

THE CENTRE REPORTER

FRED. KURTZ, Editor and Prop.

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CENTRE HALL, PA., THURS. JUNE 5.

CONGRESSIONAL RESUME.

Laborers of the National Legislators at Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The house elected Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, speaker pro tem. In the absence of Mr. Reed, several District of Columbia bills were passed.

Mr. Plumb offered in the senate a resolution instructing the finance committee to prepare and report (in connection with the tariff bill) a statement showing the duties levied under existing law, the duties as they would be under the house bill, and the duties under the bill to be reported by the committee.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The house passed bills for the erection of public buildings at Beaver Falls, Pa., and Martinsburg, W. Va. The conference report on the customs administrative bill was agreed to, 127 to 13, the speaker pro tem. counting a quorum.

The bill to regulate liquor commerce between the states occupied the senate. Mr. Eustis said it was proposed to legislate against the breweries of Milwaukee and St. Louis and the distilleries of Kentucky, Illinois, North Carolina, New York and New Hampshire.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The house passed the river and harbor bill. Richard Vaux, of Pennsylvania, was sworn in to succeed the late Samuel J. Hand.

The senate continued at length the discussion of the bill to regulate the liquor traffic between the states, and it went over without action.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—The senate passed the bill subjecting imported liquors to the laws of the various states. The river and harbor appropriation bill was received from the house and referred to the committee on commerce.

The house passed a large batch of public building bills. WASHINGTON, June 3.—The house passed a bill to ratify an agreement entered into by commissioners of New York and Pennsylvania in regard to the boundary lines between those two states.

Mr. Morrill addressed the senate on the silver bill. The conference report on the army appropriation bill was taken up and the canteen system proposed by the bill was discussed.

Five Children Left to Starve. COLUMBIA, S. C., June 2.—The inquest over the body of a little child in Union county showed that the five children of the family had been practically murdered by their parents.

The Spring Palace Fire. FORT WORTH, Tex., June 2.—W. Hayne, a railroad contractor, is the only victim of the Spring Palace fire.

Walt Whitman Honored. PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—Walt Whitman was entertained at dinner in this city Saturday night by a number of his literary friends.

Clarkson Will Not Resign. PITTSBURG, June 2.—Assistant Postmaster General J. S. Clarkson was in the limited last night going west.

Frightened by Hail. PARKERSBURG, W. Va., June 2.—A rain and hail storm that lasted ten minutes caused a panic among the teams on Market street and broke a good many windows.

Sam Small Moves to Utah. OGDEN, Utah, June 2.—The Rev. Sam Small, the noted southern evangelist, has been elected president of the Methodist university in this city.

Angry Drummers. CINCINNATI, June 2.—The grand council of the United Commercial Travelers association adopted a resolution demanding of President Harrison in the name of the 250,000 traveling men the removal of John A. Place, postmaster at Oswego, editor of the Oswego Times, who editorially denounced the profession as rakes, profligates, mashers and seducers.

The Disaster at Oakland. SAN FRANCISCO, June 2.—All the bodies recovered from the Oakland disaster have been identified. Parties are still at the wreck searching the bed of the creek, but it is believed no more than thirteen lives were lost.

GARFIELD MEMORIAL.

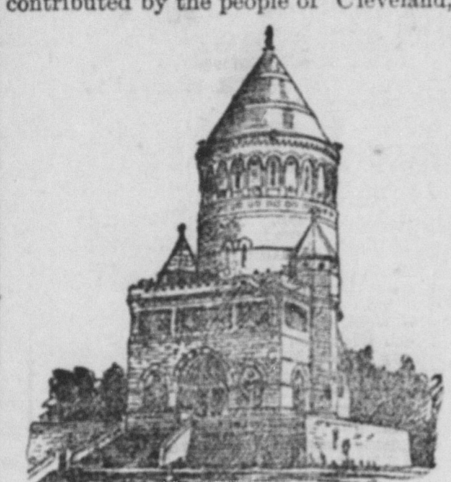
Dedicated at Cleveland with Impressive Ceremonies.

HARRISON ON THE UNION FLAG.

The President's Eloquent Tribute to the Martyred Garfield—Address by Ex-President Hayes—"Plain Uncle Billy" Sherman Awakes the Enthusiasm of the Multitude—McKinley Receives an Ovation—An Imposing Parade.

CLEVELAND, May 31.—The Garfield memorial in Lakeview cemetery, was dedicated with imposing ceremonies in the presence of the president of the United States, members of his cabinet and distinguished men from all parts of the country.

The memorial is a colossal structure, towering 165 feet above an eminence in the cemetery which overlooks the city and surrounding country. The edifice cost \$150,000, of which one-half was contributed by the people of Cleveland.



THE GARFIELD MONUMENT.

The remainder coming from every state and territory in the Union and from many foreign lands.

The exercises began with a parade of military and civic societies, the procession forming in the center of the city and moving to the cemetery, a distance of five miles.

The city was filled with strangers and thousands of people lined Euclid avenue and flocked in from intersecting streets long before the hour for the procession to move. The decorations along the line of march and all over the city for that matter, were the finest ever seen here.

At the Monument. It was after 2 o'clock when the head of the procession reached the base of the monument. The greensward immediately in front of the veterans of Garfield's regiment, and as soon as they came into view Mrs. Garfield, who was attired in deep mourning with a long widow's veil, rose with her children to her feet while the veterans gave her round after round of applause.

The presidential party was announced with the blare of trumpets. President Harrison took a seat to the right of the chair on the extreme front edge of the platform, with Vice President Morton, Gen. Sherman and Schiefel, ex-Postmaster General James Bishop Gilmore, the Garfield family, Bishop Leonard and Congressman McKinley completing the guests.

After the hymn "America" had been sung by the Memorial church President Hayes stepped to the front of the platform and spoke as follows: Fellow Citizens: James Abram Garfield, a native of Ohio, a brave and patriotic Union soldier, a statesman and scholar, and president of the United States, having died in the path of duty, his countrymen of all the states and territories and of the District of Columbia—and especially his friends and neighbors of the city of Cleveland and of the western reserve—sided by many good people in other lands, have erected this memorial and enduring structure to perpetuate his memory to future generations.

This noble purpose has been fitly embodied by the eminent architect, Mr. George Keller. In the memorial structure which will now be dedicated in the presence of this uncounted multitude of witnesses. Upon these ceremonies the divine blessing will be invoked by the Right Rev. Bishop Leonard.

Prayers were offered by Bishop W. A. Leonard and Hon. Jacob D. Cox, ex-governor of Ohio, was introduced as the orator of the day. The oration occupied in its delivery one hour and ten minutes. Towards the end dark clouds loomed up in the east and there were several sharp peals of thunder. The audience becoming weary, called time on the speaker and also indulged in general rounds of applause, but he kept on to the end of his manuscript.

After the halilujah chorus had been rendered the president was received with a warm welcome. In a remarkably vigorous manner and with numerous gestulations, he spoke as follows: President Harrison's Speech.

Fellow citizens: The selection of these exercises on this day consecrated to the memory of those who died that there might be one flag of honor and authority in this republic (great applause and cheering) is most fitting. That flag floats here, the unrivaled object of our loyalty.

This beautiful and imposing monument fitly typifies the grand and symmetrical character of him in whose honor it has been builded. His was the arduous greatness of things done. No ladder of preferment was fashioned and placed by other hands for his ambition. He framed and nailed the cleats upon which his aspiring feet rose to summits of public usefulness and fame.

He did not cease to be student and teacher when he left academic halls. As a volunteer soldier he quickly made himself familiar with tactics and strategy and imparted in a brief army career some valuable lessons in military science. He was a profound student of the political history of his country and one of the most brilliant and instructive of the great debaters who have appeared in the national congress. What he would have done and been in the presidency is chiefly left to that space of life was given him to teach from his dying bed a great lesson of loving forbearance. His mortal part will find here honorable repose while the lessons of his life and death will continue to be impressive and instructive incidents in American history.

Tecumseh Arouses Enthusiasm. There was hearty applause mingled with cries for McKinley, when the president resumed his seat. Vice President Morton, who was next brought forward, spoke briefly. He referred to his personal acquaintance with the dead president and said that his life was a

lesson and an inspiration to the youth of the land.

When Gen. Sherman was introduced the cheering lasted for several minutes. The occupants of the grand stand rose to their feet and President Harrison, swinging his hat, called for three more cheers, which were given with a will.

Gen. Sherman said that in California he was known as a pioneer, in New York as a member of the chamber of commerce and in Ohio, thank God, as plain "Uncle Billy." Gen. Garfield was the finest type of manhood, both as a soldier and as a citizen, that his memory recalled. He hoped that God would bless his memory and that the people would stand by those as long as they lived who were true and faithful in the days of peril.

A Few Eloquent Tributes. Messrs. Wanamaker, Miller and Rusk, who were next called for, contented themselves with bowing to the throng and good naturedly declined to respond to vociferous calls for speeches.

Secretary Windom told how when Gen. Garfield was near the point of death at Long Branch, N. Jersey, Sherman had said to him that if it would restore him to health he would give up the last drop of blood in his body. This brought out much cheering, and ex-United States Marshal Henry, Guiteau's executioner, led another round from his place among the Garfield veterans.

Ex-Postmaster General James declined to make a speech, while Bishop Gilmore in a few well chosen remarks drew a lesson from Garfield's filial devotion. Gen. Schofield, "simple soldier who was only trying to do his duty," paid a brief tribute to Garfield's memory.

McKinley Comes Forth. The chief for McKinley were redoubled at this point. At first he bowed his thanks and refused to speak, but as the demonstration was continued he made a brief speech: The popular branch of congress, he said, never had a more majestic leader. Facing the president and speaking with considerable emphasis, he said: "No president since Washington, Lincoln and Grant, has ever been closer to the hearts of the people than Gen. Garfield."

The clouds by this time had passed to the northwest. Then followed an impressive service by the Knights Templar, Grand Capt. Gen. M. J. Houck, Grand Commander Henry Perkins and Grand Prelate L. F. Van Cleve officiating. The service consisted of responsive reading, music and an invocation by the grand prelate.

It was 6 o'clock before the exercises were concluded and midnight before the last of the vast crowd had been able to secure transportation from the cemetery to the city.

An Old Original Package Case. BURLINGTON, Ia., June 2.—The Hawkeye publishes an article by Judge Huston, of this city, bringing to light an interesting decision of the United States supreme court—reported in 114 United States report, page 622—precisely parallel in principle to the recent Iowa original package decision, in which the court reached exactly the opposite conclusion. The court then held that after the property imported from another state had reached its destination it was at once a commodity and "it had become a part of the general mass of property in the state" without having passed out of the hands of the consignee." The former decision has apparently been overlooked.

The B'nai B'rith. RICHMOND, Va., June 3.—The general convention of the B'nai B'rith resumed its session in the capital building. All the prominent Israelitish citizens of Richmond are active in their endeavors to entertain the visiting delegates and show them characteristic Virginia hospitality. Mayor Ellyson, in behalf of the city, made an address of welcome which was followed by J. L. M. Curry, D. D., ex-United States minister to Spain, in a superb speech, in which he paid a high tribute to the Israelitish of today for their educational attainments, their morals, their philanthropy and their public spirit.

Harrison Going to Cape May. WASHINGTON, May 28.—It is nearly settled that the president and his family will summer at Cape May Point, N. J., either with the postmaster general, who has a cottage there, or in a cottage that is being especially constructed for that purpose. At all events, Mrs. Harrison has come to the conclusion that she does not want to spend another summer at Deer Park, and it is known that she is very favorably impressed with the seashore scenery. Senator Sewell called on the president and repeated his invitation to accept the executive household quarters at his cottage at Cape May.

The Oregon Election. PORTLAND, Oreg., June 3.—In the state election held yesterday the vote for governor was close, but the returns received were favorable to the governor, Democrat. Meager returns from the state indicate the re-election of Hermer, Republican, for congress by from 4,000 to 6,000 majority. The Republicans will probably have a majority in the legislature on joint ballot.

Printers' Strike in Chattanooga. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 3.—The union printers of this city have raised the scale 5 cents per 1,000, and have notified the employers that their demand must be met. Two daily and five weekly newspapers and nine job offices have signed an agreement not to pay the advanced prices, and are preparing to meet the strike of the eighty-five members of the typographical union.

Not a Howling Success. ST. PAUL, June 3.—The singers who came here to appear at the May festival have gone east. Some of them have not been paid. The loss on the festival is much greater than was at first reported. The receipts from the sale of seats amounted to \$700 a day, and the daily expenses aggregated \$750.

Rhode Island Town Elections. PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 3.—The result of the little town elections show much balloting and the presence of independent voters everywhere. In some cases fusion tickets were elected. In others candidates lacked only one or two votes of an election.

Stonemasons on Strike. PITTSBURG, June 3.—The stonemasons of Pittsburgh and Allegheny to the number of 700 struck for an increase in wages of 4 cents per hour. They are now receiving \$3.00 per day and want \$4.

A Democratic Mayor Elected. NORWICH, June 3.—Crandall, Democrat, was elected mayor yesterday. The Republicans elected the remainder of the city ticket.

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Our counters and shelves are packed with all the latest and newest things that the market affords for men's wear. The quantity, quality and variety of our stock is far in advance of any ever shown you in Centre County. It is only necessary for you to give us a call; inspect our stock; take make, fit and prices into consideration, and we feel certain that we will then number you among our many customers. We do not offer you goods at cost. We ask you a fair, legitimate profit; give you the best value possible for the money; we give you the privilege of returning anything bought of us not perfectly satisfactory in every particular, and your money will be refunded as cheerfully as it was given to us.

Give us a call; come and look at our stock and prices, is all that we ask. Your judgment, we are satisfied, will do the balance.

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Reynold's New Bank Building, OPPOSITE BROCKERHOFF HOUSE.

FOUNTAIN HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA. EMANUEL BROWN, Proprietor. The traveling community will find this hotel equal to any in the county in every respect, for man and beast, and charges very moderate. Give it a trial. 28 June 11

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The New Garm-- House has arisen from its ashes and is open for the public. New building new furniture throughout, steam heat, electric bells, and all modern improvements. Good table.

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