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CENTRE HALL, PA., THURS, JAN. 31, 1889.

THE KEYSTONE STATE.

NEWS TOPICS OF LOCAL INTEREST TO PENNSYLVANIANS.

Facts and Fancies Gleaned from Many Sources and Boiled Down to Brief Paragraphs for the Benefit of Busy Readers.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.—The schooners F. L. Richardson, commanded by Capt. Belano, which sailed from Turk's Island on Nov. 11, and the Ella A. Warner, Capt. Holbrook, which cleared Mayaguez, Porto Rico, on Nov. 26, both for Delaware Breakwater, are long overdue and have been given up for

The Legislature.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 28. The joint resolution to submit the prohibition amendment to the constitution to a vote of the people passed the house Tuesday by a vote of 132 to 55. Eight Republicans voted with the Democrats against the resolution and seven Democrats voted with the Republicans for it.

In the senate a bill was introduced by Mr. Hines regulating the liabilities of mine owners relative to their employes, giving the workmen the same right of compensation if the employers are directly or indirectly responsible as if the workmen had not been in their employ.

Mr. Brown's bill in the house Wednesday was passed to a third reading. It requires the American flag to be displayed from every public school building in the state. The bill called forth some spirited argument. Seven bills were introduced in the house, calling for an outlay of \$819,500, of which \$590,000 is wanted to continue in operation the institutions started as soldiers' orphans' schools. Several bills were introduced calling for the further protection of the game and fish in the state.

In the senate Wednesday a bill was introduced making legal holidays of Jan. 1, Feb. 22, and every Saturday after 1 p. m. The sen-ate then proceeded to the calendar and passed finally the bill authorizing the election of

assessors for three years, with amendments. Mr. Stewart's soldiers' bill (an amendment to the act giving preference of appointment to veterans, and providing penalities of \$500 and six months' imprisonment for violation of its provisions) stirred up a lively debate in the house Thursday. The bill passed second reading. Many bills were introduced and a

number of reports made. HARRISBURG, Jan. 25.—The joint resolution to submit the prohibitory amendment to the vote of the people passed its second reading in the senate Thursday. It was made the special order of business for 12 o'clock on Wednesday for final passage. It is said that there is little doubt of its passage, and it is also alleged that Governor Beaver has signifled his intention of signing it at once, in case it gets through the legislature successfully. The Philadelphia Press has been conducting a canvass of the western counties of the state. It predicts large majorities from those counties in favor of the amendment. Adjourned

until Monday. Mr. Dravo's bill for the display of the American flag over the school houses of the state was defeated in the house Thursday.

In the house Saturday a resolution was adopted providing that a joint committee from the legislature, consisting of twenty persons, and the governor and staff shall represent the state on the occasion of the celebration in New York of the one hundredth anniversary of the inauguration of George Washington as president of the United States. Considerable other business of little importance was transacted, and the house adjourned until Monday.

Terrible Ravages of Diphtheria. READING, Pa., Jan. 24.—Diphtheria is prevalent in the eastern part of Berks and western part of Lehigh counties. In some cases half a dozen children of a single family have died from the disease. Adults are also carried off with such remarkable suddenness that the doctors are astounded. The scourge extends for twenty miles and is worse along the low streams of water.

Death of Samuel Felton. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 26.—Samuel M. Felton, president of the Pennsylvania Steel company and ex-president of the Philadel-

phia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad company, died at his residence in this city, aged 80 years. High License Amendments. HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 26, -Senator Cooper's proposed amendments to the high license

law are now in shape to be presented to the house. They limit the number of licenses to one for every 500 of the population; that the surety or sureties of an applicant for license must be the bona fide owners of unencumbered real estate which would sell for \$2,000 at public auction; that the fees shall be \$500 for cities, \$300 for boroughs, and \$150 for townships; that the license may be transferred in case of death; that minors must not be allowed to engage in the sale of

A Sad Story. CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., Jan. 26. - Three weeks ago Lillie Belle Rebuck left her home in Clear Spring, Md., with William Trogler. a wealthy land owner of this vicinity, who is 50 years old and a widower. Miss Rebuck is a very handsome girl, and when Trogler asked her parents for her hand in marriage they consented at once, supposing that when she left home in his company the couple would be married at once. A week later the girl returned to her parents' home a raving lunatic, having walked in a terrible storm from Trogler's house, ten miles distant. The father says that in her lucid intervals she told an awful story of abuse at Trogler's hands; that instead of marrying her he had taken her to his home and kept her there all the week, so that she lost her mind over shame at her situation and disappointment at his failure to marry her. Her mother's mind also became unbalanced. Now Rebuck and his brother David are in jail here for having threatened Trogler with guns. They demanded reparation, or at least a promise from Trogler that he would support the girl in a private asylum. This promise they frightened him into making.

Rady Sentenced to Death. LANCASTER, Pa., Jan. 26,-John W. Rudy, who killed his father, has been sentenced to

Murder in the Second Degree. PITTSBURG, Jan. 28.—Joseph Demmy, (colored) was found guilty of murder in the second degree for the shooting of Policeman Miller, Sept. 3, 1888.

THE CENTRE REPORTER NEW YORK ROADS TIEDUP

Nearly 10,000 Horse Car Men Quit Work.

RIOT AND MURDER IN BROOKLYN.

All but Two Surface Lines in New York Idle To-day-Police Prepared for Riotous Outbreaks-Some Lively Scenes in Brooklyn-Adams Was Murdered.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Another general tie up of all the surface railroads in the city, except the Third avenue and Bleecker street lines, was ordered last night at a meeting of Division No. 1 of National District Assembly No. 226, which was held in their hall at West Forty-fourth street. As the night cars reached the barns on their final trips the men tied up their reins and joined the strike. This morning only the two surface lines mentioned are in operation, and between 9,000 and 10,000

men are idle. General Assembly No. 226, which had the matter in hand, were in consultation for several hours last night. The order for the tie up was issued shortly before 1 o'clock this morning.

It was generally expected that such action would be taken with reference to the lines of the Dry Dock system, and possibly on the Sixth and Fourth avenue lines, but the announcement of a general tie up was a sur-

All the police reserves at the various precincts in the city are on hand, ready to go out on a moment's notice. For the past two days the police have been holding the reserves for an expected emergency.

The patrol wagons are all on hand in Mulberry street to-day and special officers are stationed along the principal thoroughfares. Superintendent Murray was on hand early this morning to assume charge of the work. The movement is in sympathy with the strike on Deacon Richardson's lines in Brook-

lyn. The deacon is interested in the Dry Dock line in this city. All the different local assemblies of District Assembly No. 226 held secret meetings under

"red letter" call last night." President White, of the Dry Dock road formally notified the mayor yesterday that he would hold the city responsible for any damage done to the property in his charge by striking employes. The communication was forwarded to the police commissioners. In consequence of the communication Superintendent Murray had a conference with officers of the road in the afternoon.

Auditor E. T. Landon and Superintendent F. F. White, of the road, said yesterday that they believed a tie up would be ordered, but expected to runs cars anyhow. For this reason the company had asked for protection.

The following notice to the employes was posted last night at the different stables of the company:

"The papers state that our employes are about to engage in another strike. I wish you to act cautiously and upon your own sober judgment. I do not know why you should do at the bidding of any person what ever that which you condemn heartily and have said you have no desire to do. As you have informed me you are satisfied, do not do that which will sever your relations with us. "WILLIAM WHITE, President."

THE STRIKE IN BROOKLYN.

Lively Times All Day-Rioting and Blood-

shed-A Deliberate Murder. BROOKLYN, Jan. 29 .- Yesterday, the fourth day of the street car tie up, was an eventful one. There were riots, clubbings by policemen, conferences of military authorities, meetings of the strikers, sessions of the state board of arbitration and legislation by the Brooklyn board of aldermen. But the strike

Early in the day Dencon Richardson led off by issuing a long manifesto, addressed to "The public who use the cars of the Atlantic Avenue Railroad company," and beginning thus: You are entitled to the assurance that the operations of this company, brought so suddenly to a standstill, will at the earliest possible mo-ment be resumed. There can be no impropriety in supplementing this assurance, here unequivocally given, with a brief statement of the condi-

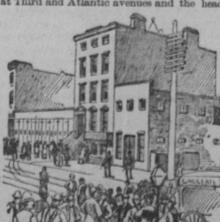
tions which culminated in the suspension of travel and caused the inconveniences to which you are still subjected. Anything but a colorless and candid presentation of the facts would obstruct rather than subserve the purposes prompting this statement. He continued by repeating his statement of

last Saturday night that the executive board only held two conferences with him and that their demands were unreasonable. In simple arithmetic he computes the cost of yielding at \$52,108.12 in excess of last year. As he can't afford this he refused to "stand and, deliver" at the demand of his employes, and so he asks. the public to accept his assurance that he will operate his roads again at the earliest possible

The executive board of No. 75 were in continuous session all day at their hall, 142 Flat bush avenue, and were busy all the time sending and receiving telegrams, hearing reports of pickets and perfecting plans to thwart any attempt of the deacon to outwit them in the

present struggle. They sent the deacon a letter, stating that they were ready to meet him or any other representative of his company with a view to bringing about a settlement of the trouble on his lines of railways.

The distance between the company's office at Third and Atlantic avenues and the head-



SCENE AT THIRD AND ATLANTIC AVENUES. quarters of the men at 142 Flatbush avenue s about 200 yards, and that portion of the highway was thronged all day by people watching the excitement. Men and boys lined the sidewalks on both sides to the number of 1,000 or more, while hundreds of women leaned out of the windows and craned their necks to see the Lights. Scores of policemen patroled up and down, and ordered everybody to "get a move on him," which command was usually obeyed with alacrity. Despite the vigilance of the police, there were many bloody heads and broken noses. Any suspicious looking stranger who directed his course toward the mpany's office was set upon and hustled about in a lively way.

At 4:30 ten of the scabs who had been hired to work as stablemen in the Ninth ave-nue stables were loaded into two wagons in

the stable yard, guarded by twenty policemer might be thrown, while twenty-three mounte policemen, under Sergt, Johnson, drew up in line on the street. At a signal from Capt. Kenny the doors flew open, the two teams of horses galloped out, the scabs crouched down and the policemen batted right and left at the stones and bricks that were flying through the air. The mounted officers surrounded the wagons, and although the crowd howled and roared and ran after the vehicles, the ten "Americans" were driven safely to the Ninth avenue stables. At the Fifth avenue and Bergen street stables there were a number of

riots, but very few arrests. Mayor Chapin sent for Brig. Gen. James McLeer, Col. John N. Partridge, of the Twenty-third regiment, and Col. David E. Austen, of the Thirteenth regiment, during the afternoon, and held a private conference with them regarding the strike. The meeting lasted nearly an hour, and although nothing was given out for publication it is generally understood that precautionary measures were

taken to prevent any general riot.

The Brooklyn board of aldermen yesterday adopted the following resolution bearing upon the strike:

Resolved, That the Atlantic Avenue Railroad company be and it is hereby notified that unless the cars on the lines of horse cars under the con trol of said Atlantic Avenue Railroad company be put in operation forthwith and run on schedule time steps will be taken by the common council to have the charter under which said car lines are operated declared forfeited and void.

Detective Powers, of the Eighth precinct, sesterday made an affidavit to the effect that John Collier, Morris Stenson and Herman Graham, who are under arrest charged with having caused the death of Henry W. Adams, who was found dead in front of the car stables on Nineteenth street, deliberately entered the stables and threw the deceased from a window to the sidewalk. Powers believes that John Schumacher, a watchman, is also involved in the matter. Upon reading the affidavit of Detective Powers Coroner Rooney refused to admit the prisoners to bail and they were remanded to jail to await the inquest. An autopsy showed that Adams' neck was broken.

A SOLID COMPANY.

It Stands a \$400,000 Embezzlement Without a Whimper.

HARTVORD, Jan. 24.-Col. Jacob L. Green, president of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company, of this city, has issued a circular informing the policy holders that Joseph A. Moore, for sixteen years financial correspondent of the company at Indianapolis, is a defaulter to the amount of about \$500,000, but has restored property which may reduce the actual loss to \$400,000, and that in any event the loss will not affect the solvency or impair the dividends of the company, which is very prosperous, and will pay a larger dividend this year than last, while probably increasing its already large surplus. The forthcoming annual report will show solid assets amounting to \$57,000,000, with a

surplus of about \$5,250,000. Mr. Moore has hitherto enjoyed the unlimited confidence of the company. During the past week an investigation of his accounts was made, revealing the defalcation. This is the only loss through a financial correspondent experienced by the company during its forty-three years' existence.

In an interview, Mr. Greene said that Moore was a leading citizen of Indianapolis, about 45 years old. He had been speculating. The defalcation was of three kinds-principal of loans paid by borrowers to be remitted to the company; interest for the same purpose, and rents on real estate in his charge. He concealed the thefts of principal by advising and securing extensions of loans on account of alleged financial difficulties of the borrowers, who were represented as affected by the depression in real estate values dating from the panic of 1873. He remitted interest and small payments of principal from time to time, in accordance with his representations that the unfortunate borrowers were struggling to do all they could. These moneys came out of his own pockets, or rather out of his stealings. He devised harrowing tales, and kept the company minutely advise of the progress of individual alleged cases, and thus prevented foreclosure proceedings. Occasionally he would really settle up one of these cases, greatly to the satisfaction of the company, and to the apparent vindication of his judgment. Meanwhile he was constantly remitting large sums on genuine investments in a perfectly correct manner. The rents taken form but a small part of the defalcation, and these thefts were easily concealed by misrepresentations as to short time

MORE WHITE CAP NONSENSE.

The Mayor of New York Receives a Warning-Others Notified.

New York, Jan. 29.-Mayor Grant received a letter at the city hall signed "White Caps, No. 60, City." It demanded that the houses of ill fame in the city be closed, the streets properly regulated, housekeepers be punished for throwing ashes into the streets, wagons and trucks be not permitted to occupy the sidewalks, and that householders be compelled to clear the snow and ice from the walks. The letter concludes, "Else we see you at residence."

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 29 .- Secretary Freer. of the Law and Order league, received the following in red ink:

NEWARK, Jac. 20, 1889.

Mr. Freer—Be warned in time. If you continue on your course as a spy and informer your just deserts will be measured out to you. The uthorities of New Jersey are able to enforce the law without pragmatical scoundrels like you. If you continue on your low, mean, contemptible course your doom is sealed. I, for one, do swear that I will kill you on the spot. White Cap.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Jan. 29.—Several persons in this city have received letters lately purporting to have been sent by White Cap bands. Most of the recipients have been colored people, but some papers with the skull and crossbones insignia have been sent to reputable white citizens. All of the communications have contained admonitions to the threatened parties to repent and mend their ways.

Moore 4s Still There.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 29,-Joseph A. Moore is still here, in spite of all stories to the contrary, and spends his time quietly between his city residence and his farm. It is said the Connecticut Mutual company's losses by his operations will aggregate \$1,000,000. The dea of collusion strongly prevails in business circles, and Moore's escape from arrest thus far is accepted as one of the strongest indications to warrant that supposition.

Bunnie's High Priced Affections. New York, Jan. 29,-The general term of of the supreme court has handed down a decision affirming the verdict of the circuit court of \$75,000 against Millionaire Coffee

"Jack the Ripper" in New York. New York, Jan. 20,-Police Capt. Ryan has received a notice, signed "Jack the Ripper," that the streets of his precinct will soon be filled with murdered women.

IT HAS ALL BEEN FIXED.

So They Say, But No One Knows How.

HARRISON AND ALLISON DID IT.

A Conference Which Lasted Twenty-four Hours, of Which No Man Save the Two Participants Has Any Inkling-Allison Knows How to Keep Silence, Too.

Indianapolis, Jan. 29.—Senator Allison has gone back to Washington, after twentyfour hours spent in Gen. Harrison's house, from which he did not stir except to take a short walk around the block.

There is not a soul in Indianapolis who knows what has been the outcome of the long conclave. There is not a soul, either, who is not thoroughly at sea in speculation upon the subject. If Senator Allison has not consented to take up the reins of the treasury department it has not been for lack of urging.

Before his departure Gen. Harrison laid thing that could be construed in one way or and 50 cts. per bottle. Sold everywhere. another concerning it.

Senator Allison went to the depot only a For sale by J. D. Murray and W. H. Bartholomew, few minutes previous to the departure of his train. He was panoplied in silence and to all efforts to extract information from him touching the outcome of his visit was mute. His journey here, he said, was at Gen. Harrison's request, and be did not feel at liberty to say anything about what had taken place during his stay.

The rumor was mentioned to him that he had, during his incarceration at the Harrison home, been slated in some quarters for secretary of state. He broke into a hearty laugh and said: "Well, that is good, very good." When asked if it might be stated upon his

authority that he was to be secretary of the treasury the senator answered quickly: "No sir; all I have to say about my visit to Gen. Harrison is that it has been a very pleasant When he had gone through the gate and

boarded his car a gentleman followed him and secured, upon the strength of introduc tory recommendations, some more specifi statements in relation to the cabinet matters. In answer to the question how soon the composition of the cabinet would be made known Senator Allison said he did not know, of course, but that, in his belief, some very momentous responses would come to Indianapolis within a week's time.

The very plain intimation that the cabinet proffers have been made tends to confirm all statements regarding the vast confidence Gen. Harrison puts in Senator Allison and the belief that the latter's long visit here was for the purpose of counsel, not merely to give him an opportunity to say yes or no to another offer of the treasury portfolio. Taken altogether, his speedy denial of the question regarding the treasury, his amusement at the suggestion that he was to be secretary of state, his admission that state questions like that of the Samoan trouble had been discussed, furnished material for the gossips out of which to frame a prophecy that Allison is to be secretary of state and not of the

Ex-Governor Albert G. Porter says that he has received information from a source in which he places implicit faith that Warner Miller is to be in the cabinet. He refuses to give his authority, but says that it is unimpeachable. He believes that Mr. Miller will be secretary of the treasury.

MIXED POLITICS IN JERSEY.

Complications Growing Out of the Repeal of the High License Law.

TRENTON, Jan. 99.—The complications that have arisen in connection with the repeal of the high license and local option law has given rise to considerable talk in reference to the coming gubernatorial contest.

Col. William Heppenheimer, of Jersey City, the leader on the floor of the house, and ex-Governor Abbett's first lieutenat, said in a conversation, that "Abbett was still the leading Democrat of the state, and would again go before the people as a candidate for governer. He must be a candidate, and he will show that he is the leader of the party, for he will be elected by an overwhelming majority. This information has caused any amount of political speculation about the state capitol,

The Democratic party is by no means a unit on the liquor question. Senators Pfeiffer, Edwards, Baker and United States Senator McPherson are, it is alleged, already counting on the effect that radical liquor legislation will have on the next contest.

The situation grows additionally complex, owing to the fact that the liquor men in the house threaten a strong move if they are outwitted in the contest to secure a complete

The conservative element is steadily growing, and it is thought there will be a lively time within the next fortnight on this question. Senator Baker is said to be a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination, President Werts is also looking toward the executive chamber. Among others who, in the discussion of this point, are receiving some attention, are Prosecutor Winfield, of Hudson, and Mayor Orestes Cleveland, of Jersey City, Charles Hendrickson, of Burlington, will, it is said, bob up for the complimentary vote, as will Judge Westcott, of Camden, and George G. Green, of Woodbury.

The repealing of the local option law seems to point toward Senator Nevins as the leader of the Republican force as a candidate for The impression is abroad, however, that Gen. E. Burd Grubb is the leading

Boulanger's Triumph. PARIS, Jan. 29.—The questions which some of the Radical members proposed to ask the government in the chamber of deputies, regarding Sunday's election and its results, have been postponed until Thursday next. Gen. Boulanger did not appear in the chamber and thousands of his admirers were disappointed. Large and excited crowds gathered outside the chamber of deputies, and it was with difficulty that their enthusiasm could be restrained by the police, who were present in great force. When Premier Floquet appeared it was noticed that he looked careworn and anxious. The fact that 90,000 Conservatives and 150,000 Republicans voted for Boulanger is considered in government circles to menace the republic.

Boulanger Impersonates Order. LONDON, Jan. 29.-The Telegraph's Paris correspondent informs his paper that in an interview Gen. Boulanger said: "Instead of the government's treating the election as an Merchant Charles Arbuckle in the breach of ordinary accident affecting the life of parpromise suit brought by Clara Campbell, of liament, they have made out that the future of the republic depends upon it. If they do not now know what to do I will not help them. I do not wish to give color to their accusation that I am a disturber. I did not go to the chamber because I did not desire any demonstration. The government represents disorder. I impersonate order.

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Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters are a sure cure for Costiveness, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases. Keep the Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and perfect health will be the result. Ladies and others subject to Sick Headache will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters. Being tonic and mildly purgative they purify the blood. Price 25 ets. per bottle. For sale by all dealers in medi-Henry, Johnson & Lord, Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

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Guns for the Farmer, the Spoting Man, andt he Occasional Hunter.

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> THE SUN FOR 1889

AND FOR THE DEMOCRACY.

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