

GREAT INTEREST

IS CENTERED IN THE FORD'S THEATRE INQUEST.

The President Suffering With Rheumatism, Pensioners to be Stricken From the Roll of Honor.

WASHINGTON, JUNE 19.—The President has been suffering from an attack of rheumatism for several days, which taken in connection with the knowledge that he has been dieting himself for some time to reduce his flesh, which notwithstanding the enormous quantity of the hardest work he constantly does, has been increasing, was made the foundation for numerous sensational rumors concerning his general health. Your correspondent is assured by those who know that Mr. Cleveland's general health, barring the rheumatism, is excellent. He expects, in company with Mrs. Cleveland and Baby Ruth, to leave Washington tomorrow or next day for his Buzzard Bay cottage, where Mrs. Cleveland and Ruth will spend the summer. Mr. Cleveland will return to Washington within a week or ten days, possibly sooner, and will remain, making occasional visits to Buzzard's Bay until the last of July when he expects to go for at least a month's stay. The fact that he expects to spend the month of August away from Washington effectually disposed of the rumored earlier calling of the extra session of Congress, a rumor that probably had its only origin in the wishes of those who have been here clamoring for an immediate extra session.

The coroner's jury has nearly completed its task of investigating the Ford's Theatre catastrophe, and its verdict is looked forward to with the greatest interest. It is well nigh certain that it will blame Col. Ainsworth for contributory negligence, if for nothing worse. In that case the grand jury will probably indict Ainsworth for manslaughter, and its finding will also necessarily carry some weight with the Army Court of Inquiry which will look into the matter this week. Col. Ainsworth is still at the head of the Records and Pension Office of the War Department, and, owing to the peculiar conditions surrounding the position, would still be the legal head of the office and continue to draw his salary, even if he were suspended by the President, as he may be before the end of this week. Ainsworth is a colonel in the Army, but he has neither regiment nor command; he is not in the line of promotion and cannot be transferred to other duties by the President, and he is the only man in the army who cannot be. Col. Ainsworth can only be removed from the army by Court Martial; and so long as he remains in the army it is doubtful whether the President has authority to appoint any other man chief of the Records and Pension Office, although he can designate another army officer to perform the duties temporarily. A little political tinge has been given the matter by the appearance of Senator Proctor as the special champion of Ainsworth.

Although Secretary Gresham will neither affirm nor deny the statement that Minister Blount has resigned those who know the intentions of Mr. Blount say it is true, and the presence of Hon. Proctor Knott, of Kentucky, in Washington, has caused the belief that he will be his successor.

Twenty army officers have been detailed under the act of July 1892, to act as Indian agents. There was considerable difficulty in finding officers willing to serve and the President did not care to detail men for the duty against their wishes.

When next pension day comes around there will be some disagreeably surprised men, among those who will apply for their checks at several of the Pension agencies throughout the country. The failure to receive the customary check will be the first notice these men will have that they have been dropped from the pension roll as a result of the examination now being conducted by a select committee of examiners, of all the pensions granted under Raum's construction of the act of 1890. Although this work has just commenced many names have already been dropped and many more will follow. The men who are being dropped by this committee are not, strictly speaking, fraudulent pensioners, although they have drawn public money to which they were not entitled. The wrong was committed by Raum in so construing the law as to make them eligible for pensions, and for that reason it is not probable that any attempt will be made to recover the money already paid to those who have been or will be dropped, as will be done in cases where the pensioner got on the roll by fraudulent acts of his own.

Congressman Tucker, of Virginia, says: "If Mr. Carlisle keeps on the way he has begun he will be the ideal of democracy and their candidate for

the Presidency in 1896. He has done two things that commend him mightily to the popular favor—the replacing of republican officials with democrats and his refusing to be bullied into issuing bonds.

Fence Law Vetoed.
Governor Pattison Tuesday vetoed the bill providing for the fencing of improved lands used for agricultural and horticultural purposes in Clearfield, Centre and Cameron counties, for the reason that the constitution prohibits the general assembly from making one law in one county regulating fences and a different law in adjoining counties. Another reason given for the withholding of his approval is that the supreme court has frequently declared that a law which excludes one county of the commonwealth from its operation is local and special, as well as a law which includes but one, two or three.

We have not seen a copy of this bill. It was introduced by senator Meek, and required the enclosure of lands by fences four feet high.

What Good Roads Mean.
They would make it possible for farmers to take advantage promptly of the highest market, no matter at what season of the year.

They would save him days and weeks of time which he wastes every year in wallowing through the disgusting mire of dirt roads.

They would reduce to a minimum the wear and tear on wagons and carriages.

They would lessen the expense in keeping horses in working order, and fewer horses would be required in the country to perform the farmer's work.

They would require less to keep them in repair than do the dirt roads.

They would make it easier for a team to pull several tons over their smooth surface than to draw a wagon through the mud.

They would afford ready communication with the outside world at all seasons of the year.

They would save the farmer many vexatious and nervous strains.

They would practically shorten the distance to the local market.

They would increase the demand for country and suburban property.

THE HARRISBURG Patriot has gone to the trouble of figuring out how many hours each house of the Legislature was in session each week, and how much each member received an hour. By this process it is shown that one week the pay was \$68.18 an hour, while the last week of the session it was reduced to \$2.96 in the Senate and \$1.66 in the House. The total number of hours the Senate sat during the five months was 210 and 43 minutes, which would make 27½ days of eight hours each. The House put in more time. It sat altogether 383 hours and 15 minutes, which would make 47½ days of eight hours each. Had the Legislature made better use of the time it foisted away two months of the session, the flurry, rush and tumble hours of the session would have been avoided. It seems almost incredible that the supposed intelligent men who sit in that body do not profit by the experience of the past and effect a reform in this direction.

Give it a Rest.

The *Lewistown Democrat* and the *Gazette* of the same place have been at it hard for the past three years settling the tariff question. They have got quite near through settling it—as near as they were when they started in. Better lay that on the shelf, give it a rest, since Cleveland is about to try his hand at settling it. Let our neighbors give their readers some religious discussion, or even go sucker fishing—they need a rest and recreation. No more tariff, please, neighbors.

Constable's Fees.

Under the law passed by the late Legislature of Pennsylvania and approved by the Governor, constables can charge the following fees as increased above what they were formerly: Serving warrants, increased from 50 cents to \$1; subpoenaing witnesses, increased from 25 to 50 cents; mileage from 6 to 10 cents. These increased charges conform to the fees charged by constables in Philadelphia and are now made applicable to all counties in the State.

Can Look at the Laws.

Hereafter all laws passed by the state legislature will be found at the prothonotary's office ten days after they have been signed by the governor. Heretofore the laws have been received at the office about two months after the adjournment of the legislature. They will appear in uniform uniformed leaves and will be kept for inspection by the public for one year after their receipt.

OUR BOARD WALKS

We are to Have Reform in Sidewalks.—Must Make their Own Walks.

That many of the walks in our otherwise charming town, are in a dilapidated condition is undeniable, and it will be gratifying to hear that the town council is going to take the matter in hand without fear or favoritism, and that all will be treated alike and be required to make their own walks and keep them in repair at their own expense, as the law so plainly requires.

The council will certainly deserve credit if it inaugurates such a policy—better late than never.

The board walk question is just now being talked over by many of the taxpayers, and the injustice of charging the work on some walks to the borough while other citizens must foot their own bills is strongly condemned, as there is no law for it nor is it right.

If the council will see that all the walks are put in proper repair, and that walks at the south end of town will be required to be put down at the expense of the lot owners, same as required of other lot owners heretofore, then all praise to the council for fair play, and a determination to go according to law and rectify the errors of past councils. We will be glad to note that the present council is going to do justice and that favoritism is to be discarded, and all lot owners are to be treated alike.

The inauguration of a policy of justice in obedience to law will wipe out much unpleasant feeling and if the council is made up of that kind of material we will be only too glad to note it through the columns of the *REPORTER*.

Let everybody be required to pay for their own walks, that's law and justice, and let the council go right ahead, do its duty, as anything else is illegal, and it will avoid an appeal to court to right wrongs.

It is pleasing to think that for once we have a council determined to do its duty without fear, favor or affection.

Will Not Go to Chicago.

Adjutant General Walter W. Greenland is credited with saying that he thinks it extremely doubtful whether the National Guard of Pennsylvania will go to the World's Fair. As yet the Guard has received no invitation from the Fair commissioners, and it will be a hard task to get the 8,500 members to go 600 miles from home without some kind of a financial inducement. There will also be some trouble in securing suitable grounds on which to quarter so many men, and on the whole the General has about given up all hopes of the Chicago encampment.

Can Turn An Honest Penny.

Since dollars are coined out of sixty cents' worth of silver, it is no wonder that counterfeiters have turned honest and are getting out dollars containing the same amount of silver as the genuine, and undistinguishable from the mint issue. In former times, when a silver dollar was worth 100 cents, counterfeiters had to use baser metals, which soon led to their detection. But when the government itself gives a fictitious value to its coinage, who is there to deprecate the acts of individuals who issue a dollar of the same value as the government.—*Scientific American*.

The Average of a Number of Pains-taking Estimates of the wheat crop this year is 440,000,000 bushels. The official report of the crops of 1891 and 1892 was 612,000,000 and 516,000,000 bushels. The average of the crops that preceded the phenomenal yield of 1891 for six years was a little less than 430,000,000 bushels. We are carrying over from this crop year, ending June 30, however, a very large surplus. So that it is estimated we will have 112,000,000 bushels this year for export. The foreign demand promises to be fair, and the existing low prices are not likely to remain long.

The Road Awarded to Langdon.

In the quo warranto proceedings to determine whether Samuel P. Langdon, of Philadelphia, or James F. Kerr, Clerk of the National House of Representatives, is the owner of the Altoona, Clearfield and Northern Railroad Company, a jury in the Blair County Court on 17, awarded the road to Langdon. It is asserted that Langdon is unfriendly to the interests of the Pennsylvania Company and that this judgment will give a competing line an entrance to Altoona.

Great Advantages.

You will not make a mistake by calling at the Philad. Branch, Bellefonte, for clothing for men, boys and children. They will give you greater satisfaction for your money than any other dealer. Unusual bargains will be given.

LIST OF JURORS

DRAWN FOR AUGUST TERM OF COURT.

To Assemble Monday, August 28, 1893.—In Your Name on the List?—Who they Are.

GRAND JURORS.
Geo. Shimmel, Phillipsburg.
Jacob A. Crider, Boggs.
L. M. Walker, Snow Shoe.
Foster Beatty, Howard twp.
John Summers, S. Phillipsburg.
James Butler, Howard boro.
E. C. Rowe, Phillipsburg.
Wesley Crain, Milesburg.
David Murphy, Huston.
Wm. Garner, Ferguson.
John Kenyon, Phillipsburg.
Jacob Hicks, Half Moon.
John Carson, Prtton.

S. T. Lobough, Centre Hall.
Albert L. Schaeffer, Walker.
Amos Dunkle, Howard boro.
Wm. Ross, Rush.
Philip Young, Worth.
W. H. Reifsnnyder, Millheim.
Frank Spatzer, Rush.
Clayton Ertter, College.
F. D. Hosterman, Gregg.
Robt. J. Haines, Snow Shoe.
Chas. Humphrey, Phillipsburg.

TRAVELER JURORS—1st week.
R. H. Crosthwaite, Spring.
Fred Robb, Liberty.
Geo. Hodollar, Burnside.
Henry F. Bartley, Bellefonte.
Calvin Weiland, Harris.
Clayton Brown, Bellefonte.
Geo. Ream, Gregg.
D. P. Shivery, Union.
Daniel Royer, Miles.
Reuben Crone, Worth.
John Confer, Milesburg.
John J. Orndorf, Haines.
Joel Kling, Marion.
Chas. Whitehill, College.
Elias Breen, Spring.
Wm. M. Hartman, Millheim.
S. M. McMurtie, Spring.
H. G. Meese, Benner.
Morris Furey, Spring.
John Hagan, Howard twp.
Simelar Batchelor, Rush.
J. E. Royer, Potter.
Thomas McGowen, Snow Shoe.
Amos Tyson, Ferguson.
Andrew Lytle, College.
Geo. P. Mensch, Millheim.
Clement Dale, College.

Daniel Harter, Marion.
Richard O'Neal, Rush.
Chas. Loraine, Phillipsburg.
Vinton Beckwith, Taylor.
Chas. Richards, Bellefonte.
Wm. Homan, College.
Chas. F. Cooke, Bellefonte.
Calvin Meyer, College.
Albert Hoy, College.
J. N. Hall, Howard twp.
John Korman, Haines.
Jas. C. Boal, Centre Hall.
John Breen, Millheim.
Thos. F. Adams, Boggs.
Alen Brickley, Curtin.
Thos. M. Weaver, Spring.
Chas. Kennedy, Rush.
Douglas Waugh, Phillipsburg.
Wilson Heaton, Boggs.
Jas. M. Hartwick, Ferguson.
Wm. Wasson, Patton.

TRAVELER JURORS—2nd week.
Isaac Behr, Half Moon.
A. F. Markle, College.
Augustus Newman, Milesburg.
John C. Marks, Taylor.
W. R. Haynes, Snow Shoe.
Geo. Blowers, S. Phillipsburg.
A. Y. Casanova, Phillipsburg.
H. D. Showers, Walker.
Wm. Brackbill, Bellefonte.
Lemuel Bierly, Boggs.
J. H. Lutz, Spring.
Geo. W. Gray, Milesburg.
Orrie Miller, Bellefonte.
Christ Buck, Unionville.
Thos. Hasel, Walker.
Thos. A. Fye, Snow Shoe.
S. M. Buck, Bellefonte.
Geo. Schoff, Bellefonte.
Wm. Shope, Milesburg.
Scott Holter, Liberty.
Samuel Basor, Patton.
John Hunter, Liberty.
Ira Barger, Gregg.
Jacob Bame, Penn.
W. H. Winkleck, Miles.
J. A. Kline, Ferguson.
Thos. Miles, Milesburg.
Philip Leitzell, Millheim.
Jas. Durst, Potter.
Wm. Hutton, Rush.
Jas. Duck, Gregg.
Samuel Parker, Phillipsburg.
Emanuel Peters, College.
Rush Larimer, Bellefonte.
Oscar Holt, Burnside.
Jas. Noll, Milesburg.

Will Reduce the Fare.
The railroads are beginning to realize that they must reduce rates to Chicago if they want to send travel in that direction. Already they have given the matter serious consideration and the announcement is made that in July there will be such a material reduction that a man will not have to mortgage his home to pay railroad fare to the fair.

To Be Open Sundays.

On Saturday, at Chicago, by a unanimous vote the United States court of appeals has reversed the circuit court decision closing the World's Fair on Sunday, and declared through Chief Justice Fuller as their spokesman, that the government has no exclusive right or authority in the control of the Columbian exposition. This substantial and decisive victory for the Sunday openers was received by the crowded court room with loud cheers.

Coming to the main question, the court took the ground that the appropriation of \$2,500,000 in souvenir coins by the United States government could not be construed as a charity, or as a charitable bequest. It was simply an appropriation for the assistance and benefit of a local corporation to complete a work that affected the honor of the United States.

As to the right of the United States to possession and control of the grounds the court held that the local corporation was in lawful and actual possession, and that this fact had been recognized by acts of the national legislature.

The court repudiated the idea that the United States had any exclusive rights or authority in the premises, and that no tenable grounds had been shown for excepting the case under the hearing from the ordinary rules governing a court of chancery.

The Collins Back Down.

Owing to the refusal of Messrs Widener & Elkins to take stock in the proposed Phillipsburg and Houtzdale Electric Railway company, the Collins brothers—Thomas and Phillip—who came here several weeks ago with a large force of surveyors and laborers to build the road, threw up the sponge on Monday and took their outfit to Bellefonte. Messrs Widener & Elkins sent Messrs. Chris. Magee and Flynn, of Pittsburgh here last week to look over the ground and give their opinion of the scheme, and a letter received on Tuesday by a prominent business man here said that Magee and Flynn told Elkins that they thought the line from Houtzdale to Phillipsburg would pay, but they would not recommend the line from Phillipsburg to Munson, and Mr. Elkins considered the thing too small to trifle with.

As the Collins' have retired from the field, it is left open for the Phillipsburg Electric Passenger Railway company, who will go ahead and build the line from Chester Hill to Munson as soon as their charter is granted; and there is now no opposition, the charter will of course be granted at once.—*Phillipsburg Ledger*.

One of the best musical journals published both for cheapness and quality of the music it contains, is the *New York Musical Monthly*. The music is bright and attractive, and is written by some of the best composers. The June number contains the following pieces: "A City Boy Am I," "Don't Bury Me Deep, Papa," "Rock-aby Lullaby" She gave me a Pretty Red Rose," "Then Remember Me," vocal pieces; "Amatori" waltz, "Duexieme" Mazurk, "Heel and Toe polka," "Media Noche," instrumental. These selections are all choice. The music in this number if bought retail would cost \$2.00. Send 15 cents for a sample copy. \$1.50 a year. Address Richard A. Saalfeld, 794, 796, 798 Tenth ave. New York.

Maple Sugar Product.

The quantity of maple sugar produced in Somerset county the past season on which bounty is claimed from the United States treasury department is 451,000 pounds. The total amount of bounty will be between \$9,000 and \$10,000; estimated total output of licensed and unlicensed producers of sugar in the county was in round numbers 1,250,000 pounds. Not exceeding one-third of the producers in the county availed themselves of the bounty offered by act of congress, while other owners of sugar orchards made all of their maple sap into molasses.

The Scriptures Say No.

The present diabolical dressmaker's device of balloon shoulders was denounced as long ago as the time of Ezekiel, that prophet having uttered this solemn warning: "Thus saith the Lord God: Woe to the women who sew pillows to all armholes!" The doubting can verify this curse by turning to Ezekiel, xlii, 18.

To Be a Candidate.

State Senator George Handy Smith, of Philadelphia, has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for Lieutenant Governor, next year.

C. P. Long has just returned from eastern cities with the finest and best selected stock of general merchandise ever brought to Spring Mills, which will be sold at lower figures than elsewhere. Stock going fast.

AIR YOUR CLOTHING.

Nothing Like Wind and Sunshine to Disinfect Gowns.

Every-day garments, particularly those that are not laundered, should be disinfected. Brushing is not sufficient, as it does not remove the unpleasant odors that come from long usage. Some women sprinkle their waists and dresses with scent and use sachet powders to perfume their bonnets and wraps. All this would be admirable were it availing. Scent needs to be overpowering to conceal the unfragrant emanations from an old garment. Then the bouquet is fulsome and vulgar.

Better than scent bags or potpourri is a clothes pole and an open window. Turn the garments wrong side out and let the air and sunshine disinfect and deodorize them. All night airing is good, but a day of blowing winds and purifying sunlight is better. When a bonnet lining or set of dress shields become perceptible it should be removed. Cloth garments can be sponged and pressed clean; a bin of benzine costs five cents, and will clean anything in the way of kid, silk, lace or worsted. Camphor is another common disinfectant, and not half appreciated. If after brushing the only coat or gown it is sprinkled with spirits of camphor and aired a few hours, it will be tidy and graceful.

Garments and belongings that smell of nothing are the cleanest and most agreeable. There is always a suspicion of bad health, bad sanitation or bad habits where there is much perfuming. If a scent is desired to neutralize what is known as shop smells, emanation from the laundry, factory, packing rooms, etc., orris, muscadine, bergamot or a bit of sandal wood is preferable to the sickly sweetness of manufactured perfumes. Deodorized alcohol, with a teaspoonful of scent to a pint, used as a spray, will leave the clothing redolent of neatness. And for the skin there is nothing more aromatic and agreeable than a handful of lavender water.

To Restore the Forests.

At last a beginning has been made in the restoration of Pennsylvania's magnificent forests, some of which have been stripped of the very last tree that could be turned into merchantable lumber. There are numerous dry stream beds to remind us how injurious the wiping out of large tracts of woodland is to the community. And while nothing can be done to stay the hand of the lumber dealer, the next best thing is to restore our forests by protecting the young trees from the fire and the axe, and by replanting where nothing but the bare hills remain.

For this purpose under the provisions of the Forestry Commission bill Governor Pattison has appointed Professor J. T. Rothrock as botanist, and Colonel A. Harvey Tyson as engineer of the commission whose function is to supply accurate information upon matters pertaining to forestry, which is to govern the actions that may be taken by future Legislatures.

See the World's Fair for Fifteen Cents.

Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our souvenir portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition, the regular price is fifty cents, but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings, with descriptions of same, and is executed in highest style of art. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address H. E. BUCKLEN, Chicago, Ill.

The Crops.

The crops in all parts of the state look well. We have lately been through a number of the central and eastern counties and find the wheat and grass fields all that the farmer could wish, and a shade better than in our county, although crops look well enough here.

Grand Clearance Sale of Hats and Bonnets.

All are invited to attend the grand clearance sale of Millinery goods at Miss A. Grove's shop, at the station, on Saturday, June 24, and the following week. Hats and bonnets sold at cost. Great reduction on all trimmings. Come and see for yourself.

Latest Novelties.

Latest novelties in spring clothing for men, boys, and children.

The best suit in the market for men at \$10.00. Tailoring a specialty. MONTGOMERY & Co. Bellefonte.

Our suits for men and boys

not be equaled by any dealer in the county. Spring styles now in stock. Prices right. Philad. Branch, Bellefonte.