An entire family of seven persons, strong believers in spiritualism, were taken into custody in Cleveland, Ohio, charged with insanity. --- Forest fires are doing much damage in Penn-ylvania, a number of oil wells at Kane being destroyed .-- August Echelman's public house at Plowville, Pa., was struck by lightnin ; and two men killed. --- The York Chemical Work+ a: York, Pa., were burned. Loss \$30,000; insurance \$7,000 .- John Czeh killed his wife in Jersey City. -- Over five square miles of forest were burned near Kane, Pa., together with property of the Midland Oil Company, the fire baving been started by sparks from a locomotive. - The seven-year-old orphaned niece of a man named Selby, living near Bristol, Ind., was brutally assaulted by her uncle. - F.oods have done a great deal of damage in Eastern Colorado, -- L-wis Kirk killed Edward Peaco at Conestoga

Henry T. Edwards, a life-ong friend of President Cleveland, died in Evanston, Ill. ---- Archbishop Kenrick has made public the letter from Rome which makes him the successor of Archbishop Kain, of St. Louis. ___Commencement exercises were held at Dickinson College, academic and honorary degrees being bestowed .- The Virginia Grand Camp of Veterans closed its session at Charlottesville, Va. - Toe body of Miss Annie Kay was found in the Raritan Canal, near Bristol, Pa .- The federal government will make an investigation of the Colima disaster .- The wages of the five bundred employes of the Warren Pipe Foundry and Machine Shops, at Philipsburg, N. J., will be increased ten per cent on July 1 .-- A conflict between the Mayor of Millville, N. J., and a posse again the employes of the Traction Company, led to the reading of the riot act by the sheriff under the order of the court.

Several important arrests were made in Chicago, and one of the worst gang; of thieves in Chicago was broken up - The Pueblo City Railroad is to be sold to satisfy a mortgage of \$500,000 on an order made by Judge Hallett in the federal court. The property will doubtless be bid in by the General Electric Company .- Chancellor Mc-Gill, of Trenton, N. J. appointed Supreme Court Justice Alfred Reed vice chancellor, to succeed the late Vice Chancellor Green .-The biennial meeting of the Head Camp of Modern Woodmen was begun in Madison, Wis .-- An incendary fire destroyel sx buildings on Dakota avenue, in Huron, S. D. The most serious loss was G. Laubes' \$12,000 collection of models of patents, the greatest west of Wa hington, --- The investigation of the old officers of the Whi-key Trust before William Booth, master in chancery of the United States Court in Chicago. ended in a draw, and the question of the subject matter to be investigated is referred back to Judge Showalter. -- The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad was held in Pittsburg.

WORK AND WORKERS.

The Joliet mills of the Illinois Steel Company started up. Every department is in full blast, giving employment to 1500 men. Officials of the Knights of Labor have purchased a site in Washington D. C., and made a contract for an office building for the headquarters of the Order.

A telegram from Calumet, Michigan, says that the 3500 employes of the Calumet and Hecia Mining Company will have their wages restored 10 per cent, the amount of the re-

Several of the mines in West Virginia, on the line of the Norfolk and Western Railroad. resumed operations and no disturbance was reported. "In some instances the men seemed anxious to return but in others the strikers' places were filled."

The Inter-State Miners' Convention adjournel at Columbus, Obio, without having taken action regarding the strike. The Ohio delegates held conference with the operators with a view to ending the strike in that State. but nothing was accomplished.

At Pana, Ill., the Penwell and Springside colliers, employing hundreds of miners, shut down owing to having no orders for coal. The other two big mines are still in operation. Many miners have been employed but little here since the big strike last summer.

There was a general resumption of work in the mines of the Pittsburg district, the strike having been declared lost by the United Mine Workers' officials. The strikers are trying to get their former places back again, and most of them have succeeded.

The Consolidated Wire and Nail Company, operating mills at Lockport and Joliet, Ill., St. Louis, Allentown and Pittsburg, has notified its employes that their wages will be advanced 10 per cent, including those whose pay has already been raised. Six thousand workers will be benefited.

THROUGH THE DAM.

town Order.

NO LIVES REPORTED LOST

Great Damage, Done to Property and the Crops Probably Completely Destroyed in Medicine Valley.

A despatch from Curtis, Neb., says: Curtis Lake burst from is banks and the volume of water released carried destruction through the Medicine Valley. The lake covered an area of 100 acres, and was constructed as an irrigation reservoir, and incidently to furnish power to the Curtis Roller Mills. An enormous dam was built across the north of Wild Canon, where it interceps the Medicine River at this point, and all the water drained from the territory of the north, some thirty square miles, was confined to the artificial basin. The enormous flood of water that has passed into the lake during the past five days was too heavy for the dam. The first intimation Curtis citizens had that the locality was hreatened with disaster, was when the bank of the lake burst with a roar that could be heard several miles, and a wall of water ten feet high rushed down the valley, carrying everything in its path. Houses, freight cars stock and a mountain of debris was caught ap and dashed about like feathers.

The fine roller mills, which occupied the side of the great ravine, received the first shock of the torrest, and the building was aimost ruined. Damage in this direction

alone is estimated at \$20,000. A few hundred yards below the mills, Medcine River passes under the railroad tracks of the Burlington When the flood struck this narrow defile, its progress was impeded, but only for an instant, then the heavy enbankment gave way, and the wall of water rushed through, cutting a path 100 yards wide. A number of freight cars were standing on the track close to the point underminded, and were precipitated into the river, being earried down stream like straws. Much of the track was left spanning the chasm. while other sections were covered bodily by the great pressure of the flood. The loss is

As the wall of water passed teyond the city, it rapidly spread out over an immense territory, and its power of destruction was correspondingly decreased. The damage, however, was merely shifted, as the extensive alfalfa meadows for many miles to the south were flooded by several feet of water. and fears are entertained that the crops will

be permanently destroyed, rent passed, indicate very extensive damage. o gold and pyritic ores at Backsburg, S. Farm products of every description were en. C., have been nearly completed and large gulfed, and in many instances, where the paosphate works are now being built adhomes of the farmers were in the immediate | jacent to this plant for the purpose of utilizvicinity of the valley, the disaster was almost | ing the su phuric acid which is saved as a ruinous, Small buildings were swept away bi-product in the reduction of the gold re. or underminded in such a manner as to be rendered worthless, and in some sections the of industrial enterprises reported in any one water rose so rapidly as to seriously menace | week in the South for several years, and inthe lives of families.

Twenty miles to the south, where the Medicine Valley is confined to a small space, it is believed the damage will be heaviest. Forty noticeable fact that most of the enterprises miles below, where t e river empties the Republican, at Cambridge, Neb., some damage was done to rathroad property, but of no great importance.

McCook, Neb .- While searching for washouts between Edison and Oxford, the engine of the repair train plunged into a washout about two miles east of Ed son, and of the five men on the engine four were killed.

Frank Harris, private secretary to Super intendent Campbell, of the Burlington, miraculously escaped with slight injuries. This is the most disastrous accident to life that has ever occurred on this division, and is one of the results of the breaking of Curtis

CABLE SPARKS.

President Moraes, of Brazil, is ill and is reported that he intends to resign. The Spanish gunboat Tajo has been wrecked off San Setastian. Only one man was

drowned. The election of a member of Parliament from West Edinburgh has resulted in the return of a unionist by an increased majority.

Mgr. D. O'Connell, the rector of the American College, has left Rome in order to meet Cardinal Gibbons, who is on his way to Rome from Paris.

The Royal Geographical Society has awarded the patron's medal to the Hon-George N. Curzon, nember of Parliament for his researches in Persia

But meagre details have been received of the Pacific Mail steamship Colima off the Mexican coast. So far it is known that 26 persons were saved and it is said more have been picked up at sea. M. Pasteur, the noted French chemist and

originator of the hydrophobia cure, has refused a German decoration awarded him in honor of his labors in the cause of humanity

A tremendous fall of rock from the Schwarz mountain into the Lauterbrunnen Valley, Switzerland, has swept away whole forests on the slope of the mountain and has caused immense destruction of property.

The government of India is said to have advised the permanent occupancy of Chitra; by British troops and the building of a road there to connect with other British military routes from the south.

The annual review of the garrison of Berlin took place on the Tempelhof parade ground. The Emperor, Empress, the young princes and other members of the imperial family, in addition to a number of royalties, were present,

Leading unionists in England have indicated that they will oppose any effort to alter the currency standard on a bimetallic basis. Sir Wm. Harcourt has declared that the government will adhere to the gold standard. At a meeting of leading bankers and merchants in London it was determined to form a gold defense association.

INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY.

No Let Up in the Cotton Mill Building in the South.

Special reports to the Manufacturers' leoord show a very decided increase in industrial activity throughout the South, While there is no let up in the cotton mill building spirit, there is quite a marked revival in iron and steel matters during the past week. Furnaces that have been ille r many months have gone into blast at Florence and Sheffield, Ala, arrangements have been completed for starting up the big furnaces and steel plant at Middleborough, a d in an interview published in the Manufacturers' Record, Mr. Henry F. DeBurdeleben, of Bessemer, Ala., gives particulars regarding a large steel plant which will be immediately built at that point and the development of a ccal property to a capacity of 5,000 tons of coal a day, and in connection therewith coke ovens-the gas from which is to be util zed for running a arge electric power plant to furnish free power to manufacturing ente prices. At steel plant is also to be built at Birmingham by the Birmingham Rolling Mill Company, which has contracted for the boilers for it.

In cotion mil! matters this has been one of the busiest weeks since the revival in this ndustry commenced. A company has been organ zed to build a 30,000 spindle mill at Columbia, S. C.; a local building and loan a-sociation at Blacksburg. S. C., has been merged into a cotton mill company and wil immediately build a \$15),000 mill. Among other milis reported for the week are a 5,000 spindle mill at Rock Hill, S. C.; 3,000 spindle mill at E zabeth City, N. C.; a Columbia, S. C., mill now building to be doubled on original plans; a 8,00) spindle mill at Washington, Ga; a \$2 0,000 company organizel at Montgomery, Ala.; mills projec ed at High Shoals, Ga., and other

Arrangements have been completed for the building of the \$350,000 beet sugar plant at Bowling Green, Ky., by German capitalists, who are now contracting for machinery. Contracts have been let for the machinery f ra \$500,000 sugar mill in Louisiana, to be the largest ever built in that Sta'e. A \$10) .-30) gold mining company has been organized at Scotisboro, Aia.; a \$500,000 developmeut company at Fort Smith, Ark.; a \$10,00) clothing factory at Augusta, Ga.; a \$15,000 electric light and water works at Sandersonvi le, Ga.; a \$100,000 electric company at Baton Rouge, La.; a \$150,000 electric plant at Meridian, Miss.; a new compress at Tupelo, Miss.; a cotton oil mill company at Spartan-burg, S. C.; and a cotton oil mill company being organized at Blacksburg, S. C; a \$20,000 factory building at Knoxviile; large electric plant at Wheeling, W. Va.; in addition to which there were a large number of miscellaneous enterprises such as lumber mids, water works, oil wells, foundries, coal mines, brick and tile works, woodw rking plants, &c. All details from the south, where 'the tor- The metallurgical works for the reduction

This is by far the most extensive number d cates a very marked revival of business No loss of lives has thus far been reported, interests and the determination of the people of the South to take hold of industrial enterprises with increased vigor. It is a reported in this list are by Southern people and are to be built with Southern capital.

HEAVY SUGAR IMPORTS.

Those of the Past Month Regarded as Break ing the Record.

Worthington C. Ford, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, gives out the imports of sugar for the month of May, 1895. The total quantity imported at the five ports of New York, Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia ani San Francisco were 530,697,599. pounds, valued at \$10,289,434. These figures represent a very heavy import. While the tariff act of 1889 was before Congress and importations were greatly stimu ated by the uncertainties of the duties to be levied on sugars the highest figure in the history of the country were touched. In March, 1864, the imports were 691,339 125 pounds and in July of the same year 766,046,88) pounds. The returns of May, 1895, are heavier in quantity than the imports of May of any previous year and should therefore, be accounted as breaking the record.

In June, 1894, an importation of 551,378-000 pounds was valued at \$19,175,753. The greater imports of May, 1895, was valued at only \$19,289,434, or nearly \$3,000,000 less.

SPREAD DEATH AND RUIN.

Awful Summing Up of the Effects of a Great Explosion.

As the result of the explosion of a boatload of nitro-glycerine at Parkersburg, W. Va., the Parkersburg Mills and Kelly's Foundry are completely dismantled. On the south side of the river eight houses were wrecked. Every church suffers in cracked walls and broken stained glass windows. An estimate of \$100,000 loss in glass alone is be-

liered to be conservative. The man in charge of the nitro-glycerines who was blown to atoms, was James Cooley, of Shamokin. Of those injured on the south side, Annie Ford, Miss Hutchinson and a littie child will probably die. Ida Ford and Emma Hendricks also were badly hurt-George Munn, William Curry and L. N. Treadway were seriously injured in the

On the other side of the river scores were injured, but none dangerously. John Burns, of Limestone, was thrown from his wagon and both his legs broken. John Kelly, a lumberman, was rafting ties near the explosion and was blown half way across the river. He came up under a raft but was saved. The crew of the boat, as well as Cap. 'ain Cooley, are all believed to be dead.

It is reported in Berlin that Germany, France and Russia will float the new Chinese loan and that the Rothschilds will be entrusted with the transaction.

FOREST FIRES.

Pennsylvania Oil Regions in Great Danger.

MILES OF ROARING FLAMES.

Every Spring and Creek Dried Up-Residents of the District Fleeing for Their Lives.

The woods about Ormsby are on fire, and number of oil rigs have been destroyed. All communication has been cut off. Fires are reported along the New York, Lake Erle and Western Line as far as Allegany, N. Y. On the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg oad at I ent the property of the Emery Oil Company is threatened. Oil rigs all through the section have been burned, as well as millions of feet of standing timber. The most fear is felt at Routherford Run, where 1,000 pounds of nitro-glycerine are stored.

Coon Run, a small settlement 10 miles south of Ormaby, in the heart of the oil fields, has been wiped off the face of the earth People had to flee for their lives, and great excitement prevailed. The fire came so suddenly that many women and children were panic-stricken and became unable to move, and had to be carried to places of safety in

Passengers who arrived at Ormsby over the Pittsburg and Western road say the woods for 10 miles in the oil fields is a roarng mass of flame. Conductor Tanks says the people on the oil leases are fleeing for safety, but the fire spread so quickly that be cannot see how all of them could have been saved. So far as reported several oil pumpers are missing.

THE BLAZE AT BANE.

KANE, Pa .- Never before has this place been threatened with so much destruction. The forests have been on fire since Saturday and all efforts to check the flames have proved unavailing.

At 3 o'clock the fire ha! spread to West Kane, the heat being so intense that the fighters were driven back, and the people began to desert their houses for places of safety. Every spring is dried up, and the place is at the mercy of t e flames.

The fire is now raging in the oil fleids, and has burned the oil well rig owned by the Griffith Company.

The Union Oil Company has lost six rigs and three tanks of oil. James Campbel's saw mill and over a million feet of logs have all sides. been destroyed,

WILL BE WIPED OUT.

Bussell City, Ia.-Everything between Coon Run and Rus ell City is burned, includ ing all the r gs and tanks of the Elk Oil Com. any Station and Stanlard Pump Station, Fire has crossed the railroad north of Russell, and is sweeping everything before it, with a strong wind from the West,

FLORENCE AGAIN SHAKEN.

A Sharp Earthquake Shock Occurred in the Night.

There was a sharp earthquake shock at Florence at 1.56 in the morning. It aroused almost everybody hastily from their beds, and when it was followed by a succession of other subterraneous disturbances, shock following shock in rapid succession, the people became panic-stricken and rushed in terror to the streets, where they remained for hours, greatly alarmed. Although it is not believed that any serious damage was done the inhabitan's of Florence, not having recovered from the panie which followed the big earthquake of Saturday, May 18th, last, were with difficulty persuaded to return to

The greatest excitem ont prevailed in the streets shortly after the earthquake shocks, whole families remaining hundled together, guarding their most valuable possessions which they carried with them in their flights from their homes. Many people fell on their knees in the middle of the streets and prayed while others seemed too terrified to do anything but rush about and add to the feeling of panic which prevailed.

A FEDERAL INQUIRY.

lolima Disaster to Be Investigated By the Government

A despatch from San Francisco says: The Federal Government is said to have decided o make a thorough investigation of the Colima disaster which cost so many lives. It is not impropable that the State authorties may take a hand in the affair and there is a ready talk of criminal proceedings. These, however, are not yet a certainty.

The Federal inquiry will be instituted by Messrs. Talbott and Hillman, the inspectors of hulls and boilers. The inquiry is intended to be thorough in every respect. One of the first questions to be discussed in the investigation is the manner in which the ship was loaded. Charges of the most serious character have been made, the most serious allegation being that the ship was negligently loaded.

THE REPUBLIC COLLAPSED.

Formosa's President Fled and His Troops Burn the Buildings.

The Republic of Formosa has collapsed, its President, Tang, has escaped from the is- killed. On account of his inability to obtain land and the foreigners resident there are in

The Chinese forces in the northern part of the Island became disorganize1 at the approach of the Japanese troops, and the soldiers of the President of the Republic joined the mob in rioting, looting and burning the government buildings at Taineh Fu a nd

The Japanese legation has received no official advices on the collapse of the Formosa Republic. The collapse has been expected from the first. The officials have treated the Formosa uprising as grotesque. The Japanese foreign office has indicated its contempt for this affair by never referring to it in a cable despatch to the Legation here.

PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

Epitome of News Gleaned From Various Parts of the State

After a heate I debate the Quay County bill passed the House on a close vote.

Reliefonte's centennial calebration began with a firemen's parade and drill.

Iron manufacturers in Western Pennsyl. vania are not disposed to grant the demand of the Amalgamated Association for a \$4.52 pudding rate.

The American Protestant Association decided at Pittsburg to meet at Philadelphia

Frederick L. Wolf, a distiller near Greensburg, was ics antly sille i. He was caught by a bilt and drawn into the machinery, where he was crushed.

David Williams, of Nanticoke, died from injuries received at the hands of two unknown men who sandbagged him. In his ante-mortem statement Mr. Williams said while he was out drinking two men led him from a saloon and sandbagged and robbed him. He died from the injuries.

A premature dynamite explosion occurred at the water works extension operation at Erle, Captain Jason Lathrop was engaged in drilling and blasting a channel for the intake water pipe. He had put down one dynamite cartridge and his assistant, Charles Harrity, had another twenty-five pound cartridge in his hand. The men had their backs turned to each other and while Harrity aptached the electric wires to the cartridge, Lathrop being unconscious of Harrity's act. turned on the current. Harrity's dismembered and mangled body was hurled into the I ke, and Lathrop was thrown through the side of the boat. His legs were mangled and his injuries are terribly severe. William Laurie, Telfert Julake, Antonne and John Hedlind, who were within ten feet were thrown with terrific force through the boat, receiving painful, but not dangerous in-

In the House the Hackenberg electrical bilis and the Deputy Auditor General bill were passed.

The 11th commencement of Dickinson College closed at Carl sle. The fortieth commencement of Irving Col-

lege was held at M. chanicsburg. Captain Louis D. Spiece, of Ardmore, died after a lingering illness.

A sentence of fifteen yeas in the Eastern Penitentiary and \$1 000 fine was imposed by Judge Yerkes on William Moulton, colored, who in January attacked Mrs. Maggie German, who resides with her husband on a farm near Yardley. In passing sentence Judge Yerkes congratulate t the residents of Yardley for having repressed the desires to lynch Moulton and allowing the law to take is course. The sentence is commended on

While Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Fisher, of Rohrerstown, were celebrating the sixtie:h anniversary of the r marriage, Mrs. Fisher, aged 79 years, was stricken with paralysis. She died next day.

Conductor Dook, of the Central Traction Company's electric road, Pittsburg, was ing business can be disposed of the President cowhided by Mrs. Louis Strothers, the wife | w.ll leave here early next week. of a motorman on the same line. Two of the Strothers boys on their way home from school stole a ride on Dook's car and claim they were forcibly thrown off, one having his tee:h knocked out. This so angered the mother that she went to the car barn and belabored Dook's fact with a whip. The engagement ending by the fight of the conductor, who threatens to prosecute Mrs.

Herman Elfman and family, Doylestown, were thrown from their carriage by a runaway horse. Mrs. E'fman was injured internally and remained unconscious some time. The little girl also sustained severe injuries and Mr. Eliman has a serious cut on his head above the forehead. The boy escaped without injury.

A test of an eight inch gun was held at the proving grounds of the Bethlehem Iron Company. The gun is one of a lot of twenty-five for the United States Army. A projectie 153 pounds in weight was used. The charge of powder weighed eigh y-three pounds. The requirements are that ten shots be fired. The result of the tes: was thoroughly satisfactory.

Forest fires in McKean and Eik counties. have done much damage. The loss, it is feared, will run up into millions of dollars. Five to seven men are missing.

In the case of Margaret Kerr vs. Pennsylvania Railroad Company the Supreme Court a: Harrisburg reversed the judgment of Common Pleas Court No. 2, of Ph ladelphia, and ruled that Mrs. Kerr could sue for damages for the death of her son in her own name. At Plowville, Webster Ziegler and George

James were both killed by lightning. President Reed preached the baccalaureae, sermon to the graduates of Dickinson Col. ege at Carif-le. Governor Hastings also addressed the class.

Bishop Andrews dedicated the fine new church edifice erected by Lansdowne Metho-

An attempt to take prisoners from a Pottstown policemen resulted in two men being burt, and warrants have been issued for the leaders of the disorder.

Exploding gasoline in a Pittsburg store ignited a lot of fireworks, set fire to the build ing and the storekeeper's wife had a narrow escape from death,

A movement on foot in Pittsburg contemplates making that city the headquarters of national and international labor societies,

The body of Nathan Holt, of Johnstown, was found along the Pennsylvania tracks near Gallitzin, his head severed from his body. He had been to Altoona in search of employment and was on his way home when employment the suicide theory is advanced.

Ex-President Harrison has a double in one of his personal friends, Gen. A. H. Beech, of Wheeling, W. Va. His figure and features, even to his eyes and the color of his hair, make him almost the counterpart of Mr.

The government of Holland has decided to send four warships to Morocco with instructions to demand reparation for the looting of the Dutch brigantine Anna and the murder of her captain on the Riff coast of Morocco in Apri. last.

MR. OLNEY NAMED.

Selected By the President to Be Secretary of State.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

He is a Cincinnati Judge and a Conspicuous Lawyer-No Rearrangement of the Cabinet.

The President has announced the follow-

ing Cabinet appointments: For Secretary of State-Richard J. Olney,

of Massachusetts. For Attorney General-Judson Harmon,

of Cincinnati, Ohio, Mr. Harmon has been for a long time judge f the Common Pleas Court, and is a man of about fifty years of age, one of the most conspicuous lawyers in the West, and upon the retirement of ex-Governor Hoadley from the Cincinnati firm, upon his removal to New

York, Mr. Harmon took his place at the head

of the firm of Harmon, Colston, Goldsmith &

Hoadley, the last-named being a son of ex-

Governor Hoadley, of Ohio. The appointment of Judge Harmon, as attorney general, came in the nature of a sur-

Secretary Carli-le knew Judge Harmon ersonally, and both adm red and respected his ability. It was be, probably, who first presented his name to President Cleveland. Ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio, a close friend of Judge Harmon, also warmly support d him, and the President secured also, from ex-Gov. Hoadley, Ohio, who is now living in New York, and whose law partner Judge Harmon was, most favorably reports

as to his ability and standing. Secretaries Smith and Herbert did noattend the Cabinet meeting. Mr. Smith was in Georgia, and Mr. Herbert had not re urned from Annapo is, Secretary Morton was jokingly congratulated upon the fine character of the weather, which everybody was enjoying. Assistant Secretary Uhl appeared wi h the papers of the State Department. Attorney General Olney was an early arrival, and spent about twenty minutes in the Presiden's office before the Cabine: met. Secretary Lamont, who has been in New York, returned to Washington, and it is believed that he had a great deal of Cabinet information in h s possession, as it was understood he had consulted with the New York friends of the President while he was away. He had a consultation with the President soon after his return to Washington. Postmaster General Wilson hurried back from the South in order to be present at the meeting, as it was quite possible this would be the last meeting to be held before the President went away for the summer. It is generally understood that if all press-

MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

GRAIN ETC. FLOUR-Balto. Best Pat.\$ High Grade Extra..... WHEAT-No. 2 Red.... CORN-No. 2 White..... DATS-Southern & Penn. Good to Prime.......... 12 00 STRAW—Rye in car lds., 14 03 14 50 Wheat Blocks..... 6 59 Oat Blocks..... 8 00 8 50 CANNED GOODS.

TOMATOES-Stnd. No. 3.\$ No. 2..... PEAS—Standards..... Seconds..... CORN—Dry Pack..... CITY STEERS..... 101/@ \$

POTATOES & VEGETABLES. POTATOES-Burbanks.. \$ 50 @ \$ ONIONS..... 100

HOGS PRODUCTS-shids.\$ Clear ribsides..... Hams.... Mess Pork, per bar.... LARD-Crude..... Best refined..... BUTTER.

UTTER-Fine Crmy \$ 19 @ \$ Under fine...... Creamery Rolls..... CHEESE-N.Y. Fancy ... \$ N. Y. flats..... Skim Cheese..... EGGS. EGGS—State......\$ 14 @ \$
North Carolina...... 12

LIVE POULTRY. CHICKENS-Hens.....\$ 23 Ducks, per fb..... TOBACCO. TOBACCO-Md. Infer's.\$ 150

Fancy..... 10 00 LIVE STOCK BEEF-Best Beeves.....\$ 3 50 Good to Fair SHEEP.....

5 00 Hogs FURS AND SKINS. MUSKRAT..... 10 Raccoon..... 40 ccoon..... Red Fox..... Opossum...... Mink.....

NEW YORK.

PHILADELPHIA

FLOUR—Southern...,\$
WHEAT—No. 2 Red...,
CORN—No. 3....
OATS—N. 2...
BUTTER—State.... GGS-Penns, ft.....