THE NEWS.

News received at Victoria, B. C., says the Japanese Advertiser, announces that a naval demonstration will be made against seal poachers, and that Benin Island will be protected by Japanese men-of-war. ---- Fire in Chicago at 48 to 52 Dearborn street, did \$70,-600 damage. The Schiller Theater was damaged \$10,000 .---- The contractors have begun work on the stone work for the abutments of the iron bridges along the route of the extension of the Buffalo and Susquehanna Railway from Galeton to Ansonia, Pa., to connect with the Fallbrook Railway. The contractors say that they will have the road in running order by next September .---Katherine Welster, an actress, was shot at Florence, Ala., by an ex-policeman, who was trying to arrest her bushand. She was not seriously hurt .---- John Hart was hanged at Rockford, Ill., for murdering his sisters September 5, 1893 .--- John Bowers, aged nineteen, committed suicide at Shepherdstown, W. Va .--- The ashes of Mary Olsen, the first female convert to the Theosophical Society to die in New York, were shipped to Miss Olsen's late home at Roaring River, Mo. The body was cremated at Fresh Pond, L. L. -President Eliot, of Harvard, has received a check of \$1,000 from Hon. Milton Reed, of Fall River, Mass. to by kept as a permanent investment, the proceeds to be given meritorious needy students of Harvard. Mr. Reed is well known as an ex-mayor, ex-state senator, and an able lawyer.

Shebato Salto, a Japanese, aged twentynine, applied at Boston to be naturalized. He is the first Jap to make such an application .---- Anxiety is felt at Brooklyn about the Wilson Line steamer Apollo, which left Brooklyn for Antwerp February 11th. ---- The directors of the school board at Riverside, Pa., near Pittsburg, have decided to retain the nuns as teachers in the public schools. -Ex-Senator Chilton, of Houston, Texas, has announced himself as a candidate to succeed United States Senator Coke .----Frank Trioni committed suicide in New York .---- A German batk took away from San Francisco 163,454 gallens of California brandy, said to be the largest cargo of brandy ever shipped from an American port. --- The Big Four Bailroad Company will build a number of hospitals along its line. --- Christian Kock, of New Haven, has become insane owing to his inability to obtain employment. He has been out of work for nine months, and his family, consisting of a wife and five children, are being cared for by the German Ald Society .--- At Tiffin, O., the Sheath Glass Works were burned, -At West Superior, Wis., the Doud Barrel Factory was burned; loss \$25,000. Six men were hurt by jumping to the ground .---- Charles Shompson and wife were killed by lightning near Damascus, Ala. The lightning struck the vehicle in which they were riding.

All bids for World's Fair buildings were rejected bySouth Park Boardof Commissioners in Chicago because of low figures. The superintendent was instructed to negotiate with private parties for sale of buildings .----James Armstrong was killed by his brother in Siolam Springs, Ark., after his marriage, during a quarrel with his brother .--- Samuel T. Baker, postmaster at Shrewsbury, Mo., a suburb of St. Louis, was taken into custody by the federal authoraties. It is said that he confessed to his complicity in the alleged stamp frauds and implicated Scott and Mekel. Mr. Scott shoulders all the responsibility for the scheme, and says that Mekel and Baker were innocent .--- The school commissioners of Lancaster, Pa, were arrested on the charge of accepting bribes .---- The famous Pickwick building at the corner of Canal and Carondalet streets, in New Orleans, one of the finest and best known places in the South, was practically ruined by fire .---- The negro Puryear, who was in jail at Stroudsburg for the murder of Christopher Ehlers, escaped during the night. He was captured soon alterward, and the crowd that gathered lynched him. The steamer Virginia Lake arrived at St. Johns having in tow the wrecked steamer Briscoe .- Dr. Ellauri, the administration candidate for the presidency of Urugcay, withdrew. --- Governor Werts, of New Jersey, refused to give a commission to Treasurer-elect George B Swain. ---- Charles Plyer was arrested in New York for breaking a window, which he says he did, that he might go to prison and so secure a place to sleep. -The annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Railroad stockholders was held in Philadelphia .---- The striking silk-weavers caused a sensation in Paterson, N. J., by riotous behavior. ---- The city of Duluth sold \$800,000 of water and light bonds. The money, which is to be available at once, will be used to establish an independent city water plant unless prevented by injunction proceedings which are threatened. Work will be begun at once, and will be done by the city. It is the intention to employ, as far as possible, only unemployed residents of Duluth. ----Three highwaymen held up two men in Puebla. Policeman Stewart fired four shots without hitting them, and was then knocked down, and his watch, revolver and club stolen. An hour afterwards three masked men went into John Regan's saloon, and ordered him to throw up his hands,-----Christian Machela, a wealthy farmer who resides slone near the village of Carson, Ill., was found by neighbors nearly dead from the result of wounds inflicted by unknown robbers.



The Guns of the Rebel Fleet Answering with Silence the Cannonade from the Government's Hilltop Batteries-Officers to Be Court-martialed,

The trumph of the Government of Brazil over the insurrection begun by Admiral de Mello and carried on in Rio bay by Admiral Saldanha da Gama has been sealed by act of executive clemency. President Peixoto issued a procamation decreeing amnesty for the rebel sailors and soldiers who surrendered unconditionally, giving up without firing a shot, all the ships and fortified positions in the bay which had been in possession of the insurgents.

But at the same time he in effect pronounces sentence of death upon Admiral Saldanha da Gama, Admiral Custodio de Mello and all the officers associated with them in rebellion. The President does not condemn them to be shot in so many words. he simply announces his determination to subject them to trial by court-martial.

The condemned chiefs of the revolt will have to be caught, however, before the death penalty can be inflicted. Admiral da Gama and his officers, it is now learned, sought an asylum on the French cruiser Magon.

It is the current belief in Rio that the intention was to take the rebel officers to the neutral port of Montevideo, in Uruguay, though it is possible that they may have been put ashore on the coast where they could join Admiral Mello.

Admiral Mello was seen in Montevideo a week, the correspondent has good authority for saying, and it was thought that he had fied from Brazil. But a subsequent report from Argentina says that be, with the Aquidaban and Republica, is at Ihia Grande, which is only about seventy miles south of Rio.

There is great rejoicing in Rio over the rictory in the bay, as it is confidently believed to be virtually the termination to the fighting which has been going on for six months

Little consideration is given to the guerrilla warfare being conducted in the South by General Gumercindo Saraiva. It is believed that he will be easily and speedily suppressed.

The Government's royal squadron fired a salute in honor of Admiral Benham, in command of the squadron of United States war ships. Afterward the American and Brazilian A imirals exchanged visits.

Admiral Benham, it is expected, will sail for home before long. Exchange has significantly improved since the surrender of the rebel forces.

HOW IT IS TAKEN IN WASHINGTON.

The news of the surrender was very welcome to Secretary Gresham and to Secretary Herbert particularly. To the first it serve as a relief from the ever present apprehension lest something should occur that might involve the United States Government in most of the American sailors who have endured much hardship and exposure to yellow fever from further service to Rio, and to util ze the ships now there for duty in other places where they are much needed. Minister Thompson and Admiral Benham have both acquitted themselves of their delicate and responsible duties to the perfect satisfaction of the President and their superior officers. Secretary Gresham said that there was nothing for the United States to do now at Rio; we had acted with perfect fairness throughout, and there was no occasion now for interference so long as American interests were safe.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

Sanate. 72D DAY.—In the Senate the oath was ad-ministered to Mr. Blanchard, the recently appointed senator from Louisiana. The Seigniorage bill was laid before the Senate, and Mr. Vias took up bills around a senate, and Mr. Vilas took up his argument against it at the point where he left off on Friday. He was followed by Mr. Allison, who spoke in the same strain, and by Mr. Wolcott, of plorado, who opposed the motion to rec sider the vote by which the bill passed its third reading.

73p DAY. -- Without the intervention of any morning business, except the presentation of a few petitions and the introduction of some unimportant bills, the Senate took up the discussion of the Seigniorage bill. The day closed with a lively bout between Senators Dolph and Harris, over the question of printing extracts from books and news-papers in the Record, and, on account of the absence of a quorum, the Senate adjourned.

74TH DAY .- In the Senate the Seigniorage bill was discussed by Messrs. Teller, Georga and Carey, all for the bill. On a vote on Mr. Allison's proposition to reconsider the vote by which the bill was advanced to its third reading, the proposition was defeated—28 to 45. Mr. Manderson moved then to commit the bill to the Finance Committee, and this motion was also defeated, by a vote of 27 tc 44.

75TH DAY.-The last day of the debate or the Bland seignlorage bill attracted a large the Bland seigniorage bill attracted a large crowd to the Senate, and the galleries were weil filled. The first part of the day wat taken up by the transaction of some routine morning business, and by the speeches of Senators Carey, Palmer, Dubois, Mitchell of Oregon and Pettigrew. At 2 o'clock Senaton Harris asked that the bill be put upon its final passage, in accordance with the agree-ment arrived at several days ago. The yeas and nays being demanded the bill was pass ed by a vote of 44 to 31. ed by a vote of 44 to 31.

76TH DAY .--- The United States Senate was not in session to-day.

House.

72p Day .--- The day in the House was de gers were sent at breakneck speed on horsevoted entirely to the consideration of a bill back, to warn settlers and urge families to relating to the extension of the time for allowing a street railroad company in hasten to places of safety. Washington to change its system of motive down Indian Creek, bearing on its bosom power.

78D DAY .--- The House began the consider ation of the bill making appropriations for the sundry civil expenses of the government, and fair progress was made.

74TH DAY. -- In the House, forty-two pages of the Sundry civil bill were disposed of, leaving only sixteen pages more, exclusive of two paragraphs-those relating to the of two ast and geodetic surveys and the Missouri River commission, which were passed over temporarily.

75TH DAY. - The consideration of the Sun-dry Civil bill was completed in the House, excepting those portions passed over during the reading of the bill. The principal fight was made by Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee, to abolish coast and goedetic surveys, and transfer the former to the Navy and the intter to Interior Department. His amendment looking to this transfer was ruled out on s point of order.

76rn Day .- In the House, Mr. Enloe's second amendment aimed at the Coast and Geodetic Survey, providing for the investi-gation of that bureau, and a determination of the advisat-fility of its transfer to the Navy and Interior Departments, was deleated by a majority of 28 votes. No amendments at all of this paragraph were adopted, except one changing the verbiage, the clause requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to reduce the flice force of the bureau to bring it within \$125,0 0, so as to prevent the paragraph from interfering with the Civil Service law paragraph from interfering with the Coast and in so far as it applied to the Coast and Geodetic Survey. The evening session was devoted to the consideration of private pension billis.

PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS. RUIN IN ITS PATH. Epitome of News Gleaned from Various Parts of the State

ROBERT PURYEAR, the self-confessed mur-Bursting of a Dam Causes Death derer of Christian Eblers, at White Oak Bun, escap-d from Stroudsburg jail, but was captured by excited citizens and hanged to a tree.

COUNSEL for the defense in the Smedley firetug case, at Media. submitted evidence in support of an alibi for the prisoner.

THE Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in session at Harrisburg, heard reports of elders and made several changes in the supernumerary and superannuated lists.

By an accident at No. 4 colliery of the Kingston Coal Company, in Edwardsville borough two miners were instantly killed and a third was s , severely injured that he died alter being removed to a hospital.

Is a suit to compel the Williamport School Directors to open the schools to children who are not vaccinated, Judge Metzger decided that the action of the directors in refusing admittance to such pupils was

proper. WHILE Peter Deems was asleep in his home at Alientown, robbers stole nearly \$3,000, the 640 acres, that was recently set out in Idaho savings of his lifetime.

prunes and bonded for \$80,000. The reser-THE body of ex-Policeman Thomas Jones. one of the thirteen miners entombed by a voir covered 500 acres of land, and was said to contain water sufficient to irrigate many cave-in in the Gaylord mine of the Kingston thousand acres. It cost \$50,000 to build it. Coal Company, was found by rescuers.

SUFFERING with small-pox, John Schuger left Wapwallopen and tramped over the county for forty miles before he was finally housed in a tent at Mocanaqua.

Tux Philadelphia Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in session at Easton the past seven days, adjourned after selecting Germantown as the next yearly meeting place and the reading of ministerial appointments.

Quo warranto proceedings were begun at Pottsville with a view of removing from of fice County Commissioner Allen.

JAS. LYNN pleaded guilty at Media of voluntary mansiaughter for causing the death by stabbing of John Saunders in Chester. THE Central Board of Education of Pittsburg has decided by an almost unanimous vote to dismiss the nuus now teaching in Riverside School.

WORK on the Gettysburg electric railway has been resumed, the creditors who filed a bill in equity having been paid their claim. Mrs. Mary Campbell was burned to death by her clothing being ignited by contact with the kitchen store.

Foun of the rescued Jeansville miners who were entombed nincteen days by a fail of rock on February 4, 1891, nave each sued the mining company for \$10,00) damages.

pr. Emory Johnson addressed a pable meeting at Bryn Mawr, called to consider the establishment of a borough.

Mechanicsburg Christian Endeavor Societies held a union meeting which was addressed by W. C. Templin, Rev. W. C. Hesser and Mrs. John Sancer.

An effort to induce Catholic women to join the Total Abstinence Union in Wilkes-Barre, is meeting with much opposition.

United Presbyterians of Oxford dedicated their new \$12,000 church. Grace Walters was attacked and fatally in-

jured at Norristown by Sarah Chester, -olored, who was landed in jail.

DISACTERS AND CASUALTIES

CONSIDERABLE damage to farm property was done by tornado in Greeley county, Neb.

THREE miners were killed by a fall of Rock in the Ophir gold mines, in the Laze Superior district of Ontario.

Foun children of John Kelly, of Fayettsville, New York, were poisoned, two of them fatally, by eating wild parsnip.

Mrs. James Raymond, her brother-in-law and her child were drowned in the Lake of the two Mountains at St. Anne Bellevue, Quebec, by the breaking of the ice.

Dueing a fire in Cullinan, Ala., a quantity of dynamite exploded, killing O F. Mitchell, George Dinkleberg and a young. daughter of Rev. Mr. Lee, and injured a number of others. Twenty stores were swept away.

THE last sleeper of a Pennsylvania Railroad train jumped the track two miles east of Columbus, O., and dashing into a target tower smashed it into kinding wood. Six railroad employees were injured.

George Webster was killed and Samuel Pearce and West Logan were probably fatally injured by jumping from a hand car which had gotten beyond control on a grade on the Davis Railroad near Mobile, Ala.

THE vestibuled train on the Norfolk and Western Railroad from Washington to Chattanooga was wrecked by a land slide, 45 miles north of Roanoke. Engineer Jake Hardy was killed and Fireman Noftsinger was seriously injured. None of the passengers were injured.

Two men on the sealing steamer Walrus, at Green's Point, New Foundland, were killed by an explosion of dynamite, and the vessel was partially wrecked. The harbor being tightly frozen it was found necessary to use dynamite to break the ice so that the ships could gain open water. Three of the Walrus's crew were warming the dynamite in the gallery when the explosion occurred.

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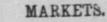
BURNED AT THE STAKE.

A Lad at Camden, N. J., Fatally Injured While "Playing Indian."

A number of boys playing "Indians" on a lot at Broadway and Mechanics streets, Camden, N. J., tied their companion, Charles Baney, aged thirteen, to a stake and built a a fired around him. His clothes were burned from his body. The other boys, becoming frig.tened ran away.

Young Baney was rescued by a colored man passing by, who heard the lad's cries, and carried him to his home.

Dr. Muriel Maitland King is all the fad h London now. She is a physician and lectures to fashionable ladies on the laws of life for themselves and their children. As royalty has put the stamp of approval on her work, she is doing admirably and making Loney.



BALTIMORE

GRAIN, ETC.

@ \$ 4 35 FLOUR-Balto, Best Pat.\$

to those in need. It is reported that two men were drowned,

and Destruction.

IRRIGATION RESERVOIR.

Farms in the Nampa Valley in Idaho

Swept by a Mighty Wall of Water

Which Carries With it Houses,

Barns, and Live Stock-Set-

tlers Were Warned.

News was received in Boise City that In-

dian Creek reservoir had broken its rocky

barriers and the water was sweeping down

upon the ranches and villages, carrying

destruction and ruin in its path. This reser-

voir was constructed of solid masonry at the

head of Indian Creek, and was heretofore

Hyde and Jackson, New York capitalists,

backed the enterprise, and built it as a water

supply for the celebrated Orchard farm, of

The country between Bysuka and Caldwell

is all under water. Every railroad bridge

between Nampa and Bysuka is washed

away, and many miles of railroad track is

submerged, which will prevent trains run-

The dam broke about noon, and messen-

A mighty wall of water came sweeping

houses, barns, farming utensils, live stock

of all kinds, and submerging whole farms

The citizens of Nampa, a little town on the

Oregon Short Lice, saw the approach of the

ning for many days.

on both sides of the creek.

thought to be a veritable Gibraltar.

eight feet, a fact unparalleled in its history. This part of Idaho has had the heaviest fall of snow this winter known for yea s, and this melting rapidly filled the creeks and burst the dam. The property is a total

WILL SHUT OUT CHOLERA.

Preparations of the Marine Hespital Service to Fight Disease.

devastating waters and fled to high ground. Scop all the lower part of the town was under water from five to twenty feet deep. Fifty houses at least are ruined, and many

families are without shelter and bedding. Merchants are loaning blankets to destitute families, and provisions are being furnished

one while attempting to save his property and another who rushed to his resistance. The cause of the disaster was the sudden turn of the weather coupled with heavy rains, which caused a rapid melting of the snow in the mountains. Snake River rose

NEW CANAL SCHEME.

A Waterway From the Mississippi to the St. Lawrence Advocated.

In the River and Harbor Committee hearings were given to a number of Congressmen concerning local waterways. The most important project presented was a new one urged by Representative Keiler, of Minnesota, for the survey of a canalroute connecting Lake Superior with the 3. ississippi River. 'It is proposed by this plan to utilize the small streams at the source of the Mississippi as connecting links in a canal joining the Gulf of St. Lawrence with the Mississippi' Mr. Kelfer has letters from the United States engineer office stationed at St. Faulstating that the plan is entirely feasible. A private corporation has also been organized at Duluth to undertake the work. The Committee considered the plan as one more proper to come before the formuittee on Ralways and Canals, and Mr. Keiler, will urge it there, is bill having been already referred to that committee.

MET BOURDIN'S FATE.

Another Anarchist Blows Himself to Atoms.

A dynamits bomb outrage, involving the death of the alleged Anarchist who threw the explosive missile, was committed at about 2.45 o'clock in the afternoon inside the chief entrance of the famous church of La Madeleine, Paris.

About the hour mentioned a loud explosion was heard inside the church, and a crowd of people immediately rushed from the Place to the church, and in a very short time the interior of the church and the Place de la Madeleine were in a state of great confusion and excitement.

The people who were the first to rush up the steps leading from the Place to the main entrance of La Madeleine succeeded in entering the building and found it filled with smoke, and from the inside could be heard the shricks and groans of apparently a numbet of wounded people.

Near a small door on the right of the main entrance of the church the people who were first to enter found shattered human remains. For a time, owing to the smoke and excitemeat, the people who made this discovery did not dare to penetrate any jurther, lut, as the smoke cleared away and the people regnined their presence of mind, it was seen that the remains were those of a man who was so shattered by the explosion that his intestines and brains lay in all directions, while his blood was spattered over a large

area. Upon the body of the man who had been blown to pieces were found a number of papers and a portrait of Ravachol, the excouted Anarchist.

The people who were in the church at the time of the explosion were few in number, as the hour was too early for the Lenten services, which was fixed for 4 o'clock. But the lew were so niarmed that they set up a injured.

Bourdin, the father of the man who was killed recently in Greenwich Park, London, by a bomb which he was carrying, was among the last group of anarchists arreste" in Paris.

ABOUT NOTED PEOPLE.

Lord Roberts says that the Army Temperance Association in India, which began in the surrender means the ability to relieve 1888 with 10,000 members, has increased year's policy with regard to detailing officers over 20,000 this year.

Edouard Pailleron, the author of the newest play in France, "Les Cabotins," is over sixty years of age. He began life as a lawyer's clerk, but from the age of twenty-six is prevalent in Asiatic Russia and along the he has entirely supported himself as a playwright and literateur.

John Wilkinson, who died recently in London at the age of 93 years, was the most that cholera was epidemic in the port cities famous tibliomaniae in England. He was an authority in the history of editions, engravings, pictures, coins and other works of art. The business with which he was connected had been carried on since 1744, or of recent epidemics of the latter disease show about the time of the death of Pope and Swift.

man who has given much attention to shop lifters and petty thieves, says that this offense has gown enormously. The remarkable feature of it is that it is not the poorer classes who are the greatest shop thieves, One of the most persistent thieves found in his experience was the daughier of a

a wealtay barrier. When Mrs. Amelia Frost was ordained to the Congregational ministry at Littleton, Mass., last month, one of the examing committee asked Mrs. Frost: Does the Bide point to women's preaching?" "Apparently so in my case," was the reply. "But," said the questioner, "I had hoped you would answer by some quotation from the Bible." instantly Mrs. Frost replied : "Your sons and daughters shall prophesy." There was a tremendous applause, and any spirit o' opposition to the ordination ended.

M. Van Goulaken, lately deceased was one of the celebrities of the city of Antwerp, and his house was one of the sights that was more amusing to the visitor than to the neighborhood. Van Goulaken had a special antipathy to street car lines, and when they were laid down in frost of his house many years agobe took an oath and registered it in a letter to the authorities, that he would never have his house cleaned or painted again. The house was long a disgrace to the fashionable quarter in which he lived ; but he regarded its dirtiness with grim satisfaction. In his will he has forbidden his heirs to use the word "regret" in any announcement of his death.

FRENCH DEMAND DAMAGES.

A Formal Claim for Injuries to the Fair Exhibitors,

Dr. Peabody, acting director General of the Exposition has received from Secretary of State Gresham the formal demand of the French Government for \$70,0.0 on behalf of eborus of cries and groans which ied every- | the French exhibitors whose goods were body to believe that a number of them were damaged by the fire in the manufactures Building.

In reply to Secretary Gresham's commun'cation Dr. Peabody has conceded the justice of the claim for damages, leaving the responsibility to be determined between the State Department and the local Board of Directors.

The marine bospital service does not propose to allow cholera to get to our shores this summer, if watchfullness and strong quarantine observance can prevent it. Last ping ports to inspect all emigrants will probably Le carried out again this year. Reports received in Washington indicate that cholera borders. While no cases have appeared in France and Germany, officials of the bureau state they would not be surprised to near

before many weeks. Cholera is admitted to be a disease handled and stainped out with more ease than yellow fever. Statements prepared by Dr. Wyman that in nearly all cases the invasion of yellow fever are traced directly to Cuba where Mr. William Whiteley, a London trades- it is said, the germs never die. Last summer's epidemic at Brunswick, Ga., was brought about by fever in a vessel from Cuba, and the destructive scourge at Jacksonville four years ago was also due to the fever introduced from some Cuban port. Stringent rules are to be enforced by the service next summer against all vessels arriving at Southern ports from Cuba and greater care than in former years will be exercised by the officers of the service to prevent a single

CABLE SPARKS.

cities.

case making its appearance on the gulf coast

A quantity of arms and stores recovered from the wrecked Kearsarge have been land-

ed at Colon. The British bark Afon Cefui, from Swansea for San Francisco, is believed to have been lost off the Scilly Islands.

The British forces are meeting with slubborn resistance in their efforts to subdue Chief Fodisikah, the Gambian slave trader. Tun Reichstag committee which has been considering the Russo-German commercial treaty passed that measure by a vote of 16 to

12 THE Spanish cabinet has resigned and the Queen Regent has charged Premier Sagasta with the work of reconstructing a new ministry.

Delegates attending the Intercolonial Conference at New Zealand have voted in favor of establishing an ocean cable from Australia to America.

International complications are expected to result from the action of the Portugues In firing upon British troops on the Zambesi river, South Africa.

Portuguese have fired upon a company of British Bluejackets sent out to protect workmen constructing a telegraph line to the Zambesi river, South Africa, and trouble is expected.

A TIN box, supposed to be a dynamite bomb, was found in the Bow street police station, London, and frightened the police until it was ascertained that the box was filled with sand and a blank cartridge.

Mr. Herbert Gladstone, parl amentary secretary of the home office, has accepted the position of the first commissioner of public works. The Rt. Hon. Herbert Garaner, president of the British board of agriculture, has resigned.

Eight citizens of Kinzna have been convicted of flogging Frank Bright.

THERE bodies of the thirte n men entombed in the Gaylord colliery at Plymouth were recovered. All were badly crushed by conl. THE Philadelphia Conference of the M. E. Church at Easton adopted amendments increasing lay representatives and changing the general conference date to the first Wednesday in May.

An old safe sold for three dollars at an administrator's sale at Allentown was found to be full of money, and purchasers and ad- C ministrators claimed the treasure.

AFTER a four years' fight the will of Matthew Dietrich was set aside as a forgery at Norristown.

SECRETARY STEWART, of the Department of Internal Affairs, reviews the boundary dispute with Delaware and recommends Interstate legislation on the subject.

Two employees of the South Steel Works at Scranton were killed while at work.

Frederick Schillinger committed suicide at Allentown when crazed by pain and an opiate.

The dead body of an unknown woman was found floading in Cones.oga Creek, near Lancaster. Foul play is expected and Coroner Shank will investigate.

Come production of the week in the Connellsville region increased about 4,000 tons over the previous week and 800 idle ovens were added to the active list.

THE Pittsburg nuns who are now teaching in the Riverside public schools have decided not to withdraw unless compelled to do so by the Court.

Mine Inspector Broderick, of the first aniaracite district, reports that 6,202,131.34 tons of coal were mined in 1893.

Judge Simonton at Harrisburg, awarded an alternative mandamus against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to compai that corporation to cease discrimination in ireight rates.

ACCIDENT AT THE FAIR.

A Coach of the '49 rs' Mining Camp Upset with Serious R sults.

At the Mid-Winter Fair grounds, San Franc.sco, Cal., a stage coach with twenty people on board overturned while going around a corner at a rapid rate. Fourteen persons were injured, of whom three women

and four men were seriously hurt. The coach was one belonging to the "49ers mining camp." and the entire party were employees of the camp. The coach was returning from a trip around the grounds and in the aisence of the regular driver, ayoung man named William west seld the reins

over the lour spirited houses. In making a sharp turn the king pin broke, the coach came to the ground with a heavy joit and then toppied over. Three of the dancing girls received painful cuts about the

head. Two men were buried beneath the overturned vehicle and received internal injuries. T. J. Weston was probably fatally hurt. The driver escaped unbarmed but vanished from the scene shortly after the OATS accident and has not been seen since.

0.00 R-Bailo, Dest Falte 3 6.3 0.00 R-Bailo, Dest Falte 3 6.3 0.00 R-Bailo, Dest Falte 59 60 5 0.10 R-Bailo, 2 Red
OMATOES-Stnd.No. 2.8 75 @ \$ 95 No. 2 70 73 EAS-Standards 1 20 1 60 Seconds 91 ORN-Dry Pack 85 Molst 85 HIDES. 1 DES.
ITY STEERS\$ 5 @ 3 5½ City Cows 3½ 4 Southern No. 2 3½ 4 FOTATOES & VEGETABLES.
OTATOES-Burbanks\$ 57 @ 3 62% NIONS
PROVISIONS. HOGS PRODUCTS-shids.\$ 7%@\$ 8 Clear ribsides
BUTTER. BUTTER-Fine Crmy\$ 23 @ \$ 24 Under fine 22 23 Boll 20 21 CERESE.
CHEESE-N.Y. Factory.\$ 12% @ \$ 18 N.Y. flats
EGGS. EGGS-State\$ 15%@\$ 16 North Carolina 14 15 FOULTEY.
CHICKENS-Hens\$ 8 @ \$ 9 Ducks, per 10 12 13 TOBACCO.
TOBACCO-Md. Infer's \$ 150 @ \$ 259 Sound common
BEEF-Best Boeves\$ 4 25 @ \$ 4 75 Good to Fair
FURS AND SKINS. MUSKRAT\$ 10 @ \$ 11 Raccoon40 45 Mind Fox
NEW YORK.
FLOUR-Southern
FLOUR-Seathern 5 3 00 6 5 4 0.0 WHEAT-No. 2 Red. 58% 50 OORN-No. 3. 42 42% 0 A 75 86% 50%