SOMEWHAT STRANGE, novel sensation to be derived from the strange spectacle of a fight for a corpse.

ACCIDENTS AND INCIDENTS OF EVERYDAY LIFE.

Queer Facts and Thrilling Adventures which Show That Truth is Stranger Than Fiction.

A MASTER thief of Teoumseh, Mich., tanced and defeated by the other man, who, without taking the trouble to untook his degree when he lugged off a beehive with its thousands of inhabitants.

ANDREW CARTEN, & Texan veteran, stream. His landing was energetically after carrying a Minie ball around in his head 29 years, now carries it in his pocket. It seems to be a lasting attach-ment. fastly refused to make any compromise in the matter, as he desired to have the

It is only the poorest classes in China who cat the flesh of old and tough dray horses. The well-to-do feast on the meat of a special breed of horses-small, delicate, and specially fattened for the market.

J. Q. A. PATTERSON, of San Francisco, builds houses in odd moments out of business hours. He has built fourteen, all without any assistance whatever, acting by turn as mason, carpenter and painter.

A LLANELLY preacher recently injured his nose and hastily stuck a piece of paper on the wound before entering the pulpit. When he came down to close range after service it was found that the paper was from the end of a spool and bore the legend "200 yards long."

FILLIPPE MARGANIS, the most famous brigand of modern Greece, who recently not a rat left on the premises. Nearby surrendered to the police, did so at the there lived a nervous gentleman, and request of his wife. The latter wrote and told him that she was threatened with imprisonment, and to save her and her children she begged that he abandon his evil life and submit to the authori. ties. Marganis, who was thrifty, Quixotic and a politician, will be treated very leniently by the Greek authorities.

Somebody curious in such little things has discovered that the letter N has a haunted, too, by day as well as by place somewhere in the name of each of the Presidents of the United States exnight. For weeks he could not sleep, and the anxiety told on his health. At cept Zachary Taylor, Rutherford B. last a gossiping servant learned the Hayes and James A. Garfield (omitting truth, and the victim, instead of laugh-Vice-Presidents who succeeded to the ing at his own credulity, has begun an Presidency). This industrious person action against the man who belled the devolves no advantage therefrom, except rat. the possible slight encouragement afforded to the small American boy, a land, Me., has discovered an important natural born citizen, who has an N in his name.

LIEUT. C. L. COLLINS, Inspector of Small Arms Practice in the Department occult powers. It is said that she can of the Colorado, says in his annual report that the competitions in target in her hand, or a bit of his clothing, or shooting have shown that men with any object intimately associated with light blue eyes rank highest, followed in him, and at once give an accurate detheir order by dark blue, slate blue, scription of his personal appearance, light brown, dark brown and black. In mental qualities, and more or less of his the colored troops light blue eyes again history. She can take any object in her stand at the top. How large a proportion of the colored troops have light blue eyes is not stated in the published ab. with it. This remarkable faculty has stract of his report. Tall men shoot more accurately than short men.

in testing it. One day her husband A SETTLER named Lewis, living in a gave her a bit of dried wood pulp. She cabin on a trib

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

THE United States has the fastest The combat was between four bargees, oruiser afloat, and the new Columbia will who had observed what they call a macnot depend upon that fact for its safety chabee or dead body floating on the surbut for lessening the safety of its foe. face of the Seine. Each man was de-

sirous of obtaining the reward offered by the river board for bringing the a peach tree that has borne fruit for the Europe. The hair is cut from persons last seventy years. The Hartford Journal after death in China, and although it is corpses of drowned persons ashore. last seventy years. The Hartford Journal Three of the competitors were running shrewdly observes that there cannot be disinfected upon arrival in France, it towards the water, throwing off their many boys in his neighborhood. clothing as they went, but they were dis-

THE granite for the mammoth tomb, to be erected to the memory of General U. S. Grant, in New York City, is being quarried at North Jay, Me. It is a white, fine gra ned granite that when cut and worked into the walls of a building prcduces a most beautiful effect. Two hundred laborers will be employed for two years in preparing the stone.

WITH the passenger cars reported owned last year we might make a train that would reach from Boston to within 15 miles of Philadelphia. Placing the freight cars together in a continuous train the train would be 7,028 miles long, and would reach from Boston to San Francisco, from San Francisco back to Boston, and from Boston again as far west as Chicago.

THE women of the West are taking ample advantage of their new political privileges. They took an active part in the school elections in Seattle, Spokane, the polls in companies of from a dozen to | West Point. a hundred. Candidates of their own sex were nominated in several districts, which helped greatly to enlist the interest of the women.

Gray's Harbor City, Wesh., states that there are upward of one hundred buildings there, but they are all deserted. A few fishermen dweli near the shore in their own rude shanties. Some of the descried buildings are handsome structures, one business block having cost upward of \$20,000.

THE Woman's Suffrage Association of Belgium shows, by the latest census held in Europe, that the Continent's population comprises 170,818,561 males and 174,914,119 females, the latter's pluralty being 4,095,588. Among sixteen European nations the female sex predominates most strongly in Portugal and Norway, least in Belgium and France.

THE Federal government has given the brick and tin battle ship Illinois at the World's Fair to the Illinois naval militia. Chicago's amateur seamen will now be able to familiarize themselves with all the equipments of a modern battle ship and all of the features of Jack's life affoat except the qualms of seasickness and the art of retaining perpendicularity of person with a pitching deck under foot.

SIR EDWARD WALKIN, the great English railway magnate, is actively engaged in an effort to promote the cutting of a canal across Ireland, from Dublin to Galway Bay. He thinks that a canal which would carry the largest ships could be cut for about \$40,000,000, and nity, that peoplesmay continue to use says, as the principal argument in its their gas-burning fixtures. favor, that it would materially shorten the route from England to the United

States

Etonr cars loaded with human hair Chinese village at the Chicago Fair. arrived in Paris recently, consigned to They were carefully examined and transcame from India and China, whence A MAN in Pennsylvania is the owner of of the introduction of many diseases to often carries the germs of disease. Asiatic hair, owing in part to its coarse-ness. can be purchased cheaply, it selfing often as low as a franc a kilogram. The hair of Europeans, however, averages about 100 francs for the same

> amount. For some years there has been carried on an agitation among the trustees of the University of Alabama in favor of according the privileges of the institution to female students. Last June the resolution went through the board admitting young ladies to the university. It appears, however, that the young ladies of Alabama young ladies' seminaries of the State report a larger attendance than over before. It is thought that many may be deterred from entering by the fact that the university is a semi-military institution, and

THE story of the life of the new Lord Mayor of London (G. R. Tyler) calls to mind the story of "Dick" Whittington, sometime the incumbent of the same A GENTLEMAN who just returned from office. He started in life a very poor boy, and when fourteen years old was em ployed as a messenger in the great papermaking house of William Venables, the partners in which furnished, it is said, to Charles Dickens the originals of the Cheeryble Brothers, the philanthropists, in "Nicholas Nickleby." The boy ad-vanced in position slowly, but surely, and he is now the head of this great manufacturing concern. He is noted for his extensive charities, and he has given many a boy, poor as he himself once was, an opportunity to better his condition. He is a member of several of the city guilds, and his wealth, despite his large gifts to charity, is reckoned at upward of £2,000,000.

> are failing fast, and as a consequence the Francisco. coal dealers and wood choppers are happy. Upper Sandusky, which for a long time past has been supplied with natural gas, to the almost entire exclusion of all other sorts of fuel, has been cut off from the pipe line, and is a natural gas town no more. The people have been compelled to return to their coal and wood stoves. The event was anticipated and has taken nobody unawares, so there will be no suffering, as would have been the case if the cessation of gas had come suddenly. A company has been organized there to manufacture artificial gas and furnish it to the commu-

THE cruiser San Francisco has found it a new and very practical use for the lieved that if measures are not speedily formidable ram with which she is armed. taken to eradicate it, it promises to be spread over the entire country. It is The other day in her voyage from New described as an innocent looking little York to Key West she encountered a dangerous derelict in the shape of the wreck of the lumber laden schooner Drisko. Captain Watson at first undertook to row succulent leaves. It makes its best tow the schooner to Key West, but find. ing that impracticable he tried to blow it up with dynamite. Two attempts were spreading weed two to six feet in dimade without success, and then he determined to ram it. Taking a good start, he went ahead at full speed and struck an effectual barrier to the passage of wreck amidships, cutting it entirely in man or beast. The full grown plant, two. The lumber poured out of the two shaped like an inverted saucer, halves, and the derelict soon settled be- two to six feet in diameter, all neath the waves. This seems to be the most practicable and expeditious method balf an inch thick. When the ground of disposing of the dangerous floating wrecks. JUDGE STEWART, of the United States district court of the Indian territory, has rendered a decision, the only logical interpretation of which is that the Indian erritory is a state of the union. Two citizens of the Cherokee nation were sentenced to hang for murder and applied to Judge Stewart for a writ of habeas corpus, claiming that they were not convicted by ''due course of law." The judge decided that the constitution of the United States were supreme over the five nations, as elsewhere in the union, and that Indians could invoke its protection. He ordered the condemned men to be discharged from custody on account of some informality in the organization of the grand jury, which indicted them. The Cherokee nation will carry the case to the supreme court of the United States. and the relation of the Indian nations to the union is likely to be clearly defined. THE "White City" is being dismantled, and will soon be obliterated. But the attention to the sermon, shows rather influence of the great exposition, says complete absorption by it. Fixing one's Frank Leslie's Weekly, will remain in mind on the voice of the minister, in the the impulse given to the industrial, comotherwise complete silence of the audi- mercial and intellectual forces of the ence-room, produces just the conditions world. Unquestionably it has greatly necessary to domination by another's enhanced the world's conception of mind, and the nodding head and droop. American resources and enterprise and American resources and enterprise and the possibilities of our future. It has quickened, too, the sense of universal brotherhood, and no other exposition has ever brought the ends of the earth so close together and so forcibly perience is of value. illustrated the kinship of the race. The scribers and the city of Chicago, approxconcessions greatly exceeded the expecfrom the same source by the Paris Exposition. After the payment of all debts there will remain in the exposition treasury over one million dollars for distribution among the stockholders. The financial management, spite of some carly mistakes, seems to have been in the main

dealers in that merchandise. The hair ferred under guard to the train for Chicago. But only about one-third of thousands of pounds are annually sent the number that left Ban Francisco to England and France. This traffic, a showed up in the village at the Fair, and foreign medical journal says, is the cause | in the closing days of the Fair but thirty could be mustered there. It is time, according to the schedule, for the three hundred "actors" to re-embark for China, but nothing has been seen of them in San Francisco. It now transpires that each of the alleged actors paid a Hong Kong firm of Chinamen \$280 for the privilege of belonging to the village party. If any succeeded in eluding the vigilance of the United States officers and settled safely in this country, the \$280 was to belong to the firm; if com-

pelled to return the money was to be refunded. The firm, Kowong, Hong, On & Co., has \$51,000 on deposit, and as none of the alleged actors seem likely to re embark, the firm is reasonably well assured of its ultimate possession.

The people of San Francisco boast that do not appreciate the great favor done their Midwinter Fair will exceed in them, and up to date not a single girl has point of exhibits and attractions any applied for admission. That does not fair hitherto held in the United States, show that the Alabrma girls are indiffer- with the exception, of course, of the ent to educational advantages, for all the Columbian Exposition. Work is being rapidly pushed on the grounds and the buildings, and application for space on the eighty acres reserved for the fair are coming in so fast that it is now said there will not be room enough for the and other Washington towns, going to has a discipline almost as rigid as that of exhibitors. As nearly every county in the state wishes to crect a special building, the assignment of space is giving the executive committee a great deal of trouble. Among the attractions sireedy decided on are an ostrich farm, an Indian village, an electric theatre, a tamale village, and a castle of Heidelberg, which is to be erected by the counties in the northern citrus belt of the state. The main buildings are now tar advanced, and water-pipes are being laid for immediate use in case of fire. Every department is naturally being modelled on the lines of the successful fair at Chicago. Contracts with the Columbian exhibitors are being made daily; and the Midway Plaisance is to be duplicated. The amount of money in the treasury of the exposition will soon be a quarter of a milliou dollars. All of this, however, has not been given as subscriptions. Thousands of dollars of it have been received in payment of concessions. British Columbia has been interested in the fair, and a British Midwinter Fair It is reported that the natural gas wells in the northwestern part of Ohio Auxiliary has been formed in San

> STATISTICS have been furnished the Agricultural Department at Washington showing that the introduction of the Russian thistle has damaged the crops of the Northwest this year to the extent of \$4,000,000, and is reported that the as-sistant botanist of the department, acting under orders from Secretary Morton, has been despatched to that section to make further investigation. It appears to the Trenton (N. J) True American that the pest was introduced into this country about seventeen years ago in flaxseed brought from Russia and sowed near Scotland, in South Dakota. A few people noticed it at the time, but gave it but little thought until it became too abundant to be easily checked. Now it is be-

IN HIS NAME.

Little Deeds Like This Make Life Seem Good.

'The "Phase" man of the Boston Journal witnessed a pretty little incident at the corner of Temple and Washington streets the other day illustrative of the law of loving kindness which rules some natures.

That is always a busy corner. There was a little group of people waiting, as there usually is, for an opportunity to safely run the gauntlet of teams and street cars. The voice of a gentleman-one whose life had evidently been spent amid refining influences-was heard above the din by those standing there:

"I suppose there is a policeman at this corner to assist people to cross?" "Oh, yes; there generally is."

The reply came from an average woman, who was herself waiting for an opening in the wall of vehicles. She had not looked, apparently, into the face of the gentleman.

But at my elbow there stood a woman of a different type. An air of refinement clung to her gown, her hat, and everything in evidence spoke the refined lady. She was an observant woman, and had at once discovered what I and the average woman had failed to sec.

"May I assist you, sir?" in the sweetest voice imaginable.

"Thank you, madam. I will accept your offer: I am nearly blind. '

With the grace of a Chesterfield he offered his arm to the lady and in a minute he was safely across and expressing his thanks to the kind unknown, who at that moment transferred her charge to the care of Officer Felt, that large bodied and kindhearted officer, who finds constant employment at that busy corner.

"How many women would have done that?" I mused as I went my way. She suffered no loss of dignity by that thoughtful little act to a stranger and did not foolishly hesitate and ask herself; "What will people sav?" It was "in His name."

Living Beyond One's Means.

An American capitalist, who is a keen observer, is reported to have said that there was not an American citizen whose income represented a salary who was not living beyond his means. And he added that, if the man had a family, he was bringing up that family to standards and wants that he could not honestly gratify. Our own observation does not bear witness to this assertion. But if the alleged fact be true to any considerable extent, it may be regarded as among the causes of the many embezzlements and other pecuniary delinquencies which have become so common of late years. "Playing the races" has been the ruin of a multitude; but living beyond one's means must bear part of the blame. And it is more serious than is commonly imagined. It involves false pretenses and fraud. It is a mean species of crime, and yet often committed without any compunction. Men are afraid or ashamed to say "I can't afford it,"and yet are not afraid or ashamed to contract debts which they cannot honestly pay .-- Christian Intelligencer.

Eugene, Ore., who had long been missing from his home, turned up at a settlement a few miles from his cabin last week, almost dead, and with his mind sadly impaired from the terrible experience of being for two months lost in the forestcovered mountains of that region. He had nothing with him but his rifle and a box of matches. With the one he secured game for his subsistence-deer, elk and bear-and with the other built fires for warmth. Part of the time he was in snow several feet deep, with no shelter and but little clothing

THE African Steamship Company's steamer Winnebah, which has just arrived from West Africa at Liverpool, had a most unusual experience when steaming between the latitudes of Cape Verde and St. Louis, Senegal. For sixty miles the vessel steamed through locusts, which were so closely packed together on the top of the water that they completely covered the surface for miles around; indeed, they appeared to be lying on the sea as far as the eye could reach. The locusts had, no doubt, been blown from the Morocco coast into the sea. They resembled gigantic grasshoppers, and one which was secured was five inches in length. Of course, all the locusts had been drowned.

JANITOR EASTMAN, of the new schoolhouse in Perryville, Me., says that while the pupils were at play in the yard the other day he looked out of the window and saw a number of them gathered around a little girl. Their actions indithe trouble was. He found the child to be sound asleep, while yet standing upon her feet. Janitor Eastman took the girl the teachers' private rooms and fixed up | to various kinds of wraps. Here she re-mained for over an hour, sleeping as soundly and as peacefully as though in her more comfortable bed at home. After her nap she appeared refreshed and was eager for play again.

one of local standing, involving the title of 1,500 acres of valuable farm lands. It is based on a deed made nearly seventy-five years ago by the owners of the land, and turns on the point whether the deed had five signatures or only four. In order to test this photographed, and the clerk of the personal supervision. For that purpose it was taken to Washington and sub-

had never seen any before and did not know what it was, but she at once described its nature and the processes through which it had passed. Not only that, but she perceived a simpler and cheaper process by which it could be made, and being something of a chemist she proceeded to experiment with it. Whatever may be thought of the manner in which she arrived at the discovery. it appears to be a very valuable one, and a company has been organized in Bangor, with a capital of \$400,000, to manufacture wood pulp according to Mrs. Paimer's method.

dress, jumped off the parapet of the

bridge and seized the corpse in mid-

opposed by the others, who wanted to

make him share profits, but he stead-

reward all to himself. The possessor of

the doleful derelict was kept dodging

about the riverside for nearly a quarter

of an hour, trying with might and main

to reach terra firma. At last two police-

men went to his rescue, enabled him to

land and decided that he alone was en-

titled to the premium due for the cap-

A RATHER curious lawsuit is reported

from Paris. A gentleman living in the

Avenue de Neuilly was terribly annoyed

with rats in his house. They were large,

ravenous, numerous and hard to catch.

Finally he managed to trap one of the

pets, and, equipping him with a tiny

little bell, fastened to his neck with a

bit of wire, set him again at liberty.

The rat, of course, ran to find his com-

panions, and they all ran as cagerly to

avoid him, and in a little time there was

there lived a nervous gentleman, and

one night he was awakened by a curious

tinkling sound, which came on fitfully,

and seemed to proceed from every corner

of the room. He lit a candle, and

timorously proceeded to search. There

was nothing visible, and yet the mysteri-

ous sound was distinctly audible. He

tried to think it was imagination, but,

failing, decided it must be ghosts. It

was clear his house was haunted-and

last a gossiping servant learned the

A MRS. JOSHUA S. PALMER, of Port-

industrial process in a very extraordi-

nary way. Mrs. Palmer has long been

known to possess some extraordinary

take a scrap of any person's handwriting

hand and describe the place whence it

came and the associations connected

been known to Mrs. Palmer's intimate

friends for years and they have delighted

ture of the floating corpse.

THE British Royal Humane Society has just recognized the gallantry of a nurse girl named Esther Grey by presenting her with a gold medal for saving life. The presentation took place at Bristol, and was made by the Mayor, who remarked that the case of Grey was peculiarly interesting as well as one of great bravery and self-devotion under trying circumstances. It appeared that on a Sunday afternoon in August last Grey, the nurse, was walking in the garden of her employer, Mr. J. R. Bennett, of West Park, Clinton, with the baby in her arms, and, stepping upon the stone which covered a well, the slab gave way. and nurse and child were precipitated into the well, which was thirty feet deep

and contained six feet of water. In the fall Grey struck against an iron bar, and, becoming stunned, the child fell out of her arms into the water. She soon regained consciousness and, after groping, regained her charge, which was then cated alarm and he went out to see what head downward in the water. She then supported the child with one arm, and clung on to a bar with the other. Her cries for help attracted attention, and at in his arms and carried her into one of | length both child and nurse were brought the surface. The parents were a bed and pillow for her out of shawls and full of gratitude for the nurse's admirable behavior, and the Royal Humane Society had marked their appreciation of her bravery by awarding her the gold medal and certificate.

THE rulers of the miniature republic of Andorra decided recently that the PHOTOGESPHY played an important country should possess a cannon. Krupp, part in a suit at Cincinnati. The suit is therefore, was ordered to manufacture country should possess a cannon. Krupp, one of the most modern type. The gun arrived at its mountain destination a short time ago, and was placed on the highest point in the "country," so that the citizens could see that the valley was well protected. A day was appointed to try the cannon, which was able to send question it was decided to have the deed a ball eighteen kilometres. Just as the two artillerymen of Andorra were ready court was ordered to give the matter his to fire it occurred to one of the prudent citizens that the shot might cause some trouble. The territory of the republic mitted to an expert photographer of that city. The original deed, discolored and yellow with age, showed traces of four signatures and a space where there tains would be the same as firing at might have been a fifth, but no trace of France or Italy, as the ball would nec. it. The photographing was done in the essarily fall on the territory of one of presence of the clerk of the clerk of the these countries. A war might be the recourt, who refused to let the deed go out suit. It was then decided to shoot the of his sight. The negative revealed ball in the air, but someone suggested of his sight. The negative revealed traces of the missing signature, and when it was enlarged ten times the entire name became as plain as when first writ-ten. The court pronounced the evi-dence conclusive, and the result will be the reversal of a former decision and a change in the ownership of the land. PEOPLE passing along the Point des Arts in Paris lately experienced the

BARON HARDEN-HICKEY, formerly a Paris journalist, and now a resident of New York, and son-in-law of John H. Flagler, is maturing a scheme to colonize Island of Trinidad, about seven the hundred miles from the coast of Brazil, and now entirely uninhabited, although twenty-three miles long and two or three miles wide, and having abundant vegetation. The Baron intends to make the colony a separate principality, unconnected with any other government.

The American Lawyer, a legal journal published in New York City, tells of a awyer of that city who secured a fee of \$260,000; of another who was paid \$250,000 for his services on a celebrated case; while other fees are mentioned running from \$25,000 to \$100,000 won by lawyers, not by conducting, but by avoiding, litigation. In fact, it is apparent that more money is made nowadays by lawyers who settle cases out of court than by those who put their clients to the expense of litigation.

THE late census states the number of Americans from the United States residing in France to be 7,024, of whom upwards of two-thirds are domiciled in the Department of the Seine. Next in order follow the Department of the Basses-Pyrenees, with 280; Alpes-Maritimes, 255; Gironde, 219; Seine-et-Oise, 169; Bouches-du-Rhone, 157; Seine Inferieure, 140. In some of the central departments, few, if any, Americans are to be found. The proportion of sexes is 100 women to 25 men

Some BODY has discovered that church sleepiness is to be explained on scientific principles. It is, in fact, a condition of hypnotism, and so far from indicating ining heavy eyelids are not eloqueat of the preacher's dullness, but rather mute testionials of his powerful influence.

SOMETHING much akin to consternation has been created throughout Greece by the issue of warrants for the arrest of several members of the national legislature on charges of complicity in the acts of brigandage which are now monopolizing the attention of the Hellenic government. One of the most prominent supporters of M. Delyannis, namely, M. Takis, representing the district of Trikkala in parliament, has already been lodged in jail, and it is expected that he will shortly be joined there by several of his colleagues who are accused of being in league with the Thessalian banditti.

RECENT discoveries in Egypt and Chaldea, says Mr. Boscawen, indicate that, although the monuments there carry us back about 5,000 years before the Christian era, they do not constitute the limit of our sources of history. They indicate the origin of these people to have been in western Persia. Kurdistan and Luristan show more ancient remains than have been studied in any part of the world. The old Babylonian civilization world. The old Babylonian civilization and Chinese civilization both came prob-ably from this region, and it may yet yield us knowledge of times far earlier than any that we yet know of. vious ways of An Sin. Six months ago some three hundred Chinese "actors" were landed in San Francisco, under per-mission granted by resolution of Con-gress, to form the population of a than any that we yet know of.

exceptionally sagacious and efficient. SAN FRANCISCO Customs officials have just been convinced anew that they have yet much to learn of the tricks and devious ways of Ah Sin. Six months ago

seedling which in May or June sends up a tender branching shoot with nargrowth in July and August, and by September has changed into a vigorous ameter and half as high, making a dense, bushy mass of rigid branches, offering grows from a single root less than is frozen in November, and the prairie breezes begin to blow, this small root is twisted off, and the whole plant turns up an edge and goes off before the wind. scattering seeds in every direction. It has already gained a foothold in six States, and there is nothing in the nature of the plant to prevent it from spreading as far south as Texas, and proving a very scrious enemy to firmers in all the drier regions throughout the entire country. It takes complete possession of the land, choking out the wheat and other crops, often makes it impossible to run barvesting machinery and sometimes even stops plows. It is often necessary to bind leather or other protection on the horses' legs before they can be driven smong the spiny weeds. Trains have been stopped by the thistles banking up on the tracks. Prairie fires are carried long distances by the burning thistles blowing across fire breaks. In many other ways this terrible weed causes serious damage.

How to Dry Wet Shoes.

When, without overshoes, you have been caught in a heavy rain storm, perhaps you have known already what to do with your best kid boots, which have been thoroughly wet through, and which, if left to dry in the ordinary way, will be stiff, brittle and unlovely? If not, you will be glad to learn what I heard only recently from one whose ex-

First wipe off gently with a soft cloth statistics of the fair, as now given out, all surface water and mud; then while are full of interest. The total number of still wet, rub well with kerosene oil, using paid admissions, up to the formal closing. for the purpose the furred side of Canwas 21, 477, 212. The aggregate receipts ton flannel. Set them aside till partially from all sources, including the \$10,000,- dry, when a second treatment with oil is 000 of capital-stock from individual sub- advisable. They may then be deposited in a conveniently warm place, where imate \$28,500,000. The receipts from they will dry gradually and thoroughly Before applying French kid dressing, tation of the managers, amounting to give them a final rubbing with the flan-\$4,000,000, as against \$800,000 derived nel, still slightly dampened with kerosene, and your boots will be soft and flexible as new kid, and be very little affected by their bath in the rain .--- [Harper's Bazar.

> The largest lawyer's fee on record is probably the two hundred thousand dol-lars paid William Cromwell Nelson, of New York city, for extricating a Wall

street firm from an eighteen-million dollar embarrassment, which he did in month's time. He is at present counse for the receivers of the Northern Pacific

MANY a man looks up in the sky for work that God has put under His fect.

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