



THE CENTRE REPORTER

FRED KURTZ, -- EDITOR

Several injections of lymph might be used on Quay's dead evidence.

Most of folks who are down on mill-lodgers, are trying their mightily best all the time to get there too.

Gen. Sherman stopped fighting when the war was over. The Hoars, the Reeds and the Lodges have continued the hostilities since that time.

It seems necessary to remind Matthew S. Quay that a naked plea of "not guilty" is not usually accepted by judge or jury as ground of acquittal.

Attorney General Hensel handed down an opinion in which he decides that women are not competent to be incorporators or treasurers of a corporation, and that the act of 1887 does not remove the restrictions.

A Republican congressman from Pennsylvania declared that in his opinion there was ground for the report that Senator Quay was for Alger for 1892. Quay is certainly opposed to Harrison in common with nine-tenths of the other Republicans in congress.

In a bulletin issued by the census office it is stated that the center of population of this country in June, 1890, was in Southern Indiana, near Greensburg and 20 miles east of Columbus. Ten years ago it was 10 miles west by south of Cincinnati.

The wise Pennsylvania farmer will keep watchful eyes on his cattle hereafter. The supreme court of the State has ruled that no man shall be compelled to fence against his neighbor's stock, and that owners of cattle will have to pay for all the damage they may do, fence or no fence.

It seems from the assurance given by one who should know, that the report that Fiedler of the Gazette once had an elopement affair, which a party offered to write up for publication, referred to in our issue of 12 inst., is a myth—unfounded—hence we would not even give the publisher of that sheet the pain to print what is not well founded. This is a virtue of the Reporter which the Gazette has been utterly devoid of.

A Correspondent of the Sun from Philadelphia says: Alexander H. Tutton, who was mentioned in Quay's speech was interviewed by him. Mr. Quay denied that he had attempted to corruptly influence Mr. Tutton in the discharge of his duties as internal revenue inspector 22 years ago. Mr. Tutton said emphatically yesterday: "In 1869 M. S. Quay, now United States senator, did make a most dishonorable and corrupt proposition to me, as supervisor of internal revenue, in the interest of certain fraudulent distillers in Philadelphia.

The retail merchants of Greenville Mercer county, have a co-operative organization that might be imitated with profit in every town in the Commonwealth, and city too. Its purpose is to inform each other in regard to people who will not pay their debts. A man who refuses to square his accounts is made known to all the members of the association, and thenceforward his name is Dennis with them when it comes to requests to "put it down on the slate."

From anthracite coal region comes intelligence that the present condition of the coal trade, coupled with the recent mine horrors, have caused a scare among the Poles and Hungarians working about the mines, and almost daily large numbers are bidding farewell to the coal regions and America, and going to their native country to spend the dollars which, by strict economy, they have accumulated during their stay. Their departure is being felt already, as the miners whose places they took when they first landed have left for other fields, thus leaving but few practical miners in this region.

The Altoona Tribune is of the opinion that the reason so many banking institutions are victimized by trusted officials is to be found in the fact that in numerous instances boards of directors are merely ornamental figure heads, never acquainting themselves with the actual situation of the institution of which they are supposed to be overseers, and depending wholly for information upon the very man who is robbing them and their patrons. The public is no more surprised than the directors when the blow falls, but this is no excuse. That it, exactly, banks are often used by those employed inside for personal speculation and for personal ends.

McKinleyism and Wages.

In his speech at Toledo Major McKinley assailed Grover Cleveland's Columbus deliverance, which was a plea for the old-time virtues of economy and frugality. He declared, did the major, that the purpose of protection was to make things dear. He said that the object of his bill was "not for people to buy goods at lower rates, but to enable them to pay more for the same goods by raising the wages."

Now, as it is known of all men that people are paying more for the goods they consume because of the taxes of the McKinley bill, it becomes decidedly pertinent to inquire whether they are enabled to pay this increased price by increased wages.

What has been the partial effect upon wages of the McKinley tariff bill may be judged by the following compilation made by the Baltimore Sun from the news reports of the last few weeks. The reductions are industries "protected" by stiff duties.

Brooke Iron Company, Pennsylvania, wages reduced 7 per cent, 450 men on strike; Ellis & Lesseg Steel and Iron Company, Pennsylvania, reduction 12 1/2 per cent, 700 men on strike; Pottstown Iron Company, Pennsylvania, reduction 7 per cent; Bethlehem Iron Company, Pennsylvania, reduction 10 per cent; Pennsylvania Steel Company, Steelton, Pa., reduction 8 to 10 per cent; Homestead steel works, Carnegie, Phipps & Co., reduction 10 per cent; Otis Iron and Steel Company, Ohio, reduction 30 per cent; Chattanooga Steel Company, reduction 10 per cent. The Lackawanna Coal Company has reduced wages 20 cents a day; the Duquion coal mines in Illinois 60 cents a ton; the Leavenworth mines in Kansas, 11 per cent.

Few industries got so many favors in the McKinley tariff as the pottery industry. Yet at Trenton, N. J., certain classes of potters have had their wages reduced 22 per cent. The ribbon weavers at Paterson, in the same State, have suffered to the extent of 15 per cent. At a silk mill in Connecticut wages have been cut 25 per cent, and another reduction is reported from the silk mill at Allentown, Pa. At Willimantic, Conn., the hands struck successfully against a proposed reduction of \$150 per week.

Major McKinley said at Toledo his bill was "to enable people to pay more for the same goods by raising their wages." That they are paying more is certain. But what about the wages? McKinley is a gay deceiver.

The Chicago Columbia Exposition directory has decided to get rid of all the trouble and dispute which the lake-front portion of the site for the fair has begotten by abandoning it altogether and putting all the structures upon the Jackson park site, in the southern part of the city, several miles from most of the railroad stations and hotels. There are no undiluted blessings, and the fame of the fair has produced an over supply in the labor market of the vast and windy city, thousands of laborers skilled and unskilled, having gone there in expectation of work in connection with the preparations for the fair. As no plans have been decided upon as yet, and no work begun, many of these working men find themselves stranded and compelled to take any job they may meet, or resort to begging or stealing for a living. The consequence is that crime is rampant, thievery prevails to an alarming extent, and beggars crowd public resorts and infest doorways and alleys.

It seems strange to read that the electric light has been introduced into Jerusalem. The electric plant is used in a large flour mill adjoining the supposed site of Calvary and close to the Damascus gate. If the Arabs and Jews were filled with wonder by the flaming gas jets in 1887, they are confounded when they see the light of electricity in 1891. Many of them are so alarmed they hardly dare to look at it, and the Mohammedans call upon the Prophet for safety. They ask what it is, where it comes from and how the magicians make it. When told that it is the same thing as lightning, they become still more mystified, ask how it can be caught or held, and keep at a respectful distance from it.

The number of retail liquor dealers in the United States, according to the official of the internal revenue for the year ending May 1, 1890, was 185,898, or 1 liquor dealer to every 275 inhabitants, on the basis of the census of 1880. In New York there was 1 retail dealer in distilled liquors to every 150 inhabitants in New Jersey 1 to 175; in Ohio, 1 to 230 in Pennsylvania and Massachusetts, 1 to 400; in Indiana, 1 and Delaware, 1 to 160; and in California, 1 to 75. The average in all the States which have general license laws is 1 dram shop to 250 inhabitants. In Maine there is 1 retail dealer in distilled liquors to every 750 inhabitants; in Vermont, 1 to 820; in Iowa, 1 to 520; and in Kansas, 1 to 800.

The New Road Law

The new road law is not likely to pass this session. The objections urged against it are many. The people of some sections object on the ground that while the bill contemplates an appropriation of \$1,000,000, yet they say there is no guarantee that an appropriation will be passed, and if passed there is no revenue to meet it. Others object because of the basis on which the appropriation is to be distributed. They argue that it is unfair to allow a rich township \$2 of the appropriation when another poorer township of equal area and equal length of road only gets \$1, merely because the rich one is able to pay \$2 to the poorer township's \$1. Others say the scheme of taxing is meant to shut out the farmer from working out his taxes. Others still object to the county engineer as being a figurehead to be sustained by local taxes, while the supervisors, who are really to do the work, are not paid for their services.

On the other hand those who favor the bill say even if it should fail its discussion at this time will do much good. They say that everybody admits the necessity of a better system of country roads, and that while the bill is not what it might be, yet it marks out a better plan for making roads than that now in practice. Many members take the position that a strictly cash tax would be much more economical to the farmers than the system of working out tax. One said to the writer that farmers were generally summoned to work on the road at a time in the year when they could not well afford to spend the time, and that they actually lost money by doing time on the road.

The Holy Synod of Russia has sent an address to Queen Victoria which is a paraphrase of the memorial of the Lord Mayor of London to the Czar on the subject of the persecution of the Jews, except that for Jews the Roman Catholics of England and Ireland are substituted. The Queen is begged by the Russian Synod to remove the yoke of exceptional and restrictive laws which oppress her Catholic subjects, "making them a pariah caste, degraded as if an accursed race." As the Lord Mayor said of the Russian Jews, these Catholics are described as serving in certain regiments beyond their due proportion, and yet forbidden the liberty of striving for the loftiest civil places. Russia is held up to England as England was held up to Russia as an example of religious toleration. "We who have learned to tolerate all creeds," says the address, "beseech your Majesty to order the repeal of those laws that afflict the Catholics," the representatives of a creed which is the mother of our religion and yours." It is a very fair case of tit for tat.

Dakota Territory was divided and admitted as two States on the supposition it would insure, "for a decade at least," four high tariff senators. But you can't always tell how these things will turn out. In the next senate the Dakotas will be represented by three tariff reformers and one protectionist and it is not at all unlikely the solitary one will take warning and go over to the winning side. Instead therefore of securing four votes for McKinley bills by admitting these two new States, the Republicans have succeeded in giving the tariff reformers three votes, if not, indeed, all of the four.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. J. D. Murray Druggist.

A Big Lake.

On Sunday morning on the farm of Perry Gentzel near Hubersburg, a lake of water rose from the earth covering about ten acres of ground and is fully 20 feet deep. This, although a phenomenon is nothing unusual, as the same thing has occurred frequently in the past. When summer comes it will again recede.

G. A. R. At Altoona.

This week the semi-annual encampment of the G. A. R. is being held at Altoona, and hundreds of veterans have gone to the Mountain city. Several old war veterans from Centre Hall are in attendance.

—A big slaughter in Men's, Boy's Children's overcoats at S. Loeb's.
—Freshground buckwheat flour, No 1, at the Centre Hall mill.
—Call at Loeb's clothing store; examine his stock and prices.

The P. E. R.'s Second Tour to the Golden Gate.

Tourists on the first Pennsylvania Railroad tour to the Golden Gate, left New Orleans last week, after witnessing the great Carnival of Mardi Gras. Their special train has provoked the greatest admiration and the most favorable comments from the Southern people, owing to its palatial equipment. Letters from the tourists en route to friends at home are full of expressions of delight in regard to the trip. The second tour, which will leave Philadelphia Tuesday, March 3d, is filling up rapidly, due in great measure to the desire of many to be in California in the delightful season of early spring. The route taken for the second tour west traverses the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico, and Arizona, entering the American Utopian State California from the south, while east bound it takes the same route as the first tour. Stops of longer or shorter duration are made at all the prominent points en route in both directions. The rate is remarkably low, being but \$275, yet including Pullman Palace Car accommodations, meals, and several side trips. The descriptive itinerary may be procured upon application to George W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent. For those who anticipate joining this second tour application for space should be made at once, as the number to be carried is limited.

Rather Costly Fun.

The Oil City Blizzard is responsible for the following: "A party of four drummers had an experience on Saturday, the memory of which will undoubtedly linger with them for some time to come. They were on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio train from Meadville, as was also a gentleman from Utica. The latter had a bag of oranges which the drummers secured and devoured. The owner's protests were received with ridicule, and for a while the tourists had more fun than a barrel of monkeys. Their mirth, however, was rudely disturbed at Franklin when four officers appeared and marched them to jail on a charge of larceny telegraphed by their victim. It was almost midnight before they were released on bail, and at court, the justice found two of them guilty and fined them a good round sum for their pleasure."

Wedding at Madisonburg.

The village of Madisonburg, last Sunday evening was the scene of a very pretty wedding, in which Miss Annie E. Fiedler, daughter of Mr. Henry Fiedler and Mr. J. E. Reber, of Vicksburg, Union county, plighted their troth. The wedding took place at the residence of the bride's father, Rev. S. A. Aurd officiating in the ceremony. Many guests were present and the bride and groom were the recipients of many pretty and valuable presents. They will reside in the future at Vicksburg, where the groom is located in business.

Another Swindle.

Several weeks ago a man named Williams advertised through the Pittsburg papers for a farm. He received some 300 replies, and in each case notified the seller that this particular farm in every way answered the purpose, but that it would be necessary to send car fare for the buyer and agent to defray the expenses of a trip to inspect the property before purchasing. He succeeded in getting several thousand dollars from his victims and last week departed for new pastures. Letters containing money and drafts, are still coming for Williams, but they will be returned to the writer, by the police authorities.

Musical.

The Centre Hall Glee Club will give a grand musical on Friday and Saturday evenings, March 5 and 7, in the band hall above Harper & Kremer's store. It will be under the supervision of Prof. Crawford, assisted at the organ by Miss Anna Keller. Choruses, anthems, duets, solos, cornet solos, comic songs, etc., will be rendered. The admission will be 25 cents, children under 12 years 10 cents, a grand treat is in store and should not be missed. The proceeds are for the benefit of the band. Give it your patronage.

Undressed in Three Seconds.

Clarence Belknap runs a portable wood-sawing machine in Trowbridge, this state. The other day while the machine was running rapidly Trowbridge was caught in the shafting. In just three seconds after he was caught he was set down in a snowbank twenty-five feet away. Every stitch of clothing from his shirt to his boots and stockings had been stripped off him, and he was not hurt to the extent of a scratch.

—The Philad. Branch is thoroughly reliable, and Lewins has in stock a line of clothing that leads in quality and low prices. Satisfaction always given.

Don't.

Don't live beyond your means.
Don't make a sacred promise to get a thing on credit, and then refuse to pay the honest debt.
Don't betray the confidence a friend places in you.
Don't go back on a friend because you no longer have any use for him.
Don't cast up favors done in order to reap a benefit from them—it shows deep selfishness and a want of true philanthropy.
Don't make a big howl over another's dishonesty when you yourself are ten times more blameworthy in your own dealings and never do the fair thing if you can help it.
Don't be a hisser up of strife in a community, and be a hidden coward at the bottom with a fiendish grin over your bad work.
Don't forget to mind your own business.

Special Announcement.

We have made arrangements with Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his Disease," which will enable all our subscribers to obtain a copy of that valuable work free by sending their address (enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same) to Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., Enosburgh Falls, Vt. This book is now recognized as standard authority upon all diseases of the horse, as its phenomenal sale attests, over four million copies having been sold in the past ten years, a sale never before reached by any publication in the same period of time. We feel confident that our patrons will appreciate the work and be glad to avail themselves of this opportunity of obtaining a valuable book. It is necessary that you mention this paper in sending for the "Treatise." This offer will remain open for only a short time.

Grand Concert.

The singing class at Beaver Dam school house, 1 mile south of Penn Hall, will close with a grand Comic Concert, Friday evening, March 6th. The concert will be conducted by their instructor, Prof. Luther Musser, of Penn Hall, assisted on the organ by Miss Emma Bloom, of Penn Hall. A cordial invitation is extended to all lovers of music to attend. The programme will consist mostly of comic songs. Admission 10 cents.

Marriage Licenses.

Following is the list of marriage licenses issued during the past week from the register's office, Bellefonte:
James Gummo, of Boggs township, and Emma Lose, of Pine Grove Mills.
O. L. Riesel, of Oak Hill, and M. S. Wieland, of Linden Hall.
J. H. Emeinsen, of Howard township, and Martha Ellen Force, of Burnside township.

To Fresco the Church.

The building committee of the Presbyterian church have given the contract of frescoing the same to Mr. D. F. Luse, of this place. Mr. Luse will commence operations this week, the scaffolding being erected on Tuesday. A good job can be expected, as Mr. Luse has had experience in that line of work.

Remember.

The Act of Assembly requires all those who were elected Justice of the Peace, at the Election on the 17th, to notify the Prothonotary, in writing within thirty days, whether they propose to accept the office. If no word is received no Commission will be issued by the State.

—A Titusville young man courted a girl up to the engagement point, and to help things along purchased her a handsome wedding outfit. But she ceased to love him before the day for the wedding arrived, and finally jilted him. Romeo could stand the loss of his girl all right, but he didn't propose to lose the clothes too, hence his plain, businesslike demand that she disgorge. In fact he went after himself, got them, and lugged them home under his arm. They'll do for some other bride.

Henderson's special organ, Fiedler's Gazette, should write up the last act—the blank business—or copy the scheme as printed in last week's REPORTER.

A census bulletin shows the total number of convicts in the penitentiaries of the United States to be 45,283.

Married.

WISE-HERR—On the 15th, by Rev. W. H. Slover, Mr. Harvey Wise and Miss Laura's Herb both of Woodward.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Additional Locals.

—Sunday last was Washington's birthday. How many knew of it?
—Our mechanics will all find employment at home this year.
—C. B. asks us: Can a person with a glass eye see. Answer: Yes—if his other eye is good.
—Subscribe for the REPORTER—a trial trip of 3 to 5 months, only 8 cents per month, less than cost.
—Quite a good crop of the tribe known as the tramp has been roaming our streets the last few days.
—The first family to open the flitting season will be Dr. Emerick, who will occupy his new house in a week or two.
—Give Lewins, Bellefonte, your order for a suit. He has one of the most experienced cutters to be had. A fit is guaranteed.
—Prof. Neff, in another column, gives notice of the opening of Spring Mills Academy. The Prof. is an experienced instructor.
—The Philad. Branch is thoroughly reliable, and Lewins has in stock a line of clothing that leads in quality and low prices. Satisfaction always given.
—Wednesday's weather report announced a severely cold wave on the way from the west, preceded by rain. The rain is here, will the cold wave catch us too?
—The festival held by the Evangelical ladies in the band hall, on Saturday evening, was well patronized, but have not heard the amount of net proceeds.
—A good warm boot or shoe is needed by all during this winter weather. A. C. Mingle, Bellefonte, keeps a complete stock and at low prices. Gum boots, shoes, etc., a speciality.
—The saw mill in the woods above town will soon be in operation again. Several changes have been made in the management. Mr. Underwood, the sawyer, having full charge of same.
—MUSICAL COLLEGE.—The 39 Session opens Monday May 4 for Young Ladies in Vocal and Instrumental Music.—Address, for circular,
F. C. MOYER,
Frederburg, Pa.
—Rev. Fischer's members of the Centre Hall church invaded the parsonage, on last Friday evening, to the number of about 75 and left piles of substantial upon his table, and under the table, in the hall, and even in the stable. An enjoyable time was had by the donors.
—Have you been to A. C. Mingle's shoe store in the Brockerhoff house block? Never miss going there when at Bellefonte, he always has something new and offers none but genuine goods which he warrants. For low prices in boots and shoes Mingle's is the place.
—An order has been issued at ex-Governor Beaver's nail works in Bellefonte in effect that on and after Monday boys under eighteen years of age will not be employed at the works. This notice has been issued in order to give work to a greater number of men who have families dependent on them.
—Renben C. Hale, of Philipsburg, who lived in Lancaster last summer, while engaged in the engineer corps of the Pennsylvania railroad, died suddenly, of diphtheria, at Selwyn school, Reading, on Tuesday. He was captain of the cadet company of that school and a man of much promise.
—Get the REPORTER on trial for 3 or 5 months, at campaign rates, eight cents per month. Send a sample copy to your friends outside the county, who formerly lived here; we put the price at less than cost for a trial trip. Let each reader send us at least one name, with the cash at the above low trial rate.
—A little boy in Lewistown thought it would be pleasant amusement to play being a letter carrier. He forthwith secured a bundle of fold love letters that his mother had kept since her courtship days, and distributed them from house to house through the neighborhood. What befel Tommy when his enterprise was discovered can be readily imagined.
—Gen. B. F. Fisher, of Philadelphia, delivered a lecture in the court house on Saturday evening last, at Bellefonte, on Reminiscences of Prison Life, for benefit of G. A. R. The general was one of the few who escaped from Libby prison during the war. The general is a native of this section and formerly clerked in Mr. Wm. Wolf's store, in this place. Gen. Fisher is one of the most prominent attorneys at the Philadelphia bar.
—The First National Bank of Bellefonte the Houtzdale bank, and the Southwestern National Bank of Philadelphia impeaching the Guarantee Trust and Safe deposit Company, and praying for their removal as Assignees for the great estate of Robert Hare Powell. The petitions charge gross and fraudulent mismanagement of the \$4,000,000 estate. An answer to the charges has been filed, and now there is every prospect for a couple of good fat fees for some enterprising lawyers.