THE NEWS.

Action was begun against the Duluth, Mesaba and Northern Railway Company, in Duluth, in which it was alleged that the road is insolvent, and unable to pay its debts. The plaintiffs are Morris, Shipley & Co., contractors, of Faribault .---- Mathaus F. Bozinch, an Hungarian physician, who was lodged in jail in Bridgeport, Conn., a month ago, was released. Bozinch's body was taken in a suit for \$10,000, brought by Joseph PIEXOTO FIRES FROM LAND. Kyrszanski, who alleged the physician injured him to that extent by criminally assaulting his wife .---- A courier from the mountain town of Ilan, Mexico, arrived at Guadalajara with news of a conflict between a mob of lawless men and the police authorities, which resulted in the death of eight members of the mob and police. The outlaws who were not killed or wounded were driven into the mountains, ---- The failures of E. H. Sisson, Jr., and J. McKim were announced on the Consolidated Exchange, in New York .---- The Ketchum Lumber Company voluntarily assigned in Chicago. The assets of the company are estimated at \$45),-900, while the liabilities amount to \$250,00 %. ----Edward Gottschalk, a New York pawnbroker, failed, and the sheriff took possession of his place. Liabilities about \$100,000. -The trial of Franz Welluhn and Bertha Eschert, for the murder of the husband of the latter, William Eschert, last June, in Sheboygan, Wis., ended. The jury found Franz Welluhn guilty of murder in the second legree, and Bertha was acquitted.

James Hayes, a resident of Brockton, Mass., was attacked by footpads while out riding, and terribly beaten and robbed .----Leslie Lots, a church choir leader, of Hollidaysburg. Pa., eloped with a Mrs. Cranford. Both are married .---- Two freight trains on the Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling Railroad collided two miles west of Bridgeport. Ohio, damaging both engines and several cars badly. No one injured .---- The amount of defalcation of Cashier Jacob Arnold, of the Merchants' Bank, of Lockport, N. Y., will reach \$100,000. ---- The trouble between the Big Four Company and its machinists, at Indianapolis, was settled, the company backing down and agreeing to reinstate every discharged man who did not actually participate in the recent riots .---- Frederick Vogel, aged forty-one, whose wife left him some months ago, committed suicide at his home in Paterson, N. J.---- The grand jury of the Superior Court of New Haven, Ct., reported a true bill against Dr. William H. Pulford, of Ansonia, charging him with the murger of Nellie Nesbitt by malpractice.----Connecticut Day was appropriately celebrated at the World's Fair, Mrs. George H. Knight, of the State Board of Lady Managers, delivering an interesting address.

While a Northern Pacific train was running at twenty miles an hour, two miles south of New Rockford, N. D., the rear car, loaded with a party of thirty hunters, left the track, owing to a broken rail, and turned over on its side. Twenty men were injured, all of whom were taken to New Rockford. -----Peter Pearson, postmaster at Lewiston, thirty miles northwest of Blount, S. D., shot and killed his wife and then himself on the prairie near that place. Jealously was the cause of the shooting. They leave six chiln. ---- A fire destroyed \$500,000 worth of business property in Sioux City, In .---- Mrs. Kate Maltera committed suicide in Paterson, N. J.- - A fire in the dwelling, in Providence, R. L. occupied by Joseph Daly and family, resulted in the death of Harry Daly, seventeen years old, and serious injuries from the flames to Mrs. Daly and another son, Joe .---- At a meeting of the Innesfail Branch of the Irish Federation, in Cincinnati, resolutions were adopted protesting against the actions, of John Redmond and asserting their adherence to the policy of Gladstone .---- The Mercantile Trust Company of St. Louis, with a capital stock of \$1,000,00), has decided to wind up its affairs and go out of business. The reasons given are the present financial depression and the extremely high rates of risks, which the company did not feel justified in assuming .----The Hyndman Hardwood Company, at Hyndman, Pa., has failed. The liabilities are \$60,000, and essets \$23,000. The principal stockholders reside in Brooklyn. Mrs. Hannah Suffern fell down the steps at Corning, N. Y., while carrying a kerosene lamp, and was burned to death .---- The works of the Birdsall Company, manufacturers of traction engines, grain threshers and portable sawmills, were closed by the sheriff in Auburn, N. Y., on an execution of \$165,-000, ---- Canda & Kane, dealer in builders' materials, in New York, failed. Their liabilities are estimated at \$3 0,000 .---- An _unsuccessful attempt was made to ditch the fast mail train on the Lake Shore near Quincy, Mich .---- Frank Clawsen, living near Hughes Station, Ohio, died from hydrophobia .---- Burglars blew open the safes of the postoffice at Lidgerwood, N. D., and, after robbing it, burned the building to the ground .---- Howard L. Bayne, the cashier of the Home Savings Bank of New York, convicted of embezzlement, was sentenced to four years in the state prison .---- Miss Ven-etia Telfair received a verdict of \$10,585 from the Buffalo Street Railway Company for injuries sustained in a runaway caused by her horse becoming frightened at a broken trolley wire. She sued for \$50,' 0 .---- A farmer of Berea. Ohio, cut out the tongue of one of the horses of a neighbor, and the tail from another because the neighbor refused to lend him a mowing machine.



Two Thousand Men Kept by the Government at Work on the Shore Defense-Wants the White Squadron--Mu-

tinous Guards.

The latest from Rio Janeiro News received, says: "Our last port closed with the 26th-a day of extreme excitement in the city, because of the engagements at the Custom House and the probabilities of a general bombardment. Signs apparent of increasing irritation on both sides warranted the belief that the conflict had reached a critical stage. We learn that the Government forces suffered severely under fire of the Aquibadan at the Custom House on the 25th and in the raids on Saude and Caju on the water-front.

"On the night of the 27th and the morning of the 28th the situation in Nichtheroy was simply indescribable. The contest over the possession of the Armacao workshops have led to a destructive bombardment of" that part of the city lying immediately behind the point. The people have been compelled to flee for their lives, and buildings were much damaged by shot and shell, particularly the police barracks, lying behind Armacao Hill,

"The Government has a force of about 2,000 men at the point with a few Krupp field pieces. Their presence is the cause of the frequent cannonading seen from the side of the bay.

"On the 27th the business was suspended. Peixoto ordered the batteries to fire on all at 8 A. M., having then occupied the floor ships coming in range. On the morning of four four teen and three-quarter hours. About the 28th a sharp engagement occurred at Ponta de Caju Christazoa, which was visited by some steamers and launches of the squadron."

Foreigners Warned.

This warning was distributed at Rio Janeiro, to British subjects :

"A me-sage has been received from his excellency Hugh Wyndham, the British Minister to Brazil, announcing that the united forces have taken measures to protect all foreigners in the advent of the town being given up to Anarcy and pillage. In such cases they should resort to the palace square, where they will be protected by the joint forces of the squadron. Mr. Wyndham is informed that Santa Cruz will be bombarded between twelve and one o'clock, or even earlier to-day. He recommends that all British subjects should resort to places of safety without delay."

To French residents this was issued : "In case of attempted pillage or anarcy in the the city of Rio the French are invited to gather at the Square of Don Pedro II, now York, and Boutelle, of Maine. New York

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS. Extra Session.

SENATE.

54TH DAY .- The session of the Senate was given up entirely to considering the Sher-man act. That question came up in three separate forms. The first was a sort of separate forms. The first was a sort of personal explanation by Mr. Harris. After the incident came up the resolution effered by Mr. Wolcott, instructing the Finance Committee to put into legislative form the bimetallic declaration of the policy contained in the Voorhees substitute. The Wolcoth resolution was finally sent to the calendar. The Wolcott Upon it, Mr. Cockrell, (Dem.), of Missouri, occupied the floor for three hours and a has and had not concluded his remarks when the Senate adjourned. 55TH DAY .- Senator Squire, of Washing-

born DAY.—Senator Squire, of Washing-ton, gave notice in the Senate of an amend-ment to the Silver Purchase Repeal bill. There were two speeches delivered on the Repeal bill—the first by Senator McPherson, of New Jersey, and the second by Senator Cockrell, of Missouri. Mr. McPherson's speech was in support of the bill. Cockrell's speech was directed against the pending bill. The House bill to repeal the ection laws was received.

56TH DAY.— The debate in the Senate on the Silver Purchase Repeal bill had many interesting features. Among other things it showed the staying quality of Mr. Cockrell, of Missouri as a speech maker. Brief speeches were made by Mr. Smith, of New Jersey, and Mr. Irby, of South Carolina. As a senatorial debutant Mr. Smith was a decided success. decided success. His speech in support of the bill was able, sarcastic, sententious, and it was delivered in clear, strong tones. Mr. Irby, of South Carolina, argued against the bill, and declared that he and his people would part company with the Democratic party if it persisted in its anti-silver policy. Late in the evening Mr. Dubois, on the part of the silver senators, threw off the mask when Mr. Voorhees announced a continuous on, and said the sliver men would hold out to the last. Mr. Voorhees explained his position and that of the friends of repeal and the battle to the death began.

57TH DAY .--- From a parliamentary point of view there was no Thursday's session of the Senate. The proceedings of Thursday ap-pear as a continuance of Wednesday's session. They began with the Populist Senator from Nebraska (Mr. Allen) about two-thirds through his speech against the repeal bill; and he finished it with intermittent roll-calls 10 A. M. one of the two pending amendments to the repeal bill was laid on the table by a vote of 33 to 17; and thus Mr. Peffer's free coinage amendment was eliminated from the question, at least temporarily. The debate on the bill was continued by Mr. Martin, who began his speech against the bill. At four o'clock Mr. Martin pleaded fatigue, and yielded the floor, saying that he would seek nother opportunity of addressing the ienate. After Mr. Martin, the floor was Senate. taken by Mr. Teller, of Colorado, who continued a speech ugainst the bill which he egan last week.

58TH DAT .-- The Senate met at the usual hour, took up the repeal bill, and submitted, wearied but patient, to the second instal-ment of Mr. Stewart's speech. The first roll call showed the presence of fifty-four senators, the second of fifty-one and the third of fifty-two. The fifth call showed the pres-ence of fifty-seven. Mr. Stewart announced his purpose not to vote any bill that would limit the life of silver. He was interrupted by head to be an a second for a second for the second by half-hourly calls. Senators Teller and Hoar had an excited discussion over the rights of minorities. Mr. Vest, of Missouri, gave notice of an amendment to the bill.

HOUSE

54TH DAY .- The debate on the Federal

NO CROWD LIKE IT. America Never Had Such a

Gathering as Chicago Day.

PAID ATTENDANCE, 718,223.

All Records Are Broken-ThereWere No Accidents-A Large Number of Women, However, Were **Prostrated and Ambulances** in Demand-A Great Day.

Seven hundred and eighteen thousand two hundred and twenty-three people-the greatest crowd that ever congregated in America -visited the World's Fair, Chicago Day, This breaks the greatest one-day record at Paris with many thousands to spare ; completely smothers the "blg day" figures of any other exposition ever held, and established a mark which, it is safe to predict, the present generation will never again see autained. To

this end glorious October weather contributed. When the gates opened at 6.3 / o'clock fully 1,000 people beseiged each passage, eager for admission. From that hour until late in the alternoon there was a constant jam at every gate. The Depar ment of Admissions had an extra force on duty and every turnstile was kept registering at the highest speed. Yet these facilities was inadequate and at one o'clock Supt. Tucker ordered every wagon gate opened and stationed a corps of men at each to take tickets. When the wagon gates were closed at 4 o'clock 590, 0) people had been admitted, and 181,0.0 more were added

in the next three hours. Previous to this the palm for large attendance rested with Independence Day, July 4, when the attendance was 283.273. Other days notable for great crowds are : Illinois Day, 243.951; Transportation Day, 231,522; Polish Day, (ast Saturday), 222,176 ; Knights of Honor Day, 216.643 : Pennsylvania Day, 203 460, and Railroad Day, 2.2,376.

The total number of paid admissions since the opening of the Fair is 16,492,070. The greatest day at Paris was 397, 150 and at Philadelphia 217.526.

As soon as the transportation companies began to move they found thousands ready to be carried to the grounds. Cable, electric, horse and steam cars and lake steamers were taxed beyond their capacity from that time to midnight.

The Exposition building, great and small, was decorated, but the Illinois building was the most gorgeous of all. The dome was covered with flags and streamers, and the wails, wings and roofs were brilliant with colors of all nations. In the west entrance the name "Chicago" burned in electric lights at night. The exercises began with the introduction of two Indian chiefs at 9 o'clock.

The old Pottawatomie Chief, Simon Pokagon, whose father deeded the land upon which Chicago is built, had come from his

CABLE SPARKS.

THE coal-miners' strike in Belgium has collapsed after only a lew days' duration. THE New South Wales loan of £2,5.0,000

has been successfully issued. The subscriptions amounted to £6.500.0 0. SPAIN has announces her determination to

chastise severely the Moors who interfere with the work on the forts in Mellina.

A GERMAN newspaper says that Prince Bismarck is slowly sinking, and that it is improbable that he will ever leave Kissingen alive,

By the burning of the barracks of a Russian regiment thirty-nine menlost their lives and many more are severely injured or missing.

IT is reported from Rio Janeiro that the situation is more favorable for the government, as there are sights of an interposition by the powers.

Six thousand miners who had been on strike since July 25 resumed work in Yorkshire. The collieries at Boiton, in Lancashire also resumed.

THE Brazilian minister at London says that desertions from the rebei fleet at Rio occur daily, and that the fighting strength of the fleet is greatly weakened.

EIGHT bombs were found in front of the house of a magistrate in a village near Barcelona, Spain. The fuses had been lighted but inited to explode the bombs.

Church Congress by Father Ignatius protesting against Rev. Charles Gore being allowed to speak because he was a "denier of Christ."

Major Von Wissman's African expedition arrived at Tanghanyika on July 7, alter numerous hard lights with the Ara s. He was victorious in every fight, and liberated hundreds of slaves.

THE Spanish government has rescinded the quarantine order issued when the Russian flag-ship dropped anchor at Cadiz. The vessel had just come from Copenhagen, where cholera does not ex.st.

Prince Bismarck's condition is a source of solicitude to his triends. His right hand is useless from a slight attack of paralysis, and they were waiting for bail they organized a it requires two servants to list him into a carriage when he goes riding.

CSOLICZ, who attempted to kill Cardinal Vaszary of Hungary, in April last, because he had been discharged .rom employment at the palace, was placed on trial in Buda Pesth. He expressed sorrow for his act, saying the Cardinal had torgiven him and had heaped coals of fire upon his head by supporting his family while he had been confined in prison awaiting trial.

EXPERT STO GIVE IT A TEST.

Amick's Discovery Sent to South Africa, Cuba, and Venezuela.

The same of Cincinnati, O., as a center of medical research has gone to the ends of the earth. Dr. C. Howland Strong, of Cape Town, South Africa, has been in that city a week investigating the Amick cure for consumption, and takes back with him sufficient medicines for sixty patients. He sails from home in Hartford, Mich. He stood beside New York this week. Dr. Joaquin Duenas, the Columbian bell with uncovered head in secretary of Cuba's delegation to the panthe dress of the white man. He was born 53 American medical congress, was also sufficient years ago, Sept. 27 last, on the day that the jently impressed to order the Amick medicines, and yet another delegate obtained a supply for Venezuela. In far off Alaska, an American physician, Dr. Arthur Jordan, is stopping the ravages of consumption among the natives of his island of St. George with Amick's help, and the Cincinnati discover's offer to physicians everywhere of free test medicines for any number of patients is as eagerly accepted in the frozen North as in the Southern tropics.

PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

Epitome of News Gleaned from Various Part of the State.

A. J. Daves, of Reading, the agent of the Spang heirs, has been released from jail, one of the heirs becoming his surity.

WHILE hunting near Se yville woods, Thomas Holland brought down an American eagle, measuring six feet from tip to tip of wings.

FREDERICK WEAVER, & young German, employed as a loader in the mines at Locust Gap colliery, was instantly killed by falling down the counter chute.

TERRENCE H. BOLAND started to ride to his home in Dunmore on a Lackawanna freight train. He slipped while walking over the cars, fell between them and was cut in pieces.

EVERY effort is being made to organize an artillery company in Altoona. Already fiftytwo persons have signified their willingness to join by signing their names to the form. Twenty-four additional signatures are required to complete the company.

Ox account of slow orders to boatmen on the Delaware & Hudson Canal, which has resulted in crowding empty coal craft in many of the basins between Honesdale and the Hudson River, a committee of boatmen has gone to Albany to lay the matter before the company. The condition of the canal A SCENE was created in the Birmingham | boatmen is worse this year than ever before. In compliance with the order issued by

President Smith, of the Flint Glass Workers' Union, all the mould workers in the sixteen factories of the United States Glass Company quit work.

THE Lutheran Synod of Western Pennsylvania, in session at Carlisle, re-elected Rev: M. Ort. of Mechanicsburg, president.

CAPTAIN FLORA JAMISON of Philadelphia, and several Salvation Army officers were fined two dollars each at the Police Court in Reading, on a charge of disorderly conduct. .They were arrested for holding a meeting on Penn Square. There were a strong protest made by a number of citizens when they were brought into the station house. While Salvation Army meeting in one of the cells. A disastrous freight wreck by which one man was killed occurred on the Reading Railroad near Exeter. A coal train broke in two and a car was pushed from the track. Just then a fast freight collided with the wrecked car and eighteen cars were piled up on the track. The conductor of the freight Edward F. Corcoran of Schuylkill Haven was killed, and the engineer Daniel Flacnery of Pottsville was badly scalded.

THE old county banker, Rummel, who vanquished a party of robbers near Cassville, one day last week, has decided that he will go out of the banking business and not keep any money in his house. He has deposited \$18,000 in a Millersburg bank.

ABCHIE MILLER, fireman on the third section of the Chicago limited express, was beheaded at Glen Loch. He had his head out of the window of the cab when it struck the wall of a bridge used by the Trenton cut-off road.

LATER developments concerning the mysterious millions said to have been left by a German named Spang to several people in Pennsylvania have led to the discovery that the entire affair is a myth. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Dress, the man who produced what he claims was the will of Make Zipoy at Harwood fractured the skull of Mike Holgar because the latter annoyed him. Holgar will die. What was hearly a riot occurred at Bellewood near Altoona between a gang of railroad men and a detachment of workmen engaged in laying water pipe. The Pennsylvania Railroad has taken out an injunction against the borough-The Indian pupils who have been at the World's Fair returned to the Carlisle Scholl. JACOB EFLER, a farmer of Bellaire, was kicked about the head by a vicious horse ap may die.

ROBBED A STAGE COACH.

Highwaymen Get \$3,100 by Holding up the Driver on a Texas Road.

Three miles east of Robert Lee, in Coke county, Tex., the Ballinger and Robert Lee stage was robbed by two highwaymen, They were disguised by wearing long whiskers and having masks over their faces. At a point in the road where there are ravines and thick underbrush they met the stage and ordered the driver to halt and throw up his hands at the same time forcing him to look down the barrel of a six shooter.

They took \$1.65 from the driver and rifled the mail sacks, securing about \$3,100 which was being sent from the bank at Robert Lee to other banks through the State. After securing their booty they ordered the driver to turn his face to the rising sun and drive fast and "remember the command given by the angel of God to Lot's wife.

called Largo do Paco, where a detachment of the foreign squadon's forces is charged to give them protection.

President Peixoto, the Vice-President acting as President of the Republic, immediately issued this proclamation : "Bulletins having been scattered in which is admitted the possibilities of this capital being given over to anarchy and sack, the Government declares that it has every means needed to maintain order and that it will instantly shoot anyone attempting to injure private property."

The hope is expressed that the United States will send here some of the white squadron's good warships, with modern armor and armanent and enough of them to compel England and France to keep neutral at least. These powers resent a republic in Brazil. Formerly this country was very friendly towards England and France but recently has turned to the United States government, though it has done nothing to'encourage but has constantly discouraged Brazilian friendship. This country is left to be largely dependent upon the British and

French. The reports spread by disguntled English residents about sack, ruin and murder in the city are accepted as gospel truth by most of the ministers and commanders who openly express sympathy with the insurgents.

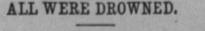
FAIR CUT OF DEBT.

Over a Million in the Treasury of the Great Exposition.

Auditor Ackerman's monthly statement of the Exposition's finances to September 30, has been given out. It shows that the Exposition is not only out of debt, but has a handsome balance in the treasury. The amount realized so far from the sale of souvenir coins is \$1,929,120; gate receipts to end of September, \$7,404,593; concession receipts to October 1, \$2,600,307, the photo" grahphic receipts to September 30 were \$137,426, total miscellaneous receipts, \$669,-195.

The total liabilities of the Exposition are only \$97,212. Fire protection has cost \$231,~ 468 and the guard and secret service \$982,-138 ; total expenditures on account of construction \$17,944,742; miscellaneous disbursements, \$6,260,947; total receipts from all sources, \$25,234,199; total expenditures on all accounts, #24,205,690, leading a balance of \$1,028,508 in the treasury. The total expenditures on account of construc-

tion work and administrations were \$870,-705, those for construction principally under contracts being \$344,150.



A Vessel With All on Board Goes Down in Lake Superior.

less than eight lives were lost came to light | cars. when a drifting boat was picked up by the crew of the Maskallong Life Saving Station. Close inspection revealed her identity as a craft that had left Whitefish Point Oct. 6th for Au Traine, 100 miles west. There was on board a crew of at least five men and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Carpenter and one child, No one was found on the wrecked boat

wided the Democratic speakers, Coombs, loockwood and Fitch being its champions. The latter closed the debate in a carefully prepared speech.

55TH DAY.-The House passed by the ma-jority of yeas 201, nays 100, the Tucker bill to repeal the federal election laws. The vote was strictly a party one, but the third party men joined with the Democrats. Mr. English, of New Jersey, introduced in the ouse a bill providing that in case any bank chartered by a state shall furnish for notes issued by it state or municipal bonds or curities, and shall satisfy the comptroller of the currency that they are valid, the com-missioner of the internal revenue is to allow a rebate of 85 per centum on the tax of such bank

56TH DAY .- Beyond referring to the Committee on Rules a joint resolution providing for a recess of Congress from October 14 to November 1, the House did nothing except discuss the bill reported by the Commit on Judiciary amendstory of the Geary Chinese Exclusion bill. But two speeches were made-one by Mr. McCreary, the author of the measure, in advocacy of it, as an act of justice and fairness, and one by Mr. Geary, the author of the act, in opposition to its amendment as propised. The latter, in the course of his remarks, severely criticized the administration for failing to uphold the provisions of the law.

57TH DAY. -- There was a sharp debate in the morning hour of the House upon the bill reported from the Committee on Public Lands to protect the public forest reservations. It was vigorously attacked by Mess s. Pickler, Coffeen, Simpson, Ball of Colorado, Herrmann an 1 Dooliitle, who asserted that the bill should have been denominated an act to denude the public forest reservations, and defended by Mr. McRae, who reported the bill, and Delegate Bawlins, of Utah. Notice was given of numerous amendments, but before any of them could be acted upon the hour expired and the bill went over. The McCreary bill to amend and modify the the Geary Chinese Exclus on and Registra-tion Act was further discussed, after an ancement by Mr. McCreary that he would ask for a vote on it tomorrow, at four

58TH DAY.-In the morning hour the House passed Mr. Outhwaite's blil increasing from seventy-five to one hundred the number of army officers who may be detailed as mili-tary instructors in educational institutions. The McCreary bill to amend and modify the Geary Chinese Registration and Rertriction Act was further discussed by Messrs. Rayner, Sickles, Draper and Morse in favor of the bill, and by Messrs. Bowers and Maguire against. The time of taking the vote on the bill was postponed.

INTO AN OPEN SWITCH.

Scrious Accident to a Pennsylvania Train in Indiana.

Train No. 2 of the Pennsylvania Railroad ran into an open switch in Whiting, Ind., causing the engine, mail car and two Pullman cars to leave the track. Henry Warner, engineer, and John Christie, fireman, were

killed. Three persons were injured, including the conductor, but none fatally. The fireman was buried beneath the engine and scalded to death by escaping steam. The train was A disaster on Lake Superior in which not composed of a mail car and nine vestibule

> The train was running but ten miles an hour. Had it been running at full speed the result would have been worse.

> The fire company was at the scene in five minutes and extinguished the rapidly gaining flames. There were more than 400 passengers in the derailed train. The engine and the mail car are both total wrecks.

transfer deed was delivered to the agents of the United States Government.

By his side stood a more picturesque figure, Fis dress consisted of a heavy and varied coat of paint on his face, body and limbs, a head dress of feathers and a breech cloak of beaded Luckskin. He wore mocassins and looked a typical Indian on the warpath, although he came with a message of peace, standing as a historic figure between the Chicago of yesterday and the Chicago of to-

day. He was Chief Young, sixty years of age, who came frow the Pottawattomic reservation, near Niles, Mich , to tell the people of claco has been principally Australian. all nations that his father, who bore the same name, christened the World's Fair City, "chicago," which, literally interpreted, means "There the skunk dwells."

These two old and iceble Pottawatiomie duced them. Chief Pokagos had his speech | for some weeks at least. written out, but only read part of it, as his command of English was not sufficient for

the occasion, nor his voice strong. Chief John Young did not speak.

The two chiefs, Miss Sickles and Thaddens S. Taylor, who came to Chicago in 1837 and whose father, Laterop M. Taylor, of South Bend, who was a witness to the sale of Chicago's site by the Pottawatomies, then ment. grasped the red, white and blue covered rope made from scores of contributions from a number of quick strokes, followed by the plaudits of the multitude.

The chiefs then held a levee on the go-asyou-please and get there if you can plan. the show.

not be seen for the mass of people who filled set out on a journe, to South Astica. it. In front of the stand erected for the W. L. Tomlins, an orchestra, the United Exmighty melody which aroused the people to nito and Chatfield-Taylor got on his track. a high pitch of patriotic enthusiasm.

The programme began with an overture. Banner," with a refrain by the multitude: "Dixie," "My Native Land," "My Old Kentucky Home," and "Down on the Swance River," ending with "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean."

HUNDREDS OF HORSES DIE.

Frenzied by Fire, They Are Suficcated or Burned to Death.

Frenzied with fright and driven into a stampede by a raging fire that broke out early in the evening, in the Wallace street barns of the Chicago City Bailway Company, 500 horses were either suffocated or burned to death.

The barns were entirely destroyed. They were located at Wallace and Thirty-ninth Streets and were among the most extensive under control of the company. They occupied the large brick building two stories in height and extending for a hundred feet on Wallace and ninety on Thirty-ninth Street.

AEOUI NOTED PEOPLE.

Hitherto the coal imported at San Fran-

MADAME DE LA RAMEE, the mother of "Ouida," died recently in England. Her daughter was born in 1840 and published her first book about 1860.

GEN. VASQUEZ, the new President of chiefs were the idols of the hour. Miss Emn.a Honduars, has forgiven all political offend-C. Sickels, the heroine of Pine Bidge, intro- ers. No revolution can be expected there

> It is staled that an American house has concluded a contract for 2,50,,000 tons of Japanese coal, to be dedvered at San Francisco in the course of the next ten years. Ex-SENATOR EDMUNDS, of Vermont, thinks the appointment of Mr. Hornblower to the

Supreme Court a good one, and thoroughly creditable to Mr. Cieveiand's good judg-ALDACE F. WALKER, formerly of the Inter-

state Commerce Commis ion, and more reall nations at the Fair and gave the big bell cently Chairman of the joint committee of central traffic and trunk lines, has resigned and will return to the practice of law.

THE aged Duchess of Cleveland, the mother of Lord Roseber, , who is one of the After being photographed they retired to see | last of the surviving in lies who officiated as bridesmaid to the Queen at per majesty's the buildings. The ground of the Terminal Piaza could matriage, over 53 years ago, is just about to

ARCHDUKE |FRANZ FERDINANE, heir prechorus of 2,000 volces, under the direction of sumptive to the throne of Austria, spent only a lew hours at the World's Fair and position band and the Eighth Cavairy Mex- then set out for Niagara Fails. It is rumican Band accompanied the chorus in a ored that he accidentally slipped his incog-

MAJ. H. L. MORRILL, general manager of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad, Then came "All Nations," "Star Spangled has offered a reward of #2,0.0 for the arrest and conviction of the villain who turned the switch and derailed a passenger train near Springfield, Mo.

STATE SENATOR JOSEPH T. LAWLESS, of the Portsmouth (Va.), district, has announced that he will be a candidate for the Secretaryship of the Commonwealth before tue nex legislature. The office has been held for several consecutive terms by Judge Henry W. Flournoy.

Miss LUCY STONE, who has reached the age of 75 years with scarcely a day of severe illness, is now reported to be suffering from the enleebling effects of advanced years. Her mind is still clear, however, and she suffers no pain and sleeps well, but takes little nourishment. She married Henry B. Black. well nearly 40 years ago, but, with his consent, has always retained her own name.

THIRTY girls employed in a laundry at Louisville "took a hand in the Louisville and Nasaville strike by refusing to wash the linen of the men who took the striker's places." Their places were soon filled.

· DAVID SCHUMBER, a farmer of Lickvill., aged 64, died of an attack of hiccoughs, which continued for several days.

Los HARDEN, colored, was run down while walking on the Delaware, Lackawana. Western track at Scranton and instantly killed.

THE new Evangelical Church, the first to we erected in the new town of Riverton Cumberland county, was dedicated.

A. A. ACEPEMAN, of the United States Navy, has been detailed to duty at Beti-lehem, at the ordnance department of the Bethlehem Iron Company.

SAMUEL MCCLAREN, aged 40 years, was lodged in jail at Scranton, charged with fataily beating his 12-year-old-son, John. He will be held without bail to await the result of the child's injuries.

THOMAS P. LONSDALE and Colonel F. J. McGee, architect and inspector of the Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial School Commision, are looking up sites for the erection of

MISS DOUGHERTY, a daughter of Justice S. B. Dougherty, of Landenburg, shot herself in the thigh. She was toying with a rusty revolver which she had found in an out-ofthe-way place about her home.

Rev. CHARLES MILLER, of New York, assisted by Rev. Ezra H. Yocum, the presiding elder of the Danville district, and Rev. Daniel H. Shields, organized a Methodist Episcopal Church in Hazleton. Rev. Van de Camp is the pastor.

THE MAFIA AT WORK.

Officer Toole 'Assaulted, It Was Supposed by Members of the Society.

The Mafia has again broken out in Net. Orleans. Officer Toole, who had his throat cut several weeks ago by an Italian named Perricano, was dangerously assaulted by unknown persons.

It is believed that this is the result of a Mafia plot, as Toole was an important witness against Perricano, whose trial has been set for hearing very soon in the criminal court.

Tom MANN, the associate of John Burns and Keir Hardie in leaving the labor movement in Great Britain, is about to take holy orders. During the holidays he will be appointed to the curacy of a popular parish 12 an industrial district.