

JULES FERRY DEAD.

Carried off Very Suddenly By Heart Disease.

His Trouble the Result of An Old Wound Received at Aubertin.

Jacob K. Duodore, captain of a coal barge, shot and killed John Cross, who he says, was trying to break open a trunk on the barge, which was lying in the river near Elizabeth, N. J.

Jules Ferry, president of the French Senate, is dead. Mr. Ferry's death was caused by heart disease. The affection of the heart from which Mr. Ferry suffered was due to the effects of a bullet, striking a rib near the base of the heart at the time he was attacked by Aubertin in 1887.

Mr. Ferry said, in an interview with a reporter: "For the last two weeks M. Ferry had complained of difficulty of breathing. He would start up in the night occasionally, gasping and choking. Several times he left the table, and hurried to a window to get fresh air. His sleep was much broken, and his general health suffered, in consequence. He showed an unusual loss of energy and an evening going out except when his official duties called him. I almost forced him to drive for a little while every evening in the morning and evening. In the last few days he seemed to recover somewhat his former energy and spirits, although his difficulty in breathing was increasing, he was determined to go to Senator Poirrier's ball, but eventually I persuaded him to remain at home. I knew that an evening in a crowded ball room would aggravate his trouble, and although he said he felt better than at any time in the last week, he admitted that his health needed careful nursing if he was not to be disabled for his public duties. He went to bed at ten o'clock. Before midnight he awoke in a chill. He fell asleep again, but rested uneasily, finally waking in another chill, more severe than the first one. I sent for the doctor at once. He arrived at one o'clock, and immediately gave M. Ferry injections of morphia and ether. He also applied cupping glasses over his chest.

The treatment was continued until five o'clock, when M. Ferry felt relieved and sank into a sound sleep. He slept well until nine o'clock. Other physicians were then summoned for a consultation. As M. Ferry wished to get up, they did not insist upon his remaining in bed, although they forbade him to leave the bedroom and his study, which adjoined it. He was partly dressed at 9:30, and he felt better. He went to his study armchair. He remained in it an hour in a condition of such extreme prostration that he could talk but little. At 10:30 he began struggling for breath. He sprang from his chair with sudden energy and paced the room, calling for air and complaining that he was suffocating. This sudden rally was followed by another sinking turn. M. Ferry lay in his chair with his eyes closed, too weak to speak with his wife or his brother Charles. Shortly after noon he again called repeatedly for air, left his chair and walked rapidly up and down the room. This effort was followed by another sinking turn. These alternations of rallying and sinking continued until five o'clock, when he raised himself in his seat, looked at his wife fixedly, exclaimed, "Save me!" and fell back exhausted. His struggle for breath became agonizing, and the physicians injected morphia to relieve him. After a few unfruitful words he fell into a state of coma, which ended in death. He died in the armchair in which for years he had done all his writing and reading.

CABLE SPARKS.

The true source of the Congo river has been discovered. The committee of the Reichstag has passed the army bill to first reading.

The German troops in East Africa have won a victory over the Boer natives.

The Arabs have signified their intention of supporting the new Sultan of Zanzibar.

It is reported that there is opposition among the Tories to Mr. Balfour's leadership.

A conflict between Serbian peasants and troops resulted in ten persons being killed.

Hans Jungfer, Freisinger candidate, was elected to the Reichstag from Leignitz.

The election of a member of Parliament for Grimstey resulted in the return of a liberal unionist, a loss to Gladstone.

A hurricane swept over the east coast of Madagascar, wrecked many vessels, destroyed property and killing several persons.

The Spanish Republicans suffered unexpected reverses in the province, and the government majority in the Cortes will be about 10.

Spain is satisfied with the pacific intentions of the United States toward San Domingo, and will withdraw the Spanish warship now at the island.

The House of Lords has rejected a bill amending the laws for the distribution of real estate of intestates, claiming that it struck at the law of primogeniture.

The Italian government has informally suggested that the United States should formulate a plan for the monetary conference.

The Chinese consuls have preferred charges of treason against Hong Kong, formerly minister to Russia and Germany, in having renounced the rights of China in the Famin regions.

MOTHER AND BABIES BURNED

She Sacrificed Her Own Life Trying to Save the Children.

D. F. Dixon, of Charlotte, has received word of the fatal burning of the wife and two children of his son Thomas Dixon at Rutherfordton, N. C.

DISASTERS AND CASUALTIES

CONRAD LEY, 21 years of age, was killed by the bursting of an empty wheel in a factory at Newark.

Mrs. John L. Jones and her 9-year-old daughter were burned to death at Mt. Julia, Tennessee, their clothes taking fire from brush lamps.

MALJONANT diphtheria is reported to be prevalent at Stearns, Marathon county, Wisconsin. There were four deaths in a single family and three in another.

By an explosion in an oil well at Marthaville, Ont., James Duncan and his engineer were killed, and another man, named McKenzie, was fatally injured.

PRESIDENT HARRY Temple, of the First National Bank, and his wife, of Lexington, Nebraska, are fatally ill, the result of eating poison, which their child playfully placed on meat afterwards eaten by its parents.

A freight train on the Chicago and Erie Railway went through the bridge over the Ottawa river, in Ohio and took with it nineteen cars, plunging it up in the river. The engine and a few cars escaped. Three tramps are supposed to be in the water.

RAHWAY, New Jersey, was shaken by an earthquake shock, which occurred a few minutes after 8 o'clock. It did considerable damage in the city and vicinity. Buildings swayed, and the ground sustained considerable loss by breaking.

A MACHINE saw at Wyanotte, Michigan, leaped from its bearings, and struck Herman Meinke in the breast, and cut partially through his body, severing the heart. It continued to jump and strike Amos Coan, another workman, cut off his arm at the shoulder.

A passenger train on the Philadelphia and Baltimore central Railroad ran into a Washington and Northern freight at Chaddlersford Junction, Pennsylvania. Engineer George Phillips, of the passenger train, was killed, and a conductor William Cummins was slightly injured. The coroner's jury found that the cause was due to the negligence of Engineer Phillips.

SHOT DOWN IN COURT.

A Son Averages the Murder of His Father, Knew What He Was Doing.

A terrible shooting affray occurred in the upper hall of the court house, Nashville, Tenn. Thomas Jones shot and probably fatally wounded Joe Winters. Five shots were fired, two of which took effect.

Some months ago Tom Jones' father, a toll-gate keeper, was shot from ambush and killed. Andrew and Joe Winters were charged with the deed, arrested and indicted and the trial of the murderers was about to begin.

The court room was packed with witnesses for the prosecution and the defense. Joseph Winters was charged with the murder and Andrew Winters with being an accessory to the deed.

When the cases were called in criminal court Judge Anderson the defendants successfully pressed a motion for a severance, and then the cases were continued until the next term of court.

After the disposition of the cases, Andrew Winters was taken back to jail and Joe Winters and his wife remained in the court room to perfect a bond. By this time the court room had been practically cleared.

Finally, when the Winterses were in the door, Jones, who was standing near the head of the steps opened fire on him. Officer Price was about the first to reach Jones. Mrs. Winters and others who witnessed the shooting said that Winters fell at the second shot.

Several men in an excited manner ran up to Jones and cried: "Don't let him escape." To these cries Jones, in a self-possessed manner said: "I am not going to escape; I know what I have done, and have no wish to flee." Jones was at once taken to jail.

James Bonbrant, who was standing near the Winterses, was struck in the groin by one of the stray bullets, and quite severely wounded though his condition is not thought to be very dangerous.

J. W. HYATT DEAD.

Was Treasurer of the United States Under President Cleveland.

James William Hyatt died at 3 o'clock in the afternoon at his residence in Norfolk Conn., after a long and severe illness. The direct cause of Mr. Hyatt's death was Bright's disease, although he had been a great sufferer from gout.

James William Hyatt was Treasurer of the United States during the latter part of the first Cleveland administration, and was born in Norfolk September 12, 1837. His father, James Hyatt, was a manufacturer of shoes for the Southern market. Mr. Hyatt attended the public schools until he was 11 years of age. He then started to make his living, and was employed in various capacities until the war began, when he went out as sutler with one of the three months' regiments. When he returned he was employed by Legg and Lockwood & Co., one of the leading banking houses of New York city, and there acquired such proficiency that he was rapidly advanced until he became one of the associates and general manager under the direction of the firm.

Mr. Hyatt remained with Lockwood & Co. from 1862 until 1873, when, having obtained a controlling interest in the Norfolk Horse Ball and Company, he returned to Norfolk. In 1874 he became president of the company, and filled that position until his death. He was chosen vice-president of the Danbury and Norfolk Railroad Company, and continued in that position until chosen president. In 1890 Mr. Hyatt was chosen president of the Fairfield County National Bank. In 1875 and 1876 Mr. Hyatt represented the town of Norfolk in the State Legislature, and served on the Finance Committee. In 1876 he was appointed Bank Commissioner and resigned in the fall of 1886 to accept the appointment of United States Bank Examiner tendered to him by President Cleveland.

The position he resigned in 1887, when President Cleveland appointed him to be Treasurer of the United States. In 1884 Mr. Hyatt was elected to the State Senate, but resigned because the duties of a Senator were incompatible with his position as Bank Commissioner.

COUNTERFEITERS CAUGHT.

A Gang Unearthed Near Parkersburg, W. Va., and the Money Found.

It has been suspected for some time that a gang of counterfeiters had their headquarters somewhere near Parkersburg. The home of A. B. Burdett, alias Arthur Mills, was surrounded and Burdett captured. When the house was searched moulds for 25-cent pieces and nickels and scraps of metal were found. The officer so captured another alleged member of the gang, Henry Kiess.

Burdett owns considerable property and is engaged in buying and selling produce and it was while engaged in this business that he had an opportunity to scatter the coin all over the country.

PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

Epitome of News Gleaned from Various Parts of the State.

AFTER a long and earnest debate the State World's Fair Commission decided to ask the Legislature for an additional appropriation of \$100,000.

DR. PAUL GUILFORD was put on trial at Lebanon, charged with causing the death of Miss Agnes Louder by administering poison to prevent conception.

In answer to a Senate resolution, Governor Patton sent to that body a statement of the expenditures of the World's Fair managers and said not more than the \$3,000,000 appropriated would be needed for the State's display.

A reduction in wages varying in different labor from 11 to 40 per cent. was made in the booming mill of the Pottsville Iron & Steel Company.

The property of the Westmoreland Coal & Coke Company, in Westmoreland county valued at \$350,000, was sold out in the interest of mortgage credit.

ALLENTOWN city officials stated that there is no cause for alarm over the condition of the water supply.

THROUGH a rear-end collision between two trains on the New York, Lake Erie & Western Railroad at Lackawanna, twelve people were more or less seriously injured.

DIPHTHERIA has attacked over sixty people and killed ten in Pikeville, Berks county.

A large delegation of Philadelphians interested in the passage of the Penrose bill abolishing the Public Buildings Commission appeared before the House Committee on Municipal Affairs at Harrisburg. Mayor Stuart, Councilman Clay and Hicks, Messrs. Thomas Martindale, Joshua L. Bailey, E. N. Willard and Charles Emory Smith made speeches in favor of the bill.

The body of Thomas Deener, a hermit of Dreherstown, who had been missing for some time, was found in the river and foul play is suspected.

PRESIDENT GIBBON, of the State Senate, is out in an open letter in answer to statements of Executive Commissioner Farquhar of the World's Fair. He declares that a recent criticism of that official's management of the affairs of the board is justified by the facts.

TRAINS Dispatcher John R. Rupp was acquitted at Norristown of negligence and responsibility for the Rose Glen disaster on the Reading Railroad October 24, and the county was directed to pay the costs.

THE Board of Health of Norristown, charged the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company with polluting the Schuylkill above the town by dumping manure and other decayed matter into it.

THE appointment of Mason Weidner as Judge of the Common Pleas Court of Schuylkill County was confirmed by the State Senate.

APPRAISERS Reynolds and Crane value the assets of the estate of Rockefeller, the Wilkes-Barre banker, at \$12,460, while the liabilities are \$432,000.

HON. JAMES S. MOOREHEAD, Democrat, and Alexander McConnell, Republican, of Westmoreland county, and Judge Harry White, of Indiana, are talked of for nomination to the Supreme Court in the Fall.

A mass meeting in defense of the American Sabbath was held at Norristown in connection with the Methodist Conference.

In case the Andrews-Higby legislative contest is decided in Andrews' favor, Higby may be nominated for Sheriff of Crawford County.

THE Delaware River at Easton rose twenty-one feet above low-water mark and damage was feared at Trenton and points below.

THE body of a man named Mann, missing for a month from Fairfield, Adams county, was found buried under rocks, and the police are after Henry Heist as the murderer.

A LIGHT water was reported in the Susquehanna and Delaware Rivers, but no great damage to property was anticipated.

THE Lancaster County Tobacco Growers' Society took favorable action on a proposition to form a national association to maintain the tariff at its present figure.

TWO hours at Front and Buttonwood streets, Reading, collapsed, injuring four persons quite seriously.

JUDGE DOLY, of Westmoreland county, decided that W. N. Porter and A. B. Hunter, Republicans, were duly elected to the Legislature and not W. R. Barnhart and Colonel Eli Waugman now seated.

READING is alarmed over a varioloid epidemic.

THE Barbers' National Association, in session at Pittsburg, declared against legislation allowing open shops on Sunday.

THE AUSTRALIAN FLOODS.

Over \$15,000,000 Loss in Brisbane and Its Suburbs.

The Australian papers which arrived on the steamer Alameda at San Francisco, print graphic details of the great floods at Brisbane and suburbs last February. In the city of Brisbane and its suburbs the damage done by the flood is estimated at \$15,000,000.

There was a fall of sixty-seven inches of rain in three days and three steamers were floated out of the river and landed high and dry in the Botanical Gardens. The towns of Bundamba, Ipswich and Godwin were all under water and the people had to flee to the hills.

No serious consequences were expected until February 3, when reports from Upper Brisbane watershed showed that heavy floods were inevitable and all the possible efforts were made to prepare for it.

From Friday afternoon, February 3, the water rose very rapidly and by noon on Saturday the level of the big flood of 1891 had been reached. Still the rain poured down unceasingly and the waters continued to rise throughout Saturday night and Sunday until a maximum height was reached at about 9 o'clock on Sunday night, the level then being about two feet above the flood of 1891.

The scene was then something terrible. A very large portion of the city and suburbs had been reached. The whole of the country in every direction was inundated, the water being in many cases over the tops of the houses.

BIG FIRE IN BOSTON.

Over Four Million Dollars' Worth of Property Destroyed.

Several Persons Lose Their Lives--About Thirty Injured.

AT 4:25 o'clock in the afternoon fire broke out in the building owned by E. L. Ames, corner of Essex and Lincoln streets, in the wholesale business and small manufacturing section. The flames spread with surprising rapidity, and it was over three hours before the Boston fire department, aided by companies from other cities, gained control of the destroying element. The fire was marked by the loss of several lives, and some thirty persons injured. The financial loss is estimated at \$4,500,000, and the insurance at \$4,000,000.

It was the most destructive fire that has occurred in Boston since November 28, 1892, when two and a-half acres of business houses were destroyed, causing a loss of about \$3,000,000. The great fire of 1872 broke out on the evening of November 9 and raged uncontrolled until noon the following day, destroying 800 business houses, occupied by 1,800 firms, entailing a loss of \$80,000,000 and fifteen lives.

The area burned over comprises practically one whole square, bounded on the north by Essex street, on the east by Lincoln street, on the south by Tufts street, on the west by King street. In addition to the Ames building, on the north of Essex street, extending along Columbia street, was burned; also three buildings on the east side of Lincoln street, also on the south side of Tufts street, the Emergency Hospital, which was a part of the United States Hotel, and the rear corner of the hotel.

Three unidentified dead bodies have been taken from the ruins and there are supposed to be many others yet undiscovered. The injured number about thirty.

The flames broke out in the toy department of Horace Partridge & Co., in the E. L. Ames building. The cause is at present unknown, but the start is described by those nearest it as resembling the bursting of firecrackers.

The flames spread with incredible rapidity and in a very few moments the entire interior of the building was burning. There were many employees of the Partridge Company at work at the time, and the other floors of the building were sprinkled with human beings. The usual avenues of escape were at once cut off, and then became a scramble for life which sickened beholders.

The panic-stricken inmates fled to windows and roof. Some escaped by climbing down through poles, others by jumping into blankets and nets. Several leaping to the pavement, six to eight stories, and were terribly mangled. Others--how many cannot be told--fell back into the flames or were overcome by the dense black smoke, which suffocated all who did not speedily escape.

The entire fire department of the city was speedily on the scene. The department of Somerville, Cambridge, Newton, Quincy and Brockton arrived later by train and aid was requested to be in readiness from more distant cities. Fortunately further help was not needed.

As crowds of people began to flock to the scene, and as a matter of precaution Governor Russell speedily ordered two companies of militia, under arms, and proceeded to the fire in person, where he was soon joined by Mayor Matthews.

The fire spread rapidly from building to building, and despite the heroic efforts of the entire fire system of Suffolk county was not under control until nearly 8 o'clock P. M.

The conflagration was viewed from a distance as grand. A dense pall of black smoke covered that section of the city, and as darkness came on this was lighted up by the dancing of the vast crowd which soon gathered and rushed to and fro in everybody's way.

Near to the scene was awful. While the Ames Building was burning there were repeated explosions like fireworks mingled with the hoarse shouts of firemen the clanging and puffing of engines, the crash of falling walls, the rumble from hurrying teams and the surging of the vast crowd which soon gathered and rushed to and fro in everybody's way.

The principal buildings burned were as follows: Ames Building, seven stories, corner Essex and Lincoln streets, where the fire started.

Lincoln Building, five stories, on the opposite corner, on the site of old Crystal Palace, occupied by the Singer Manufacturing Company and a large number of other concerns.

Ludlow Building, six stories, 135 Essex street.

Brown-Durrell Building, seven stories, corner of Essex and Kingston streets, burned from roof to fourth floor. The fire-proof walls of the building, straddled the tide of flames to the north.

Five-story brick building, corner of Columbia and Essex streets, occupied by Walter S. Barnes, paper-box manufacturer, and others.

United States Hotel, slightly damaged. Three-story buildings, between the Ames Building and the United States Hotel, occupied as dwellings in the upper stories and by small traders below.

PRINCESS KAILANI.

Received by Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland--Members of the Commission.

At half-past five o'clock President and Mrs. Cleveland accorded a special reception to Princess Kailani, the meeting taking place in the Blue Parlor. The Princess was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Davies, their daughter and a lady friend. The call was entirely of a social nature, and lasted probably a quarter of an hour. The visitors were charmed with the cordiality of the reception accorded them, the ladies being captivated by the pleasing manners of the wife of the President, and the Princess said subsequently that Mrs. Cleveland was the only lady that she ever fell in love with.

During the day Mr. Davies, unaccompanied by the Princess or any of her family, called on Secretary Greenham. This visit like that of Mr. Paul Newman, an envoy of Queen Liliuokalani, also called on Secretary Greenham. G. M. Smith, the personal secretary of the commission, will probably be appointed to visit the Hawaiian Islands in the name of Judge M. R. Martin V. Montgomery, of Michigan, late of the District of Columbia. The Hawaiian Commission, General Schofield, Admiral Brown and Captain M. L. Howison. Dr. Mott Smith, the Hawaiian minister, does not regard the appointment of a commission with much favor.

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PEOPLE AND EVENTS.

Mrs. JEANE CHAVIN has received the appointment of Professor of her class in the Girls' Lyceum of Paris.

GENERAL BEAUBURGARD built the first cable railroad in his country. The road was constructed just after the war and extended from the city of New Orleans to the suburb of Carrolton.

WILLIAM R. MORRISON is said to be an inveterate a wiper reader if anyone ever sees Mr. Morri on without one or two newspapers tucked under his arm it must be as he has on a dress suit.

IF PROF. BARNARD, of Lick Observatory, should resign his present place--and rumor says that he may do so to take charge of the big telescope which Mr. Yerkes has ordered for the Chicago University--he will be the fourth man to leave the staff of the Mount Hamilton institution within a year or two--Professors Crew, Keeler and Burnham having retired within a short time.

MR. CLEVELAND is said to have had nicknames for every member of his old Cabinet. Mr. Bayard was "Tom," Mr. Manning was "Dan," Mr. Whitney "Will," Mr. Fairchild "Charley," the venerable Mr. Lamar "Quint," Mr. Villard "Bill," Mr. Garland "Al," Mr. Dickin on the "Squire," and Mr. Endicot "Willi'm." Mr. Cleveland rarely addressed any member of his Cabinet by his official title. Even at formal Cabinet meetings he would lean back in his chair and say: "Conny, it's bear what you have been doing at the State Department," or "Quint, tell us about the Indians," and so on.

CAPTAIN LUGARD, of Uganda fame, is described thus: A Norman knight of the heroic type, which founded the kingdoms of England, Portugal, Cyprus, Jerusalem, Grand Canary and the Two Sicilies, small, wiry, keen eyed, with a strong jaw, and an intelligent forehead, looking like the masterful Norman aristocrat who grasping with seemingly insuperable odds at them to up. There is something about the man and nostril which humanitarians might dislike, unless they are in a chair and say: "I'm sorry, it's bear what you have been doing at the State Department," or "Quint, tell us about the Indians," and so on.

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TORTURED BY THIEVES.

Incredible Brutality Resorted To to Get \$1800 From an Old Man--On Leatherwood Creek, Ky., three men entered the home of Thomas Bryant, who does not believe in banks, and, after gagging the family, proceeded to compel Bryant to tell where his money was hidden.

They fired pistols close to his head, choked him, burned him with hot stones and finally stuck his feet in the fire, holding them there until burned to a crisp. They got \$1800 and escaped on three of Bryant's horses. Bryant will die.

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MARKETS.

BALTIMORE. GRAIN, ETC.

WHEAT--No. 2 Red... 72 76  
WHEAT--No. 2 White... 46 48  
Yellow... 46 48  
Ear Yellow per bushel... 2 85  
OATS--Southern & Penn... 38 41  
Western White... 37 34  
Mixed... 38 37  
RYE--No. 2... 16 17  
HAY--Choice Timothy... 15 16  
Good to Prime... 15 16  
STRAW--Hye in car loads... 11 00  
Wheat Blocks... 6 50  
Oat Blocks... 8 50

CANNED GOODS. TOMATOES--Std. No. 3... 85 90  
No. 3... 85 90  
PEAS--Standards... 1 20  
Seconds... 1 10  
CORN--Dry Pack... 1 10  
Malt... 1 00

HIDES. CITY STEERS... 8 50  
City Cows... 8 50  
Southern No. 2... 5 50

POTATOES & VEGETABLES. POTATOES--Burbanks... 85 88  
Va. Yellow... 83 40  
Yams... 1 75  
ONIONS... 1 30

PROVISIONS. HOGS PRODUCTS--shds... 10 11  
Clear rib sides... 11 12  
 Bacon sides... 12 13  
Hams... 15 16  
Mesa Pork, per bar... 20 51  
LARD--Crude... 13  
Best refined... 14

BUTTER. BUTTER--Fine Cream... 29 30  
Under fine... 25 26  
Roll... 24 25

CHEESE. CHEESE--N.Y. Factory... 12 13  
N.Y. State... 18 19  
Swiss Cheese... 8 11

EGGS. EGGS--State... 16 17  
North Carolina... 16 17

POULTRY. CHICKENS--Hens... 10 11  
Turkeys... 14 15  
Ducks, per D... 13 14

TOBACCO. TOBACCO--Md. Infer... 1 30  
Sound common... 8 00  
Middling... 8 00  
Fancy... 13 00

LIVE STOCK. BEEF--Best Beev... 5 25  
Good to Fair... 4 75  
SHEEP... 3 00  
Hogs... 7 00

FURS AND SKINS. MUSKRAT... 10 11  
Raccoon... 40 45  
Red Fox... 15 20  
Blue Fox... 80  
Opoum... 25 30  
Mink... 80  
Otter... 6 00

NEW YORK. FLOUR--Southern... 8 15  
WHEAT--No. 2 Red... 77 74  
RYE--Western... 15 16  
CORN--No. 2... 5 50  
OATS--No. 2... 15 16  
BUTTER--Sta... 29 30  
EGGS--State... 16 17  
CHEESE--State... 12 13

PHILADELPHIA. FLOUR--Southern... 8 00  
WHEAT--No. 2 Red... 75 76  
CORN--No. 2... 5 50  
OATS--No. 2... 14 43  
BUTTER--State... 29 30  
EGGS--Penn. St... 17 17 1/2

Fire destroyed fifty small buildings, occupied by the poorer classes of Eureka Springs, Ark. The total loss is about \$35,000. The fire was caused by a defective fuse in the house occupied by W. O. Brodie. The east-bound Erie passenger train No. 13 was run into by No. 10, another passenger train, at Lackawanna, twenty-three miles west of Port Jervis. The rear Pullman sleeper was demolished, and ten passengers, the occupants of the coach, were injured, some of them seriously. No. 13 was waiting at the station for a locomotive to replace one which was disabled. The other cars were uninjured, and no passengers in them were hurt. The building of the Turnverein, of Patterson, N. J., was destroyed by fire, and several persons were badly hurt. Results of Brundage, Ala., lynched Tom Brunson, a colored rape fiend. Harland Murray, after a dispute with his wife, in St. Louis, attempted to shoot her. The bullet, instead, struck and killed his sixty-five-year-old mother, who attempted to shield her daughter-in-law from the jealous man's fury. Two hitaburg, Pa., hunters named August Stanley and Henry Johnson, members of the Pittsburg Club, who have a clubhouse on the Kanawake River, was drowned near Horse Shoos Bend, on the Kanawake River. Fire started to have been started by tramps, destroyed the building on the face Dyon estate, near Elizabeth, N. J. The sentence of Will and Tom Whitson, murderers, who were to hang at Bakerville, N. C., March 24th, have