

Dr. Richard Dubois Traver, a Troy physician, took a large dose of chloral by mistake, and died shortly after. The application for a penitentiary injunction and the appointment of a receiver pendente lite for the Addicks B y State Gas Company was denied by United States Judge Waies in Wilmington, Del. Frosts injured fruits and vegetables in various sections of the West. At Helenwood, Tenn., Mike King was hanged for the murder of W. Beck. It was the first legal execution in the county, and a large crowd was present. King completely broke down on the scaffold. The Virginia Hotel at Point Pleasant, West Virginia, was destroyed by fire. Miss Ella Bookmyer was arrested at York, Pa., on the charge of complicity in pension frauds. Her father, pension agent Edwin Bookmyer, was arrested in Lancaster, where his daughter was also taken. The sixteenth annual meeting of the Woman's Executive Committee of Home Missions of the Presbyterian Church was held in Pittsburgh. John Howerton, a white man, was lynched at Marion, Ky., for a felonious assault upon Anna Pierce, aged thirteen years. Ex-President Harrison delivered an address at the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the New Jersey Historical Society, at Trenton. The South Carolina state officials have not given up the fight on the registration laws. The register, who was enjoined, will proceed to perform his duties, and when arrested for contempt, habeas corpus proceedings will be brought before the Supreme Court at Washington. The business houses of P. I. Brown, who runs two of the largest stores at Ponca City, O. T., were closed on attachments. Brown was one of the biggest merchants at Ponca City, and his failure has caused some excitement. John Williams, aged sixty years, quarrelled with Walter Chapman, a neighbor, in Wilkesbarre, Pa. An hour later Williams met Chapman and shot and killed him. At Newburyport, Mass., F. H. Cate, W. W. Ham and Dudley Hoyt, ex-aldermen of Haverhill, convicted of bribery, were sentenced by Judge Gaskill to fifteen months, each at hard labor in the House of Correction. George O. Tilton, another alderman, and Fred M. Smith, a Boston liquor dealer defaulted in \$5,000 bonds each. White blowing stamps, Albert Sackett and Frank Jones, living near Lebanon, Ind., were blown to pieces by the premature explosion of a stick of dynamite. Judge M. F. Jarnagan, of Mossey Creek, Tenn., died of Bright's disease on a plantation in Northern Louisiana. He was a prominent lawyer in Tennessee, president of the Mossey Creek Cotton Mills and a trustee of the University of Tennessee. Mrs. Thaddeus Brown and child were burned to death near Bryan, O. Rev. W. R. Woodbridge, of Port Henry, N. Y., was attacked at Westport, N. Y., by several dogs and probably fatally injured. His skull was fractured, left arm broken and limbs terribly lacerated. Prof. W. M. L. Coplin, of Philadelphia, has been elected to the chair of pathology in Vanderbilt University. State Senator Peter R. Morrissey was shot and killed in St. Louis by Mand Lewis, his mistress. Anarchist Schmeubel, who it is believed, threw the bomb at the Haymarket riot in Chicago, May 4, 1886, has been traced to Chicago. Fire destroyed over half of the lumber and nearly all of the building belonging to the Dwight Lumber Company, in Detroit. The aggregate loss is \$50,000, with an insurance of \$60,000. Private Geslin, a marine on the cruiser Raleigh, fell into the sea while boarding the vessel, and was drowned. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company was held in Pittsburgh. Eli Williams, colored, aged forty-two years, who lived at 129 North Juniper street, in Philadelphia, attempted to kill his wife and then commit suicide. J. P. D. John has resigned as president of Depauw University. The resignation is the result of a difference of opinion regarding educational methods. Special Master Crawford filed his audit in the United States Circuit Court of the accounts of the receivers of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad and Coal and Iron Companies for the month of March last. In an attempt to recover a hearing line worth seventy-five cents, the tug Mogul, of Victoria, valued at \$25,000, was wrecked near Fort Townsend, Washington. The tug, after towing the bark Dara to sea, tried to run alongside the vessel to secure a hoisting line. The sailing vessel struck the Mogul's bow, tearing away her stem and opening up the seams of her hull, the tug filling so rapidly that it was necessary to beach her. A boiler at the Homestead Steel Works exploded, wrecking the building and fatally injuring two men. They are James Anderson, machinist, aged thirty-eight years, Thomas McHenry, visitor, age thirty years. The flue of the towboat Rescue collapsed near Pittsburgh while the vessel was going up the Monongahela River. Engineer George H. McKinnis and Fireman Samuel Schooner were fatally scalded. The Supreme Court in Columbus, O., decided the law constitutional which requires the Fidelity and Casualty Company, of New York, and similar companies to deposit \$50,000 with state treasurer to do business in Ohio. Webster Mott, eighteen years old, son of State Senator Frederick W. Mott, and Alexander Middleton, Jr., son of the proprietor of the St. Louis and Carondelet Express Company were drowned in the Mississippi River, at St. Louis, by the capsizing of their boat.

FOUR MEN DROWNED.

A Small Boat Overturned While Crossing the Ohio River. William Elliott, Davis Weaver, of Portsmouth, O., and Dick and Henry Halsey, of Kentucky, were drowned in the Ohio. They attempted to cross in a small boat with two boys and a heavy wind capsize the boat. The boys hung to the boat and were saved, but the four men all went under. A search has been in progress all day, but none of the bodies have been recovered.

Mr. G. Du Maurier, Jr., son of the famous author, distinguished himself at Hampden Heath the other day by rescuing a little fox terrier from drowning in the pond there. Its owner had thrown it in in order to teach it to swim, but as it was too young death awaited it had not Mr. Du Maurier intervened.

WON BY REBELS.

Spanish Troops Annihilated by the Cuban Leader Gomez.

A THOUSAND MEN CAPTURED

The Spaniards Fight Stubbornly, but to No Avail—Cuban Loss Was Four Hundred—A Complete Change in the Situation in the Past Few Days.

Aspecial to the Jacksonville Times-Union from Tampa, Fla., says: "Private advices received here from the Cuban revolutionary leaders say a big battle was fought at Boryes, province of Puerto Principe, between Gomez, the Cuban leader and Calcedo, the Spanish commander. Gomez was victorious, annihilating the Spanish troops, killing and capturing more than a thousand men and great quantities of ammunition and army stores. The battle lasted four hours and was hard fought. "Men from the plantations are joining the insurgents hourly. Fifty from the sugar plantations around Conselacion del Sur, well armed with rifles, joined the revolutionists. The ranks of the insurgents are filling up from the small towns and plantations. All labor has been stopped in the province of Puerto Principe. Laborers are flocking to Gomez. Thousands are joining him. All work in the outlying provinces is at a standstill. The Cuban patriots here are jubilant over the news. A cablegram to the Times-Union from Key West, Fla., says: An excited movement has been noticed among the prominent Cubans in this city. It was reported by Cuban leaders that upward of 100 carrier pigeons will be used by filibustering expeditions. Two prominent young Cubans arrived in this city on the Mascotte from Havana. One is a son of Fabio Friere, a leading member of the home rule party in Camaguey, and Silvestre Anglada. It is rumored they will join an expedition from some point in Florida. A battle was fought by Gomez and San tovides, between Camaguey and Santiago on the 8th inst. It was hotly contested. The Spanish troops were defeated with eleven hundred loss. The Cubans lost four hundred. Gomez continues his march through Camagu-y. The government has committees collecting funds from business men and others in Havana. They only collected \$20 in gold and \$104 in silver in two days. Several suspicious looking vessels are reported off Pinar de Rio and Santiago. It is supposed they are landing explosives and arms. GROWTH OF THE INSURRECTION. Spain is throwing troops into the province of Santiago at the rate of two or three thousand a week, but the insurrection is growing apace. For six weeks following the rising of February 24th, little progress was made, but within ten days the situation has completely changed, and in Cuban circles, where there was no hope absolute confidence of ultimate success now prevails. The two Maceos, Antonio and Jose, after terrible hardships in the mountains, and many narrow escapes from Spanish bullets, have reached the place from where the insurgent operations are to be conducted, and have been joined by Maximo Gomez and Jose Marti, who eluded men-of-war on the sea and troops on the land. With these leaders at the front there has been a rapid growth in all the insurgent bands in this province, and the concentration of forces in the vicinity of Jaruahuca, shows that Maceo has now 3,000 men with him, and there are nearly 2,000 others under arms in other parts of the province. Jose Maceo with 500 men, is near Guantanamo, and Maceo has won in the Manzanillo district; and there are half a dozen small bands scattered about on the north side and near the Puerto Principe line.

REFORMS FOR ARMENIA.

Abuses the Commission Has Found and the Remedies Suggested.

The commission which has been investigating the atrocities in Armenia traversed the devastated villages and arrived at Jelligocan, where 120 houses were found to have been burned. The people were sheltered in miserable huts and ample food was found for the truth of the stories told regarding the massacre of Armenians and the fact that their bodies were thrown in large numbers into a pit, where the Turks endeavored to conceal their crime by pouring barrels of petroleum upon the bodies and setting fire to the oil. The commission has returned to Moosh. The delegates of the powers left Moosh on April 5. The Turkish delegates at first declined to accompany them, and then changed their minds. They proceeded to the ruined villages and traversed Shenk and Gernel, where were found in ruins, standing in the midst of devastated fields. They passed other villages where many houses were burned. At Jelligocan the commission caused two pits instead of one, as originally reported, to be opened, and found in them the remains of skulls and bones, with the hair and clothing still adhering to them. Still another pit was searched. It was situated in a ravine near Jelligocan, and inside it was found a despoiled trunk and other remains. But few bodies, however, were found. The villagers told the delegates that they had removed the bodies from this pit. As a result of this investigation and the reports of the delegates of the powers, the powers have submitted notes to the Porte the necessity of promptly inaugurating a scheme for Armenian reforms, which should include the appointment of Christian officials in Armenia, the powers to have the right to vote the appointment of the Governors.

The ratifications of the treaty of peace between China and Japan were exchanged at Che Foo.

CABLE SPARKS.

General von Pape is dead in Berlin. The government of New South Wales in tend to gradual steps to revert to the policy of free trade.

The Reichstag definitely passed the Baltic and North sea canal finance bill of 1,700,000 marks, the social democrats alone opposing it.

The envoys of Great Britain, France and Russia are preparing a joint note which will be presented to the Porte conjointly with the scheme of reforms for Armenia.

A rumor that the Bank of Montreal had suspended caused a run on all the banks of St. John's, N. F. The story was started by a number of anti-confederate fanatics.

A train in which King Humbert and Queen Marguarite of Italy were traveling met with an accident; one of the coaches being derailed, but fortunately no one was injured.

It is reported in London that Japan will receive an additional 10,000,000 pounds indemnity from China in consideration of the abandonment of the Liao Tung peninsula.

It is stated that the Spanish government no longer regards the Cuban up rising as a serious affair, and has canceled its arrangements to send reinforcements to the island.

In London financial circles it is thought that Serbia is going bankrupt. The people are said to be in a fever of repudiation, and the government is spending money lavishly.

The report circulated in London that Sir Frederick Leighton is dangerously ill in Algiers proves to be erroneous, as the distinguished artist is rapidly regaining his health.

Sir Frederick Leighton, president of the Royal Academy, who has been ill for some time past in Algiers, is now in such a serious condition that hopes of his recovery have been abandoned.

The Dowager Duchess of Roxburghe, widow of the sixth Duke of Roxburghe, is dead. She was a daughter of Lieut. Gen. Sir James Charles Dalriac and was a lady in waiting on the Queen.

DISASTERS AND CASUALTIES.

Small-pox is reported to be an epidemic at Staunton, Va. John Sweedyke and Adam de Meiser, two boys of Grand Rapids, Mich., were drowned while swimming.

Peter Hammond his wife and Miss Belle Taylor were drowned while crossing Denton Creek near Justin, Tex.

A cloud-burst in Ontario county, N. Y., cut off telegraphic communications and did great damage to property.

John R. Chandler, a prominent attorney of St. Louis, was killed by falling through an elevator shaft from the fifth floor of the Security Building in that city.

Five young men and two girls were drowned at Carrasde Lake, six miles from Fort Collins, Col., by the upsetting of a boat from which they had been fishing.

A cloud burst at Dayton, Tenn., flooded the town and destroyed fruit and crops over an area of four square miles. Hail and lightning accompanied the storm.

By the bursting of a steam pipe in a locomotive at Hyde Park, Mass., Owen W. Caffrey, brakeman, was killed, and a fireman named Fuller was fatally injured.

A boiler explosion destroyed a saw mill of John Bennett, northwest of Kokomo, Ind. The engineer, James Catt, was killed and all the other mill hands were injured, one fatally.

A freight train on the Lake Erie and Western Railroad left the track just south of Celina, O. Twelve cars was piled up. Six tramps were stealing a ride upon an oil car and two of them were killed.

A telegram from Emporia, Kan., says that the recent rain and hail storm did great damage to fruit of all kinds and caused the loss of one life. Reports from the surrounding country state that hail fell to a depth of six inches.

A despatch from Kingston, Ont., says that the forests in the rear of Frontenac county are ablaze, and great quantities of fine timber are being destroyed. Men, women and children are fighting the flames to keep them away from the settlements.

Six persons were probably fatally burned by the explosion of a gasoline stove, and by the fire which started in a sweatshop in Baltimore. But for the heroic conduct of a colored teamster—Samuel Morris—who heard the frenzied appeals for help, five of the unfortunate would not have been taken alive from the garret.

SNOW FOUR INCHES DEEP.

Michigan Covered with a Robe of White of Killing Effect.

Michigan's many peach orchards, which for the past ten days have furnished the prettiest of effects in pink, are now covered with a robe of white. Snow has fallen at some places in that State to a depth of four inches. All garden truck and many fruit and shade trees are ruined.

"The storm is severe," said Professor Moore, as he looked anxiously over the weather map. "Frost conditions rule again throughout Dakota, Minnesota and Nebraska, and were it not for her proximity to Lake Michigan, Chicago would be now experiencing similar weather."

"The freezing temperature prevailed throughout Illinois, Indiana and Iowa, and even Missouri is not wholly exempt from the fruit-killing invader."

Lie in Chicago streets was beset with many trials. The winds swept along between the tall buildings with furious velocity, and at exposed corners pedestrians had need of a sheet as ehor to maintain their equilibrium. The high gear and the cold rain played hob with the telephone and telegraph wires, and poor connection bothered nearly everybody who attempted to use the "hello" instrument.

Seldom has Lake Michigan roared with such fury as it did. Waves that seemed as high as some of the castles along the beach dashed over the sea wall in Lincoln Park and lashed the plunge along the tracks of the Illinois Central on the south shore. Much damage was done along the lakeshore drive. Evanston also suffered from the effects of the storm. Three boats attempted to put out of port and were forced to come back on account of the high sea.

In Indiana the frost has done little, if any damage. In Iowa fruits and garden truck have suffered badly, but only slight damage has been done to grain.

A BIG WRECK.

Eighteen Racers and Three Men Killed in a Car.

AN ENGINEMAN ROASTED.

A Pennsylvania Freight Train Buried by a Landslide and the Main Line Tracks Covered with Earth for Nearly a Mile.

One of the worst wrecks that was ever known took place on the Western Division of the Erie, three miles west of Hornelsville, N. Y., at an early hour in the morning. Fast freight No. 92 was thrown in the ditch by a broken wheel and ten cars were piled up in a confused heap. The accident occurred when the train was making fast time, and the cars were completely shattered. One of the cars that was in the wreck was from Mercer, Pa. and contained horses that were being taken East to enter the races. There were eighteen horses in this car, attended by three grooms. The grooms and all the horses were killed. The names of the grooms are unknown.

Foster, one of the managers of the cars of horses, had several ribs, both arms and a leg broken. It is thought besides this he has sustained internal injuries. The physicians say he cannot live. Two other men, whose names are unknown, were severely injured.

Patrick Shanley, a brakeman was thrown into the air when the accident occurred. An ankle was broken and his head badly cut.

A Freight Train Wrecked.

Shortly after 11 o'clock P. M., a Lehigh Valley freight train, bound eastward, ran into an open switch at the joint on the Meadows near Elizabethport, where the Lehigh Valley Railroad crosses the tracks of the Central Railroad of New Jersey. The engines toppled over upon its side and eight cars were piled up on top of it. The wreck was complete. The train was a fast through one and was traveling at a high rate of speed. The accident came without warning and no one had time to escape. The wreck caught fire. The engineer, William Keser, of Easton, Pa., was caught beneath one of the driving wheels of the engine. The wreckage above him burned fiercely. He begged the men at the scene to cut his legs off with an axe and free him. They refused and worked hard to get him out, but without avail, and he was slowly burned to death. Fireman Lisberger was injured about the hips and back. Brakeman Barthol had both his hips dislocated.

Landslide in the Narrows. As a Pennsylvania east-bound freight train was passing the Narrows, a landslide occurred on Terrace mountain, lying parallel to the tracks, and the engine, tender and eighteen cars were buried under hundreds of tons of rock and earth. The train crew escaped uninjured. A cloud burst occurred just previous to the giving way of the sides of the mountain, and this, it is believed, undermined the earth and caused the slide. The tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad were covered for nearly a mile and travel was delayed for several hours.

A Runaway Locomotive.

An engine of the Delaware, Susquehanna and Schuylkill Road ran away from its yard at Drifton, Pa., and, descending a sharp grade on the main line of the Lehigh Valley, crashing into a passenger train which had been stopped at the station. No one was injured, but the passengers were frightened, the engine was derailed and the rear coach of the train badly damaged.

THURSTON HAS GONE.

He Will Not Be Returned to Washington by Hawaii.

The steamer Australia, from Honolulu May 8, arrived at San Francisco with the following: Minister Hatch has handed Minister Willis the answer in regard to the recall of Thurston, which will go forward by this mail. It is a lengthy document and makes a general denial of the charges against the Hawaiian Minister. The latter's course is upheld in every particular.

Secretary Gresham is informed that Thurston will not be returned to Washington, but the letter does not name his successor.

The decision of Lord Kimberley regarding Great Britain's position on the question of citizenship and protection to those concerned in the recent uprising has just been received in the cases of Walker and Richard, convicted of treason.

According to this decision Walker and Richard are looked upon as citizens of Great Britain and subject to protection from that country. The decision is particularly interesting on account of the letter recently received from Secretary Gresham, which indicates a policy directly opposite to that of Great Britain. Walker and Richard are naturalized citizens of Hawaii, took the oath of allegiance to support the constitution and the laws, and swore allegiance to the King.

Walker and Richard have made oath that when they took oath of allegiance to Hawaii the King told them it would not affect their British citizenship, the British commissioner at that time coinciding with the statement. While in the dispatch Earl Kimberley simply states that Richard and Walker must be protected as British subjects, it makes no indication of what steps would be taken. It is understood the Hawaiian Government will not admit for a moment these men are British subjects, and will accept the consequences.

Hawaii is willing to leave the matter to arbitration as a final resort, but will not yield in any other way. In the archives of the interior office have recently been found the written applications of Walker and Richard requesting they be allowed to become naturalized. These documents convict them of falsehood, and may close up the discussion.

The Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel, who was chief secretary for Ireland from 1861 to 1865, is dead in England, aged seventy-three years.

ABOUT NOTED PEOPLE.

Lord Rosberry and Mr. Balfour, Lord Egin and Mr. Brookes—the four men who between them guide and govern the British Empire—are all under 50 years of age.

Mr. E. Matthews, aged 72, and Miss Mary Bright, aged 86, were married in London recently. It was explained that the happy bridegroom had been courting the bride for upward of twenty-five years, but that their marriage was delayed because they could not agree on the question what religious persuasion the children should be brought up in.

Rev. Charles P. Strong, of Savannah, one of the most prominent Episcopal clergymen in Georgia, has followed the example of the Rev. Dr. Hooper Newton and repudiated the doctrine of the physical resurrection of Christ. The South-rn d sener challenges the right of the Church to discipline a minister on account of his belief upon the subject of the Resurrection.

Dr. Dubois, of the Netherlands India Service, the reputed discoverer in Java of the Pithecanthropus erectus, probably Darwin's "missing link," is at present prospecting with the help of the Rajah of Simur—a warm supporter of scientific research—for specimens of extinct animal between the elephant and another better known extinct animal, the mastodon.

Dr. Elmer Lee, the Chicago physician who rendered such efficient service in the Imperial Hospital, Russia, and in Paris and Havre during the European cholera scourge three years ago, and who was recommended by medical friends to be summoned to the bedside of the Czar during his Majesty's final illness, has been still further honored by being made an honorary member of the National Association of Railway Surgeons, which was recently in session in Chicago.

Hon. Charles Foster, of Ohio, Secretary of the Treasury under the Harrison regime, is in Washington. He is in splendid health and spirits and has gained ten pounds avoirdupois since he ceased to direct the finances of the nation. On being asked what he thought would be the relative positions of the two great parties on the financial question, ex-Governor Foster said: "The Republicans will not vary from their present attitude, but will stand pat on their previous declarations. The Democrats will be dominated by the free silver wing of the party."

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Miners in the vicinity of Scranton are discouraged over the outlook in the mining of coal.

The jury in the case of James Hendricks, who has been on trial at Wilkes-Barre for the murder of Barney Beck, brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree.

The Cornwall Ore Banks Company, Lebanon County's largest and wealthiest corporation, with real and personal property valued at \$13,000,000, held its annual meeting at Cornwall. The stockholders present were General E. Iurd Grubb, Edgewater Park, N. J.; Colonel L. Heber Smith, Walter Scranton; Henry T. Kendall, Reading; Bertram Dawson Coleman, Edward Pryor Coleman, Arthur Brock, Lebanon; William C. Froman and E. C. Freeman, Cornwall.

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PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

Epitome of News Gleaned From Various Parts of the State.

Dputy Collector Croil, of Reading district, assisted by J. F. Zimmermann, a revenue official, captured some moonshine brandy up along the Blue Mountains, in the house of a wealthy farmer named Jacob Wesner. A search was then made of the house, when three packages containing some fifty or sixty gallons were found with no revenue stamps attached. Wesner claims that he got the brandy for his own use from the distillery of E. O. Kreitz, at Linn, Lehigh county, in exchange for apples, at the rate of eight bushels of apples for each gallon of brandy, and that he paid the tax upon it.

The residence of Harry B. Cook in Salem, was entered by burglars and several hundred dollars in cash was taken from a trunk. At daylight Mr. Cook discovered his loss hatched his horse and carriage to go in pursuit, but he had scarcely started when a wheel came off. The nuts had been started to interfere with close pursuit.

The Grand Castle, Knights of the Golden Eagle, at Williamport, decided to meet next year at Altoona and adjourned.

John Williams, aged 60 shot and killed Walter Chapman, near Wilkes-Barre.

Miners of the Pittsburg District decided to order a general strike.

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The Cornwall Ore Banks Company, Lebanon County's largest and wealthiest corporation, with real and personal property valued at \$13,000,000, held its annual meeting at Cornwall. The stockholders present were General E. Iurd Grubb, Edgewater Park, N. J.; Colonel L. Heber Smith, Walter Scranton; Henry T. Kendall, Reading; Bertram Dawson Coleman, Edward Pryor Coleman, Arthur Brock, Lebanon; William C. Froman and E. C. Freeman, Cornwall.

Local institutions are provided with reduced State aid in appropriation bills reported to the House. All the bills will be vetoed if the school appropriations cannot be cut.

Isaac J. Wistar, of Philadelphia, was appointed to succeed Richard Vaux as Inspector of the Eastern Penitentiary.

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