

The Centre Reporter.



OLD SERIES, XL.
NEW SERIES XXI.

CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1888.

NO. 37

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

FRED KURTZ, -- EDITOR

National Ticket.
FOR PRESIDENT,
GROVER CLEVELAND.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
ALLEN G. THURMAN.

County Ticket.
FOR CONGRESS,
J. L. SPANGLER.
FOR ASSEMBLY,
JOHN T. MCCORMICK.
J. H. HOLT.
FOR COBURNER,
JAMES NEFF, M. D.
FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE BOWER.

There is not wool enough raised in the United States to pull over the eyes of the voters and blind them against their own interests. The covering will be too thin and they will vote for free wool.

Late advices from the Northwest report great suffering and many deaths from starvation among the Indians of the Canadian Northwest territories. From the Peace River district several cases of cannibalism are reported, where, to save their own lives, heads of families have killed and eaten their children.

Mr. Harrison in his letter of acceptance, says of the tariff, "We do not offer a fixed schedule, but a principle." When the highwayman was brought before the jury, they did not stand to quibble over the amount taken to which he had no right, but on the principle that he had no right to take what did not belong to him. "Unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation."

Chauncy M. Depew, who has just returned from a trip to Europe, is disposed to think the defenseless state of the American Republic something to be thankful for. He describes Europe as an armed camp, in which all the youth and muscle are under arms, while the women till the fields, and the people taxed to support the soldiers. He refers to the United States as a country with sixty millions of people, with an army that cannot be discovered with a microscope and a navy that a coal boat could run over. In spite of our defenseless condition, Mr. Depew insists that we are as happy as we can be.

On the whole, there must be something about this joint debate business which the tariff orators do not admire. Mr. Carlisle's challenge to Mr. Blaine is still unanswered, although the Speaker would have gone to Maine to meet the magnetic man had such a step been necessary. Ex Governor Hoyt declines a similar invitation from Henry George and Congressman Hovey, who is running for Governor of Indiana, confesses his lack of knowledge on the main issue of the campaign by bluntly refusing to meet his opponent, Mr. Matson. Last but not least comes our own red headed and hopeful Field Marshall Cooper offering in reply to Ex-Chairman Hensel's defiance the rather weak announcement to be "a campaign of work, not words." Indeed, the only Republican orator of any consequence who is willing to meet any capable reformer on the stump is Major McKinley, and he, unfortunately, cannot be in more than a dozen places at once. What does it all mean, anyhow? Mr. Blaine, of course could not face Carlisle without humiliation and Henry George could talk, if not write, down several of our able ex-Governors, but surely the other statesmen do not need packed juries and no opposing counsel in their attempts to tell why war taxes should be maintained in time of peace.

THE COLORED DEMOCRATS IN NEW YORK CITY.

The colored voters are rapidly leaving Republican ranks to the dismay of the party. It is going on in every state. Below is a clipping to show what is being done in New York city:

The colored Democratic club of New York will have a grand demonstration on Tuesday evening next. It will be the first time in the history of New York that colored democrats will turn out. They will have nothing less than 1,500 men in line. The Cleveland league will act as escort.

The young colored independents of Jamaica met Friday evening at No. 75 Lincoln street to reorganize their club of 1884. They enrolled over seventy five members, and passed resolutions endorsing the nominations of the Democratic party and recognizing J. C. Matthews as the leader of the colored democrats of New York.

MR. DEPEW'S BEST STORY.

HE CONTRIBUTES A STRONG ARGUMENT FOR CLEVELAND'S RE-ELECTION.

Chauncy Depew, who was a Republican presidential candidate at Chicago, and recently returned from an extended trip abroad told in an interview a most excellent story—a true story and an honest story; and, when it is remembered that he just escaped being the Republican candidate for the presidency, a most remarkable story.

In this campaign the average Republican leader cannot tell the truth when talking about the tariff. But "Our Chauncy" is not an average Republican leader. He is a leader among men by the power of brains. He is too great a man to lend himself to a small, mean policy of lying. He will not lie—not even to save his party from defeat. He would rather go down with the truth on his lips than to triumph through falsehood.

But here is the story. Mr. Depew said:

I met an Englishman, and he was a nobleman of high education, who had traveled all around the world, and much in America, who was in favor of Harrison's election. I was somewhat surprised, for Harrison is hardly known over there, even by name; and I asked him why. He said that it was because a tariff reduction such as was proposed by the Democrats would be a bad thing for the English manufacturers, for it would then enable the Americans to compete with them in the markets of the world, while under the present system the Englishmen have everything their own way. His opinion was that with free raw material, American manufacturers would become formidable competitors, to the detriment of English manufacturers.

Mr. Depew can now add one to his many laurels as an interesting conversationalist. He has the honor of having contributed an excellent Democratic argument to the presidential campaign.

HOW THE FARMERS WILL VOTE.

The agriculturists of Minnesota, who have largely been Republicans in the past, are renouncing the party of high tariff and trusts, and they will refuse henceforth to vote for the maintenance of a system that enriches monopolists at the expense of the workingman.

At the Republican State convention Gen. T. H. Barrett, president of the Farmers' Alliance, offered this tariff plank:

"We protest against the doctrine of high protection, and demand a judicious and radical reduction in the present tariff. We are opposed to free whiskey and tobacco while we are compelled to pay high taxes on sugar and lumber."

The defeat of this plank is the cause of just indignation on the part of the farmers and they don't propose to vote in November to keep up a preposterous tariff on the necessities of life and at the same time endorse the principles of a party that has the bed-rock of monopoly for a foundation.

Minnesota is to-day a doubtful state. Four years ago she was as strongly Republican as Vermont. So the whirligig of politics has its changes.

YES AND NO.

The Warren (Pa.) Ledger expresses the issue of the hour very plainly and pointedly thus:

The farmer produces hay, corn, wheat, potatoes, barley, buckwheat, etc. Yes.

He produces it first for his own use? Yes.

The balance (in case of a good crop) he sells at the market price? Yes.

Who makes the market price? Well, Liverpool and London market prices are the same as Chicago and New York.

Then the surplus production of the farmer is shipped to England and sold at their prices? Yes.

Then the farmers of this country sell in competition with the cheapest labor of Europe and in the cheapest market in the world? Yes.

Suppose he sells \$100 worth of wheat in the cheapest market in the world and then goes to a clothier's to purchase \$100 worth of clothing for himself and boys (guaranteed imported and all wool) does he buy at the market prices of London and Liverpool? No.

He pays a tax, or royalty, of 60¢ to the government on every \$100 worth of such goods purchased? Yes.

Then he sells in competition with the very cheapest labor and in the cheapest market in the world, and buys his plows, tinware, clothing, sugar, rice, lumber, nails, harness, coffin and tombstone at the most expensive market in the world? Yes.

Is it any wonder that one-half of the farms in the United States are owned by the money-lenders and nearly all the other half mortgaged beyond redemption?

REPUBLICAN ENDORSEMENT.

NEWSPAPERS THAT APPROVED THE DEPENDENT PENSION VETO.

Republican talk and Republican platitudes in 1888 are contradicted by Republican evidence and opinion in 1887. We suppose it will be allowed that the Republican press reflects Republican sentiments. Last year the Republican press quite generally and quite cordially endorsed the veto of the dependent pension bill. Read what such papers said of that veto, viz:

President Cleveland's reasons for declining to approve the dependent pension bill are sound and sufficient.—*Worcester (Mass.) Spy*.

This is an entirely new departure in the matter of pensions (except where many years have intervened), and one which does not receive the approval of the majority of veterans of the war, or of the public generally.—*Hartford Courant*.

President Cleveland is entitled to credit and thanks for the manly and sensible stand he has taken, and we are sure the country will applaud and sustain him in it.—*Albany Express*.

The veto will be generally approved by public sentiment throughout the country. * * * For the position finally taken he deserves credit, and it will be freely extended to him on every hand.—*Troy Times*.

Undoubtedly the country is with him.—*Buffalo Express*.

The country is with him in reprobating the present tendency of congress to pension extravagance. * * * The president's veto, being sanctioned by the country, will probably operate as a check to this form of extravagance, and prove in consequence a great public service.—*Philad. Press*.

President Cleveland's veto of the pauper pension bill will be generally approved.—*Philad. Bulletin*.

In vetoing the pauper pension bill the president has performed a brave and worthy act.—*Philad. Inquirer*.

In common fairness and justice to the president we must heartily commend his action.—*Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph*.

The president did well to veto it.—*Wheeling (W. Va.) Intelligencer*.

The objection to the bill was that it opened the doors for vast abuses. The way these could come to pass is strongly stated by the president.—*Cincinnati Commercial Gazette*.

It was a courageous act of Mr. Cleveland to face the demagogues in congress with a veto of a general out door relief pension bill, but he has done it without hesitation, and justified himself at every point.—*Chicago Tribune*.

That was a good place for a veto. Public sentiment will sustain this act of the executive.—*Minneapolis Journal*.

WILL ACT FOR THEMSELVES.

Wheeling, W. Va., 14.—The state conference of independent colored men were in session at Charleston, yesterday, Presidential electors and a state executive committee was appointed. There were fifty delegates in the conference from about twenty counties in the state.

In their resolutions the convention calls attention to the fact that the republican party has absolutely refused to give the colored man the recognition to which he is entitled, notwithstanding that there are 11,000 colored voters in the state and declares that they have concluded to act for themselves. The convention has caused consternation in republican circles.

The complete returns from Maine are now at hand, and an analysis of them will show how much ground there was for Mr. Blaine's claim that the result was "almost a political revolution." We give the figures side by side with those of the September election in 1884:

Governor.	1888.	Governor.	1884.
Burling (Rep.)	79,603	Robie (Rep.)	78,912
Pittman (Dem.)	61,108	Redman (Dem.)	59,061
Chamber (Pro.)	2,371	Eastis (Pro.)	1,150
Stimons (Lab.)	979	Esten (O'Rk.)	3,283

Total.....144,661 Total.....142,397

Republican plurality in 1884.....19,851
Republican plurality in 1888.....18,695
Republican loss on plurality.....1,156
Republican increase on total vote of 1884.....6,991
Democratic increase on total vote of 1884.....2,947

If the Maine election has any significance, it proves that in the first contest seriously made this year the Republicans have failed to hold their majority in one of their own States. The change is slight, but it is against them. But the change must be the other way to enable them to win; so the result in Maine is simply an assurance in advance that the country is a trifle more Democratic than it was four years ago, when it elected Grover Cleveland President and that it will therefore, re elect him by increased majority.

PROTECTION VS. FREE TRADE.

The best method of illustrating the protection and free trade question was shown us the other day and which any one can understand. As to making votes that would require too much time, and that is the only objection.

A TARIFF OBJECT LESSON.

FRYING THE FAT OUT OF THE SOUTHERN PLANTERS.

The following facts concerning the duty on sugar and rice, and the proposed saving by the Mills bill cannot help to interest the reader:

SUGAR.	Mills
Present republican duty on refined per lb.	25
Mills bill proposed duty.....	25
Democratic reduction (30 per cent.).....	7
Yearly consumption, 3,000,000,000 lbs.	
Democratic saving, \$21,000,000.	
Present republican duty on raw per lb.....	20
Mills bill proposed duty.....	13
Democratic reduction—35 per cent.....	7
Louisiana's product, 20,000,000 lbs.	
Louisiana's loss, \$1,400,000.	

RICE.	Mills
Present republican duty on cleaned per lb.....	25
Mills bill proposed duty.....	20
Democratic reduction—20 per cent.....	5
Present republican duty on paddy.....	12 1/2
Mills bill proposed duty.....	10
Democratic reduction—20 per cent.....	5

Per ct.	
Present republican duty on rice meal.....	20
Mills bill proposed duty.....	15
Democratic reduction, 25 per cent.....	15
Democratic saving, \$1,000,000.	
Southern planters' loss, \$500,000.	

The Mills bill reduces the present republican duty on raw sugar for our refineries 35 per cent, or 7 mills on every pound. Thirty five per cent of the fat is fried out of the sugar planter and Louisiana loses on her little crop \$1,400,000.

The Mills bill reduces the present republican duty on rice 20 per cent, and on rice meal 25 per cent, frying this fat out of South Carolina and Georgia, the Gulf states losing \$600,000.

And every republican newspaper and howler is shouting that the Mills bill puts up the duty on sugar to 68 per cent, and on rice to 100 per cent, that the south is in the saddle.

If there are any decent newspapers or men in the republican party let them come out now.

When the republican voters discover how they are being lied to by their editors and orators there will be trouble.

NEWS ITEMS.

Mrs. Jonathan Harter, of Millheim, has returned from a several weeks' visit to her daughter, Mrs. Kurzenknebe, at Harrisburg, and to hall the arrival of a grandchild, in the Kurzenknebe family.

Centre Hall is as busy as a city, and overflowing with picnic folk.

Jake Kerstetter, of Penn, has the rheumatism.

Mr. Miller, of Rebersburg, has purchased the Mueser shoe store at Millheim, and retains Cyrus Bright as manager, who started for Elmira last week to lay in a stock.

A union picnic was held last Saturday in Benj. Roach's woods near Madisonburg.

Mike Hess, of Haines, boasts a big crop of potatoes. May the price be just as big. Potatoes down there are selling at 25 per bu.

SUDDEN DEATH OF JOHN H. FISHER.

John H. Fisher, one of the best known and highest esteemed of Rock Grove's young men, died at about six o'clock yesterday morning, and the church bell which tolled over his demise sounded mournfully over the neighboring camp ground. He was the son of Samuel Fisher, an old and well known resident of the county, and was also a brother of Edward Fisher, who was for some time in Swartz Brothers' store in this city.

The deceased was twenty-six years of age and was married about four months ago to the daughter of Mr. Poor, of Orangeville. The young wife is almost heartbroken over her bereavement.

A few days ago Mr. Fisher had an aching and hollowed tooth pulled out by the dentist, and from this blood poisoning resulted, and this brought about his death.—*Freepress, Ill., Bulletin, Sept. 3.*

The father of young Fisher resided in the eastern section of our valley, where numerous relatives will read the above with regrets. The deceased attended the Spring Mills academy some years ago.

SPRING MILLS.

The Evangelical Sunday school held their annual picnic in the park last Saturday, followed by a festival in the evening which was well patronized.

The Cleveland and Thurman club held their meeting at Farmers' Mills last Friday night. The meeting was addressed by Messrs. W. A. Krise, T. B. Ulrich, and C. M. Bower. The Farmers' Mills band furnished music for the occasion.

The corner stone of the new Evangelical church will be laid next Sabbath 23.

Miss Miller of Sugar Valley is visiting at Mr. John Condo's.

Mr. John Gray, one of our former citizens, now of Lemont spent Sunday here.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Krumrine spent a few days in Lewisburg this week visiting their son Mr. Edward Krumrine.

Miss Mary Zeigler who had been sick is well and able to be about again.

A NEW WASHING MACHINE.

The New Becker Washing Machine, now on exhibition at the picnic ground by the agent, J. A. Dunkle, should be seen by every housewife. This washer takes the lead of all others, and fills a want which no washing machine has yet done. Its points of merit are at once plain to every woman examining this washer. It works with ease, washes clean, is noiseless and does not slop over, and can be used in a carpeted room. Ladies do not fail to examine this new help in your most unpleasant work.

TO VOTE FOR CLEVELAND.

A THOUSAND IRISH-AMERICANS WHO SUPPORTED BLAINE FLOP.

If any evidence were wanted to prove that the Blaine Irish-Americans are not for Harrison it can be found in the meeting of the Irish-American Independents, held at their headquarters, 52 Union Square. The president of the organization is Edward J. Rowe. He was the first Democrat who in 1884 called a meeting at Clarendon Hall to protest against the nomination of Cleveland and kept up the fight persistently to the end, organizing clubs in each of the twenty four Assembly districts in New York and keeping the fight hot by flying visits to surrounding districts. He was the organizer and president of the Irish-American Confederation of America, and is connected with all the patriotic Irish organizations.

President Rowe presided at the meeting, which was called to endorse Cleveland. One of the speakers was Frank Byrne, who said that, notwithstanding his rabid support of Blaine in 1884, he was now a thorough, whole hearted supporter of Cleveland and Democracy.

The result of the meeting was the adoption of a series of resolutions pledging support to Cleveland. These resolutions affect about one thousand Irish-Americans who voted for Blaine. They were sent to the national headquarters to day. Some of the resolutions read thus:

Resolved, That as protectionists, believing that the full measure of real protection to the workman and the greatest good to all the people can be best secured under a lower and more equal system of Custom House taxation, we do most heartily endorse the plan of tariff reform contained in the Mills bill.

Resolved, That trusts and monopolies, fostered and encouraged by unjust State and national laws, imposing unequal tariff taxes and laying tribute on the consumers of the products controlled by them, have our most emphatic condemnation; and we demand that such laws shall be so revised as to make such iniquitous combinations impossible.

Resolved, That the retaliation message of President Cleveland to Congress proved him a statesman of the highest order, an American capable of sustaining his country's honor in any emergency, and deserving the respect and support of every patriotic citizen of the Republic. This much of justice we all the more cheerfully accord the President because of our steadfast opposition to his election in 1884 in the belief that his opponent in the campaign would more earnestly sustain the national honor that has now been so splendidly vindicated and maintained by the President himself.

JOHNSON ACQUITTED.

The trial of John W. Johnson for the murder of the Calveys came to an end on last Friday 15th, the jury returning a verdict of not guilty. The trial lasted from Monday till Friday evening and was largely attended. No new testimony was submitted and same evidence as in former trial was heard. Johnson's wife was present at the trial, having walked from Hubersburg to Lock Haven with a child.

CENTRE CO. PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

The Prohibition party voters of Centre county will meet in convention in the Arbitration Room in the Court House in Bellefonte, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on Tuesday, Sept. 25, for the purpose of nominating a county ticket to be voted at the election in Nov. J. Zetler, Milesburg, Sept. 17. Chairman.

CORNER STONE LAYING.

The corner stone of the Evangelical church, at Spring Mills, will be laid next Sunday, 23rd, when there will be services at 10 o'clock, a. m., and 7 p. m., in the new edifice. H. B. Hartzler, D. D., of Harrisburg, I. M. Fines, presiding elder of the district, and other ministers will be present on the occasion. Ministers and the people in general are cordially invited.

FOR RENT.

A new house, with six nice rooms and kitchen attached, vacant, within a few rods of the picnic woods, is for rent during picnic week. Apply at the roller mill.

—Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Himes, of Ocoala, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Dan'l Himes, are visitors at our picnic.

—One of the four miners' hospitals to be erected by the State has been located at Philipsburg by the committee.

—There is digging going on for coal, north of Millheim, and a very black stone is found. This gives that locality a strong claim for a miners' hospital, we guess.

—Miss Aggie Murray was visiting among friends at Selingsgrove.

—A cow of John Kline's, farmer on Kurtz's place, died from bloating a few days ago.

—J. C. Motz, of Woodward, is still in impaired health.

—Miss M' Coy, daughter of Alex. M' Coy, of Potters Mills, has returned to the female seminary at Phila.

—Will, son of Jacob Keen, of near Millheim, with wife and little daughter, now living in Illinois, arrived at Coburn on Thursday, from Illinois, on a visit, having left here 8 or 10 years ago, since which this is his first visit. He likes Illinois and informs us that farming pays there.

—The Patrons' festival last Saturday evening was largely attended by folks from a distance. It was the opening of the ground, and as most of the buildings were up and all the tents in place, there was a general desire to see what the grounds looked like. The proceeds were large and nearly all clear money.

DEATH OF S. A. STOVER OF BELLEFONTE.

There has been craze on the door twice before within eleven weeks. Each time it told of deep afflictions. First a little son was taken away. Exactly five weeks after that Mrs. Stover died. Mr. Stover was then ill with the same disease—typhoid fever. He could not gain strength. Once he rallied sufficiently to ride out, but his condition was such that any food partaken of or the least exposure aggravated his disease. He died, after much suffering, at 15 minutes to 12 o'clock Wednesday night. He was conscious till the very last.

He was born on the homestead farm in Spring township and on the 29th of March, this year was 30 years of age. His wife whose death occurred five weeks ago, was a Miss Johnston, of Bellefonte. Both of them were members of the Methodist church.

A bright little boy also mourns his death—the sole remaining one of what was, three months ago, a happy family of four people, apparently enjoying good health and with a promise to live long in the land.

DEATH OF WILL DINGES.

J. Will Dinges, son of Jacob Dinges, dec'd. of this place, died this, Wednesday morning, of a fever. He was a naval cadet at Annapolis, and, not feeling quite well, came home about three weeks ago, when his complaint rapidly tended to typhoid fever. Will was a bright boy and stood well in his class; he was of an exemplary character and religious in his entire conduct. He entered as a naval cadet over two years ago. Funeral Saturday morning, at 10 a. m.

His age was 15 years, 10 months and 1 day.

ARTISTIC FLOWER STANDS!

Persons desiring to purchase fancy flower stands made of laurel of rustic design, can get them from me at the Patrons' picnic, as I will have a large supply on hand. All styles and shapes. For particulars apply to

WM. JOHNSON,
Manufacturer, Centre Hall.

—The other day we noticed several Apollo ranges arrive in our town from M'Farlane's hardware store of Bellefonte. They are models of beauty and convenience. This is the range that is creating such a furor among the people over the mountain; many are trading off their cook stoves to get the ranges. They use less fuel than stoves and are the most perfect bakers in existence. They were lately improved and enlarged and are so arranged that they will keep fire over night as well as a self-feeding stove. If any of our readers need a heating stove of any kind, they should go to M'Farlane's. The Morning Light and Happy Greeting square, rubber heaters, are the finest stoves of this class, using very little fuel and are warranted free from gas.

Again we advise you to buy an Apollo if you want a range, and don't be fooled by purchasing some new-fangled article and be humbugged.

—Wm. Bradford will furnish horse feed at the Fort Woods in the Patrons exhibition, at very reasonable rates.

—Reuben Gramly, of Miles, gave our sanctum a call.

MARRIED.

On the 16th, at the residence of the bride's parents, by J. Shambach, Mr. W. B. Feidler and Miss Lizzie M. Mark, both of Penn Hall.

GRAIN.

REPORTED WEEKLY BY KURTZ & SON.
Prices subject to fluctuations of market.

Wheat, red.....	85	Oats new.....	25
Wheat, white.....	83	Rye.....	55
Corn.....	52	Barley, No. 1.....	45
Wheat, new.....	75		

FLOUR AND FEED.

Fancy Pat. Flour.....	1 55	Bran per cent.....	20 00
Best Roller Flour.....	1 40	Bran, retail, cwt.....	1 10
50 Best Roller Flour.....	1 30	Middlings retail.....	1 20
Middlings per ton.....	22 00	Chop retail.....	1 30

GREAT INDUCEMENTS.

As the dull season approaches, extra inducements are offered in fine tailoring! Suits and overcoats made to order from new Fall goods at very low prices.

MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors,
Bellefonte.

LOST.—A white cow, with a spotted yearling calf, strayed from the residence of the undersigned. Any information leading to the finding of the same will be suitably rewarded.

THOS. SCHILLING, Centre Hall.

FINE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.—THE heirs of the estate of Catherine Stover, dec'd. will offer at public sale on the premises on SATURDAY, OCT. 27, a fine farm near Potters Cave, Gregg Twp., containing 71 acres, more or less, nearly all clear. Thereon erected a 2-story dwelling house, bank barn, and all necessary out-buildings. A spring of never failing water is near the house, and an orchard of choice fruit on the premises. The land is in a high state of cultivation. At the same time and place will be offered a tract of timberland, containing 50 acres. This tract is well set with pine, oak and chestnut. Terms will be made known at day of sale. Sale at 2 p. m. THE HEIRS.

REDUCTION IN PRICES

At Wolf's store you will find

a big reduction in Dry Goods,

Hosiery, Gloves, etc., etc.

Call and