THE NEWS.

A brick wall, two stories high, left standing in the rear of E. P. Edwards' store in Elizabeth, N. J., fell with a crash on a gang of bricklayers who were at work on a scaffold on the opposite wall, burying the men under the pile of bricks.--- Lennel Davis shot Wm. M. Rawls in Savannah for alleged intimacy with Davis' wife. Rawls will die .-- Rawls is a nephew of ex-Congressman Rawls, of Georgia. —The troops have been withdrawn from Darlington, S. C., and peace again prevails. The Assistant Adjutant General is collecting the arms of the Fourth Brigade which will be disbanded .- Sheriff Pearce eaptured Riley Walker, the negro who murdered Detective Will Wallace near Union Springs, Ala., about a month ago. The negro admits his guilt .- Dan Ahren, a negro, was lynched in Greensboro, Ga., for assaulting the wife of Mr. Dan Chambers, a white farmer living about four miles from Greensboro .--Col. W. L. Scruggs, ex-United States minister to Venezuela, and also ex-United States minister to the United States of Colombia, has been appointed by the cotton states and international exposition company as commissioner to the South, Central and Latin Amer-

John Swigert, proprietor of the Illustrated Century, died in Chicago of peritonitis. Deceased was born in Buffalo, N. Y., fifty-two years ago. In that city he started the Gazette, and was also identified with newspaper enterprises in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco and New Orleans. ---- Albert Looker who shot and instantly killed James Conroy and Wm. Cleary, game wardens on Tolleston Hunting and Fishing Club's grounds, in John Hargins' saloon at Tolleston, Ind., March 21, was acquitted by Judge Morlock, of the City Court, in Hammond,-Dr. J. F. Repass, formerly of Palisade, Neb., was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Bennett, of Nebraska, on warrants in Cincinnati, and a requisition alleging breach of promise. Repass settled in practice in Cincinnati three weeks ago.-Fire destroyed valuable business property in Rochester, N. Y .- Bartlett & Peaslee, carriage builders, of Newton, N. H., have failed, G. W. Sanborn, of East Kingston, being named as assignee. Liabilities are estimated at \$35,000; assets, \$3,000.--Rev. I. M. Batcock, seventy-three years old, and a retired lecturer, was suffocated in bed by a slight fire in a lodging-house in Boston, --- The steamship Mohawk, Captain Wilishire, which arrived at New York from London, had on board the crew of the schooner Alton S. Marshall, of Gloucester, Mass., who were rescued on March 28. Populist farmers of Florence county, S. C .-

held a convention and determined to support the governor, if necessary, by taking up arms. Mayor Dargan, of Darlington, made a sharp reply to the criticisms of Governor Tillman, Dr. V. H. Payne shot and killed Henry Green (colored) in the Cleveland Hotel, at Darling, ton. It is said that Green informed the authorities that he had seen Dr. Payne coming out of the dispensary with his pockets filled with bottles of whiskey .-- The strike troubles in the Connellsville coke region resulted in bloodshed. J. A. Poddock, chief engineer of the Frick Company, was killed by a mob at Davidson. A party of coke-drawers at Alverton were attacked by a mob of Hungarian women, and one man was fatally injured. rants were issued for the leaders of the strike.---The Kansas Commissioner of Labor has reported that farming in that state does not pay. --- William Dierkes killed Ben Miller at Quincy, Ill., on account of a song sung by the latter .- The property of the Garden City Yeast Company at Chicago has been seized by the Internal Revenue Department according to an information for condemnation filed in the United States Court by District Attorney Milchrist.

The grand jury in San Francisco found a new indictment against ex-Cashier Flood of the Donohue-Kelly Bank, who embezzled \$164,000. Flood had been convicted, but it was feared he was about to secure a new trial and his indictment on another count for altering the desposit account of of Sarah Lyle from \$19,000 to \$7,000 was obtained, --- The Red Star line steamship Illinois sailed from Philadelphia for Antwerp with Pawnee Bill's Wild West Show aboard. The party comprises thirty-five Indian bucks and squaws and a number of cowboys and Mexican rough riders .-- Hon, James Gardner, ex-associate judge of Blair county, and head of the banking house of Gardner, Morrow & Co., died in Hollidaysburg, Pa., aged eighty-seven years. He was president of the Altoona Iron Company for many years, and was identified with many industrial enterprises and financial institutions. On Sunday he sustained a fall,

and death followed from nervous prostration, Mr. Edward B. Wall, assistant to the general manager of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg, died at the Homeopathic Hospital, in Pittsburg, the result of shock following operation for appendicitis.--- Bishop Matz has been attached for \$13,900, in Denver, by Brooks & Marine, architects, for seven years of unpaid work on proposed new church buildings, including a new cathedral and bishop's residence.--- A co-operative cremation society was formed by a number of German workmen in Buffalo,-Every saloon in Oshkosh was closed Sunday for the first time in the history of the city. Mayor Oellrichs' order for the enforcement of the Sunday law went into effect and was generally observed. All gambling houses were also closed, --- Louis Plante, an all-round desperado, from Toronto, now finishing a six months' term in jail, in Denver, will be returned on the 9th inst. to Canada, where he is wanted on the charge of stealing \$30,000 worth of jewelry, opium and merchandise. Plante is the man who shot Clara Fredericks, in Chicago, and followed her afterwards to Denver, where he gave her a terrible clubbing, for which he is now in jail.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Four Men Killed by an Explosion of Natural Gas as Alexandria, Ind.

The Whiteside Block on Main street, Alexdria, Ind., was demolished by a terrific explosion of natural gas, thought to have resulted from a leak in the basement, shortly before midnight. Seven men were buried in the ruins, four of whom were burned to death and three taken out badly injured.

The ground floor of the wrecked building was occupied by Pyle's tonsorial parlors, the American Express Company's office, and the Whiteside clothing establishment. The floor of the building rose like an earthquake and fell all in a mass of ruins. The loss to the building and stock will not exceed \$10,000.

STRIKERS' RIOT.

Brutal Murder of the Manager of the Frick Works.

MORE TROUBLE EXPECTED

The Terrible Revenge that Followed Paddock's Death-Many Strikers Arrested and Warrants Issued FortLabor Leaders.

It would take columns to tell in detail the exciting ovents of the third day of the big coke strike now on in the Connellsville region. At least nine lives were sacrificed in 12

Unless the strong arm of the military interferes the dead will be counted by scores in-

stead of tens. So much excitement was never known in the region, and people everywhere are excited and apprehensive of greater dangers.

The rioting began in the morning, but the climax was not reached until the afternoon at 3 o'clock, when a body of strikers numbering several hundred marched in the Davidson Works of the H. C. Frick Coke Company at Connellsville, Fayette county, where men were working.

The strikers had been there in the morning to get the men out, but no one was working. In the afternoon when they returned duputies had been placed to receive them. When the strikers approached they were ordered to etop. They came on and tried to get at the men on the ovens. The deputies fired. The strikers returned the fire and charged, driving the deputies and men from the plant.

CHIEF ENGINEER PADDOCK SLAIN. Chief Engineer Paddock, of the Frick Compauy, ran up in the tipple of the works. The strikers followed and shot him in the back of

They beat him and crushed his head with stones and threw his body from a tipple window to the evens, 40 feet below. They then attempted to fire the tipple, but left when they saw the deputies returning with a large force from Connellsville,

Hearing of Paddock's murder, hundreds volunteered to avenge his death, and the pursuing party, in command of Detective Frank Campbell, overtook the strikers half a mile from Davidson and opened fire on them. The strikers fired in return, but ran on. Three strikers fell. One was killed instantly, shot through the body, and two others were fatally

wounded. Another of the strikers who got the start on he main body was shot by a deputy at Bradford a mile distance. He was also killed instantly, the ball penetrating his neck. Eleven strikers were captured where the first battle took place, and the pursuing party kept up the charge until Dawson, a point seven miles distant, was reached, where 53 more of the strikers were captured.

WANTED TO LYNCH THEM.

All the efforts of the deputies and more the lynching of the 11 who were taken back to Connellsville. The law-abiding element had their way, and at 8 o'clock a special train arrived with 64 of those who were in the mob that killed Paddock.

A great crowd greeted their arrival, and, amid cries of "Lynch them!" the prisoner's were hurried up a back street to jail. A large body of the strikers were present and made a rush to rescue the prisoners, but were held back by the big crowd and the deputies. At the jail Hugh Coll, assistant chief engineer of the Frick Company, identified five of the prisoners as among those who killed Paddock. Thirty more of the same band of strikers have been arrested.

Paddock was highly esteemed and widely known. His murder occurred in sight of his home. All the officials of the district organizations will be arrested for complicity in the Paddock murder and inciting the riot and murder. Every effort will be made to hunt down the guilty ones.

MORE SHOOTING.

At the Mayfield plant of the McLure Company two men were fatally shot during the day. The strikers charged the men at work in the morning, but were driven off by the deputies after a striker was shot through the

In the afternoon they returned and renewed the attack. There was much firing, the lodge system, or of a regularly incorporand a deputy was fatally wounded. At a sted institution of learning, or by or under riot at the Painter works the women beat a workman fatally. Sheriff Wilhelm has called on Governor Pattison to order out the National guard. The sheriff and his deputies are helpless. Unless the national guard is in the region soon there will be more bloodshed.

THREE RULERS IN PERU.

A Dictator and Two Presidents to Make Things Lively There.

Ex-President Caceres, one of the candidates for the Presidency, has been proclaimed Dictator of Peru. The Dictator is supported by the army, but Congress and the people are hostile to him. Thus Peru is now in the hands of a dictator and two Presidents.

The cabinet placed its resignation in the hands of Senor Del Solar, the first Vice-President, who according to the constitution succeeds to the Presidency on the death of Senor Bermudez, but who declined the honor. Thereupon the Presidency was offered and accepted by the Second Vice-President Senor Borgono, who appointed a ministry. Now, ex-President Caceres has assumed the Dictatorship and all three have their supporters

and trouble is anticipated. The banks are all closed and business is suspended. The troops supporting the Dictator are in possession of the city. The streets are patrolled by the military, and the Constitutional President, Senor Del Solar, is said to be a fugitive.

MRS. U. S. GRANT WIll make her home with her sons and their families in San Diego, The lot on which her home stands, 200 by 137 feet, was extensively improved by the former owner, the mansion costing him \$92,-000. U. S. Grant, Jr., got the whole for

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Senate centered in the speech of Senator Voorhees, the chairman of the Committee on Finance, who launched the tariff question upon the sea of senatorial debate. In the morning hour Senator Morgan sought to have passed a bill providing for the carrying into effect of the awards of the Paris tribunal of arbitration in the Bering Sea matter, but when it was on the eve of its passage it went over until the bill could be printed.

91st Day.-The second day of the tariff de bate in the Senate opened with a much smaller attendance in the galleries and on the floor than was present Monday, but be-fore going to the consideration of the question Mr. Morgan called up the Bering Sea bill reported by him yesterday, and it was passed without amendment.

92D DAY.—When the Bland Seigniorage bill was called up in the House for the purpose of attempting to pass it over the President's veto, great confusion followed. The bill came up after the House had unseated Hil-born, from the Fifth California district, and had seated English, the contestant in his place. While the members were wrangling over an agreement, or rather the failure of an agreement, regarding the limit to be placed on the debate, the Speaker put the question and the clerk began to call the roll. A storm of protests came from the Republican side, but the Speaker declined to interrupt the rollcall, and, amid intense excitement, the roll call was taken. The silver men were severy-four short of the necessary two-thirds to pass the bill over the veto. On March 1st, when the bill passed the House, the vote stood 168

93ap Day.—The Senate pursued the even tenor of its way during the morning hour, without a ripple of excitement to ruffle its surface. The only thing of interest was a resolution introduced by Senator George, of Mississippi, and referred to the Judiciary Committee, which provides for a 20 per cent. reduction in the salaries of government officers, in "view of the depressed financial condition of the country the indebtedness of dition of the country, the indebtedness of many of the people and the increased value of money." Immediately after the expiration of the morning hour, at two o'clock the Senate went into executive session, on motion of Senator Call, of Florida. It lasted until 5.10 P. M., when the Senate immediately adourned.

94TH DAY .- In the Senate on a motion of Mr. Hill to adjourn, the Democrats succeeded in defeating the motion by one vote; Messrs. Hill. Murphy and Irby, of South Carolina, voting with the Republicans, while Mr. Brice, (Dem.), of Ohio, was paired in favor of the motion with Mr. Paimer (Dem.), of Illinois. In the morning hour the resolution of Mr. Walcott which proposes that Mexican dollars shall be coined at the mint of the United States for the China trade was be-fore the Senate. Favorable speeches were made by Messrs. Teller, Dubois and Lodge, the speech of the latter arousing much in-

HOUSE.

90TH DAY .- For five hours roll call followed roll call in the House in an endless attempt to bring the Republican filibuster against the O'Neill-Joy contested election case to a close, but at no time were the Democrats able to muster a quorum, and the fight was finally abandoned for the day.

91st DAY .- The deadlock which has preled in the House for a week past over the Joy-O'Neill contested election case was broken Joy-O Neill contested election case was broken to day. Charles F. Joy was unseated and John J. O'Neill seated as representative of the Eleventh Missouri district. On the final vote twenty-four Democrats and four populists voted against Mr. O'Neill. The Eglish-Hil-born case from the Fifth California was called up immediately afterward and debated for

92ND DAY .- After a warm controversy in the Senate, the Senate bill for the suppression of gambling in the District of Columbia, with an amendment proposed by Senator Allen prohibiting pool-selling or horse-racing, was speech on the tariff. He spoke particularly against the substitution of the ad valorem for the specific system and against the tax on sugar. He also opposed the increase on distilled liquors and the tax on incomes, while at the same time he delivered a strong attack against the policy of "following in the footsteps of England and of opening our markets to that country," thus giving her the gold with which to wage her battle against and bimetalism, Senator Mills spoke in defense of the ad valorem syst taxation, and confessed that the bill did no meet with his entire approval, but it was always necessary to compromise in legislation.

93nd DAY.—The House was like a calm after a storm. After the passage of minor bills and resolutions, the consideration of apopriation bills were resumed. The Urgent Deffeiency bill, carrying something million, was taken up and passed, with one important amendment providing for the con-tinuation of the work of the Census Bureau until March 4th, 1895, and providing for the publication in a condensed volume of 250 pages of an abstract of all the data produced by the census. After the deficiency was dis-posed of, the consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill was resumed.

94TH DAY.—In the House, the Postoffice Appropriation bill was discussed, but not finished. An amendment, which provoked a great deal of discussion and has been the subject of innumerable petitions to Congress was finally adopted, providing for admission to the mails as second-class matter of all periodicals issued more than four times a year under the auspices of a benevolent or fraternal society or order organized under the auspices of a trades-union, and all publications of strictly professional, literary, societies, including bulletins issued by state boards of health,

WORK AND WORKERS.

strike in sympathy with the 100 piece workers | tiary grounds. who were already out,

THE Amalgamated Association and the Mahoning Valley iron manufacturers, at Youngstown, O., have reached an agreement on the wage question. The striking silk weavers in the Astoria

Silk Works, in Long Island City, returned to work. A committee of the weavers told Superintendent Mattaman that "they did not know what they struck for." It is said that the Merrimac Woollen mills

at Dracut, Mass., at which a strike is in progress, are to be shut down for two months "to await improvement in the market and the temper of the operatives." THE United States Immigrant Inspector at

Halifax, stopped four Roumanians, brought from Liverpool on the steamer Oregon, on the ground that they were under contract to work in this country. THE locomotive engineers, firemen, conduc-

tors and trainmen on the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad may go out on strike rather than submit to the reduction in their wages which the company has ordered shall go in effect April 20. ports to the State Department the discovery

THE American Consul at Buenos Ayres reof extraordinary quanties of vanadium in Argentine coal, as much as 40 per cent of vanadic acid being obtained from the ash of the product of the mines in several districts, The substance, which is used in dying silk, has heretofore been exceedingly rare, costing

TILLMAN SUPREME.

South Carolina State Troops in Charge of Darlington.

SOLDIERS

Rather Than Exercise a Scrutiny over the People's Private Affairs -Other Soldiers Appointed in Their Places.

The situation in Charleston, S. C., is remarkably quiet, but it is that calm that may at any time burst into a storm. It is no exaggeration to say that the people of the state are virtually living on a volcano.

It is very evident that the troops which Governor Tillman sent to Darlington are fraternizing with the citizens. It is no secret that there are thousands of people all over the eastern section of the state who are pledged and ready to go to Darlington upon the least hint that they are wanted,

Should there be a collision between the troops and the citizens of Darlington no one can foretell where the trouble would end. Governor Tillman's army of spies, or at least a detachment of them, are now in Charleston.

The story of their escape from Darlington is told by a correspondent at Kingsbee, a station on the Atlantic Coast Line railroad about 60 miles from Charleston. "When the train passed here," says he, "it

was learned that nine of the spies were on board. Several persons had noticed that one of the coaches had every blind tightly closed, and it was remarked at the time, but nothing was thought of it until the mob broke out when it was known that the spies were locked up in this coach. The news spread over the town rapidly, but it was too late, as the cars had gone.

TILLMAN SCORES THE SOLDIERS.

There is no war-like aspect about the capital city, and everything is peace. The guards at the executive mansion have been withdrawn, all the local militia are giving up their guns, and Governor Tillman himself says: "The worst is over and order now reigns,"

The governor has had offers of their services from several outside military companies, all of which he has declined. The telegraph censorship has not been discontinued. but the governor himself passes upon all telegrams, rejecting some and changing others, The sensation of the day was the refusal of the Newberry Rifles to remain stationed at the telegraph offices to supervise the telegrams and their notice to the governor of their resignation.

At a dress parade of the troops, the following letters were read by Judge-Advocate John Gary Evans:

Columbia, S. C .- To His Excellency B. P. Tillman, Governor of South Carolina—Dear Sir: I have the bonor to inform you that we, the Newlerry Rifles, have performed the duties assigned us, that of guarding the statehouse and the telegraph offices. The latter duty being exceedingly distasteful to the en The latter tire command, and as the company responded to your order to appear here, under the be lief that they were needed for the purpose of protecting life and property and not purpose of exercising a scrutiny over the private affairs of the citizens of South Carolina a duty not only distasteful, but in the judgment of the company unnecessary and calculated to irritate the people all the more under the present state of affairs—the members of the company not earing to be subject to such orders in the future, beg leave herewith to tender their resignation and to say that their arms, &c., are at your command

S. J. McCaughey, Captain Newberry Rifles. Headquarters Executive Mansion, C lumbia, S. C.—Captain S. J. McCaughey, Com-manding Newberry Rifles—Sir: Your com-munication has just been received. Under the laws of South Carolina the Governor is clothed with discretion and power to call out the militia whenever, in the judgement of the Governor, it may be necessary, and when so called into the service of the State the militia shall be subject to the same rules and articles of war as the troops of the United States. The action of your company and your daring to send it to me under these rules is mutiny and an insult to the commander-in-chief, who was

given his commission by the people.

The duty of the soldier and the militia as soldiers when called into service is blind obedience to orders from their superiors and not to question them in any degree. You have failed to learn the first lesson, and l will make you and your company an example. Your resignation is not excepted, bu you are dismissed from the service of the state as unworthy to wear its uniform. The ms and other state property in your ssession will be delivered to Col. John Gary Watts, assistant adjutant and inspector-general, and you can depart to your homes. You do not deserve it, but I will pay your hotel bill, and I trust that I may never be bothered with any more such band-box and holiday soldiers.

B. P. TILLMAN,
GOVERNOR and Commander-in-Chief.

The reading of the Governor's reply to Me-Gaughey's brought deafening applause from the 200 troops, who are all supporters of the Governor. Their enthusiasm was so great FIFTY polishers in the National Sewing that they continued to cheer loudly for "Ben Machine factory, in Belvidere, Ill., went on Tillman" after marching back to the peniten-

KILLED BY AN EXPLOSION.

An Entire Family Perish in Oil City--- The Cause a Mystery.

A terrific explosion occurred at Oil City, Pa., at 5.30 o'clock in the afternoon by which four persons were instantly killed and two fatally injured.

Mrs. Kaullis and her babe, 6 months old, were seriously hurt and are now lying in a dying condition at the hospital. The cause of the explosion is a mystery.

When it occurred Kaullis was on the back porch of his residence, and the children were playing in the yard. His wife and youngest child were inside the house. There was no gas burned in the house

either for fuel or lights. The bodies of all were terribly mangled, and the entire rear portion of the house was blown into kindling wood. The only plausible theory advanced for the disaster is that Kaullis found a glycerine can and had brought it home with him, and it was accidentally exploded. Kaullis was a German laborer, thrifty and

industrious and highly respected.

THE remains of Hans von Bulow, the disinguished pianist, who died recently in Egypt, were cremated at Hamburg. There was an imposing funeral service in the from home and foreigh musical societies.

PATRICK WALSH, SENATOR

Gov. Northen Names the Augusta Editor to Succeed Mr. Colquitt. Patrick Walsh, editor of the Augusta

Chronicle, has been appointed United States Senator from Georgia to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Colquitt. Colonel Walsh is one of the best-known men in the South. He is a staunch democrat and

has been Georgia's representative on the democratic national committee and has attended the democratic national conventions for years as a delegate. He is largely interested in affairs in Georgia, and was the organizer and president of the Augusta exposition of the products of the South,

AUGUSTA, GA .- The following correspondence has passed between Mr. Walsh and Governor Northen:

"P trick Walsh: I have appointed you to fill the vacancy in the United States Senate caused by the death of Hon, Alfred H. Colquitt. Send messenger to the capitol to receive your commission.

"J.W. J. NOBTHEN, Governor." "To His Excellency J. W. J. Northen, Governor, Atlanta, Ga : I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch of appointment to fill the vacancy in the United States Senate caused by the death of Hon, Alfred H. Colquitt. I accept the appointment as the highest honor that can be conferred upon me. I appreciate the responsibility that the trust imposes, and will endeavor by a faithful discharge of duty to merit your confidence and the approval of my fellow-citizens of Georgia. Every measure of reform pledged by the national democratic party will receive my cordial support.

"PATRICK WALSH."

Patrick Walsh was born in Limerick, Ireland, January 1, 1840. His father and family came to America and settled in Charleston in 1848. He became an apprentice in the Charleston News office at the age of thirteen and afterward became a journeyman printer. He set type at night and attended school during the day. In 1859 he went to Georgetown College, but returned home when South Carolina seceded from the Union and entered in the Meagher Guards, attached to the First Regiment of Carolina rifle militia, doing duty on Sullivan's Island. When this company disbanded he removed to Augusla, in 1862, and his parents being dependent on his labors he entered the Constitutionalist office as typesetter. In 1863 he became city editor, and in 1866 Southern agent of the New York Associated Press, in 1867 business manager of the Augusta Chroniele, and in 1873 in partnership with Mr. H. Gregg Wright, bought the paper. In 1877 the Constitutionalist was consolidated with the Chronicle, Mr. Walsh is now president and proprietor of the Chronicle, which is the oldest and one of the most substantial newspapers in the South. He has served in the Legislature and several times has been a delegate to State and national democratic executive committee: was commissioner at large of the World's Fair. He is a vigorous writer and an earnest, forceful speaker. He is an enthusiastic advocate of the material develops at of the

A PATRIOT HONORED.

country.

The Remains of Kossuth Viewed by 150,000 Persons. An immense growd of people from all parts of Hungary, and many from Austria, were

in Buda Pesth. The great centre of attraction for the people was the National Museum, in which the body of Kossuth was lying in state. It is estimated that at least 150,000 persons of all classes entered the museum, and walked past the catafalque. The procession was a silent one the only sound breaking the stillness being an occassional sob from some woman.

Several impressive incidents marked the day. One was the visit of a large number of maidens from Transylvania, clad wholly in white, who deposited many wreaths on the coffin that was already almost hidden from view by the floral offerings piled upon and about. The 5,000 inhabitants of Czegled, who walked in a body the long distance from there to Buda Pesth in order to pay their last token of respect and love to the great Hungarian, arrived safely, and their visit to the hall in which the body was lying was one of the noteworthy incidents of the day. Many of them showed plainly the traces of their weary twoday macth.

The funeral services, which began at 10 o'clock in the morning, were the most solemn ceremonies ever seen in Buda Pesth. They were held in the vestibule of the National Museum in the presence of the Lutheran bishops, members of the Hungarian Diet and the Hungarian magnates. After the singing of the national anthem, in which all present joined, Bishop Sarkany delivered an oration in which he eloquently extolled the patriotic services of Kossuth.

When the funeral services at the museum had been concluded the coffin was removed from the catafalque and conveyed to the funeral car, to which were attached eight horses covered with mourning caparison. The cortege occupied two hours in reaching the cemetery. The streets through which it passed were densely crowded. Not a window or roof along the route was unoccupied. Business, much of which is usually done in Buda Pesth on Sundays, was at a complete standstill, all the business houses being closed, Everybody wore mourning, and the city presented a scene that was never before wit-

QUEEN LIL TALKING BUSINESS.

Hawaiian Royalists Dispesed to Advocate Annexation for a Consideration.

The barkentine S. N. Castle, which just arrived at San Francisco from Honolulu, brought advices of a material change in the political conditions of the islands. Briefly, it may be summed up by saying that the natives are now coming out for annexation. The adherents of royalty have concluded that all hope of restoration is past and that it is politic to acquiesce with a good grace,

It is said that Liliuokalani has been ad, vised of the failure of restoration, and that she will advocate annexation of the islands to the United States in order to receive some part of the bounty. To this end a petition will soon be prepared and sent to President Cleveland advocating annexation, provided church, attended by numerous deputations a sum to be mutually agreed upon shall be settled upon Lifluokalani during her lifetime.

PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

Epitome of News Gleaned from Various Parts of the State.

A high official of the Carnegie Steel Company confirms a rumor that the National Administration forced the campany to expend \$750,000 for a new plant to harveyize armor

Hon, James Gardner, ex-Associate Judge of Blair County, died at Huntingdon, aged 87 years. While visiting his wife's grave on Sunday, he fell against a barb wire fence, sustaining a slight wound. Blood poisoning ensued and caused death.

The State Medical Council organized at Harrisburg by electing Dr. N. C. Schaeffer,

Seven alleged white caps were arrested at Vandling on complaint of Mr. and Mrs. James Waish, who claim to be their victims.

The appointment of John J. MacDonald as postmaster at Kingston has aroused the Demoerats there and a delegation went to Washington to a "plain talk" with Congressman Hines, whom they accuse of duplicity.

Allegheny County Republicans endorsed the candidacy of Walter Lyon, for Lieutenant Caught on a railroad bridge near Minooka

Junction with an express train bearing down upon her, little Annie Blaze leaped into the Lackawanna River and was bravely rescued by the fireman of the train

The members of the State Medical Boards, recently appointed by Gov. Pattison met at Harrisburg and organized.

Farmer William Eyrich, of Spring Township, was lodged in Berks County jail charged with trying to incinerate his wife.

A strike was begun in the slate regions of Northampton county for an increase of pay. The Reading City Controller has refused to sign the contract for the house sewerage disposal plant awarded the Pennsylvania Sanitary Sewerage Company, on the grounds that on April 1st all applications merged and that consequently there is no appropriation applicable for the purpose. It is thought that the whole project will now be abandoned owing to the hostility of the new councils. The Controller refused to certify the contract for lighting the streets of the city on the same

grounds. Patrick O'Brien, aged 60 years, died at his home in Norristown from injuries caused by paring a corn. Two years ago he removed a corn with a knife and gangrene resulted.

The large barn and adjoining tobacco shed on George Herr's farm at Lancaster were destroyed by fire together with last year's crop of tobacco and grain. The loss is \$5,000. The origin is unknown.

Italians dumped into a creek as an April

fool joke by Huns at Hazleton, shot at them, probably fatally wounded one and fled. Lieutenant Governor Watres is expected to be a candidate for the State Senate.

Many aspirants for political honors are coming up in Chester county. Robbers raided a Hazleton clothing store,

donned new suits and carried away a wagon load of others Many miners are starving with their families in Luzerne county because of long

idleness. A Wilkes-Barre caterer was arrested on the charge of training dogs to steal poultry. Judge McClain sustained objections of

Adams Commissioners to paying costs of an inquest over a suicide. In a drunken row George Zugas shot and

killed Peter Millioneski near Pottsville. The body of James Olds, the ninth victim of the Gaylord mine disaster was recovered. Judge Clayton, sitting at Media, revoked the naturalization papers granted to eighteen foreigners and ordered the arrest for perjury of Assessor Reach, of the Nineteenth Division

of the Second Ward of Philadelphia James Remmel, 21 years, committeed suicide at Allentown after quarreling with his sweetheart.

Forest fires in Lycoming County have destroyed vast quantities of valuable young The new steam railroad from Pittsburg to

traffic. Two more bodies were taken from the Gaylor mine near Plymouth, and two of the thirteen victims of the cavein vet remain to be

Fairmount, W. Va., was formerly opened for

found. Chester's Common Council organized by electing Crosby M. Black as president on the

168 ballot. Miners and mine laborers in Centre County and other coal regions threaten to precipitate a gigantic strike for more pay.

DISASTERS AND CASUALTIES

THE cold wave in Southern Illinois and Missouri, caused great damage to the fruit

THE plant of the Memphis Lumber Company, at Memphis, Tenn., was burned. Loss \$100,000. SMALL-POX has broken out among a party

of 77 Chinamen in the Canadian Pacific bonded warehouse at Vancouver, Two fishing boats were found capsized at

Holland, Mich., and it is believed that their occupants-four men-were drowned, ALEXANDER & Co.'s drug store, in Canton, Miss., was wrecked by an explosion of powder; caused by a broken lamp. Mr. Alexan-

der was fatally injured. JOHN WILT'S residence at McKendree, West Virginia, was burned. His eight children and Mollie Hemrick, a servant, were burned to death. Two of the children were twins six

weeks old. A FIRE of incendiary origin destroyed the residence of A. K. Irving, in San Francisco, Mrs. Jennie Irving Ross and a 5-months-old baby were suffocated, and Mr. Irving's mother was fatally injured by jumping from a win-

dow. A despatch from Alice, Texas, says that terrible destitution is reported by the committee which was sent to investigate in the lower Rio Grande county. "Thousands are on the verge of starvation and immediate assistance is needed. At Pasano, 541 families are being fed; at Federals, 195; at Conception, 140; at

Longalzana, 15, and at Pailto Bianco, 63," THERE was a narrow escape from a disastrous panie at the big mass meeting in Minneapolis. A crowd became jammed in an entrance, and "some peple were so frightened that they walked at least 50 feet on the heads and shoulders of the crowd." Women fainted and a number of persons were bruised, but the police succeeded finally in restoring