

# The Centre Reporter.



VOL. LXIII.

CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1890.

NO. 9

## THE CENTRE REPORTER FRED KURTZ, - - EDITOR

Butler county has instructed for Wallace for Governor.

If we are to have no ice by freezing process, can't some good woman bake a cake of ice?

Quay is scooping in delegates for Delamater right along. Next he may try to gobble up Centre too.

It is reported now that the rubber crop will be short. There need be no alarm for it, there are lots of people whose consciences are of rubber and a good substitute is at hand.

Snyder county has elected delegates for Delamater. It was in some of the dark portions of Snyder where Republicans were made believe, Delamater was the hero of Johnstown.

Sheriff Cook's inviting only Republicans to the hanging must be accounted for that he thinks they needed a warning from an actual sight of the terrors of the law—a double swing—to make them mend their ways.

We sincerely pity the Republicans of this county—a large portion of them are honest and wish to see matters go right; we pity them for having to admit they are responsible for such official botches as Cook, Henderson and Decker. Goss and Harter they need not be ashamed of.

Disguise as they may, there is nothing troubling the Republicans so much as the position of the Democracy upon the tariff question, and their determination to educate the people upon it. The tariff-tax party is just now whistling while passing a graveyard.

Governor Boies was inaugurated Governor of Iowa at Des Moines, the first Democratic Governor of the state since 1854. In his address he declared that the Prohibition law had been openly violated since its adoption and that "a carefully framed license law" was the only remedy.

Taxpayers in localities where bridges were repaired should carefully examine the Auditor's Report to see whether a snake has been "lumped" in any of the bills paid, like that of which rumor fixes on the bill for repairs of the Spring Mills bridge. Taxpayers, keep both your eyes open, some fellows are not trotting to Bellefonte every day, for nothing—they are after more than \$3 per day.

Senator Blair is terribly out of humor at the newspapers of the land because they did not give much space to his three days' speech on the educational bill. This reminds us of a crank in these parts who has been trying to get himself into notice by a lot of nonsense on taxation, and then complained to the Reporter that "the Centre county papers (sic) did not give him the recognition he deserved."

Berks county farmers are having hard luck. The values of their farms have depreciated one-half, their products are selling at very low rates; the roads are poor, and taxes remain high.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

Zounds! The republicans are in full possession of the country and the tariff now in operation is of their making. Alas, alack!

John L. Sullivan's appeal to the Supreme Court of Mississippi, from the sentence upon him for prize fighting in Marion County, comes up next Monday, but the decision is not expected until a week later. The leasing system is still in vogue, and if the sentence stands some one may hire the eminent convict and make good use of his muscular power by devoting it to the chopping of wood or digging of ditches. Meantime his patron saint, the Marquis of Queensbury, is furious as an English Lord, and threatens to go on the field of honor with him.

The sugar duty agreed on by the ways and means committee makes it on all sugar below No. 16, Dutch standard, 4 cents per pound. This is equivalent to a reduction of 75 per cent. In compensation for this reduction it is proposed to allow a bounty to the sugar producer of 1 cent per pound. The refiners are to have 4 of a cent per pound for their protection over and above the duty on raw sugar. They can have a monopoly of the home market one-half this rate, which secures the Sugar Trust against foreign competition. The bounty of a cent a pound to sugar growers is indefensible in principle. The wheat growers have an equal claim on the govern-

## Looking Ahead in Politics.

The National Democrat, the able and aggressive Democratic weekly printed at the national capital, contains in its last issue an expose of the Republican conspiracy to secure control of the next house and the electoral college of 1892 regardless of the wishes of the people. The Democrat prints tables showing what the Republicans propose to accomplish. Their scheme is to make the nominal unit of population for a district 190,000, and expand the next house of representatives to 348 members. This would make the electoral college consist of 436 members, 219 being necessary to a choice. They count upon 214 votes as assured—being those of all the Northern States except New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Indiana. The Southern States and New Jersey and Connecticut are conceded to the Democrats, New York and Indiana are set down as doubtful.

By fixing the unit of congressional representation at 190,000 the Republicans expect to make a net gain of at least 15 members of the electoral college. If this scheme is carried through, the only States which will be compelled to redistrict prior to the next election will be Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania and Indiana. All of them, except Indiana have Republican legislatures. If any of these States fail to redistrict in time, they will be required to elect all their members on one ticket. If the Republicans carry out this project they will be able to elect a president in 1892 without the vote of New York, provided they can carry either Indiana or West Virginia.

"To carry through this plan," says the National Democrat, "an unscrupulous renegade Englishman has been placed at the head of the census, and preparations are making to rush the census returns together so that the total population of the country can be figured up in August, and the apportionment bill can be pushed through before the first day of September next."

The Ph. Times says: The depression of the farming interests is not only logical but it is inevitable. They are now paying nearly the same high war taxes as everything they buy that they paid when they received war prices of \$2 per bushel for their wheat and like prices for all their other products. The needless tariff taxes the farmers pay upon the necessities of their industry and the necessities of life would make the difference between actual loss and reasonable profit on any well regulated farm.

The farmers mocked with false protection, and thus taxed excessively on what they must buy when there is no possible method of protecting them in their chief products, the price of which is regulated by the foreign market to which their surplus must go. They are mocked by protection on wool, when there are not five hundred farmers in Pennsylvania who would not gain more from free wool than they could possibly lose on wool; and for the mockery of protection on wool, vegetables, eggs, butter, etc., they are taxed in home and barn from foundation to roof; taxed in furniture, clothing utensils, farm implements, and everything that goes on their tables from salt to china, with the single exception of tea and coffee.

## A Bridge Bill.

In the last Auditor's Report will be found this item:

Spring Mills bridge—  
S. C. Decker, putting on  
new plank \$62 72— \$62 72

Often to cover up a job, an account is lumped and not itemized. Perhaps this is a case in point. Now the following facts are given in regard to this bridge:

Ira Barger says he furnished the plank and got \$21 for them.

Two men worked one day putting down the plank and were paid \$3—\$1.50 each—for the work. Total plank and work, \$24.

Now what the people of that vicinity want to know is what was the excess of \$38.72 for?

S. E. Decker, son of Commissioner Decker, as we are told, gets \$62.72 for this, without an itemized account being printed, and the parties who furnished the plank and did the work, charged only \$24 for it all.

Perhaps Mr. Decker can write a letter that will explain this to the taxpayers. Are there any more "lumped" or hidden jobs in the bridge accounts?

## Facts for all.

In spite of all competition the Phillad. Branch clothing store, remains headquarters for actual bargains in ready made clothing, for men and boys. Lewins introduced cheap clothing in Centre county, and has kept it at that all the time; he kept honest goods, no trash, and, as a rule, always sold from 25 to 30 per cent below any other clothing store in this part of the state.

## A Married Women's Power.

Ever since the passage of the Married Persons' Property Act of 1887 lawyers have been in doubt whether a married woman could give a judgment note at all, and if so, for what purpose. Fortunately for the bar and community, the Supreme Court answered this question on Monday on the decision in Rupp's appeal, reversing the judgment of common Pleas No. 3. After a lengthy discussion of previous legislation, the then condition of the law; and the provisions of the act, the Supreme Court says:

"Viewed in this light it unfetters a married woman subject to the restrictions before mentioned, for three purposes to wit: (1) Where she engages in trade or business; (2) in the management of her separate estate, and (3) for necessities. For any of these purposes she may bind herself and her estate or business by her contract, and I have no doubt may lawfully confess a judgment, but beyond this we do not think the act confers any power. It is entirely proper that the law should clothe her with sufficient power to properly manage her separate estate, and when it authorizes her to embark in business, it is right that she should be held to her contract, which can only be done by authorizing her to make such contracts. So in regard to necessities. If she may purchase them she should be authorized to bind herself and her estate for them in the usual manner and by the usual forms by which contracts are made by persons and juries. But we are not disposed to say that for every purpose she may make contracts and bind her estate generally as may a feme sole. The legislature must say so in language too clear to be understood before we will subject the estates of married women to such a peril as this."

"The Farmers' alliance" of the West and South is likely to become a power in politics. It goes much farther than the grangers, and proposes to hold the balance of power between the two great political parties and to demand such a representation of the agricultural interests in congress as will make its influence felt. It is becoming thoroughly imbued with the principle of tariff reform, and the republican members of the alliance are beginning to repudiate their old leaders. In Indiana the alliance is assuming such large proportions that both parties are getting alarmed lest it should become consolidated into an independent movement. "The Iowa farmers," it is said, "are after Senator Allison with a very sharp stick." In Kansas it is predicted by the farmers of that State that Senator Ingalls' senatorial days are numbered.

Ice harvesters are again in the dumps. The weather of the past week has been enough to discourage everybody except doctors, undertakers and druggists. The Hudson river is again free from ice and is swollen eight feet above its ordinary level. Boats are plying as freely as in summer.

Estimates on the yield from the northern waters, Lake Champlain, Lake George and Saratoga lake, are that it will be considerably below that given out two weeks ago. One harvester who has gone over territory carefully says that with the crude mode for harvesting there will not be to exceed 500,000 tons secured by New York parties. This means just half that amount when it reaches New York because of wastage. He thinks the crop will go under rather than over these figures.

The Altoona Tribune, Rep., wraps the present congress over the knuckles in this style:

Congress has now been in session about three months and, in spite of the good things promised, but little thus far has been done. Much time has been wasted in an unseemly wrangle over parliamentary law and in the adoption of new rules; two or three contested seat cases have been decided but no business of any special importance, outside of Speaker Reed's remarkable decisions, has been accomplished. If this congress is to deserve well of the country it must now get down to work and attend to the business which the people elected it to do. Having adopted its rules and established the practical omnipotence of the speaker, it ought to be able to make rapid progress.

## Three Tracks.

The Pennsylvania railroad is working hard to have a third track in operation between Pittsburg and Philadelphia. The track is now completed at all principal stations and there are a great many miles of siding which will be utilized when this work is completed. There are now probably 200 miles of this third track, and the remainder will be laid as rapidly as possible. After this work is completed a fourth track will be started, and eventually the Pennsylvania road will have four main tracks between Pittsburg and Philadelphia.

## THE PICNIC.

### New Grounds For The Patrons This Year.

The next picnic of the Patrons will not be held in the woods, south of the station, at this place, but on a piece of ground about thirty rods west of the station. The grange has purchased 25 acres for the purpose, from the Hoffer farm, (now J. J. Arney's) mostly, and a narrow strip beside the new railroad siding, belonging to Mrs. Curtin's farm. The price paid for the land is \$2,875, an average of \$115 per acre.

The railroad company, we understand, has agreed to erect a pavilion at their own expense, while the Patrons will lay out the grounds, put suitable buildings thereon for exhibition purposes, stalls, sheds, etc., and plant trees, to secure shade in the course of a few years.

As the ground adjoins the railroad, and a 3,000 foot siding is already along the full length of it, it will have all the desired railroad convenience.

Acting Secretary Batcheller has informed the trustees of the Christ Evangelical Lutheran Church of Lewisburg, Pa., that the Canadian clergyman called by them is regarded as an "alien," within the meaning of the Alien Contract Labor law. As an answer to the general question as to whether that law prohibits the landing in this country of a foreign clergyman who comes under a contract, Mr. Batcheller refers them to the decision of the court in the case of the Church of the Holy Trinity of New York, now pending before the United States Supreme Court on appeal. The decision in that case was in effect that the law prohibits the landing of foreign clergymen who come under contracts. The minister in the present case was born in the United States of American parents, and when three years of age was taken to Canada by his father, who subsequently became a citizen of that dominion.

## Scribner's Magazine for March.

Every lover of "the gentle Elia" will turn with interest to the opening article in Scribner's Magazine for March, by Benjamin Ellis Martin, descriptive of the haunts of Charles Lamb. W. C. Church gives the second and concluding paper on John Ericsson, the great inventor, furnishing much the best view of this famous man that has yet appeared. There is a curious article by Professor William James, reviewing a book written by the famous Frenchman, M. Janet, and exhibiting some strange revelations to inhabit some frail bodies. Harold Frederick's "In the Valley," much the best serial of the year, is continued, and there are other interesting papers and some good poetry.

## Teachers' Permanent Certificates.

The examination of applicants for permanent certificates will be held in the new school building, Bellefonte, on Friday and Saturday, April 4th and 5th. Candidates should make immediate application to the County Supt. for the necessary blanks, which must be properly filled out and duly signed by their respective Boards of Directors before they can enter the class.

The Co. Supt. will also hold an examination of applicants for professional certificates at the same time and place.

G. W. RUMBERGER,  
Chairman Com. Per. Cert.

## From Ocean to Ocean.

Over thirty-two years ago, Mr. Alfred Spear, of Passaic, imported from the banks of the Douro, in Portugal, a few of the Port Grape vines, and commenced careful experiments for the purpose of producing a first-class American Port, both fermented and unfermented. His has been eminently successful, and now Spear's wine and unfermented juice is known from ocean to ocean, and endorsed by the best now produced for the use of invalids. For sale by druggists.

## A Blizzard.

The first regular snow blizzard for this winter struck us on Wednesday evening and lasted over Thursday. There may have been three inches of snow during the night which at some places may have caused considerable drifts and blocked the roads. Whether this is the fall of the year and the beginning of winter, we will leave for the Polecat City club to debate. One thus is certain this winter is going to run into "next" spring.

An investigation at the baby farm establishment of the midwife Skobinska, in Warsaw, which has just been burned down, has led to the discovery that seventy-five infants had disappeared, all of whom are unaccounted for and are believed to have been murdered. The woman who is under arrest, has been pursuing the business of baby farming for many years.

## Water Gas Fuel

An important scientific invention has recently been made in Wisconsin. It consists of the practical use of water for fuel. As usual, the invention is a very simple one. A piece of gas pipe from two to six inches in diameter, as may be required, and of convenient length, with proper supports to keep it in place, is placed in a stove, with one end slightly projecting, to which is attached a vessel of water with stopcock conduit from the vessel into the pipe.

Before reaching the steam chamber the water passes through the important part of the invention—the part that constitutes the great discovery. By means of this the water passes into the steam chamber, but the steam cannot pass out. The part of the pipe containing the steam chamber is within the stove, and to this the heat of a moderate coal or wood fire is applied so as to heat the steam to a high temperature, say 300 degrees, when it passes through a small orifice into a bed of coals or flame, where it is at once raised to a temperature of 400 degrees or more, to be immediately decomposed into oxygen and hydrogen, which instantly ignite.

Only a small fire of wood or coal under this system will be required on the coldest day in winter, the gaseous flame furnishing the balance of the heat necessary to warm room. The invention has the added advantage of easily regulating the amount of heat by increasing or reducing the flow of water.

Hydrogen yields a heat in burning about five times greater than any ordinary fuel, or from 2,000 to 2,500 degrees Fahrenheit, so that one can form a fair idea of the power of this new contrivance for producing heat. By increasing the temperature of the gas pipe to 400 degrees, the vapor may decomposed into its gases before its exit from the pipe, and in such case it is emitted in a jet of blue flame. In either cases the oxyhydrogen is easily produced, and with a very small consumption of fuel.

## A Saving of Coal.

The new system of steam heating by the Pennsylvania Railroad will be the means of a great saving in coal. On the lines east of Pittsburg there are nearly 3,000 passenger cars in constant use, and of these 2,000 have two stoves each, and over the 1,000 one apiece. These 5,000 car stoves a day when fires are necessary, so that the coal item is an important one. Officers of the company say that it can well afford to put steam in all its cars when the saving in coal is considered not to speak of the greater safety.

## Veidorfer is Again Free.

On Tuesday Doctors B. J. Young, of Snow Shoe, and J. P. Seibert, of Bellefonte, presented to the court a certificate to the effect that they had together examined the condition of John Forey and that they now pronounce him out of danger. The Court then signified its willingness to accept bail for the release of Veidorfer in the sum of \$5,000. John Uzle immediately went on his bond and John Veidorfer went to his home in Snow Shoe township on the evening train.

## CORRECTION.

Editor Centre Hall Reporter: To correct any wrong impressions that may exist in the minds of the public regarding the life insurance of the lamented Wm. H. Youngman of Millheim I beg leave to give you the actual facts in the case for publication.

I insured Mr. Youngman for \$5000 in the New York Life Ins. Co. in Dec. last and the full amount of said policy will be paid as soon as an administrator for the estate has been appointed and properly executed proofs of death received at the New York office, to all of which I will attend personally after Mrs. Youngman's return.

Very truly yours  
J. C. HARPER.

## Seeds.

We have a variety of garden and field vegetable seeds, from the agricultural department at Washington, of which any of our readers can have limited supplies.

The son of Robert Lincoln, Minister to England, and grandson of ex-President Lincoln, died on Wednesday in London, of a carbuncle.

In Iowa on Tuesday the Democrats carried all the cities throughout the State.

## Coburn.

There was a pleasant birthday party, given by the friends of Mr. Reuben Harter at his residence on last Wednesday evening. There were friends present from Millheim, Coburn and the surrounding vicinity. They were waiting whilst to Coburn and they induced him to go along and spend the afternoon at Coburn. When he returned in the evening he was taken by surprise when he walked in the house to find it occupied by his neighbors and friends. He said he didn't think about this being his 65th birthday, but he knew now what all this fuss meant. The guests sat around a big table that fairly groaned laden with the good things that the ladies had prepared for the occasion and I didn't hear of any person that complained of eating too little. They had a grand cyster supper and everything that you could wish for, and all seemed to enjoy it. Mr. Harter enjoyed it highly and had to confess that he was taken by surprise. Mr. Conrad Immel presented him with a beautiful case. There were a great many presents among them a large rocking chair and other useful presents. All enjoyed themselves and wished him more pleasant birthdays.

Eph Bartholomew is still housed up. Benj. Kerster is able to sit up some.

There were several of our Coburn people up to Millheim on Sunday attending Mr. Youngman's funeral. It was a very large funeral. Rev. Deitler officiating.

Rev. Stover preached his farewell sermon here on last Sunday at 2 o'clock. The congregation expects to get him back the next year.

W. W. Rihel was to Bellefonte on Tuesday to see about his license. He returned home feeling good and assured that it will be all right in the morning.

## Penn Township.

Some of the Millheim folks are talking about getting some ice shipped to that place by rail.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Horabough, of Jersey Shore were visiting in this section last week.

Millheim had quite a sensation week before last. A drove of cows passed through town, and one stepped in an open hall door and went up the stairs to the second floor into a room. Think of the fuss it made.

On Monday of this week Mr. John Harshbarger and daughter Mary were to Nittany valley to attend the funeral of the former mother.

Miss Sallie Berry of Madisonburg has come to this place to work for her sister, Alice Duck.

The season of sales is here, and a person can go to one every day as he wishes. Our critic W. F. Smith is as busy as a bee and has very good success in selling.

This week it becomes my sad duty to announce the death of two of Millheim's citizens. On last Wednesday evening Wm. Youngman who was laid up for seven weeks suffering intensely at times, breathed his last. Mr. Youngman was one of our best merchants, had a host of friends, and but few enemies, if any. His early death is a great loss to Millheim and surrounding country. The funeral services took place on last Sunday in the Lutheran church conducted by his pastor Rev. Deitler. His remains were then taken to Fairview Cemetery and interred there. Shortly after his death word reached Millheim that Mrs. Youngman's mother was dead also. Therefore Mrs. Youngman was obliged to leave on Monday to attend the funeral of her mother at Adamsburg. The other was Mrs. David Miller, on Saturday evening of last week. Her funeral will take place on Wednesday forenoon in the M. E. church, Rev. Hicks officiating.

## School Report.

The following is the report of the Gate school Gregg twp., for the 6th month ending Feb. 19, 1890. Number of males enrolled 16, females 10, total 26 average daily attendance 25 per cent. of attendance during mo. \$7; during term \$7; Whitmer and Earl Grove, Sylvia and Tibbens Zoller, John and Roy Reardon, Verlie Waite and Annie Sempel did not miss a day during the mo., and six other ones miss each only one day during the mo. and some few miss no day during the term. Maggie Goodheart, Verlie Waite and Tibbens Zoller merited the greatest number of head marks in the three spelling classes during the mo. Were it not for a few indifferent drones our percentage would run up in the nineties. Our latch string is always found on the outside, and we invite visitors, especially those whose duty it is to visit the schools and manifest some interest in their children and general school work.

A. C. REINA,  
Teacher.

## Tax Paid.

There is probably few who realize the enormous amount of money annually paid into the U. S. Treasury on both Imported and Domestic Liquors. Are you aware that Max Klein of Allegheny, Pa., is a large contributor to that fund? Are you posted as to who does one of the great bottle houses in the liquor line? If not, let us tell you that Max Klein leads them all—and why? Because he has long since succeeded in convincing the people that he furnishes value for value. He sells his year old Guckenheimer, Finck, Overholt and Gilson at \$1.50 per quart, six cent per quart. His Silver Age, that defies competition at \$1.00 each quart bottle. Wines at 50 cents per quart and upward. He ships a large quantity of bottles for his price list and complete catalogue and do not hesitate to send your order to Max Klein, 82 Federal St., Allegheny, Pa.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,  
When she became a Man, she clung to Castoria,  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

## DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT.

In all the World there is but One Cure, Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee, without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker of an alcoholic drink. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and today think they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O. Oeilly

THURSDAY, MARCH 15.  
J. H. Frank, 2 miles west of Millheim, horses, cattle, shoats, farming implements, good stump pulling machine, good organs, colonies of bees, and other articles.

FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE HOME, SITUATED two miles west of Coburn, consisting of a house and six acres of land, will be for rent. All kinds of fruit.

MRS. CHRISTINA KRATER.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—LETTERS of administration upon the estate of Rebecca Weaver, dec'd., of Greeng township, having been lawfully granted to the undersigned he would respectfully request all persons knowing them selves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly substantiated for settlement.

W. C. RYAN, Administrator.