

BECOME A LAW

THE TARIFF BILL WILL NOT BE VETOED.

The President However, Will Take Action Only on what Relates to Details—A False Rumor.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—President Cleveland will not, according to those who ought to know, definitely decide what action he will take on the tariff bill until he returns from Gray Gables, whether he was driven by a troublesome attack of malaria; but that only relates to details, as it is regarded as fully settled that the bill shall become a law. In fact, certified copies of the bill are now on the way to every collector of customs, so that when it becomes a law it will only be necessary to telegraph the collectors to have it put right into effect. The President will return this week.

In some quarters there is a disposition to believe that the Murphy resolution, against further consideration of tariff legislation, which was adopted by a vote of 27 to 16—a bare quorum—by the Senate, may be the cause of the tariff bill being vetoed. It is, of course, well-known that President Cleveland is much interested in the separate bills placing coal, iron ore and barbed wire on the free list, and desires to see them become laws, and it is equally well-known that the Murphy resolution was intended to kill those bills for the present session. It was stated when the House Democratic caucus which resulted in the passage of the Senate tariff bill was in session that the Democratic steering committee of the Senate had given a pledge that these separate bills, and that providing for free sugar, should be voted upon by the Senate before adjournment, if the House would accept the Senate amendments to the Wilson bill and it is believed that without that pledge the House would not have acted. These things are all known to Mr. Cleveland, but those whose opinions would carry weight will not at this time express them, as to what, if any, effect the Senate resolution may have on the fate of the tariff bill.

An official statement made by the disbursing clerk of the Department of Agriculture shows that the reduction in the expenditures of that department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, was slightly in excess of 14 per cent., and that nearly \$500,000 of the annual appropriation made for the department was unexpended and would be covered back into the Treasury. That's the kind of a Democrat Secretary Morton is. In this connection it is well to call attention to another official fact calculated to impress people with the idea that the Democrats in Congress are living up to the party pledges of economy in public expenditure, if they haven't gone as far in some other direction as they might have gone. The total amount appropriated at this session of Congress, according to the figures of Chairman Sayers, of the House appropriation committee, is \$28,835,989 less than the total appropriations made at the last session of Congress. In other words, the government has been saved just that much.

Representative Bland prevented the bimetallic league endorsing the Populists at the conference held here last week. He simply told the other members of the committee, when the chairman of the Populist national committee asked that his party be endorsed, that if the league was to be turned into a Populist machine he and other Democrats would draw out. The committee decided to endorse nothing but silver and to use its entire efforts to secure the election of silver men to the 54th Congress, and issued an address in accordance with that decision.

The old rumor that Secretary Carlisle was about to retire from the cabinet came out as spry as though it had not been killed a dozen or more times, during the last three or four days. It was preceded by the rumor that Secretary Carlisle's letter to Senator Harris, who is acting chairman of the Senate finance committee on account of sickness of Senator Voorhees, concerning the effect the bills passed by the House, placing on the free list sugar, coal, iron ore, and barbed wire, would have upon the revenues of the government if favorably acted upon by the Senate, had been written without President Cleveland's knowledge and that it had caused a coolness between the two men. Never was a story built upon a false foundation. Although Secretary Carlisle's letter was written in accordance with the routine custom, in answer to the usual inquiry made by the chairman of the finance committee of the Secretary of the Treasury concerning contemplated legislation, it can be positively stated that President Cleveland was fully informed of its contents before it was sent. It contained, by the way, not a word of argument for or against any bill; merely an estimate of the revenue that would

be retained or lost. It is doubtless whether any President ever enjoyed closer relation with his Secretary of the Treasury than Mr. Cleveland does with Mr. Carlisle, and all talk of coolness between them is simply rot not deserving any ones serious consideration.

Wheat as Animal Food.

A western farmer has made a test of the value of wheat when fed to hogs, and has had a very gratifying result. He fed wheat at the price of 50 cents per bushel. The result showed that the hog increased in value \$1.38 cents. If this holds out there is no doubt that wheat would gain in price as feed for hogs. Even put the grain at \$1.10 per bushel, in place of \$1.38, and the farmer has a paying price for his wheat when turned into pork.

Let some of our Centre county farmers make a similar test, and report the result. We feel interested in anything that will help the farmer to better prices for his wheat, and offer this experiment as one worth making. What farmer will send in the first report of a test in feeding wheat to hogs?

Take three fattening hogs—weigh each one. Then feed a bushel of wheat to it; to another feed a bushel of soaked wheat; and to a third feed a bushel of wheat chopped. Then weigh the hogs and publish the result, giving the difference gained in weight. This is readily done, and only a few days required to make the test.

If the farmer can turn his 50 or 75 cent wheat into pork so as to be worth \$1.38 to him, then the wheat problem is solved in his favor, and the wheat gambler and speculator's vocation is gone, and the farmer pockets the profit, as there will always be a demand for pork at fair prices.

A similar test might be made by feeding wheat to beef cattle.

Newspaper Columns the Best.

In ancient times if a man had any announcements to make he used to write them in crude characters on the walls. If he didn't want many people to notice what the announcement was he wrote it very high, but if he desired to give it some publicity, he wrote where people could see it. Nowadays, if merchants or others want to give publicity to any announcement, instead of writing it on the walls they have it inscribed in printer's ink in the columns of widely circulated newspapers, where they are sure that everybody will heed and give it attention. Judicious advertising in the columns of the REPORTER is sure to bring a profitable return.

W. C. Arnold for Congress.

The Republican conferees of the twenty-eighth congressional district met at DuBois on Thursday, and nominated William C. Arnold, of DuBois, on the thirteenth ballot. Each of the five counties—Clearfield, Centre, Elk, Forest and Clarion—presented a candidate, but the fight narrowed down to Forest and Clearfield. On the final ballot Arnold received the Clearfield and Elk votes and one each from Centre and Clarion, which gave him the nomination. Mr. Arnold is a native of Curwensville, although for several years he has lived in DuBois. He is an attorney by profession.

Kenneth Bazemore had the good fortune to receive a small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy when three members of his family were sick with dysentery. This one small bottle cured them all and he had some left which he gave to Geo. W. Baker, a prominent merchant of the place, Lewistown, N. C., and it cured him of the same complaint. When troubled with dysentery, diarrhoea, colic or cholera morbus, give this remedy a trial and you will be more than pleased with the result. The praise that naturally follows its introduction and use has made it very popular. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Wm. Pealer, Spring Mills and S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville.

News Items.

Gardner, the absconding bank cashier of Altoona, engaged in speculations. Israel Long, the father of eleven children, at Kutztown, hanged himself.

The world's coffee crop is likely to reach 13,500,000 bags, beating all records.

Hogs are starving in South Dakota from lack of wheat or corn to feed them.

In some quarters it is suspected that bank examiner Miller did not commit suicide, but that he was murdered.

—Whether you want a suit made of order or one ready-made, you will find Lewins \$3 to \$5 cheaper than elsewhere. Has new spring styles just opened. Largest assortment in Central Pennsylvania from which to select.

—Subscribe for the REPORTER.

TOBACCO IN THE VALLEYS.

A Section of the County Where the Crops Were Not Injured by Hail or Floods.

The tobacco crop in Nittany and Bald Eagle Valleys this year is said to be the finest ever grown in those sections of the county. The hail storms that proved so destructive to the crops in the other tobacco growing districts did not extend to the valleys, consequently the leaf harvested will be perfect. On some of the farms cutting has commenced. The acreage in Bald Eagle Valley is as follows: Charles Kreamer 5 acres, Valentine Schied on the Bossert farm 10 acres, M. Johnson 3 acres, Abram Bellner on the Fredericks farm 8 acres.

In Nittany Valley there are ten acres of tobacco on the farm of George Weymouth, and 8 acres on the Thompson farm, making a total of 44 acres in the two valleys.—Clinton Republican.

To Recover Their Timber.

The West Branch lumbermen's exchange of Williamsport will enter suit in the courts of Dauphin and Cumberland counties to recover the timber that was swept away by the recent flood and which has been taken by people living along the river.

The Williamsport Sun says that the lumbermen during the recent freshet had swept from them not less than 180,000,000 feet of saw logs and about 20,000,000 feet of manufactured lumber, which line the Susquehanna river from Williamsport to the Chesapeake bay. The valuation of this lumber is fully \$3,500,000 to the lumber sufferers and they think it hard that their loss should be increased by parties living along the stream who have no claim to the lumber whatever.

Feline Incubators.

Albert Bearley set a hen a short time since with 15 eggs under her, but she refused to stay on the nest, says the Lewistown Free Press. A second and then a third biddie was tried, neither of which would remain. The eggs were finally placed in a basket, taken into the house, flannel put about them and all put under the cook stove, the family curiously awaiting the result. Strange to say, two half grown cats appropriated the basket as a sleeping place, and by the warmth of their bodies hatched out the chicks—the felines doubtless being more astonished at the appearance of the "little peepers" than were the members of Mr. Bearley's family.

Democratic Congressional Conference.

The Democratic convention to nominate a congressional candidate to succeed George F. Kribbs, from this district, met on Wednesday at Ridgway. The convention was composed of three conferees from each of the counties of Clarion, Forest and Elk, and delegates chosen in the ordinary way from Clearfield and Centre counties. Congressman Kribbs failed to win the conferees in his own county, Clarion, whose candidate is Joseph M. Fox. Elk has no candidate. Forest presents L. E. Weber. Centre has two candidates, Aaron Williams and William C. Heine, while in Clearfield Jacob Truby and George M. Brisbin are aspirants for the seat.

REDUCED RATES.

To the Grangers' Picnic at Williams' Grove Via P. R. R.

For the accommodation of persons desiring to attend this interesting picnic and exhibition the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets on August 25th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, and 31st, good to return until September 3d, inclusive, from stations in the following territory, at rate of one fare for the round trip:—

From all principal stations on the Pennsylvania Railroad Division west of Bryn Mawr and east of East Liberty, both inclusive.

From all principal stations on the Northern Central Railway north of Lutherville, Md., and south of Canandaigua.

From all principal stations of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division.

Will Re-open.

The Second National bank of Altoona which was closed some days ago through Cashier Gardner skipping out with the funds, is to be re-opened for business in a few days.

Cider Making.

The cider mill at Luse's planing mill will be run on next Tuesday, Aug. 28, and for each Tuesday thereafter throughout the season.

—Price, quality and style are prominent factors when you are buying clothing. Purchasers will find these to their advantage at Lewins, Bellefonte. No shoddy in the house.

BANK TRAGEDY

SUICIDE OF THE BANK EXAMINER AT ALTOONA.

The Official Puts a Ball through His Head While Looking Over the Accounts of the Stranded Bank.

William Miller, the United States Bank Examiner, committed suicide last Friday noon by shooting himself in the Second National bank at Altoona, which was closed owing to the sudden departure of the cashier, Gardner, several days previous, with many thousands of the bank's funds.

The president of the bank, Levan, was in the building when Miller fired the shot, but was in an adjoining room. When Miller fired the shot he was standing beside the cashier's desk. The ball entered the right side of the head, just back of the ear, and passed clear through, coming out at the left side at a point almost directly opposite. Death must have been instantaneous, judging from the wound. The unfortunate man fell on his back and the upper portion of his body was soon surrounded by a pool of blood which spread out over the floor of the bank. The revolver a colts 45 calibre, was found in the open drawer of the cashier's desk, where it had dropped from the hand of the suicide after he committed the deed.

The papers in the drawer were spotted with blood and an envelope that lay on top of the desk was saturated. After having passed through Miller's head the ball struck the top of one of the inner doors at the entrance, and glancing off, hit the right side of the wall between the outer and inner doors making a large indentation in the hard concrete. The ball then passed out between the two front doors, one of which was slightly open, and a boy afterward found it on the steps badly battered.

The news spread like wildfire, and intense excitement prevailed, the street being packed with an excited and seething throng.

Ever since the opening of the examination Mr. Miller has worked hard, too hard in fact. The bank clerks told him they could not stand the work much longer. At times he worked until 3 o'clock in the morning, beginning operations again at 5 o'clock. Lately he had not kept his work up quite so late, and the night previous quit at 10.30. At no time did he seem to be specially worried about anything, but all along his nervousness showed the effects of the strain upon him.

Examiner Miller's home was in Mercersburg, Pa., and he was about 45 years of age. He was appointed Bank Examiner about two years ago, succeeding Hugh Young.

Daniel McSweeney, formerly of the United States Secret Service, Chief of Police Tillard and other detectives who have been engaged on the case, are not satisfied with the suicide theory. They are not content in the belief that the revolver could have fallen back into the drawer after having been used. Blood dripped from the revolver upon papers in the drawer, yet there were no blood stains upon the dead man's hands. A young woman, at the time reported to be Miller's daughter, is reported to have gone into the bank a few moments before the shooting occurred. The detectives seem to consider the woman story with some concern and are at work on the clue. It is evident from the interest manifested that the case will not be allowed to go by default. A vigorous and thorough investigation is certain to result.

Monday night upon the arrival of Altoona accommodation from Newton Hamilton camping Mayberry Miller, a former clerk in the Second National bank of that city, was placed under arrest charged with falsifying the books of the bank with intent to deceive the examiner and assist Gardner in defrauding the depositors. He failed to get bail and was placed in the city lockup.

The latest move in the affairs of the Second national bank was the arrest Tuesday morning of Harry Claybaugh, another clerk in the bank, on the same charge as that preferred against Mayberry Miller, falsifying the books of the bank with intent to deceive the examiner. Both men have secured bail in the sum of \$5,000 for their appearance at a hearing on Thursday morning at ten o'clock.

The investigation of the looted bank is still in progress by Examiners Coffin and Henlein and it is given out that other arrests are likely to follow as the books show evidence to warrant such action.

Mr. Claybaugh upon being approached after his arrest refused to make any statement except that he would make startling revelations when his case came up for trial and the impression was given that these revelations would implicate Bank Examiner Miller.

—Subscribe for the REPORTER.

WEATHER PROPHESIES.

Foster Says We Will Have a Warm Fall and a Late Winter.

My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm waves to cross the continent from August 16 to 20 and 22 to 26. The next will reach the Pacific coast about the 26th cross the western mountains by the close of the 27th, the great central valleys from the 28th to the 30th and the eastern states about the 31st.

The disturbance will be of more than usual force and severe local storms may be expected. As this is also an earthquake date, it cannot be determined whether the force will find relief through a great earthquake in some earthquake country or a great storm, or be divided and cause moderate storms and moderate earthquakes.

This disturbance will be at its greatest within the six days, August 28 to September 2, inclusive, probably on September 1. If it reaches its climax on that date its effects will be felt on the Pacific coast and off the Atlantic coast, as the storm waves will be due on those meridians at that time.

Very high tides will occur about these dates. Professor Faib, of Vienna has, if the papers report him correctly, selected August 16 for the great tidal waves. I would have selected August 29 to September 2, probably September 1, as the date of dangerous tidal waves, and I am of the opinion that the papers wrongly reported his dates. From 17th to 19th of August will probably develop severe disturbances in various parts of the world and produce high tides, but nothing to equal those from August 28 to September 2.

September will be a very warm month, with no killing frosts, except in the extreme north, where light frosts may occur from the 29th of August in the far northwest to September 3 in the far northeast. During the last days of August and the 1st and 2d of October, frosts will do some damage in the extreme northern portions of the United States. September will also be a dry month as an average over the United States and Canada. Locally the rainfall will increase in many of the drouth districts, and decrease where rains have been plentiful.

Winter will probably come in late, and a long, warm period of fall weather, with an unusually beautiful Indian summer may be expected.

Severely Dealt with.

Over in Perry county a negro offender, Charles Magee, was severely dealt with by persons of his own color, a few days ago, he was given something like a dose of Delaware whipping post. At the annual frolic known as the colored campmeeting, now in progress at Montebello Park, on the line of the Perry county railroad, Magee was caught in an attempt to assault a young colored girl, and being striped of nearly all his clothing was marched through the camp to the music of the merry-go-round organ and at every step one of the colored men lashed him furiously across his nude body with a switch, while the indignant women in the camp looked on approvingly. Magee's punishment was swift and severe and he suffers greatly therefrom.

Lumberman Killed.

Samuel Myers, a lumberman residing near Emery's church, above Linden, Lycoming county, was killed Monday last, while working on D. Kavanaugh's job on Otter run. Mr. Myers with others was engaged in lowering timber, fastened to a rope, from the top of the mountain to the slide below. By some means the men lost control of the rope and while it was lashing about it caught Mr. Myers around the waist and threw him a considerable distance among the rocks. When he was picked up he was dead, his skull having been crushed, his neck broken, one leg mangled and his breast badly injured. He leaves a wife and nine children, the youngest seventeen months old.

Short Locals.

Crickets have opened their free concerts for the fall season.

Everybody is eating plums.

Cows allowed to drink stagnant water are sure to give unwholesome milk. The shipment of apples from this county will not be one-half what it was last fall.

Long evenings will soon be on—subscribe for the REPORTER.

Carriage maker Boob, opposite this office, has put a steam engine in his shops.

Bob Foreman is beautifying his residence by giving it a coat of paint.

—We have made another big reduction in Summer Dress Goods—at these cut figures it will pay you to invest. Come quick.—Wolf & Crawford.

—A light summer suit from Lewins, Bellefonte, will do much keeping cool this hot weather.

SHOT HER TORMENTORS.

Practical Jokers May Have a Death on Their Hands.

A practical joke resulted very seriously near Shamokin recently at a party where all kinds of games and pranks were being played. One of the participants, as a master stroke of fun went out to the stable and got an old horse and led him into the parlor. Then he, together with some of the rest, seized the wife of the host and put her on the animal's back and marched around the room according to cake walk regulations.

The woman struggled as best she could to free herself from the tormentors, but they held her on the horse until they saw she was becoming furiously angry when they let her get off. Rushing into another room the woman seized a loaded revolver and returning to the parlor shot one of her tormentors in the neck and another in the leg. The others fled before she got a chance to shoot at them.

The man shot in the neck is not expected to recover.

The Two Vacations.

There are two ways of taking a vacation. The one is to collect all the money that is due you, borrow all you can from your friends, burden yourself with the care and expense of needless trunks, take quarters in a crowded and expensive hotel, overload your stomach with indigestible food, dance and dissipate until late, night after night, and then after a few weeks, with depleted purse and power, return home to regain what little you can of health, character and comfort. The other way is to plan for a rest that shall include comfort and economy, promises good health, afford refining and elevating surroundings. With such a vacation returns one to his home rested and benefitted in body, mind and heart.—Ex.

Nevers.

Never use a metal spoon for stirring stewed fruit or tomatoes. A wooden one is the best, and those with short handles are preferable for stirring thick messes.

Never let the handles of knives be put in hot water. If possible buy silver knives when you begin your house-keeping. You will not find it extravagant in the end.

Never allow your carving knife to be used to cut bread; provide a separate knife.

Never throw water on boiling oil; use flour.

If your clothes take fire never run about, but lie down and roll over and over until the flame is smothered.

Never buy sweet potatoes in large quantities.

My boy was taken with a disease resembling bloody flux. The first thing I thought of was Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Two doses of it settled the matter and cured him sound and well. I heartily recommend this remedy to all persons suffering from a like complaint. I will answer any inquiries regarding it when stamp is inclosed. I refer to any county official as to my reliability. Wm. Roach, J. P., Primroy, Campbell Co., Tenn. For sale by Wm. Pealer, Spring Mills and S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville.

Effects of Brooks Law.

At the last session of the legislature a committee was appointed to investigate the moral effects of the Brooks high license law. Senator Grady, of Philadelphia, chairman of the committee, will shortly call the committee together and a searching inquiry will be made on this important matter. His colleagues on the committee are Senators Lyon, Allegheny; Herring, Columbia; Thomas, Philadelphia, and Mitchell, Bradford. The examination of the increase or decrease of pauperism, crime and insanity arising from the use of liquor since the passage of the Brooks law is the duty of this committee.

Church Festival.

The ladies and gents of the Reformed and Lutheran congregations at Tusseyville will hold a festival on next Saturday evening at which seasonable refreshments will be served. A cordial invitation is extended to the friends of the congregations and the public in general.

Death of a Farmer.

Mr. Lewis Zimmerman, a well-known citizen of Hecla, Centre county, died Monday morning, aged seventy-one years.

Religious Services.

Rev. S. M. Pomeroy, of Mill Hall will preach in the Presbyterian church, in Centre Hall on Sunday morning, at 10.30 o'clock, and at Spring Mills at 2.30 p.m.