toward McKinley as they might. This is owing to news which has reached them from their homes, concerning McKinley's attempts to make deals with the supporters of other candidates. These attempts are being made through personal letters, written by McKinley, authorizing the bearers of them to speak in his name and pledging himself to carry out any promises made by them. Among the states in which these McKinley confidential agents have been trying to work are Minnesota, Iowa, New York and several of the New England states. A hint has been sent to McKinley to the effect that if he doesn't stop this sort of business the other candidates intend to retaliate by sending men to Ohio to help along the McKinley revolt, now reported to be well under way.

Senator Gorman has decided not to be a delegate to the National convention and to give up his place upon the Democratic National Committee. In short, to give up for a time all participation in National politics. He says his sole reason for this is that he may during the next two years devote his entire attention to getting Maryland back into the Democratic party, where she naturally belongs, and that after he has succeeded in that task he may resume active connection with the National affairs of the party.

Ex-Congressman George R. Davis, of Ill., has the natural Republican love for government money. It will be remembered that Mr. Davis was Director General of the World's Fair, and that he drew a salary which more

than one person publicly charged to have been largely out of proportion to the value of the services he rendered. Be that as it may, he drew the salary. There isn't the slightest bit of doubt about that. Yet a paragraph in the Urgency Deficiency Appropriation bill which has already passed the Republican House, provides that the U. S. Government shall pay Mr. Davis \$18,000.10 cash,—the \$6.10 were doubtless put on to give the claim an appearance of exactness—for preparing his final World's Fair report. Unless some Senators who have expressed their opinions, shall change them, Mr. Davis would better not figure too confidently on ever handling that money.

President Cleveland has not yet decided what he will do about those congressional Armenian resolutions, but Lord Salisbury has already shown how useless it will be to send them, by publicly stating that there will be no intervention by the treaty powers.

**Mechanics' Lien Claimants.**

Judge Gordon, of Clearfield, has just handed down an important decision on the proceeds of a sheriff's sale of property on mechanics' lien claimants. He holds that before the auditor is appointed to distribute the fund derived from the sale any of the mechanics' claims, whether in judgment or not, can be attached on the merits by other lien claimants filed by journeymen, who had no right to file liens, and they appeared before the auditor and claimed prouta with other mechanics' lien claimants. The auditor held, however, that testimony could be introduced to show that the liens were not valid, and although the judgment dated from the date when they were entered, and could not be attached except for fraud or collusion, yet the mechanics' liens on which the sale was issued were invalid, and that the claimants were not entitled to share in the fund produced by the sale until all the valid mechanic liens had been paid. This point does not seem ever to have been expressly ruled on by the supreme court in a case between mechanics' lien claimants alone.

**AARONSBURG.**

The Musical Convention held in the Reformed Church a Success.

The musical convention held in the Reformed church last week was quite a success. After paying all expenses there was left \$79.00 which will be used in repairing the church.

Fred Limbert who will quit farming and move to town in the spring, is preparing to build a barn on the Nye property which he purchased from Sylvius. His son-in-law Clayton Musser takes charge of the farm.

William Snyder at Woodward, was caught by a rolling log and had his leg fractured one day last week.

Dr. Musser has rented his Harper homestead to Harvey Crouse, who will occupy it after April 1st.

William F. Jordan who had bought the Jordan homestead, has again sold it, his sister Emma being the purchaser. He will again move to Ohio about the first of March.

Sneak thieves entered the house of Julia Kremer while she was attending the convention one evening last week by chopping the cellar doors with an ax and in that way gained an entrance. They helped themselves to wine in the cellar but found no money.

Fred Burd, Charley Mowery and Isaac Foreman, who went to Illinois two weeks ago, have written home that they have found employment and are at work in the neighborhood of Dakota, Ill.

Rev. Brown took the youngest son of Calvin Hoover, deceased, to the orphan's home at Woomersdorf, on Monday morning, having taken the oldest son previously.

**The Discovery Saved His Life.**

Mr. G. Callouette, Druggist, Beaversville Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at J. D. Murray's Drug Store.

**POLITICAL** affairs, as regards the coming municipal election, are decidedly mixed in Philadelphia. The official ballot will have tickets on it labeled with such cognomens as "Republican," "Democratic," "Municipal League," "Anti-Combine," "Citizens," "Independent," "People's," "Prohibition," "Anti-Traction," "City Railroad Purchase," "Business Men's," "Quay Reform." Evidently there is something wrong with Philadelphia politics, with so many marks it must have smallpox or chicken pox.

**THE UNION MEETINGS.**

The Evangelist Preaches to a Large House Tuesday Evening.

Rev. H. H. Ryland, of Falls Creek, reached Centre Hall on the afternoon train Tuesday and preached to a large audience in the Presbyterian church that night. His subject was "Helping the Devil," and as announced he told how many professing Christians were helping the devil. Some did not like the pointed manner in which the Reverend talked, but were forced to admit that all he said was true.

We give a brief synopsis of the sermon taken from the manuscript copy. The text chosen was Acts ninth chapter and sixth verse: Lord what wilt thou have me to do?

In his introductory remarks the speaker took the ground that the Christian is to do whatever the Lord would like to have him do, and when he does not do this he is helping the devil. Some people profess to love and serve God but do little for him. They make a "full hand" in the service of the devil because their lives are not right.

People help the devil by not leading consistent Christian lives. The Lord wants each one of his followers to lead a consistent life. It is not much wonder that so many business men are not members of the church, when professing Christians run bills at their stores and never pay them.

The editors get the name of being a very irreligious set of people. But it is no wonder when so many church members will take the town paper for four or five years, never pay, up and order it stopped. Church members sometimes say mean things of one another. They get mad at the preacher and quit coming to church and quit paying anything toward the pastor's salary. Some of the younger members of the church go to the dance and opera instead of going to the prayer meeting.

These are those who want to follow Christ afar off. They are like the little girl who one day got a whipping; that night when she said her little prayer she added the following sentence: "Oh Lord make me good—not real good—but just good enough so I won't get whipped." A great many people don't want to be real good but just good enough to escape the clutches of the devil when they die.

Then the Lord wants us to be consecrated to his service. So many take little interest in the Lord's work. They discuss politics, the fashions and get quite fluent on the gossip of the day but when it comes to talking about the church or about church work they have nothing to say. Their lips are sealed. If some professing Christians took no more interest in their business than they do in their church they would be sold out by the sheriff before a year rolls by. The Lord expects us to be interested in his work. He would have us be consecrated men and women.

The Christian is watched and is the only Bible that many outside of the church read. The world needs a religion that they can see, and if people cannot see the principles of religion reflected from your daily walk and conversation you are not much help to the cause of Jesus Christ. Live so that men can say of you that there is no difference between your life and the word and you will not help the devil.

Last night Evangelist Ryland took for his subject, "Helping the Devil by the Neglect of Duty." The text was Zach. 2:4. The reverend gentleman believes that half the church members will never get to Heaven unless they get to living better and doing more for the cause of Christ. He said that not a day passed without souls sinking into a hopeless eternity because professing Christian people do not do their duty. He believes that men can perish for being unprofitable servants as well as for being abominable sinners and urged the Christian people to put forth an earnest effort to save the perishing souls about them.

**Cure for Headache.**

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at J. D. Murray's Drug Store.

**One Legged Skater.**

Jersey Shore has a 15 year old one legged skater, who can glide over the ice as swiftly and as gracefully as his companions. He lost his left leg near the hip several years ago. His name is Charles Strait.

—Subscriber for THE REPORTER, \$1.50