| | | and the Residence of the second se | Characteristic and the state of | A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PRO | CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF A 17 MILLION ADDRESS OF A 19 MILLION ADDRESS OF |
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| 1 | THE CENTRE REPORTER. | BY THE PRESIDENT | conveyed in transit, without payment of duties, from the United States through the said posses- sions to others places in the United States, or for export from ports in the said possessions. In the year 1886 notice was received by | ! SPRING OPENING ! | DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTY Bellefonte { N WR M Magee, 8 W |
| | TERMS:-One year, \$1.50, when paid in ad vance. Those in arrears subject to previous erms. | An Important Message Trans- mitted to Congress. | the representatives of our government that our fishermen would no longer be allowed to ship their fish in bond and free of duty through Canadian territory to this country; and ever since that time such shipment has been denied. | New Goods ! -:- New Styles ! | Howard BoroA Weber, Milheim BoroA M Butler, Milheim Boro |
| | Advertisements 20 cents per line for 3 inser- ons, aud 5 cents for each subsequent insertion. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURS, AUG. 30, 1888 | BETALIATION AND PROTECTION. | The privilege of such shipment which had been extended to our fishermen was a most important one, allowing them to spend the time upon the fishing grounds, which would otherwise be devoted to a voyage home with | Summer Wear is being unpacked and | Benner IwpCornelius Hazle Boggs twp N PGeo Brown, do W PT F Adams, do E PH L Barnhart, Bornside twpGeo Boan, College twpDavid Brickley. Ferguson iwp E PD W Miller. |
| | THE KEYSTONE STATE. NEWS TOPICS OF LOCAL INTEREST TO PENNSYLVANIANS. | The Course Recommended in Place of the Treaty. PROMPT RESPONSE OF THE HOUSE. | for profitably prosecuting their vocation. During the last six years the imports and exports of British Canadian provinces car- ried across our territory under the privileges granted by our laws amounted in value to | contains many new designs natterns and | do W PSam'l Harpster, Gregg twp SPWm Hanna, do N PWm Lose, Haines twp E PJ H Orndorf, do W PJ H Orndorf, Haif Moon twpJ H Griffin, Harris twpC C Meyer, Howard twpGeo D Johston, |
| | Facts and Fancies Gleaned from Many Sources and Beiled Down to Brief Paragraphs for the Benefit of Busy Readers. | The President Asks Congress for Imme- diate Legislation Conferring Power Upon Him to Frehibit Canada from | about \$270,000,000, nearly all of which were goods dutiable under our tariff laws, by far the larger part of this traffic consisting of exchanges of goods between Great Britain and her American provinces brought to and carried from our ports in their own vessels. | Centre Hall. McCORMICK BBOS, McCORMICK BBOS | Huston twp |
| | Prrtsburg, Aug. 24.—The postal service is greatly demoralized by the floods. Mails for New York have been started by way of Buffalo and the New York Central. It is impossible to give an accurate estimate of | Transmitting Wares in Bond Across Our Territory—He Also Recommends that Canadian Vessels in American Waters be Given Only Such Rights and | conferring upon the executive the power to suspend, by proclamation, the operation of all laws and regulations permitting the transit of goods, wares and merchandise, in bond, across or over the territory of the | $\mathbf{C} \stackrel{\mathbf{E}}{=} \stackrel{\mathbf{N}}{\operatorname{T}} \stackrel{\mathbf{R}}{=} \stackrel{\mathbf{E}}{=} \stackrel{\mathbf{H}}{\operatorname{H}} \stackrel{\mathbf{A}}{=} \stackrel{\mathbf{L}}{\operatorname{L}} \stackrel{\mathbf{L}}{=} \stackrel{\mathbf{P}}{\operatorname{P}} \stackrel{\mathbf{A}}{:}$ $\operatorname{Dealers in all kinds}$ | Rush twp, S P |
| | the loss to railroads and to private preperty owners by the storm, but it is safe to put it at \$1,000,000. In Westmoreland county the damage reported is \$100,000, and the loss in Indiana county is much more. So far four deaths from the flood are re- ported. The victims are the Rev. N. B. C. | to congress a message in reference to the re- jection of the fisheries treaty by the senate. | I desire also to call the attention of the congress to another subject involving such wrongs and unfair treatment to our citizens as, in my opinion, require prompt action. The navigation of the great lakes, and the immense business and carrying trade grow- | -:- FURNITURE -:- | Union twpAaron Fahr. WILLIAM F. REBER, AARON WILLI Secretary. Chai IN VENTION has revo ized the during the last half century. Not least the wonders of inventive progress is at |
| | Comingo and W. C. Orth, an architect, of | He recommends immediate legislation con- | ing out of the same, have been treated broadly and liberally by the United States | Bed Room Suits, Parlor Suits, | and system of work that can be perform over the country without separating the |

this city; Moses Calvin, of Monongahela City, and an unknown German of McKeesport. Mr. Comingo and N. C. Crth were drowned in the Conemaugh river, near Johnstown. They started for this city in a canoe, but before they had gone a mile the raging torrent capsized the vessel, and both were drowned. Mr. Comingo was pastor of the Olivet church, and one of the most prominent ministers in the city.

Two men named Calvin and Harris attempted to drive across Boggs' ferry, near Monongahela, in a buggy, but the current was so swift that it turned the buggy completely over. Harris got ashore, but Calvin, who could not smim, was drowned. A Ger-man went down with the bridge over Long Run, near McKeesport, and was drowned.

A Sad Wind Up.

BRADFORD, Pa., Aug. 23.—The North-western association, G. A. R., had their fourth annual reunion here yesterday. About forty-five G. A. R. posts, from the various towns in northwestern Pennsylvania, sent nearly 5,000 delegates. The city is one mass of arches, bunting, flags, jumbo gas jets, etc., from end to end. Over 25,000 people wit-nessed the parado, which was reviewed at the public square by Governor James A. Beaver, Secretary of the Commonwealth C. W. Stone, Mayor Dempsey and the Northwestern G. A. R. officials.

A night parade took place at \$:30 o'clock, the G. A. R. posts, Sons of Veterans, the various fire companies and civic organizations participating. Col. Fred. Grant and Corporal Tanner, who were booked for speeches after the parade, failed to appear. A grand banquet in the assembly rooms of the Oil Exchange concluded the festivities.

At 9 o'clock last night two men were instantly killed and several others injured by the explosion of an iron pipe on the balcony of Dr. Reid's office, No. 75 Main street. The pipe was improvised as a feeder for red and blue fire powder, the powder dropping through the pipe onto a projecting natural gas torch. The pipe exploded with a deafen-ing noise, shattering part of the balcony and splitting the pipe into fragments. One of the flying pieces of iron struck Robert Henley, who was standing on the opposite side of the street, tearing away the whole top of his head, killing him instantly. W. E. Cur-tis, of Rew City, was also struck with one of the flying fragments, as was also Edward Duel, of this city. Duel died almost instantly. Curtis is still alive. M. Albert had an arm blown off, and Mrs. McComber lost a leg. Several women and children were more or less injured, but their names and the extent of their injuries cannot be ascertained. The explosion occurred on the main thor-oughtare, where thousands of people had congregated to witness the night parade of the G. A. R.

ferring upon the executive the power to sus- broadly and liberally by the Uni government, and made free to all mankind, pend, by proclamation, the operation of all while Canadian railroads and navigation laws and regulations permitting the transit companies share in our country's transportaof goods, wares and merchandise, in bond, tion upon terms as favorable as are accorded across or over the territory of the United to our own citizens. States, to or from Canada. Legislation is also recommended that will give Canadian vessels navigating our canals precisely the same advantages granted American vessels in Canadian canals, and that both be measured by the same rule of discrimination. communication, in its full text, is as ind charges. TO THE CONGRESS:

The rejection by the senate of the treaty lately negotiated for the settlement and adment of the differences existing between justment of the differences existing between the United States and Great Britain concerning the rights and privileges of American rmen in the ports and waters of British North America seems to justify a survey of the condition to which the pending question is thus remitted.

The

follows:

The treaty upon this subject concluded in 1818, through disagreements as to the meaning of its terms, has been a fruitful source of ritation and trouble. Our citizens engaged fishing enterprises in waters adjacent to Canada have been subjected to numerous verations, interferences and annoyances, their vessels have been seized upon pretexts which appeared to be entirely inadmissible, and they have been otherwise treated by the Canadian authorities and officials in a manner inexcasably harsh and oppressive. This conduct has been justified by Great Britain and Canada by the claim that the treaty of 1818 permitted it, and upon the ground that it was necessary to the proper protection of Canadian interests. We dony that treaty agreements justify these acts, and we further maintain that, aside from any treaty restraints, of disputed interpretation, the rela-tive positions of the United States and Canada as near neighbors, the growth of our joint commerce, the development and prosperity of both countries, which amicable relations

The canals and other public works, built and maintained by the government along the line of the lakes, are made free to all. In contrast to this condition, and evincing a narrow and ungenerous commercial spirit, every lock and canal which is a public work of the Dominion of Canada is subject to tolls

By article 27 of the treaty of 1871 provision was made to secure to the citizens of the United States the use of the Welland, Lawrence and other canals in the Dominion d' Canada on terms of equality with the inhabitants of the Dominion, and to also secure to the subjects of Great Britain the use of the St. Clair Flats canal on terms of equality with the inhabitants of the United

The equality with the inhabitants of the Dominion which we were promised in the use of the canals of Canada did not secure to us freedom from tolls in their navigation, but we had a right to expect that we, being Americans and interested in American commerce, would be no more burdened in regard to the same than Canadians engaged in their own trade; and the whole spirit of the con-cession made was, or should have been, that merchandise or property transported to an American market through these canals should not be enhanced in its cost ov tolls many times higher than such as were carried to an adjoining Canadian markst. All our citizens, producers and consumers, as well as vessel owners, were to enjoy the equality promised.

And yet evidence has for some time been before the congress, furnished by the secretary of the treasury, showing that while the tolls charged in the first instance are the same to all, such vessels and cargoes as are destined to certain Canadian ports are allowed a refund of nearly the entire tolls, while those bound for American ports are not allowed any such advantage.

Side Boards, Lounges, Tables, Bedsteads, Wood and Cane-Seat Chairs Undertaking a Specialty.

N.H. Downs' Vegetable Balsamic Elixir a positive cure for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping-Cough, Catarrh, Hoarse-oss, Influenza, Spitting Blood, Bronchitis, Asthma, Lung Fever, Pleurisy, and I diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. As an Expectorant it has no equal onsumption has been cured times without number by its timely use. It heals he ulcerated surfaces, and cures when all other remedies fail. Fifty siz correct the ulcerated surfaces, and cures when all other remedies fail. Fifty-six years of constant use has proven its virtues. Every family should keep it in the house. Henry, Johnson & Lord, Proprietors, Burlington, Vt. Sold everywhere.

Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters are

a sure cure for Costiveness, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the WANTED-AGENTS Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases. Keep the Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and perfect health will be the result. Ladies and others subject to Sick Headache will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters. Being tonic and mildly purgative they purify the blood. Price 25 cts. per bottle. For sale by all dealers in medi-Henry, Johnson & Lord, Proprietors, Burlington, Vt. cine.

Henry, Johnson & Lord, Proprietors of

Arnica and Oil Liniment for Man and Beast. The best external remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cramps, Sprains, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Sciatica, Backache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches. It is a safe, sure, and effectual Remedy for Galls, Strains, Scratches, Sores, &c., on Horses. One trial will prove its merits. It effects are in most cases instantaneous. Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle. Sold everywhere.

For sale by J. D. Murray and W. H. Bartholomew.

Jr., iek, er, Jr. nley, rty, LIAMS, hairman. evolution

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d the world cast among is a method rformed all the workers and system of work that that the term for the workers over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work, either sex, young or old no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 1y

PUBLIC SALE .- AT THE RESIDENCE OF

-Mr. George W.Vonada, the well known thresherman, of Madisonburg informs the farmers that he will be ready to thresh their crops in good shape and respectfully solicits a trial. 3m

TO SOLICIT ORDERS

For our Choice and Hardy Nursery Stock. Steady

work for energetic, temperate men. Salary and expenses, or commission if preferred. The busi ness quickly and easily learned. Salisfaction guaranteed to customers and agents. Write im mediately for terms. State age Address R. G. CHASE & CO., Decs 1430 South Penn Square, Philad., Pa.

A FINE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE .- THE Heirs of the estate of Catherine Stover, dec'd, will offer at public sale on the premises on SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, a five farm near Penns Cave, Greeg twp, containing 71 acres, more o less, nearly all clear. Thereon erected a 2-story dwelling house, bank barn, and all necessary out-buildings. A spring of never failing wateris near the house, and an orchard of choice fruit on the premises. The land is in a high state of cultiva-

At the same time and place will be offered a tract of Timberland, containing 52 acres. This tract is well set with pine, oak and chestnut. Terms will be made known on day of sale. Sale at 2 p. m. THE HEIRS.

E XECUTOR'S NOTICE-LETTERS TESTA

Fatal Fight Among Hunters.

Fatal Fight Among Hunters. UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 27.—Thomas Jeff-ries, a laborer, shot and killed Jacob Pollock, yard boss at Robert Hogsett's furnace and coke works, at Lemont. A party of six, in-cluding Jeffries and Pollock, were out fox hunting, near Dunbar's camp. It is claimed Jeffries struck a young man named Lane Mar-tin, for which he was amoulted by Pollock and several others, and during the fight which ensued Jeffries drew his revolver and fired, with above result. The party were all drunk. with above result. The party were all drunk. Jeffries gave himself up, and claims self

Texas Fever in Pennsylvania.

CARLISLE, Pa., Aug. 27. -Secretary Edge, of the Pennsylvania stats board of agriculture, has discovered another outbreak of Texas fever among a hard of cattle at Shrewsbury, near this city. The Baltimore authorities declared it pleuro-pneumonia and were about to establish quarantine against Were about to establish quarantine against Pennsylvania cattle, but an investigation showed it was Texas fever, and that the cat-tle came from Baltimore. It is also reported that the disease is spreading among the cat-tle in the Cumberland Valley.

Hosiery Manufacturers in Trouble.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.-Execution upon judgment notes aggregating \$22,200 have been issued against Samuel Vickers and Al-fred Weston, trading as Vickers & Weston, hosiery manufacturers, at No. 1708 Tulip

New Engine Shops at Altoona.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.-The Pennsylva PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 2. .- The remnyrva-nia Railroad company is to begin imme-diately the erection of five shops in East Altoona, at a cost of \$50,000. The shops will have a capacity of 150 locomotives a year, and they will give employment to 1,600 hands in addition to these already at work. Altoona counts this as a gain of 10 000 to its recompletion. This is a prest of

surely guarantee, and above all, the ality always extended by the United States to the people of Canada, furnished motives for kindness and consideration higher and better than treaty covenants.

While keenly sensitive to all that was exasperating in the condition, and by no means indisposed to support the just complaints of our injured citizens, I still deemed it my duty for the preservation of important American interests which were directly involved, and in view of all the details of the situation, to attempt by negotiation to remedy existing wrongs and to finally ter-

gency, and that its provisions were adequate for our security in the future from vexatious

incidents, and for the promotion of friendly neighborhood and intimacy, without sacri-ficing in the least our national pride or dignity.

I am quite conscious that neither my opinion of the value of the rejected treaty nor the motives which prompted its negotia-tion are of importance in the light of the dgment of the senate thereupon.

But it is of importance to note that this treaty has been rejected without any ap-

treaty has been rejected without any ap-parent disposition on the part of the senate to alter or amsnd its provisions, and with the evident intention, not wanting expres-sion, that no negotiation should at present be concluded touching the matter at issue. The co-operation necessary for the adjust-ment of the long standing national differ-ences with which we have to deal, by methods of conference an arresment having thus of conference, an agreement having thus been declined. I am by no means disposed to abandon the interests and the rights of our people in the premises, or to neglect their grievances; and I therefore turn to the contemplation of a plan of retallation as a mode which still remains of treating the situation.

Actuated by the generous and neighboriy spirit which has characterized our legisla-tion, our tariff laws have, since 1866, been so far waived in favor of Canada as to allow,

far waived in favor of Canada as to allow, free of duty, the transit across the territory of the United States of property arriving at our ports and destined to Canada, or ex-ported from Canada to other foreign coun-tries. When the treaty of Washington was negotiated, in 1871, between the United States and Great Britain, having for its ob-ject very largely the modification of the treaty of 1818, the privileges above referred to were made reciprocal, and given in return by Canada to the United States, in the fol-lowing language in the twenty-ninth article of said treaty: of said treaty:

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To promise equality, and then in practice make it conditional upon our vessels doing Canadian business instead of their own, is to fulfil a promise with the shadow of performance.

I recommend that such legislative action be taken as will give Canadian vessels navigating our canals, and their cargoes, precisely the advantages granted to our vessels and cargoes upon Canadian canals, and that the same be measured by exactly the same rule of discrimination.

THE HOUSE RESPONDS.

A Bill Which Grants the President's Request Introduced and Referred.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 .- In the midst of routine business the speaker laid before the house a message from the president on the subject of the fisheries. The reading of the message claimed the closest attention from members on both sides of the house, and when it was finished the Democrats broke out in rounds of applause. The document was referred to the committee on foreign affairs, Mr. McCreery, of Kentucky, securing consent to report from that com-mittee on the subject at any time. Mr. Wilson, of Minnesota, immediately offered the following bill, which was referred to the committee on foreign affairs:

"An act to empower the president more effectually to carry out the purposes of an act to authorize the president to protect and defend the rights of American fishing vessels, American fishermen, American trading and other vessels in certain cases, and for other purposes, approved March 3, 1887, and to authorize the president to protect American interests against unjust discrimination in the use of canals in the British dominions of North America.

Be it enacted, etc., that whenever the president may deem it his duty to exercise any of the powers given to him by an act en titled an act to protect and defend the rights of American fishing vessels, etc., it shall be lawful for the president, in his discretion, by proclamation to that effect, to suspend, in whole or in part, the transportation of goods, wares or merchandise imported or exported from any foreign country except Canada in bond and without the payment of duty to or from the British dominions in North America across the territory of the United States.

Section 2. Whenever the president shall be satisfied that there is any discrimination whatever in the use of the Welland canal, whatever in the the of the wenand carm, the St. Lawrence river canals, the Chambly canal, or eithes of them, whether by tolls, drawbacks, refund of tolls or otherwise, which is or may be detrimental to the inter-ests of the United States, or any of its citiests of the United States, or any of its citi-zens, it shall be lawful for the president, in his discretion, to issue a proclamation to that effect, whereupon there shall be col-lected a toll of twenty cents a ton upon every foreign vessel and her cargo passing through either the Sault Ste Marie canal or the St. Clair flats canal, and the secretary of the treasury may authorize and direct any of the customs officers to collact the tolls of the customs officers to collect the tolls of the customs officers to collect the tolls levied under this act. The president, when satisfied that such discrimination has ceased, may issue his proclamation to that effect, in his discretion, whereupon the tolls authorized by this act shall no longer be collected. Section 3. The secretary of the treasury is authorized to make any regulations need-ful to carry this act into effect.

The Senate Refused to Hear the Message. WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 .- The immediate adjournment of the senate on receipt of the president's message on the fisheries, was the main incident of the day.



"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription mown to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., H. A. ARCHER, M. D., known to me." 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Without injurious medication.

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Send for 80-page Illustrated Catalogue." MENTION THIS PAPER.

NEW HAVEN, CONN.



mentary having been granted to the un dersigned upon the estate of John Goodhari, late of Gregg trwnship, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estateare request ed to make immediate pay-ment, and all persons having claims against said estate will present the same, duly authenticated to WILLIAM GOODHART. 26jul6t *

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COURT PROCLAMATION.

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NEW MILLINER SHOP.

The undersigned has opened a millin-er shop in Jacob Lee's house near the depot at Centre Hall. The patronage of the public is solic ed All are invited. SADIE E. GROVE. p. 19th

DESCHER'S GUN STORF.

Calla Lily Roller Flour GUNS, REVOLVERS, AMMUNITION Etc., Etc. A good stock of new guns just received at Deschner's Great Central

Gun Works, Bellefonte, such as Double B. L. Shot Guns, Double B. L. Rifle and Shot Gun.

Single Rifles, B. L. from \$2.57 to \$12. Single B. L. Shot Guns from \$4 to \$9.

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