



COURT MELANGE

THE LARGE NUMBER OF CASES DISPOSED OF.

Many Petty and Trivial Differences Settled and Kept Out of the Court.—List Up to Wednesday.

Wednesday afternoon court called at 1.45.

The Register offered his accounts for confirmation.

Com. vs. Mollie Mallory, Lizzie Mallory and Kate Cain; verdict not guilty and the costs divided equally between the defendants and Michael Daugherty the husband of Sophia Daugherty the prosecutrix.

Com. vs. John H. Gentzell and Jno. Guiser, overseers of the poor of Walker twp.; charge, neglect of official duty; prosecutrix Sampson Wolf; verdict on Wednesday morning of guilty.

Com. vs. Joseph Iddings; charge, assault and battery; prosecutrix, Sarah J. Eckley of Boggs twp. After hearing the evidence on the part of the Com. the defendant plead guilty.

Com. vs. Charles Hartsock, Charles W. Rote, P. H. Garbrick, A. H. Emhizer and Jas. M. Rider; prosecutrix Susan Ohumacht; charge larceny by bailie. This prosecution was brought about some band instruments of the Coleville band; verdict not guilty.

Com. vs. Geo. Goodman, of Ferguson twp.; prosecutrix Margaret Calderwood; charge assault with intent to commit rape upon Minnie Holderman in Ferguson twp. After the evidence on the part of the Com. was heard the defendant plead guilty.

Com. vs. J. Wesley Decker of College twp.; prosecutrix J. Fred Decker; charge assault and battery upon his wife; verdict guilty.

Com. vs. Wm. R. Ettlinger, of Haines twp.; prosecutrix Benj. Benner; charge assault and battery. The defendant not appearing when called his recognizance was forfeited and respite until next term.

Com. vs. Clarence Davis, of Bellefonte; prosecutrix W. Gunsalus; charged first count, carrying concealed deadly weapons, second count wantonly pointing a revolver. This is the same J. Clarence Davis who served time in the county jail for over a year for being too intimate with Mrs. Ellen Redding, was just recently released; verdict guilty.

Com. vs. Boyd Stonerode of Milesburg; prosecutrix Enoch Hugg; charged, first count forgery, second count, uttering and publishing. This is the party who it is alleged presented a check on July 23, '95, at the Penns Valley bank at Centre Hall, made payable to Charles Carpenter and purporting to be signed by E. Hugg and payable at the First National bank of Bellefonte; verdict on Friday afternoon of not guilty and the costs divided equally between the defendant and the prosecutrix Enoch Hugg.

Com. vs. Jas. Wagner of Howard; prosecutrix Nancy J. Shultz; charge a common scold. Indictment quashed.

This list of civil cases was then taken up and disposed of as follows:

Lucy M. Auman vs. S. J. McClintick. This action was brought against McClintick, constable of Potter twp., for selling two cows on an execution from the docket of M. L. Rishel, justice of the peace at Farmers Mills, Dr. J. G. Allison vs. C. C. Auman. These cows were claimed by Mrs. Auman and were sold as the property of C. C. Auman hence this suit; verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$44.10.

David Deitz vs. J. H. Holt, on account; Defendant confessed judgment in favor of the plaintiff for \$81, with costs of execution for thirty days.

A. J. Cook vs. C. W. Resides and Thomas W. Fisher, administrator of &c of Wm. Resides, dec'd; verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$1696.50.

E. S. Dorworth use of Hannah J. Dorworth vs. Clement Dale administrator of &c of Eliza J. McMullen, dec'd, with notice to James McMullen; verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$112.75.

All jurors were discharged at 2.30 on Friday afternoon.

J. Clarence Davis convicted of carrying concealed weapons and wantonly pointing a revolver; sentenced to pay a fine of \$1 and costs of prosecution and undergo imprisonment in the penitentiary for a period of one year.

Geo. Goodman convicted of an attempt to commit rape; sentenced to the Reformatory at Huntingdon.

J. Wesley Decker convicted of beating his wife; sentenced to pay a fine of \$20, and the costs of prosecution.

Civil cases on first weeks trial list and not already mentioned were disposed of as follows:

Jas. Sample vs. W. C. Heinle endorser of John I. Rankin, continued generally.

Wm. Witmer vs. A. M. Brown and Joseph Kelley trading under the firm name of Brown & Kelley; continued.

A. B. Hurd and Peter Arp trading

as Engle Foundry Co. vs. Wm. Parker; settled.

Krumrine Bros. vs. Mrs. Mary Parsons; continued generally.

J. A. Woodcock & Sons vs. John G. Platt, J. F. Barber and Wm. Lauderbach, trading as the Phillipsburg Produce Co.; settled.

Orlando Thomas vs. John Leech, administrator of &c of W. W. Leech, dec'd; continued and not to be put on the list again without the leave of the court.

T. F. Kennedy vs. James Lytle; settled.

Com. of Penna. ex. rel. Burdine Butler vs. the Bald Eagle Valley and Nittany Valley Turnpike and Railroad Co.; appeal continued and not to be put on the list again without leave of court.

Other criminal cases entered to this time were disposed of as follows:

Com. vs. C. T. H. Huston; charge betrayal; prosecutrix Clara Geary; true bill.

Com. vs. Abraham Haldeman; charge malicious mischief; prosecutrix J. S. Houseman; true bill.

Com. vs. John Speesly; charge betrayal; prosecutrix Katie Breon; Settled.

Com. vs. Fred Dunbar; charge betrayal; prosecutrix Annie Stiffler; true bill.

Com. vs. Geo. Tate; charge betrayal; prosecutrix Annie Bohn; true bill.

Com. vs. Milton Neyman; betrayal; prosecutrix Belle De Haas; true bill.

Com. vs. Wm. Sayers; betrayal; prosecutrix Mary De Haas; true bill.

Com. vs. Coburn J. King; charge first count assault and battery, second count aggravated assault and battery, third count felonious assault with intent &c; prosecutrix A. Kessler; true bill.

Com. vs. Wm. Baney; charge adultery; prosecutrix Joshua Fouk; bill ignored and the county to pay the costs.

Com. vs. John Vallance; charge false pretense; prosecutrix Herman Martz; bill ignored the prosecutrix to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Harry Rote; charge betrayal; prosecutrix Minnie Miller; settled.

Com. vs. Samuel Bruss; charge assault and battery; prosecutrix Uriah Osman; settled.

Com. vs. Howard Fellenbaum; charge larceny; prosecutrix Lewis Fabian; bill ignored.

Com. vs. Jas. Somers; charge betrayal; prosecutrix Elizabeth Bailey; settled.

Com. vs. Wm. Brooks, Isaac Miller, overseers of the poor of Spring twp.; charge neglect of duty; prosecutrix Michael Daugherty; bill ignored.

Com. vs. Davis Gummo; charge betrayal; prosecutrix Maud Gardner; true bill.

Com. vs. Tony Wood; charge larceny; prosecutrix H. C. Yambert; bill ignored.

Com. vs. Wm. H. Smith; charge assault and battery; prosecutrix Wm. Eckley; bill ignored and the prosecutrix to pay the costs of prosecution, save the \$4 to the county.

Com. vs. Boyd Stonerode; charge false pretense; prosecutrix Wm. B. Mingle; true bill.

Com. vs. Geo. Beezer; charge betrayal; prosecutrix Mollie Gill; settled.

Com. vs. Simickson Walker; charge assault and battery; prosecutrix Ellen Davis; settled.

Com. vs. Foster Housel; charge assault and battery; prosecutrix Wm. Haldeman; settled.

Com. vs. Wm. Haldeman; charge assault and battery; prosecutrix Foster Housel; settled.

Court called on Monday morning at nine o'clock with President Judge Love and his associates Faulkner and Rich on the bench. After hearing a number of petitions Joseph Iddings, who plead guilty to the charge of assault and battery on Sarah J. Eckley was sentenced to pay a fine of \$20, and the costs of prosecution.

The first case taken up was E. S. Dorworth, use of W. R. Jenkins vs. Clement Dale administrator of &c of Eliza J. McMullen, dec'd with notice to James McMullen; verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$141.90.

E. S. Dorworth use of W. R. Jenkins vs. Clement Dale administrator of &c of Eliza J. McMullen dec'd, with notice to James McMullen terre tenant; verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$68.64.

On Monday afternoon at the calling of the court Wm. Packer who plead guilty to charge of assault and battery on Frederick Kerchoff last week was sentenced to pay a fine of \$25, and the costs of prosecution.

Harvest Services.

The Reformed congregation of Centre Hall will hold Harvest Thanksgiving service next Sunday evening.

—A big drive is being made in spring and summer clothing, all styles and prices. The goods are going fast. If you want one of them you will miss a life-long chance by not coming at once.—Lewins, Bellefonte.

CAPITOL NEWS

IMPORTANT MOVEMENTS IN NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Quay Will Control the Sixty-Four Delegates of Pennsylvania in the Republican Nomination for President.

Secretary Carlisle will go to Kentucky and take the stump for Col. Hardin and the whole state ticket. He is too good a Democrat to countenance the fight which has been mistakenly made upon Col. Hardin, because of financial opinions which everybody knew he held before he was nominated for Governor, and which are not a legitimate issue in the state campaign anyway.

Secretary Carlisle will have but one object in view in going into this campaign, and that will be to bring about party harmony and the election of the state Democratic ticket and a Democratic legislature. He has stated in the most positive terms that he was not and would not become a candidate for the Senate before the legislature to be elected, nor will he take any part either for or against any other candidate. All he asks is that the people keep the state in the Democratic column and send a Democrat to the Senate, both of which will be easy if Democrats will only stand together and fight the common enemy instead of each other.

Mr. Benjamin Harrison's goose is cooked, so far as his being a Presidential candidate is concerned. That at least is the opinion of many of the longest headed Republicans in Washington, some of whom want Harrison nominated badly. Boss Quay is the man credited with blocking Mr. Harrison's ambition. Had he lost his fight in Pennsylvania he would have ceased to be a factor in the national politics of his party, but by winning it he obtained virtually the power to cast the sixty-four votes of Pennsylvania in the Republican convention and a strong influence over votes from other states. His opposition to Mr. Harrison was unavailing in '92, because Mr. Harrison had the Minneapolis Convention packed with Federal office holders, but it will be effectual in '96, so effectual that Mr. Harrison will have the good sense to get down in order to save himself from being knocked down.

Quay's triumph in addition to forcing Mr. Harrison out of the running has given Tom Reed a boom for the nomination. But as this boom has no better foundation than Quay's expression in favor of Reed several months ago it would not be advisable for Mr. Reed to lean too heavily upon it. He would better trust the bicycle he had made to order; the strength of that has been tested. Quay having got a copper riveted cinch on those sixty-four votes will now proceed to dicker with those who want them, and if McKinley will make a better trade than Reed, or Allison or Morton than either of the others it is senatorial toga to horse covers that he can get them. The probabilities all point to Reed, however, simply because he is in a good position to offer a dicker which may land Quay on the winning side, which is where he wants to be. It is generally admitted that Reed will have the solid New England delegation and a number of scattering votes from other states. If he can add to those Pennsylvania's sixty-four votes he will enter the convention with more votes than any other candidate, which would of itself attract a number of unattached votes, perhaps enough to nominate him on the first or second ballot. A majority nominates in the Republican convention.

Hon. William H. Clopton, of St. Louis, U. S. Attorney for the eastern district of Missouri, is in Washington. He is credited with always keeping posted on Democratic sentiment in his section. In the course of an interesting conversation he said: "The present agitation over silver will do the Democratic party no harm in Missouri. The state will be overwhelmingly Democratic in 1896. There is considerable talk out our way about the candidacy of Col. William B. Morrison. I think that he has the call in Missouri over any other Democrat who has been mentioned in connection with the presidency. Morrison's long and honorable public career, his unspotted personal character, his conservatism, and his straight Democracy are points in his favor not to be overlooked. He is available from every standpoint, and he is popular throughout the entire country."

Although Ex-Senator Ransom has been reappointed Minister to Mexico, his first appointment having been decided illegal by the accounting officers of the Treasury, and is now on his way back to Mexico, he will not be able to draw any salary, either for the time between his first appointment and the time that appointment was officially declared to be illegal or between this

time and the date upon which his last appointment shall be confirmed by the Senate, owing to legal technicalities. It will require a special Act of Congress to pay him for the time served under his first appointment, but only his confirmation by the Senate is required to enable him to draw his salary from the date of his last appointment.

Of Interest to Education.

President Judge John G. Lowe, specially presiding in the Forty-ninth district, has just filed a decree that is bound to attract some interest in educational circles in Huntingdon county at least.

County Superintendent Rudy had refused to grant E. E. Kell, a Shade Gap school teacher, a professional certificate, because he could not certify to the fact that the applicant was a person of good moral character. It was admitted that Kell was fully competent from an educational standpoint, but he was charged with being habitually addicted to the use of intoxicating beverages, and on this ground the county superintendent felt that he could not legally issue the certificate.

Kell could get the school had his certificate been forthcoming. He therefore petitioned the court for a rule on County Superintendent Rudy to show cause why a mandamus should not issue compelling him to grant the certificate. The case was heard at a special term of court last Friday, and in a decree just filed the rule is made absolute and a peremptory mandamus is awarded, commanding Superintendent Rudy to issue a proper legal certificate within five days and pay the costs of the proceedings.

Death of a Child.

The family of Mr. Ammin Gramley, son of ex-treasurer J. J. Gramley, is sadly afflicted. On last Saturday morning their youngest child, Grace, took suddenly ill with cholera infantum at nine o'clock in the morning and died at six o'clock in the evening. She was aged just 1 year, 3 months and 6 days. The funeral was held on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, and interment was made in the cemetery at Hublersburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Gramley have three children left and on Friday one of those took sick, on Saturday another and on Sunday the third one, all with cholera morbus. Two of them have partly recovered but one, Miss Edna, aged about four years, is very low and the doctor has little hope of her recovery. The death of her one child and the illness of all her others has so prostrated Mrs. Gramley that she is unable to give them the necessary attention and the entire care devolves upon her husband. Mr. Gramley lives on his father's farm, just this side of Hublersburg, and at present his mother, Mrs. James J. Gramley, of this place, is with them helping to nurse the sick. Mr. Gramley is going down to assist in putting out the fall crop.—Daily News.

An Amusing Mistake.

A clergyman was very anxious to introduce some new hymn books into the church and arrange with his clerk that the latter was to give out the notice immediately after the sermon. The clerk, however, had a notice of his own with reference to the baptism of infants to give out; accordingly at the end of the sermon he arose and announced that "all those who had children whom they wished to have baptized were to send their names at once to the clerk." The clergyman, who was stone deaf, assumed that the clerk was giving out the hymn book notice and immediately rose and said: "And I should like to say, for the benefit of those who haven't any that they may be obtained in the vestry any day from three to four o'clock; the ordinary little ones at one shilling each, and special ones with red backs at one shilling and four pence."

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cure by giving the needed tone to the bowels and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at J. D. Murray's Drug Store.

Its Largest Tonnage.

Last Saturday the tonnage over the Beech Creek was the largest in the history of the road. Seven hundred and sixty one cars of coal were delivered at Jersey Shore Junction.

360 pair Men's All Wool Pants, worth 3.00 and 4.00. Our price, 1.50. Lyon & Co.

WALKER TWP.

ANOTHER CHAPTER OF INTERESTING HISTORY.

Organization—Early Settlers—Wellknown Families who Resided in the Township.

This township was erected in 1810, as found in Linn's History.

The earliest surveys were made in the eastern portion of the township, along the south side of Fishing Creek, including it and a small portion north of it. These surveys, running from near the county line westward to Hublersburg, were made by Charles Lukens in Nov. 1770, in the names of Joseph Cassin, John Sheridan, George Bray, etc., of date 31 Aug., 1769. The northern portion of the township from Hublersburg east was taken up upon a batch of warrants of December 24, 1792. These lands belonged to the Tilghman estate, and some of them still remain in that estate. A vacancy occurring between these blocks of 1770 and 1793, where Henry Beck now (1883) resides, east of Snyderstown, was taken up under a warrant in the name of Elizabeth McEwen, dated March 2, 1792. The western portion of the township was taken up in warrants of 1784. The town of Zion is in the Benjamin Garrigues warrant of 6th of July, 1784; the Gordon Mills, at Hecla, on the Mary Miller warrant of Oct. 14, 1784, surveyed June 13, 1785. South of the Mary Miller, and along and covering Nittany mountain, east and west of Hecla Gap, is a large block of surveys under warrants of March 11, 1794, in the names of Samuel Robinson and others, surveyed in October, 1794. The land, being owned principally by Wistar and Tilghman, was not sold at a very early date, and consequently settlements do not date back very far in the present township of Walker.

A large tract of land between Zion and Bellefonte, then owned by Mr. White, was only sold as late as 1829 for \$4 per acre, and James Gordon only paid \$7 per acre for his farm below Zion at a later date.

Among the most noted early settlers was the McEwen family. Henry one of the sons, came to Cumberland, thence to Nittany valley, and died in the summer of 1802. His family consisted of William, Francis (who died at the age of 98), James C., Jane (married — Williamson, of Venango co.), Elizabeth (married Wm. Petrikin), Sarah (married Thomas McCalmont), Anna (married William Pettit), Mary (married John Fleming), and Isabella (married David Lamb). Wm. McEwen died at the residence of Samuel Pettit, in Kishacoquillas valley, Dec. 25, 1837, aged 82 years. He removed with his father and family from Cumberland county to Centre county, Bald Eagle township, in 1791. He had served two terms with the militia in the Revolutionary war, and upon the organization of Centre county, in 1800, was appointed a justice of the peace, the duties of which office he has discharged with great regard to mercy and charity.

Henry McEwen, Esq., born in the territory of Walker twp. Aug. 9, 1802, died there Jan. 17, 1880, on the farm where he had lived all his life. Although an old man he volunteered during the war of the Rebellion to go out to fight for his country. His wife, Mrs. Catharine McEwen, died Nov. 25, 1881. She was born in Northampton county, but came to Centre county in her youth.

Wm. McKee was the first settler at Logan's Gap. He emigrated from Ireland in 1791, first settling in Cumberland county. He had two brothers, Andrew and Thomas. Wm. McKee was living at Logan's Gap as early as 1775, and owned a large amount of real estate there, which afterwards went into the possession of Judge McKinney. He left a large family.

John Harrison, an Englishman, settled in the territory of Walker, where his daughter, Mrs. Mary Holt was born, near Zion, July 10, 1796. She united with the Presbyterian church at Bellefonte in 1812, and in 1819 married John Holt, Esq., and moved to Snow Shoe in 1822. She attended the first funeral in that settlement, and was at the second birth, and for forty-three years administered to all cases of sickness and death within her reach. She died in 1867, near Moshannon.

John Snyder, who was a teamster during the Revolution, died in Walker, in 1850, aged 92 years.

Wm. McKean was a brother of Samuel McKean, Secretary of the Commonwealth under Gov. Wolf, 1829; U. S. Senator 1835-39. Came from Mifflin county, and after living some time on Sinking Creek, bought a farm near Hublersburg, where he died. He was a Federalist in politics. His brother Samuel was a Democrat.

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—Subscribe for the REPORTER, \$1.50

How to Eat "Roasting Ears."

This is the season of the year for "roasting ears"—corn boiled on the cob—and people whose minds turn to etiquette and hygiene are given a chance to tell what they know about the best way of disposing of the toothsome morsel. Everybody knows how it is best enjoyed—munched right off the cob, having been previously buttered and salted to suit the taste. But this is impracticable to the unfortunate whose front teeth are missing, or who has to depend upon store teeth, unless the store teeth fit extra well. He must take some other plan, and the best is probably that suggested by a New Yorker, who says he has been eating corn that way for twenty-five years, which is certainly long enough to prove any method. He takes the ear of corn and passes a sharp knife along each row of grains, making a slit in the top of each kernel; then, he claims, a gentle pressure by the teeth, or in the absence of teeth, by the gums, will force the pulp out of the grain and leave the hull, the indigestible part, on the cob. It takes some practice, he says, like riding a bicycle or anything else that is worth while doing, but it pays to learn how.

Those people who protested they would never eat green corn except when cut down off the cob have discovered the error of their ways, and now have compromised with their sensibilities by demanding that the cob is held in one hand, instead of two and the elbows be kept off the table. When corn is cut down off the cob it leaves on the kernels a part of the tough, thin, cup-shaped socket in which they stood on the ear; this is injurious and indigestible, and does not come off with the grains when shelled after full maturity.

Some people claim an ear of green corn intended for cooking should not be taken from the husk, but the covering simply stripped back, the silk removed, and the ear then boiled with the husk in its original place around it. This is said to produce a flavor attainable in no other way.

And with a corn cup pushing hard onto the two-and-a-half-million-bushel mark, you may eat all the corn you want to without danger of cheating the other live stock next winter.

The Camera Reformer.

One woman determined that her husband should know how he looked when he was drunk. She knew how he looked well enough, and needed not that any man should tell her. Her children also knew from sad experience, but the man himself had a very imperfect idea of the state of the case. So once when he came home and fell into a maudlin slumber she sent for a photographer to come forthwith, and on his arrival she set before him his work. She ordered the photographer to photograph her husband as he sat in the chair. The photographer did it well; and when the photograph was finished and laid beside the husband's place at breakfast it was a revelation, and the sobered gentleman experienced a decidedly new sensation. There was no need of explanation; the thing explained itself. There was no chance for contradiction; the sun tells no lies. There was no room for argument; a reform has taken place.

Lewistown's Centennial.

The centennial celebration to be held at Lewistown this week will be an occasion of great interest to the people of that town and Mifflin county. The celebration opens on Wednesday, September 4th, and will close on Saturday the 7th. During the progress of the celebration the Juniata Valley Veteran association, recently organized, will encamp at Lewistown, and a good time is promised those who take advantage of this opportunity to get together and fight their battles over again under circumstances that are more pleasant than when the leaden or iron missiles out the air in making a bee line for the head or body of some unfortunate servant of Uncle Sam.

Labor Day.

Labor Day will occur in Pennsylvania this year on Saturday, September 7. More interest is taken in banking than in industrials as to the date of the holiday, as financial institutions must close, and maturing paper looked after, whether the day is celebrated or not for those for whom it was ostensibly established. As the law formerly fixed the first Monday in September as the date, some doubt exists as to when it really occurred. The attorney general's department at Harrisburg being asked for official information on the point replied that Labor Day this year would fall on Sept. 7.

—The merchant tailoring establishment at Lewins, Bellefonte, is turning out more and finer work than any in this part of the state. The prices are just right, and once a customer always customers there.