room of the Newburyport, Massachusetts, car shops set fire to the main building of the plant on Merrimac street. Loss, \$125,000. Engineer James Lynott, of Staunton; Fireman Elmer Scull, of Moscow; Fireman Wm. Hosey, of Binghamton, were killed by a collision on the rail at Foster. Pa.-Just before the arrival of the midnight train on the branch road from Kingston Junction, at Kingston, Canada, three mail bags containing the Kingston mail were cut and all their contents taken. - At Phillipsburg, Pa., a Hungarian was picked up near Colorado Mine No. 3, and taken to the hospital. He stated that he had been attacked by some unknown parties. After making this statement he became unconscious and died .--Two robbers shot and mortally wounded one man, and seriously wounded another while Itempting to burglarize a house in Mahoney City, Pa. - A jury in Trenton, N.J., awarded George Spencer \$12,000 against the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Road, for injuries received in a railroad accident .---Ex-Mayor Harry White, of Seattle, Washingtor, confessed that he was interested in a gambling place, and that he should have been impeached.

Martin Palaja, thirteen years of age, shot Annie Kamantowski, six years old, in Grand Rapids. - Three men were killed and one was fatally injured in a freight wreck on the Beach Creek Railroad, near Peele, Penna. The men were found to have been burglars. -Alfred Merritt, ex-president of the Duluth, Mesaba and Northern Railroad, has brought suit in Duluth, Minn., against John D. Rockefeller and F. T. Gates, of New York, charging them with fraud and misrepresentation in securing a consolidation of the Mesaba Range iron mines. He asks judgment against the defendants for \$1,226,400. - The eighty employes of the cutting department of the Standard Pearl Button Company struck in Detroit in remonstrance against the employment of John Bell as foreman, to succeed William Stevenson. Bell, it is said, was formerly a foreman in a prison shop at Ches-A. T. Kreep's saw-mill, a mile from Parkersburg, W. Va., the building was destroyed and two men killed .- Dr. Robert E. Peterson, of Philadelphia, whose only daughter is the widow of George W. (hilds, died at Asbury Park, at the age of eighty-two years, --- Arthur Meyer, the driver of a California stage coach, was shot and killed by a highwayman. - Judge Foster, at Topeka, decided against the Santa Fe Railroad directors in the United States Court. The decision was on the point of law raised by directors' attorneys that the court had no jurisdiction. the plaintiffs being residents of other states. John A. Nightingale, a wealthy retired

ceased was a native of Quincy, Mass., and a descendent of one of the most prominent families in that state. - J. D. Roe, of Dayton, Newton county, Mo , fired four shots at Ed McAlester in Webb City, slightly wounding him in the neck. He then shot himself through the head, causing instant death. He was to have been married to a Miss Martha Ford, but became insanely jealous of Me-Alester. The shooting took place in the presence of Miss Ford, who is now prostrated. -Frank Klein and Otis Savage were arrested in The Dalles, Oregon, for robbing the Pacific Express Company's office. Klein confessed, and a part of the plunder was recovered, --- Adam Aberle was instantly killed in Buffalo by a blow with the fist struck by John Liske. The men quarreled in a saloon and then fought. Liske, who is a plasterer, struck Eberle, a barber, a vicious blow over the heart, -Thomas M. Burke, of South Beach, Staten Island, who, on August 15, caused the death of Fred Bergman, his sonin-law, by means of a trapgun set at Burke's hut, was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. By advice of his counsel, Burke pleaded guilty to a charge of manslaughter,

business man, died suddenly in Easton, Pa.,

from paralysis, aged eighty years. The de-

TRAIN WRECKER CONFESSES.

A Private Detective Cauces a Sensation in the Trial of a California A. R. U. Man.

The trial for murder of S. G. Worden, at Woodlawn, one of the five A. R. U. men under arrest for having caused the railroad ac. cident which resulted in the death of Engineer Clark and four United States soldiers during the recent strike, developed a sensa-

C. J. Stillwell, a private detective, testified to an alleged confession which was produced in Worden's handwriting, in which he confessed complicity in the crime and implicated the other men arrested. Worden in his statement says the train wreckers were given the dynamite which they used to shatter the bridge by Compton, a member of the Mediation Committee.

Worden also makes the somewhat remarkable statement that he hired a carriage and drove with the train wreckers almost to the bridge but he loft them and returned to Sacramento before they began their work of de-

THE CZAR IS DEAD.

Russia's Autocratic Ruler Succumbs to Disease.

HIS COUNTRY IN MOURNING.

Nicholas II. Will Reign in His Stead-Neither the Politics or the Peace of Europe Will Be Seriously Affected.

Alexander III. Czar of Russia, died at 2.15 o'clock in the alternoon at Livadia.

The first news of the death of his Majesty was posted shortly before 8 o'clock. A quarter of an hour later a salute of guns from the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul confirmed the sad news. Later a telegram stated that the Czar was quite conscious when he took his last sacrament at 10 o'clock. The members of the council of the empire and other high officials, both civil and military, and many private citizens assembled at 10 o'clock in the Cathedral of Montebello where a solemn mass was said for the repose of his Majesty's soul.

THE EMPEROR'S LAST HOURS.

Since Tuesday, when the doctors informed at Livadia the 20th of Octobre, (1st Novemthe Czar that there was no longer room for ber) at 2.15. hope, his Majesty composedly waited for the end, attending to necessary state and family licly at such a time of his country's bereaveaffairs in the short intervals of consciousness | ment, He said history in time would pay its

An imperial decree announcing the accession to the throne of the Grand Duke Nicho las (the Czarewitch) is expected to arrive from Livadia in a few days.

The theatres and restaurants were closed but the streets were busy as usual. Crowds stood about the places where the bulletins from Livadia have been posted, reading the official announcement of His Majesty's death, It is reported that the populace of Moscow, indignant at what they believe to be the mai-

practice of Dr. Zacharin in the case of the

Czar, wrecked the doctor's house in that city. Shortly after 4 o'clock the members of the palace guard were marshaled in the square in front of the palace chapel for the ceremony of swearing allegiance to the new Czar. They were the first to take the oath. The Grand Duke was the next to swear allegiance, and they were followed in the order of precedence by the high court functionaries, court officials, military officers and civil officials.

The announcement of the Czar's death brought profound grief to the Russian legation at Washington. Aside from the veneration which Russians hold for their Emperor, it was a personal sorrow to Prince Cantaeuzene, who had, before coming to this country, been brought in close personal relations

AT THE BUSSIAN LEGATION.

with the Czar and had enjoyed an association with the imperial family. The following cable from the minister of foreign affairs was received: "St Petersburg, Nov. 4 .- It has pleased our Lord to recall to Him our much beloved sovereign. Emperor Alexander the Third died

Prince Cantacuzene was loath to talk pub-



ALEXANDER III., CZAR OF RUSSIA

ter, Iil. - By the explosion of the boiler in and freedom from pain. These were neces- just tribute to the marits of Alexandria III. sarily brief, the doctors having had recourse | He had given Russia what she most needed, gazed out upon the country he loved so well | Emperor had gone freely among the people, him throughout the night.

heavy clouds and the weather much colder- guarded by police, and yet he met assassinascious, recognized that he could live only a universal grief. few hours. He expressed a desire to receive the sacrament, which was administered to the Russian government will be transmitted him by Court Chaplain Yanisheff and Father to Minister Breckinridge, at St. Petersburg. Ivan in the presence of the whole lamily.

A BLESSING ON HIS CHILDREN.

The Czar then conversed long and earnestly with Father Ivan, concluding by asking spoke to each member separately, and at the greatest length with the Czarina. He blessed all his children present. The scene was one of deep pathos, all being in tears. All this time he was sitting up in an arm-chair. After taking leave of his family he grew gradually weaker, and his voice become so indistinct that it was scarcely audible.

About noon a convulsive fit of coughing



til the end the Czar remained quiet, seemingly free from pain. At 2.15 be heaved a deep sigh and breathed his last in the arms of the Empress, who then broke down with the weight of her grief. The Joctors fear the re- side of Germany. It may have been accident suits of reaction upon her already exhausted that caused the selection of other than a Ger-

The body will probable be laid for a couple of days in the palace chapel. The arrangements that will be made for the funeral are

to sedatives to procure sleep and allay pain. peace and quiet. For ten years there had On Wednesday the Czar was still " sie to be | been nothing heard of nihilism except in the taken to a window of the palace, whence he inspired attacks of malicious persons. The as to earn for himself the appellation of the unguarded and unattended. He was in the "Peasant Czar." The night passed with an | habit of driving with the Czarina in a low aggravation of all the symptoms and a con- open sleigh through the public streets. The tinuous distressing cough. The doctors and sentiments of affection of the Russian people the (zarina remained in attendance upon toward the Emperor constituted a protection much stronger than police protection could The morning broke with rain and wind and lafford. The previous Emperor had been As the day advanced the weakness increased | tion, while the late Emperor moved openly so rapidly that the Czar himself, still con- among his people until he died amid their

The President's mes age of condolence to

HIE STORY OF ALEXANDER III. Alexander Alexandrovitch was the second son of Alexander II. and of Princess Maria, his family to again gather round him. He daughter of the late Duke of Hesse-Darmstadt, and was born March 10, 1845. The eldest boy, Micholas Alexandrovitch, died at Nice, in 1865. He is said to have been a miracle of goodness and cleverness. Nicholas was tall and slender, and as handsome as his grandfather. His countenance had a charm of expression which captivated everyone,

He was the pet of his mother, of the whole court, and of the nation. General sorrow followed his death. The Russian people erected a temple in their hearts to his memory, and greeted the ukase which declared Alexander Alexandrovitch his successor to the title of Czarevitch with clear tokens of

dissatisfaction. Alexander III., when he became the heir to the throne at the age of 20, bad all the odds against him. The nation disliked him. Like all the graud dukes of Russia not destined to git on the throne, his education was exclusively military. It was a serious obstacle to his becoming a good-soverign. He had no scientific instruction and no knowledge of foreign languages except French. Of politics and sciology he new next to nothing. He was inclined to a life of pleasure rather than one of labor. To acquire the necessary qualifications for his new calling was a serious task. He was obliged at once to enter upon the duties of a crown prince. He had a seat in the council of state. He was forced to take an interest in executive affairs and in questions of public policy, and to show by deeds and words that he was endowed with as much

judgment as his lamented brother. Alexander had married on November 9, 1866, Maria Dagmar, daughter of King Christian IX, of Denmark, being the first of his house for many years who had married outman princes for the wife, but taken into consideration with his later acts it seems to prove that his more recent pronounced aversion to the Teutons showed itself by this

THREE KILLED.

An Inhuman Crime Committed in Upper Luzerne.

BUILDING BLOWN TO ATOMS

Dynamite Placed Under the Center and the Four Corners-Sixty Persons Lived There.-A Battery Supplied the Fatal Spark.

A large Hungarian boarding-house at Laurel Run, Luzerne county, Pa., was blown up by dynamitards at 3 o'clock in the morning. Three of the inmates were killed outright, four faially injured and half dozen seriously hurt.

Twenty-four sticks of dynamite were placed under the building, each being about nine inches long and weighing about half a pound. A wire connected the sticks with a battery, situated about fifty yards away. When the signal was given and the current turned on only about a half a dozen of the sticks exploded. They were sufficient, however, to completely wreck the building, not a beam or plank of which was left standing.

Several of the inmates who occupied beds in the upper floor were hurled 50 feet in the air. Some of them escaped fatal injuries by alighting in the trees near by. Half dazed by fear and sleep, they managed to hold on to the limbs until they recovered their senses and were able to reach the ground.

A track-walker, who arrived on the scene shortly after the explosion, says some of the injured were in the trees; others were lying on the ground and under the debris of the wrecked building.

One of the boarders who escaped injury made his way to a neighboring shanty and awoke the inmates. Blankets and bedding were carried to the scene and the injured made as comfortable as possible,

At daylight the officials of the Lehigh Valley Railroad were notified, and a special train with a number of physicians was hurried to the scene. The doctors dressed the wounds of the injured, who were taken to the hospital in Wilkesbarre.

The boarding boss says he is at a loss as to want prompted the dastardly deed. As far as he knows, he has no enemies in the world. Some of the boarders think the motive was robbery, as several of them were known to have considerable money in their possession. If this was the object of the fiends, it is plain why they płaced so much of the explosive under the building. They wanted to kill every person in the place to get the plunder and then escape detection.

One of the wounded men says immediately after the explosion he saw four strange men running down the roadway leading to the viliage of Miners' Mill. They carried lanterna. While he lay on the ground another stranger approached him and rifled his pockets. He also cut the best which encircled his waist and carried if away. Another of the injure. gives it as his opinion that the men seen on the ground after the explosion were tramps.

The dynamitards used Pittsburg dynamite, which fact may lead to their discovery, as dynamite of that character is used by the railroad contractors, whose tool-house is near the scene. The house had been broken open and a new battery taken out. An old battery was found near by. The supposition is that the latter would not work and a new one was necessary.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

Presid at Cleveland R views The Continued Blessings Accorded the Nation.

President Cleveland issued the customary Thanksgiving proclamation as follows: By the President of the United States of

A PROCLAMATION.

The American people should gratefully render thanksgiving and praise to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe who has watched over them with kindness and fostering care during the year that has passed; they should also with humility and faith supplicate the Father of all mercies for continued blessings according to their needs, and they should by deeds of charity seek the favor of the

Giver of every good and perfect gift, Therefore I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, the twenty-ninth day of November, instant, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, to be kept and observed by all

the people of the land. On that day let our ordinary work and business be suspended, and let us meet in our accustomed places of worship and give thanks to Aimighty God for our preservation as a nation, for our immunity from disease and pestilence, for the barvests that have rewarded our husbandry, for a renewal of national prosperity and for every advance in virtue and intelligence that has marked our

growth as a people. And with our thanksgiving let us pray that these blessings be multiplied unto us, that our national conscience may be quickened to a better recognition of the power and goodness of God, that in our national life we may olearer see and closer follow the path of

And in our places of worship and praise, as well as in the happy reunions of kindred and friends, on that day, let us invoke Divine approval by generously remembering the poor and needy. Surely He who has given us comfort and plenty will look upon our relief of the destitute and our ministration of charity as the work of hearts truly grateful and as proofs of the sincerity of our tuanks-

Witness my hand and the seal of the United States on the first day of November in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and nineteenth. GROVER CLEVELAND. By the President:

W. C. GRESHAM, Secretary of State,

Nombers of the leading English and for eign anarchists are vacating their haunts in London and the majority are proceeding singly to America to escape the incessant Parrassing of the police.

SHELLS TO PIERCE SHIPS.

Experiments Made at Indian Head-The Hurst Gun

A series of interesting tests of shells that will penetrate ships having thin armor and then burst inside was begun at the Indian Head Proving Ground. The Navy Departments contemplates purchasing several hundred of these shells for the big battle ships and for this purpose invited five firms making shells to submit samples. Two of them, one made by the Wheeling Sterling Company and the other by the Midlave Steel Company, were tried. Both were fired with a velocity of 975 feet against a 7-inch nickel steel plate and both went through the plate and backing and into the earth. They were recovered comparatively uninjured. Commodore Sampson, chief of the Ordnance Bureau, says the tests showed that both were excellent pro-

Another charge was fired from the Hurst gun. The powder charge of 184 pound? was the largest yet used, and the velocity the projectile attained was 2452 feet and a minimum pressure of 15 8-10 tons. This is about 300. feet greater than the velocity obtained from an ordinary gun of similar califer, shihough part of the increased velocity. Commodore Sampson says, may have been due to the fact that the tail of the projectile which weighs about 100 pounds, was broken off. This was the case with the two projectiles fired from this gun last week, and the department will make some steel projecties before jurther tests are conducted.

GREAT FLOODS IN FRANCE.

Encimous Dimage Over a Wide Stretch of Territo y-Loss of Life.

The heavy rains of the last few days have caused floods in the north of France. In the departments of Pas de Calais and the Nord thousands of acres are under water. Many villages have been rennered uninhabitable and hundreds of peasants have been driven from their farms. In the neighborhood of Lille, Turcoing, and Armentiers the water is three feet deep. The factories in Roubaix and other industrial towns have been stopped by the rising flood. Their looms are idle and nearly 100,000 operatives are out of work. Many miles of railroad tracks have peen undermined or submerged and trains are run only with great irregularity. In the Valley of the Meuse hundreds of cattle have been killed and bridges and barns near the banks have been swept away.

The floods have destroyed the best crops around Dunkirk and have done enormous damage to other farm crops. Courtral and Mouscrou are partly under water. Several cases of drowning have been reported on both sides of the Belgian frontier.

TWO FREIGHT WRECKS.

Three Men Killed in Pennsylvania and Three Hurt

A disastrous freignt wreck occcurred on the Pennsylvania Railroad near Coryden Station, in which three men were killed and

a score or more injured, some seriously. A construction train, having on board about forty laborers, pulled up near Corydon and stopped to take on more workmen. While the freight was at a standstill a fast freight in charge of E. W. Stout, engineer, and William Rich, conductor, crashed into

the work train. The trainmen escaped by jumping. Several cars were wrecked and in the crash ohn McNulty, Stephen Danly and Frank Stone, all of Bristol, were caught and instantly killed.

Of the twenty or more who were injured nearly all also live in Bristol. Three or four

are so badly hurt that they may die from their injuries. All of the Bristol physicians were summoned to the seene of the wreck, and after at-

tending to the wounds of the injured sent some to Bristol and the others to the Philadelphia Hospital. LIMA, OHIO-The fast freight, west bound,

on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad was run into from the rear by freight No 77 in a dense log just east of the Ottawa river bridge. Six cars were thrown down an enbankment and wrecked. One gondola loaded with coke caught fire

and was consumed. Brakeman Frank Ferris, Engineer John Kohler, Fireman W. D. Rhodes, all of Fort Wayne, were injured seriously, but not fatally. Loss \$40,000.

A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.

Rewards Offered by the Postoffice Department for Conviction of Fe ons.

The postmaster General has issued the rewards for the detection, arrest and conviction of highway mail robbers and post office burglars during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895.

First-One thousand dollars for the arrest and conviction of any person in any Un ted | flames were extinguished before much dam-States court on the charge of robbing the age was done. Several attempts have been mails while being conveyed in any mail car | made to destroy the property. attached to a railroad train.

Second-The sum of \$500 for arrest and conviction on the charge of robbing the mails being conveyed over any post route other than a railway and who wounds the carrier

Third-Two hundred and fifty dollars for the arrest and conviction on the charge o attempting to rob the mails being conveyed over any post route and who assaults of threatens the person carrying the mail,

Fourth-From \$100 to \$200 for arrest and conviction of any person on the charge of breaking into a postoffice and stealing there-

All rewards must be claimed within six months from the date of conviction the oftender.

SNOWSTORMS OUT WEST.

Winter Setting in Early in Nebraska and Iowa.

A severe snow storm has prevailed througout Nebraska. It is quite general, reports showing snow at a number of towns throughout the State. In the extreme north- | camp and had them covered with Winchesern portion of the State stock is said to be suffering, though elsewhere the snow is melting rapidly and the weather is moderating.

Stoux Cirv, Ia. Snow has been falling over nearly all of South Dakota and Northwestern Iowa. At Vermillion the snow resembles an old-fashioned blizzard,

FENNSYLVANIA ITEM3.

Iritome of News Gleaned From Various Parts of the State

State Treasurer Jackson reports cash on hand in the several depositories at the close of October, amounting to \$4,844,987.07. Pittsburg police arrested the officers of a co-operative association on the complaint of

Two miners were drowned by a sudden rush of water in an old mine slope at Nanti-

stockholders who charge conspiracy to de-

Albert Finger, a young man living in Honeybrook, met with a terrible accident while gunning for rabbits. While reloading his gun at a point about three miles from his home the contents of one barrel of the fewiing piece was preliminary discharged, and the heavy load of shot blewone of his thumbs off, tore a portion of his stomach away and finally lodged in his chin and neck. Although his wounds are of a fatal nature, at last accounts young Finger was still alive.

The usual number of gunning accidents occurred at the opening of the shooting season near Oxford. Kelso Slack was shot in the leg by Edward Burberow, east of Oxford, Edward Boyd was shot in the head. Clem Dutton, of Lower Oxford, was shot in the

Subscription lists were opened at Pittsburg for the \$100,000 guarantee jund to be used in preliminary work on the projected Ohio and Lake Erie Ship Canal. J. E. Shaw, of the Chamber of Commerce, will receive the subscriptions. The smallest amount that will be received is \$50, and subscribers will receive non-assessable canal company stock to the amount of five times their subscription upon the organization of the company.

In his suit against Lawyer Frank J. O'Connor, instituted at Ebensburg, General D. H. Hastings claims \$50,000 damage.

Congressman Hines sued the Hazleton 'Sentinel" for \$100,000 damages for litel at W.lkes-Barre. Three men were killed at Foster Station by

collision between the Buffato express and a coal engine on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad.

Chester County farmers are angry over the action taken by the Philadelphia Board of Health in regard to the milk supply.

Luzerne County Commissioners have offered a reward of \$1,000 for the arrest of the persons who blew up a boarding shanty near Wilkes-Barre, causing the death of three people.

General D. H. Hastings has begun a suit in the Cambria County Courts against Frank J. O'Connor on the charge of slander. Congressman Howard Mutchler was arrested at Easton and held in bail for court,

charged with libeling Hon. H. J. Reeder. Two horses of the many that have been attacked with influenza in Pittsburg, recently committed suicide. One of them was owned by George McCutcheon, of the East End. The animal had been suffering greatly from the swelling on its neck. In the evening it ran out of the enclosure near the stable and jumped in a sewer ditch which had been dug in the street. The horse deliberately jumped into the ditch and rubbed its neck on a sharp piece of iron used as a support for the plank sides of the ditch. After cut-

ting several veins the horse bled to death. About the same time in the evening an old white horse was seen passing up Wilmot Street, in Oakland. It went to the edge of a stone wall and jumped over the wall, rolling into the hollow one hundred leet below, breaking its neck. It had also suffered from

influenza, By an explosion of dynamite under a Loarding-house near Wilkes-Barre three people were killed, six probably fatally wounded and several others seriously in-

jured. An extra freight on the Pennsylvania Railroad crashed into a workmen's train at Croyden Station, killing three persons and

wounding twenty others. War veterans of Centre county are indignant over the effort being made in other parts of the State to erect a monument to

War Governor Curtin at Harrisburg. Colonel Colt, who commanded the Chio National Guards that fired on the lynchers a Washington Court House, was located in Pittsburg. He had been in hiding since

October 19. At an early hour the other morning in the vicinity of Peale a disastrous wreck of a freight train occurred, in which three men were killed outright and two or three others were badly injured. The killed were sleeping in a box car when the wreck occurred. A broken axle was the cause of the disaster.

While services were in progress some maliclous persons attempted to fire the Labasha Methodist Church, Rev. Joseph W. Hudson, pastor, fives miles east of Doylestown, by starting a bon fire in main of the front entrance to the building. The light shining through the transom over the door attracted the attention of the congregation and the

The flaw in the marriage license law which makes it inoperative until 1895 was used to defend a man accused of perjury in Pitts-

Boss Belakavich is suspected of causing the Luzerne County dynamite outrage for the purpose of robiery. English speaking workmen are believed by some to have blown up

A big coal deal was made at Hazleton, whereby the two Jeansville collieries became the Lehigh Vailey Coal Company's property. Rev. Thomas Chapman, of Pittsburg, is accused of fraudulently managing the estate of Mrs. Annie Hinds, of Richmond, Va.

AFTER THE COOK GANG.

Five of the Desperadoes Captured-In Tursult of the Other Robbers.

Captain Charles Bock, commanding a squad of twenty Indian police, has just arrived in Wagoner, I. T., baving in captivity "Joe" Johnson, "Mose" Price, "Dick" Reinolds, "Jim" Bates and Leon Perry, five of the members of the Cook gang, captured by him. The officer surprised the outlaws in ters before the robbers could get their guns. The capture was made without a shot leing

aptain Bock reports the rest of the gang in this vicinity, and after escorting his prissoners to Fort Gibson will return and renew his efforts to capture the ringleaders,