

# The Centre Reporter.



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THE CENTRE REPORTER  
FRED KURTZ, -- EDITOR

## Democratic Nominations.

### STATE TICKET.

For Governor,  
ROBERT E. PATTERSON.  
For Lieutenant Governor,  
CHAUNCEY F. BLACK.  
For Secretary of Internal Affairs,  
WILLIAM H. BARCLAY.

There are symptoms that Messrs Reed and McKinley will not be called upon to write the platform for the next Republican National Convention.

We note that when Mr. Reed is not under fire there is a fire under Mr. Reed. So taking one thing with another the Speaker is having a warm time of it.

Chairman Heineke, for the sake of harmony yielded his chances for the sheriff's office, and they were bright, his canvass was short, but he scooped in a creditable number of delegates.

We have since been informed bro. Leonard didn't even have his tickets printed in a Democratic office—the Reporter, Watchman and the Democrat were slighted—no doubt his personal organ, the Gazette, got the fat job.

Tom Dunkle was as busy as a bee and made a gallant fight, his reward, was to come within an ace of winning the sheriff's office for a second time. He can feel proud of the hand he held. We doubt whether any ex-sheriff could have mustered as large a support soon after serving the office, as did Mr. Dunkle.

Immediately upon the announcement of the report of the wholesale expulsion of Jews, from Russia, the Department of State cabled to the American Legation in St. Petersburg, asking if there was any foundation for the same, and has been informed that there was not.

A rough, unofficial count of the schedules of the Pennsylvania census supervisors places the total population of the State at 5,592,003. These figures will be revised by the official count, which may show a difference of 50,000 either way. These figures show an increase in the State of 1,011,000, the total population in 1880 having been recorded at 4,282,891.

Everything passed off harmoniously in the Democratic county convention, on Tuesday. The court house was crowded, and good order prevailed.

The ticket nominated gives more than the ordinary satisfaction immediately after nominations are made. The expressions on all hands were, "the ticket is a good one." The farmer element has the lion's share, and as the names are good ones it should receive a big vote from the agricultural class.

Of course, there was a little soreness, as usual, on the part of unsuccessful candidates, but these seem to accept the result in good humor.

Worthy bro. Leonard listened very sharply, and found the Reporter correct again—somebody was calling him for to be a senator—only three out of about 93 delegates, and these when there was no contest made. The bro. should know now that advocating high tariffs to rob the farmer; attempting to banish the good and true Democratic Reporter from the picnic ground to please Fiedler's Gazette, the vile slanderer of Democrats, and having that sweet sheet for his personal organ; and going against the warnings of the grange in making the oats operators his lieutenants, by which "my people" were scooped in to the tune of thousands, such, worthy brother, is not the stuff Democrats call when they want a senator. See?

The "Original-Package" bill is to become a law in the form in which it passed the Senate, the conference report to that effect having been adopted in the House. In this form it simply gives to States the power to regulate prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors imported into them from other States, notwithstanding that they are articles of inter-State commerce. This is a power which the Supreme Court decided that the States do not possess under the Constitution. That being so, it is difficult to comprehend how it can be given to them by Congress but as the Supreme Court plainly intimated that Congress might grant the power to States, it will doubtless sustain a law having that purpose. That will give it practical effect, whether it is really constitutional or not, just as the decision of the court already made practically took away a power of the States which was reserved to them by the Constitution. What the Supreme Court says is law must be law to all intents and purposes, however inconsistent it may be with constitutional principles.

## The Farmers' Encampment.

Robert Coleman, the owner of Mount Gretna, will have expended at least \$15,000 when all the work necessary for the proper accommodation of the farmers' encampment shall have been completed. About four weeks ago a large force of men began clearing away underbrush to permit the erection of the necessary platforms for the exhibition of agricultural machinery and to open avenues for the accommodation of the tents of thousands of people who are expected to visit the encampment. From eight to ten acres of woodland have been cleared of all objectionable material, but at the direct of Mr. Coleman no trees were removed unless their sacrifice was unavoidable.

Nearly 80,000 feet of lumber has been used in the construction of the platforms the flooring of which is planned yellow pine. There are sixteen platforms on the ground, measuring 32 feet in width and 150 feet in length, placed in position at a cost of about \$5,000, and these will be hardly sufficient for the proper display of the machinery that will be on exhibition during the encampment.

Over 130 applications for space have already been granted, but in many instances exhibitors were required, to take less space than they wanted. Some of them desired an entire platform, but had to be content with a length of sixty feet in order that all who have made application might be accommodated. The sixteen platforms are said to have a capacity three times greater than those at Williams Grove.

Manufacturers of agricultural implements for twenty States have secured space for the display of their machinery and several others are expected to be represented. Among those which will have exhibits on the ground are all the New England States and all those contiguous to Pennsylvania. The great agricultural States of Ohio and Illinois will be among those who will make creditable displays, and so will Georgia, Florida and other distant Southern States.

Philad. Times: Mr. Blaine's reciprocity scheme, so ably and fearlessly presented in his two letters to Senator Fry, was the first sign of statesmanship that has been exhibited by the party in power in solving the tariff problem. As presented by Mr. Blaine, it was a bold, broad, comprehensive, statesmanlike plan for the enlargement of markets for our farming and other industrial products and for cheapening many of the necessities of industry and of life. It was the first common sense, practical, business proposition that has been heard from the leaders of the party that is in control of all departments of the government and therefore directly and wholly responsible to the country for legislative results.

The present delegation in Congress from the States of Pennsylvania contains twenty-one Republicans and seven Democrats. When these twenty-one Republicans shall come stumping among you this fall, and shall tell you that the McKinley Tariff bill was devised to better your condition, you should reply: "There is not a section or a line in the entire bill that will open a market for another bushel of wheat or another barrel of pork." And if they want to know your authority for that statement you can tell them it is James G. Blaine, the chief apostle of protection and the secretary of state of this administration.

The happy unity that pervades the Republican party on the McKinley bill is illustrated by the fact that six senators on that side—Dawes, Ingalls, Plumb, Paddock, Manderson and Teller—have voted to reduce the duties in important schedules from the rate reported by the senate finance committee, which was a reduction from the McKinley rate. These six votes arrayed against the bill as a whole—which is not at all likely—while the Democratic opposition, would kill it.

The protected manufacturers for a century have been promising the farmers a home market. The census returns show that the farm towns in New England are losing population. It is a well-known fact that many towns of that section have been abandoned because the land does not afford its possessors a living. Whatever home market the manufacturers have furnished seems to be for men and women whom they have drawn from the fields to mill servitude.

## Great War Library.

Wanted educated and energetic men to take orders for the "Great War Library," complete in ten volumes and sold on easy monthly payments. Contains the works of general Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Hancock, Crawford, McClellan and Custer. Good men easily earn sixty dollars weekly. The grandest thing in recent years. Address Ohas. L. Webster & Co., 3 East 14th St., New York.

## Another Chance For Quay.

The following letters, one giving Mr. Quay a chance to vindicate himself free of expense, and the other giving excellent reasons for not voting for Delamater for Governor of Pennsylvania, are made public:

To the Hon. Matthew S. Quay:  
Dear Sir: The charges of embezzlement while State Treasurer of Pennsylvania brought against you by the New York World, Evening Post, Nation, Puck, and other papers of responsibility have so far met neither reply nor denial at your hands. It is and has been very irritating to many earnest Republicans to have you ignore these grave accusations, made most pointed and emphatic in last week's Puck, which undoubtedly you have seen. You are there depicted in a felon's garb, plainly called a felon, holding the whip, and compelling the respectable leaders of the "Grand Old Party" to march at the command of a felon overseer.

As you perhaps shun suit for libel against any or all of your accusers on account of the great expense therein involved, it has been suggested by some of those Republicans who are indirectly smarting under these accusations to raise a fund of sufficient amount to institute and push suits for civil and criminal libel against your open accusers.

Please let me know if this plan of vindicating your honor as Chairman of the Republican National Committee and United States Senator meets with your approval and oblige yours, respectfully,  
RUDOLPH BLANKENBURG.  
PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Aug. 5, 1890.

## The Hon. George W. Delamater.

Dear Sir: Absence from my office when you called last week prevented my giving you personally the reasons why I cannot support and vote for you for Governor of Pennsylvania, and I now do so in writing.

You were openly and directly charged in April last, by ex-Senator Emery, a reputable and responsible citizen, with one of the gravest crimes against our free institutions, "purchasing your election and bribing citizens to vote for you," and you were challenged by Mr. Emery to bring an action at law against him, so he could set his proof before the people, oath-bound.

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Had you been charged with embezzling money, robbing a widow or orphan, you would, as an innocent man, not have allowed one day to pass before bringing suit for civil and criminal libel against your accuser; yet here, charged with a crime much more serious and far-reaching in its consequences, you have rested silent for months; whether because you have no defense, or do not consider the charge of "bribing voters and purchasing your election," a serious one, I know not.

Crime against individuals, such as larceny, embezzlement, and forgery, are insignificant compared with crimes against the sacred rights of citizenship, the elective franchise, which is the bulwark and foundation of our liberties. Let every thoughtful man, partisan though he may be, pause, reflect, and take to heart the earnest call made upon you in April last by one of the leading Republican papers of the country, the Philadelphia Press, to meet the charges against you fully and completely.

Had you right appreciation of the gravity of the accusation against you you would not have let four months elapse without even as much as a murmur, and were you at this late day to bring an action against your accuser, it would lack force and weight, as the law's delay could easily be invoked by your counsel to defer trial until after election, and then, as is generally done in such cases, have the suit withdrawn.

The nomination of ex-Gov. Robert E. Pattison, fortunately, makes it easy for Republicans who own themselves to exercise their better judgment by casting their ballots for him. His personal character is without blemish; his record, whenever the right of the people were jeopardized by arrogant and powerful corporations, is enviable; his political career has won the admiration of even his political opponents, as expressed in the editorial remarks of the most partisan Republican papers when he relinquished the gubernatorial office four years ago.

I regret that I cannot support the nomination of the Republican convention at Harrisburg, for reasons above stated, aside from the important one that the will and the choice of the vast majority of the Republican party, who desired the nomination of the gallant soldier, Gen. Hastings, were stifled through the one-man power and political machinations of Senator Matthew S. Quay. Yours respectfully,  
RUDOLPH BLANKENBURG.  
PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Aug. 5, 1890.

## Local Briefs

—Bargains on clothing.—C. P. Long.  
—Go see Camp's new stock of furniture.

—The wind has begun whistling o'er the oats stubble and cold weather is near at hand.

—Mrs. Groh, wife of Rev. Groh and her sister, Mrs. Stitzer are visiting friends in this valley.

—Quite a number of our citizens attended the Democratic convention at Bellefonte on Tuesday.

—The boys have declared war on the sparrow, using spring guns as weapons, and have become quite good shots with them.

—An entire new stock of furniture, and is handsome too, at Camp's new store. An inspection only is asked, to convince.

—Lewis is putting out new suits like hot cakes. Everybody wants them because they are so cheap and well made out of the best goods. He takes your measure and will make a suit to order if desired.

—If in need of anything in the line of furniture, a visit to Camp's new store will not be regretted. He sells at the lowest margin, and his stock is of the latest and best finish. Go see it under any circumstances.

—Father Pauly, of near Tusseyville, of whose illness we made mention last week, died on Tuesday. He was an old resident of that section and well up in years. He was father-in-law of John Wagner, who died only about three weeks before.

—Have you been to A. C. Mingle's shoe store in the Brockerhoff house block? Never miss going there when at Bellefonte, he always has something new and offers none but genuine goods, which he warrants. For low prices in boots and shoes Mingle's is the place.

Port Royal Times: A mysterious disease has been playing sad havoc with the swine in Walker township, Juniata county. We learn that Harry Hartman lost twelve hogs, W. Porter Thompson ten, and a number of other persons a smaller number. The hogs are first attacked with sore throat which continues to grow worse until death puts an end to their sufferings.

—At Altoona, while passing through the observation car attached to his train W. H. McCartney, a passenger conductor on the Pittsburg division of the Pennsylvania railroad, noticed an old pocket-book lying on the floor. He picked it up, and on opening it found bills and checks aggregating \$158,000. He made inquiry and soon found the owner, who proved to be a Kansas Cattle raiser returning from a successful trip to the east. He offered to reward Mr. McCartney quite handsomely, but that gentleman refused to accept anything.

—The road from town to the station is in a bad condition, full of loose stones and gutters, making driving anything but a pleasure. The council is very prompt in notifying anyone of repairs to be made to private property, but seem to be afraid to inform the turnpike company of their streets. It is a shame and disgrace to an incorporated body to allow the streets to become in the condition they are. If the turnpike company still want to collect toll for the use of its property it should be improved, or not make the assessment.

—Don't sign any paper for any one except those with whom you are acquainted and know to be honest. A new swindle is being carried on in Connecticut by means of a double fountain pen one end of which is filled with good substantial ink, the other with ink that fades away in a day or two. The sharper writes his agreement, contract or whatever particular way he may have chosen, with the ink that fades, and his victim signs with the other end of the pen in the ink that lasts. In a few days he has a slip of paper with nothing on it but a good signature, over which he writes any sort of a note that he can most easily turn into cash.

—A strange scene was witnessed in Williamsport the other day, according to the Gazette & Bulletin. A few neighbors assembled at the home of Mrs. Chas. Smith, who was dying with cancer. At her request the marriage of her son, Clark Johnson, to Mary Brown, who had been with her during her illness, was hastened that she might see them united. And a few minutes before 11 o'clock the Rev. John Mills performed the ceremony, and leading them to the bedside said to the woman, "Here are your children." She smiled, and clasping a hand of each invoked a blessing on them, settled back on her pillow breathed a few times and fell asleep in Jesus.

## Fresh Air Children.

Another installment of fresh air children was received in this valley, though not as large as last one. They arrived on Friday last, about forty were put off at Coburn and about ten in this section.

## Pennsylvania Reserve Day.

The Board of Commissioners on Gettysburg monuments have erected, in accordance with the law, monuments on Gettysburg battlefield, and have set apart September 2, 1890, to be known as "Pennsylvania Reserve Day," at which time the dedicatory services will be held from rostrum of National Cemetery. Ex-Governor Curtin will preside, and eminent speakers of the "Old Corps" deliver addresses; it is hoped that all who can will attend. Orders for railroad tickets, a rate of one fare for round trip, can be procured from any Post of the Grand Army, Department of Pennsylvania, from the secretaries of the various regimental associations, or from James McCormick, Secretary, City Hall, Philadelphia. The ceremonies at the rostrum in the National Cemetery include these addresses: "The Organization of the Reserves," Hon. Andrew G. Curtin; "The Commanders of the Reserves," Colonel John H. Taggart; "The First Brigade at Gettysburg," Brevet Brig-General Robert A. McCoy; "The Third Brigade at Gettysburg," Lieutenant W. Hayes Grier.

## The State Census.

The uncorrected returns of the census show that Pennsylvania has gained considerably on New York within the past decade. New York is credited with a population of 5,998,693 and Pennsylvania with 5,393,003, the difference between them being 605,690. In 1880 New York had a population of 5,082,870 and Pennsylvania 4,282,891 the difference between them being 799,979. In ten years New York has gained 615,822 but Pennsylvania has gained 1,109,112. The percentage of gain in Pennsylvania has been almost 26; that of New York has been about 18 per cent. The same ratio of gain would make Pennsylvania only about 250,000 less than New York in 1900 and would make it greater than New York in 1910. The Keystone state is destined to be also the very biggest stone in the arch.

## Judge Metzger Wins.

The commission of judges, in the Lycoming judicial contest appointed two years ago by Governor Beaver, to decide the contested judgeship between Benjamin Bentley, republican contestant, and John Metzger, democratic incumbent, decided on Tuesday in favor of the latter. In rendering the decision the commission said that no evidence of fraud had been found, but only gross irregularities in the election. Therefore they decided in favor of the democratic incumbent.

## To Extend the Free Delivery.

Senator Sawyer has proposed an amendment to the general deficiency bill, appropriating \$10,000 to enable the Postmaster General to test at small towns and villages the practicability and expense of extending the free delivery to offices of the fourth class and others of offices not now embraced within the free delivery, said test to be made on petition of the patrons and in the discretion of the Postmaster General.

## Marriage Licenses.

Following is the list of marriage licenses issued during the past week:  
James N. Smeltzer and Emma Blanche Riley, both of Mt. Eagle.  
Jacob B. Lucas, of Boggs township, and Eva S. Eckley of Union township.  
Joseph Shinclock and Kate Papokey, both of Point Lookout.

The custom in this country of thanking people through the press for their attendance on the sick, at funerals, assistance rendered at festivals, etc., is in very bad form and is criticised severely. Such method of thanking people is very unsatisfactory. It is the duty of friends to attend the sick and to attend the funerals of friends, and it is not necessary to publicly thank people for their duty. If any one has rendered you a special favor, thank him privately, either in person or by letter, and the acknowledgment will be appreciated much more than would be a general thanksgiving expressed in a general way through the press. Ex.

## New Banking Firm.

Wm. F. Reynolds has withdrawn from the banking institution which he founded in Bellefonte, and with which he has been connected for nearly half a century. The new firm will consist of Jackson, Kreider & Hastings.

The New York Sun thinks it is a curious fact that the two distinct propositions to introduce gag law in the Senate should proceed from Senator Blair of New Hampshire, who can and does make more speeches on the same subject than any other living man, and from Senator Hear, the same speech who habitually delivers the same speech twice over, the first time in his night attire and before his bedroom mirror, the second time in the Senate chamber.

—The Pennsylvania company refused to carry certain original packages of liquor shipped from the state of Ohio into Pennsylvania. In issuing this order of refusal there was brought to light the actual dealings in original packages, the extent of which has hitherto been an unknown quantity. The liquor was shipped in quart bottles packed in small boxes, into which each bottle fits snugly. In one week Leachburg and Blairsville received 600 little boxes or 600 quarts of low grade whisky. The stuff was shipped from Canton, O. The matter was investigated by the railroad authorities and resulted in an order being issued refusing to carry such packages hereafter. The news of the signing of the anti-original package bill had not then been received here. The ground taken by the company is that it will not connive at any infraction of the law. This is probably the first time a railroad has refused to carry liquor when it is believed that the liquor was to be sold illegally.

Kansas produced last year 240,000,000 bushels of corn, about one-tenth the production in the entire country. If the Kansas crop this year proves to be only 20 per cent. of last year, as is now announced, say 48,000,000 bushels, and the loss in adjoining States, of which Nebraska produced 150,000,000 and Missouri 218,000,000, is proportionately as great, the shortage of the entire crop will reach 400,000,000 bushels for these States alone or one-fifth of the total crop in the United States.

Theodore Tilton emerges from his Parisian seclusion long enough to remark: "No, I shall never go back to America. Society there has committed a crime against me. I defended myself and was beaten."

The count in the Census Office has been so far completed as to enable the Superintendent to say that the total population will be about 64,000,000. Up to-day the counters have counted twice in the process, that stands for forty-four millions of inhabitants. The calculation of the Superintendent is that the count will be so far completed by Sept. 1 that he will be able to make on that day an official statement of the population. This will be a much earlier announcement of the population than any formerly given. For 1870 the statement of the total population was not given out until August of 1871. For 1880 the census enumeration was completed so that the announcement of the total population was made in March, 1881.

The national debt statement for August 1 shows an increase in the debt of the United States during the month of July of \$49,391,865.75. This comes from covering into the treasury as a liability the trust fund of \$54,207,975.75 belonging to the national banks to make good the deficiency that will be caused by the reckless appropriations of this congress. The surplus in the treasury had declined July 1 to \$55,409,748, and by this dodge the surplus is raised to \$104,672,400. There will be little left of this by August 1, 1891.

Mongolia Lodge, No. 602, I. O. O. F., of Phillipsburg have recently erected a fine block and equipped a hall at an expense of about \$20,000. The dedication is to take place Oct. 15th, 1890. The officers of the Grand Lodge will be in attendance, and a parade and banquet will be given. The parade is expected to be one of the largest and finest which has ever taken place in that section of the State. Special trains have been secured to convey all who wish to go and return to their homes the same evening. Hundreds of Lodges Encampments and Cantons have been invited. The many other orders, in Phillipsburg and vicinity of which there are a score or more will join in the parade. A big time is promised.

The expense of the Lycoming judicial contest is likely to reach \$27,000 and falls on the county.

## A Wonder.

It is really wonderful how many individuals permit themselves to be hood-winked by quick medicines and compounds of all kinds. A sure cure for nearly all diseases that flesh is heir to, are the often spoken words on each bottle of this trash. Doctors of repute who have spent their days, and nights too, in their studies to learn if possible any new thing to prolong life, and to make life more enjoyable, have no hesitancy in recommending Klein's Silver Age Rye. Mr. Klein does not claim that it cures all ailments; but it is considered by all who know the goods that it is a fine stimulant that it is used in City Hospitals; that Physicians recommend it; may prescribe it, and that it strengthens the weak. It is also admitted by all who know Mr. Max Klein that his many years in business have fitted him not only to deal fairly with the world, but made him the leader of his line in our state. His Pennsylvania Rye Whiskies, 6 full quarts, old and pure at five dollars are the wonders of the day. His wines, gins, brandies and in fact anything in the liquor line can not be excelled, as to price or quality send for his complete price list and catalogue and convince yourself. His P. O. address Max Klein 92 Federal St., Allegheny, Pa.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,  
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—Big stock of new suits, for spring at Lewins, head quarters for low prices and genuine goods—no shoddy or auction stock. The Philadelphia Branch always leads.